

# **Toshiba Personal Computer**

## **TECRA M11/Satellite Pro S500M Series Maintenance Manual**

**First edition April 2010**

**TOSHIBA CORPORATION**

**File Number 960-813**

*[CONFIDENTIAL]*

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Toshiba Personal Computer TECRA M11/Satellite Pro S500M Series Maintenance Manual

First edition April 2010

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## Preface

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This maintenance manual describes how to perform hardware service maintenance for the Toshiba Personal Computer TECRA M11/Satellite Pro S500M Series

The procedures described in this manual are intended to help service technicians isolate faulty Field Replaceable Units (FRUs) and replace them in the field.

### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Four types of messages are used in this manual to bring important information to your attention. Each of these messages will be italicized and identified as shown below.

***DANGER:*** “Danger” indicates the existence of a hazard that could result in death or serious bodily injury, if the safety instruction is not observed.

***WARNING:*** “Warning” indicates the existence of a hazard that could result in bodily injury, if the safety instruction is not observed.

***CAUTION:*** “Caution” indicates the existence of a hazard that could result in property damage, if the safety instruction is not observed.

***NOTE:*** “Note” contains general information that relates to your safe maintenance service.

Improper repair of the computer may result in safety hazards. Toshiba requires service technicians and authorized dealers or service providers to ensure the following safety precautions are adhered to strictly.

- Be sure to fasten screws securely with the right screwdriver. If a screw is not fully fastened, it could come loose, creating a danger of a short circuit, which could cause overheating, smoke or fire.
- If you replace the battery pack or RTC battery, be sure to use only the same model battery or an equivalent battery recommended by Toshiba. Installation of the wrong battery can cause the battery to explode.

The manual is divided into the following parts:

- Chapter 1      Hardware Overview describes the Qosmio F60 Series system unit and each FRU.
- Chapter 2      Troubleshooting Procedures explains how to diagnose and resolve FRU problems.
- Chapter 3      Test and Diagnostics describes how to perform test and diagnostic operations for maintenance service.
- Chapter 4      Replacement Procedures describes the removal and replacement of the FRUs.
- Appendices    The appendices describe the following:
  - Handling the LCD module
  - Board layout
  - Pin assignments
  - Keyboard scan/character codes
  - Key layout
  - Wiring diagrams
  - BIOS rewrite procedures
  - EC/KBC rewrite procedures
  - Reliability

## Conventions

This manual uses the following formats to describe, identify, and highlight terms and operating procedures.

### *Acronyms*

On the first appearance and whenever necessary for clarification acronyms are enclosed in parentheses following their definition. For example:

Read Only Memory (ROM)

### *Keys*

Keys are used in the text to describe many operations. The key top symbol as it appears on the keyboard is printed in **boldface** type.

### *Key operation*

Some operations require you to simultaneously use two or more keys. We identify such operations by the key top symbols separated by a plus (+) sign. For example, **Ctrl + Pause (Break)** means you must hold down **Ctrl** and at the same time press **Pause (Break)**. If three keys are used, hold down the first two and at the same time press the third.

### *User input*

Text that you are instructed to type in is shown in the boldface type below:

**DISKCOPY A: B:**

### *The display*

Text generated by the computer that appears on its display is presented in the type face below:

```
Format complete  
System transferred
```

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# **Chapter 1**

# **Hardware Overview**

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## 1.1 Features

The Toshiba TECRA M11/Satellite Pro S500M Series Personal Computer uses extensive Large Scale Integration (LSI), and Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) technology extensively to provide compact size, minimum weight, low power usage and high reliability. This computer incorporates the following features.

There some models and options. Refer to the Parts List for the configuration of each model and options.

### Microprocessor

The Toshiba TECRA M11/Satellite Pro S500M Series computer is equipped with an Intel® Processor.

The PC comes in with one of the following speeds:

Intel® Arrandale Processor (Arrandale)

Core Frequency (GHz)	System Bus Frequency (MHz)	L2 Cache Size (Mbytes)
2.66GHz Core i7-620M	1066	4
2.4GHz Core i5-520M	1066	3
2.26GHz Core i5-430M	1066	3
2.13GHz Core i5-330M	1066	3

### Memory

Two DDR3-1066 SDRAM slots. Memory modules can be installed to provide a maximum of 8GB. Memory modules are available in 1024MB, 2048MB and 4096MB sizes.

### Chipset

Toshiba TECRA M11/Satellite Pro S500M Series computer is Equipped with Intel Ixex peak-M QM57 or HM55.

### VGA Controller

The PC comes in with one of the following two types:

- The internal graphics controller in Intel Processor (Core i\*) is used..
- nVIDIA NVS 2100M is used.

### HDD

The computer has a 2.5-inch SATA HDD. The following capacities are available.

- 160/250/320/500 GB

### USB FDD

A 3.5-inch USB FDD accommodates 2HD (1.44MB) or 2DD (720KB) disks.

### Optical Drive

A DVD-ROM drive or DVD Super Multi drive (double layer) can be installed.

### Display

The PC comes in with one of the following two types:

- 14.0"HD(1366x768) Non-CSV
- 14.0"HD+(1600x900) Non-CSV

### Interface

To external monitor via - RGB connector and mini display port

### Keyboard

An-easy-to-use 85(US)/87(UK)-key keyboard provides a numeric keypad overlay for fast numeric data entry or for cursor and page control. The keyboard also includes two keys that have special functions in Microsoft® Windows® 7. It supports software that uses a 101- or 102-key enhanced keyboard.



TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device

The TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device consists of Touch Pad and AccuPoint. The touch pad and control buttons enable control of the on-screen pointer and scrolling of windows. The pointer control stick and AccuPoint enables convenient control of the cursor.

Batteries

The computer has two batteries: a rechargeable Lithium-Ion main battery pack and RTC battery (that backs up the Real Time Clock and CMOS memory).

Universal Serial Bus (USB2.0)

Two Universal Serial Bus ports, which comply to the USB 2.0 standard, are provided on the right hand side of the computer.

eSATA/USB combo

One eSATA/USB combo port, which complies to the USB 2.0 standard, is provided on the left hand side of the computer. This port has eSATA (External Serial ATA) function. Some models are equipped with an eSATA/USB combo port.  
A Charge power supply (When a computer is power-on or sleep).

External monitor (RGB) port

This port provides 15-pin, analog VGA port. This port allows you to connect an external monitor to the computer.

Mini Display Port

This port is capable of driving resolutions up to 2560x1600, commonly used with 30-inch displays. With a suitable adapter, Mini Display Port may be used to drive displays with a VGA or DVI interface.

Bridge Media slot

This slot lets you insert an SD™/SDHC™ memory card, miniSD™/microSD™ Card, Memory Stick® (PRO™/PRO Duo™), xD-Picture Card™ and MultiMediaCard

ExpressCard slot(Some models)

This slot allows you to install a single ExpressCard device.

SmartCard Slot

This slot can accommodate a single Smart Card device. Some models are equipped with a Smart Card slot.

Fingerprint sensor(Some models)

The computer is equipped with a fingerprint sensor and fingerprint authentication utility. They enable only person who has registered his/her fingerprint to use the computer.

Docking interface port

The docking interface port enables connection of an optional Express Port Replicator. It provides additional features as follows:

- RJ45 LAN jack
- External monitor port
- DC IN 15V jack
- Security lock slot
- Universal Serial Bus 2.0 port (four)
- DVI port

Sound system

The sound system is equipped with the following features:

- Stereo speakers
- Built-in microphone
- Stereo headphone jack
- External microphone jack
- External Headphone jack

Internal modem(Some models)

The computer contains a MDC, enabling data and fax communication. It supports ITU-T V.90 (V.92). The transfer rates are 56 Kbps for data reception, 33.6 Kbps for data transmission, and 14,400 bps for fax transmission. However, the actual speed depends on the line quality. The RJ11 modem jack is used to accommodate a telephone line. Both of V.90 and V.92 are supported only in USA, Canada and Australia. Only V.90 is available in other regions.

Internal LAN

The computer has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX) and Gigabit Ethernet LAN (1000 megabits per second, 1000BASE-T).

Wireless LAN

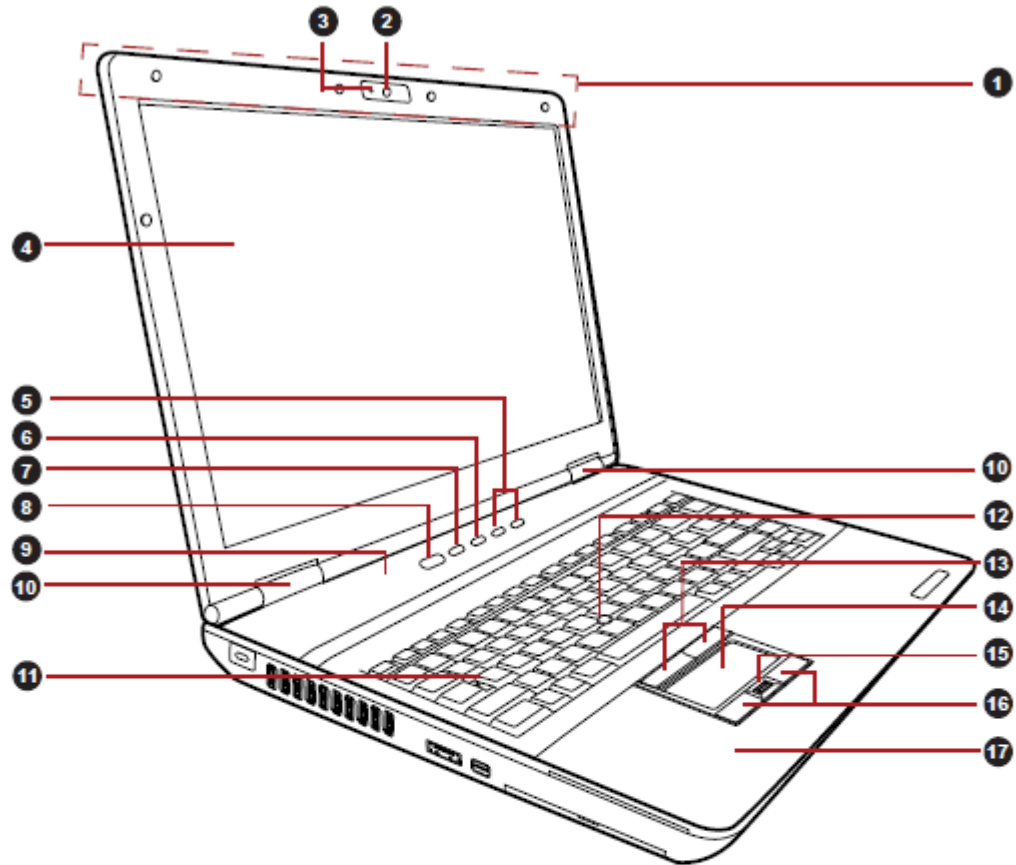
Some computers in this series are equipped with a Wireless LAN module that is compatible with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum/Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing radio technology that complies with the IEEE 802.11 Standard.

Bluetooth

Some computers in this series have Bluetooth wireless communication function which eliminates the need for cables between electronic devices such as computers, printers and mobile phones. When it is enabled, Bluetooth provides the wireless personal area network environment which is safe and trustworthy, that is quick and easy.

Web Camera

Web Camera is a device that allows you to record video or take photographs with your computer. You can use it for video chatting or video conferences using a communication tool such as Windows Live Messenger. TOSHIBA Web Camera Application will help you to add various video effects to your video or photograph.



*The front of the computer with the display panel open*

- |  |                                    |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 1. Wireless LAN and Wireless WAN antennas (not shown)* | 10. Display hinges                 |
| 2. Web Camera*   | 11. Keyboard                       |
| 3. Web Camera LED*                                     | 12. AccuPoint*                     |
| 4. Display screen                                      | 13. AccuPoint control buttons*     |
| 5. Volume up/down button                               | 14. Touch Pad                      |
| 6. TOSHIBA Presentation button                         | 15. Fingerprint Sensor*            |
| 7. eco button  | 16. Touch Pad control buttons      |
| 8. Power button  | 17. Bluetooth antenna (not shown)* |
| 9. LCD Sensor switch (not shown)                       |                                    |

\* Provided with some models.

Product appearance depends on the model you purchased.

*Figure 1-1 Front of the computer*

The system unit configuration is shown in figure 1-2

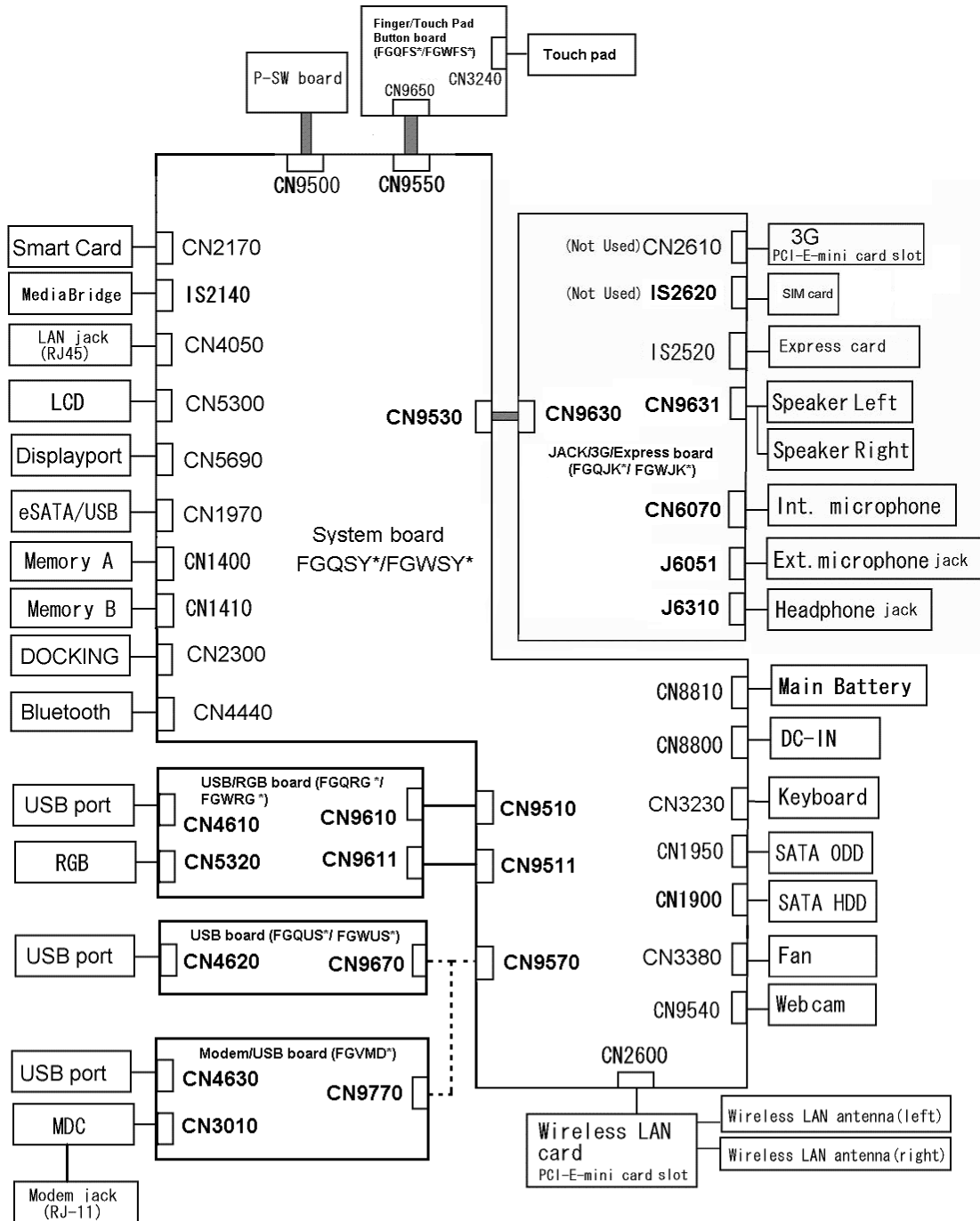


Figure 1-2 System unit configurations

## 1.2 System Unit Block Diagram

Figure 1-4 and 1-5 is a block diagram of the system unit.

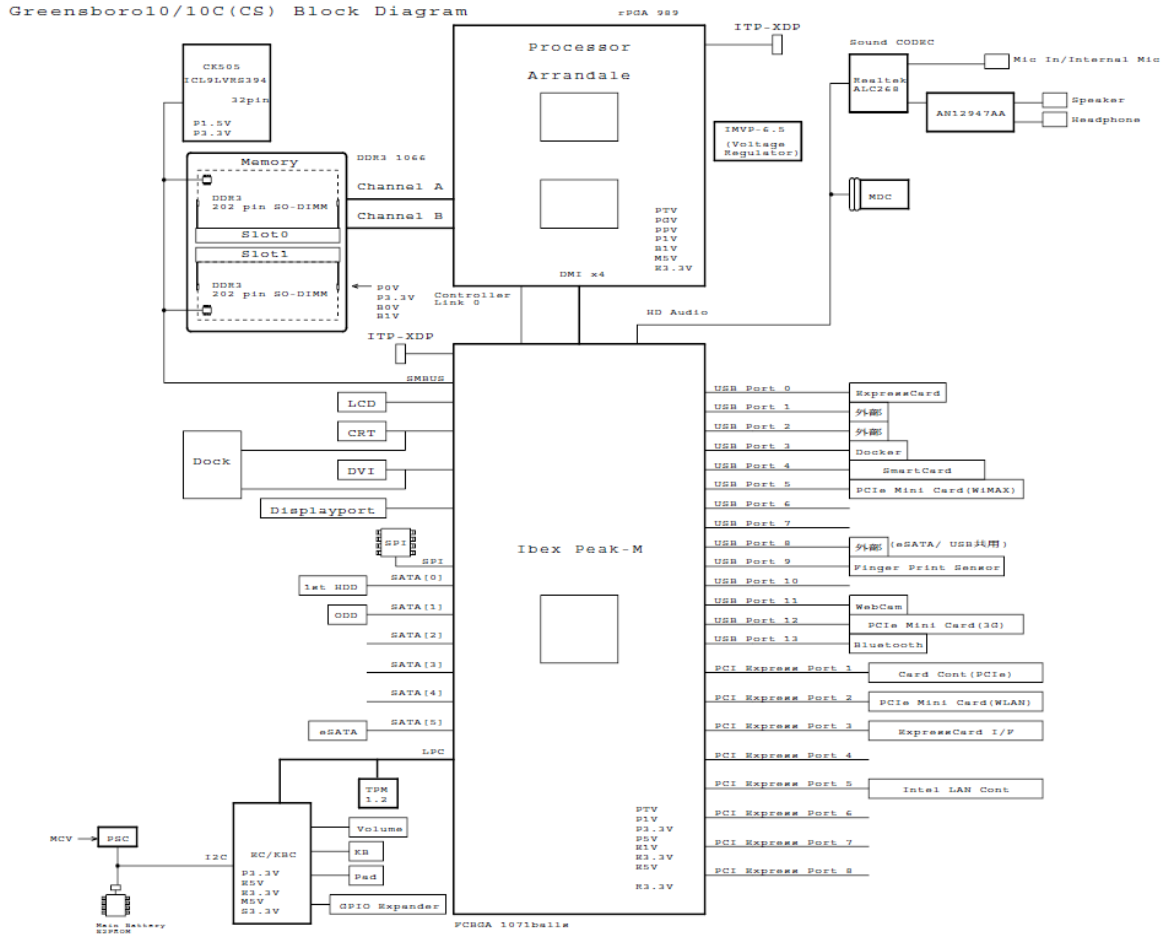


Figure 1-3 System unit block diagram (case of 10, 10c model)

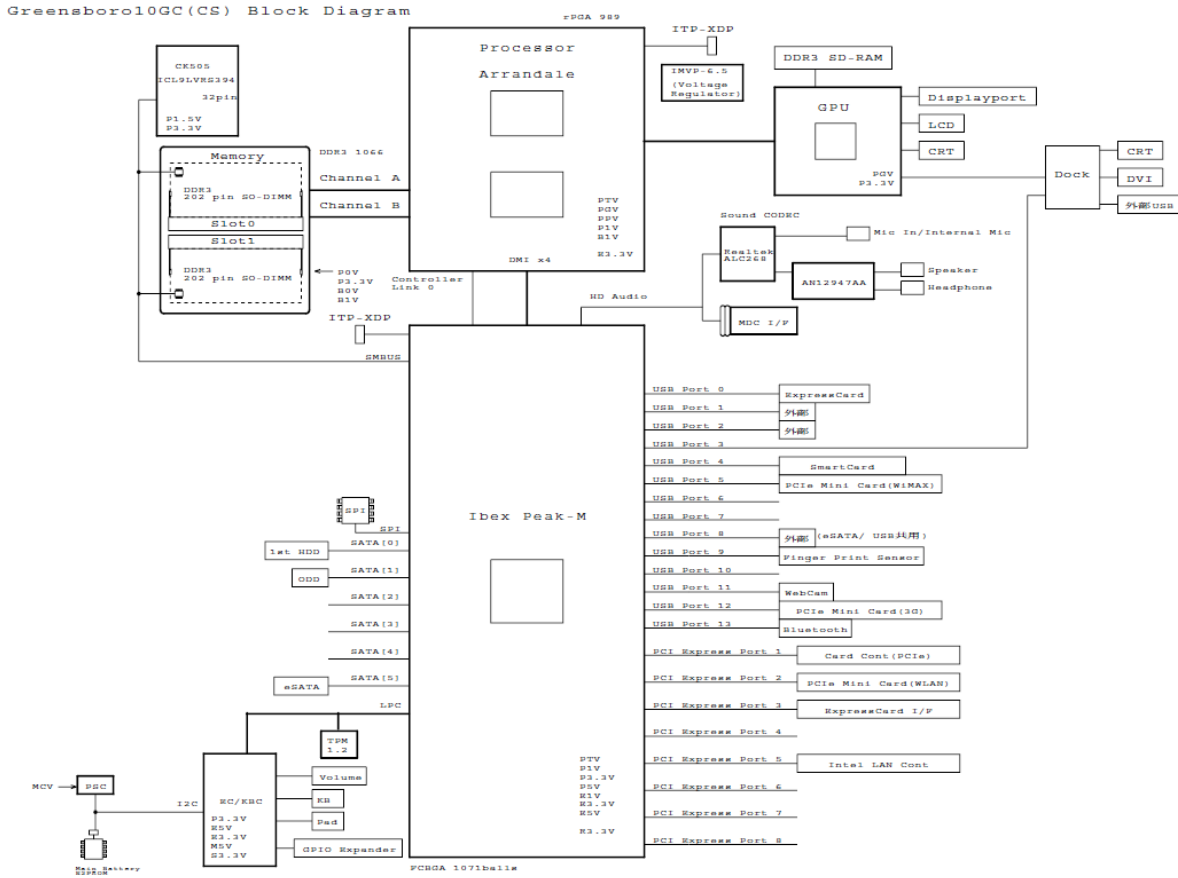


Figure 1-4 System unit block diagram (case of 10GC model)

The system unit is composed of the following major components:

❑ Microprocessor

The Toshiba TECRA M11/Satellite Pro S500M Series computer is equipped with an Intel® Processor.

The PC comes in with one of the following speeds:

Intel® Arrandale Processor (Arrandale)

Core Frequency (GHz)	System Bus Frequency (MHz)	L2 Cache Size (Mbytes)
2.66GHz Core i7-620M	1066	4
2.4GHz Core i5-520M	1066	3
2.26GHz Core i5-430M	1066	3
2.13GHz Core i5-330M	1066	3

❑ Memory

Two DDR3-1066 SDRAM slots. Memory modules can be installed to provide a maximum of 8GB. Memory modules are available in 1024MB, 2048MB and 4096MB sizes.

- 204-pin slot
- DDR3-1066 support



❑ Chipset

Toshiba TECRA M11/Satellite Pro S500M Series computer is Equipped with Intel Ixex peak-M QM57 or HM55.

Intel PCH (Processor Control HUB)

North Bridge: Intel Montara GM+

- Baniya Processor System Bus support
- DRAM control : DDR333/DDR266 support and 2GBmax
- Hub Link interface
- 593-ball 37.5x37.5 mm FC-BGA package
- South Bridge: Intel ICH4-M
- Hub Link interface
- PCI Rev2.2 An interface (6 PCI REQ/GNT Pairs)
- A busmaster IDE controller (Ultra ATA 100/66/33)
- USB 1.1/2.0 controller 6 Ports (EHCI: Enhanced Host Controller)
- I/O APIC (ACPI 1.0b conformity)
- SMBus2.0 controller
- FWH An interface (BIOS)
- LPC Interface (EC/KBC, Super I/O)
- IRQ controller
- Serial interruption function
- Power management control
- Deeper Sleep (C4) support
- Suspension/resume control
- AC'97 2.2 Interface
- RTC built-in
- LAN controller built-in (WfM 2.0)
- 421-ball 31x31mm BGA Package
- YEBISU3S
- A PCI interface (PCI Rev.2.2)

- CardBus / PC card controller (Yenta2 Ver.2.2)
- SD card controller (SDHC Ver.1.2)
- A SD IO card controller (Ver.1.0)
- SmartMedia Controller (SMHC Ver.01/SMIL1.0) (it is not used in Spa)
- SIO (UART) controller (MS Debug Port Specification ver.1.0)
- Docking interface (Q-SW control, reset control)
- External device interface
  - (1) Calpella Ibex Peak-M HM55 (Non-AMT)
  - (2) Calpella Ibex Peak-M QM57 (AMT)
  - 1071-ball 25x27mm FCBGA Package

VGA Controller

The PC comes in with one of the following two types:

- The internal graphics controller in Intel Processor (Core i\*) is used..
- nVIDIA NVS 2100M is used.

LAN Controller

This controller has the following functions:

- Support only a Gigabit Ethernet.
- RJ45x1 port (with LED), docking connector (branch) 1 port.
- WOL support (from S3, S4, and S5)
- LAN controller
  - Made in Intel Hanksville (WG82577 LC/LM (AMT)): PCI-Ex Connection
- AMT6.0 support (BTO correspondence)

Modem Controller

- One MDC is used.
- Product made from Askey MDC1.5 (Azalia)
- This controller has the following functions:  
One RJ11 port  
  
V.92 (V.90) 56K Modem/FAX  
  
Ring Wakeup support

Wireless LAN

- One PCI Express Mini Card slot1  
  
802.11 a/b/g/n Intel 802.11(a/b/g/n)13ch-PP 2x2 MOW-HMC  
Atheros 802.11 a/b/g/n Atheros 802.11(a/b/g/n) 13ch-HB92 MOW-HMC  
Atheros 802.11 b/g/n Atheros 802.11(b/g/n) 13ch-HB95 MOW-HMC
- Supports Wireless Communication SW
- WOWL support (only Intel module)

Bluetooth

- V2.1 +EDR Module with a built-in antenna
- USB I/F connection
- BTO correspondence

Express Card slot

- ExpressCard/34 x1, USB/PCI Express I/F

Smart Card slot

- Controller: Product made from O2Micro OZ77CR6 LN-B-0 (USB I/F)

❑ Bridge Media Controller slot

- Card slotx1
- SD, mini SD (w/ adapter),Micro SD (w/adapter),xD, MMC,Memory Stick,Memory Stick Pro,Memory Stick Duo (w/ adapter),
- Memory Stick Pro Duo (w/ adapter),Memory Stick Micro (w/ adapter)
- SD Token KEY, SD boot correspondence
- SD IO is No-supporting.
- Controller : RICOH R5U230-QFN48P

❑ Sound Controller

- PCH built-in HD Audio Link (Intel High Definition Audio I/F)+RealTek ALC268
- Amplifier: Matsushita AN12947AA
- Built-in microphone :(BTO correspondence by Camera and a set)
- Built-in speaker: Stereo
- External monophonic microphone input plug
- Stereo headphone jack
- Digital volume (button type)
- VoIP support

❑ Camera

- It is BTO correspondence by the built-in microphone and a set.
- Connection interface: USB I/F connection
- Product made from Chicony With a 1.0M HD Auto broad view
- Resolution :WXGA (1280\*800)

❑ Other chips

- Clock generator: ICS9LVRS394CKLFT (Made by Integrated Device Technology)
- EC/KBC: MEC1609-PZP(REVISION.D) (Made by standard micro system)
- GPIO Expander: ECE1088-DZK (Made by standard micro system)
- PSC: TMP86FS49BUG (made by Toshiba)
- TPM: SLB9635 TT 1.2 (made by Infineon)
- 

❑ Sensor

- Temperature reset IC : 85-degree-C type
- Thermistor: Three places (CPU, Memory, for normal temperature measurement)
- Magneto metric sensor :  
Use it as a LCD opening-and-closing sensor (ferrite magneto system).
- Acceleration sensor : Made by ST Microelectronics  
TSH35TR (Three axes)  
HDD protection
- Fingerprint sensor : Made by Authen Tec  
(AES1660-C-SZ-CA-BB0A-TS)  
It mounts between the Touchpad buttons.

### 1.3 3.5-inch Floppy Disk Drive (USB External)

The 3.5-inch FDD is a thin, high-performance reliable drive that supports 720KB (formatted) 2DD and 1.44MB (formatted) 2HD disks.

The FDD is shown in figure 1-4. The specifications for the FDD are listed in Table 1-1.

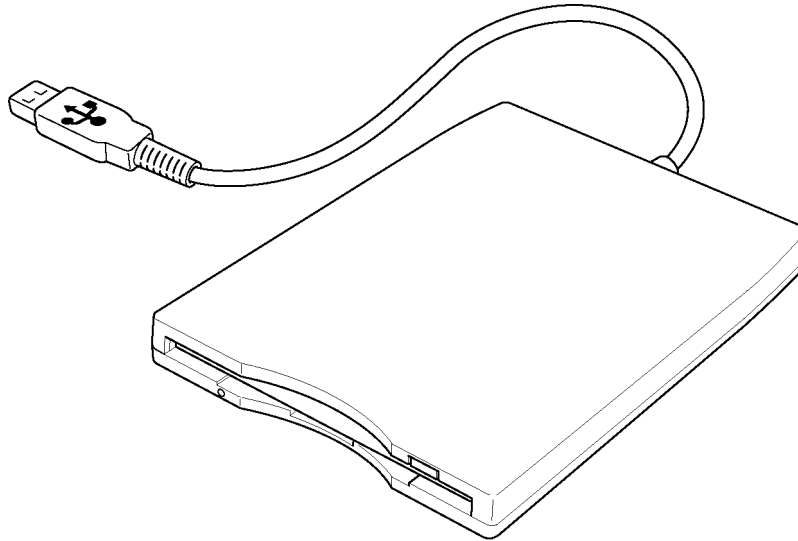


Figure 1-5 3.5-inch FDD (USB External)

Table 1-1 3.5-inch FDD specifications

Items		TEAC FD-05PUB-337 (G8AC0000B320)	
		720KB mode	1.44MB mode
Data transfer rate	FDD part	250K bits/second	500K bits/second
	USB	Full speed mode (12M bits/second)	
Disk rotation speed		300rpm	
Track density		5.3 track/mm (135TPI)	

## 1.4 2.5-inch Hard Disk Drive

The removable HDD is a random access non-volatile storage device. It has a non-removable 2.5-inch magnetic disk and mini-Winchester type magnetic heads.

The computer supports a 160GB, 250GB or 320GB.

The HDD is shown in figure 1-5. Specifications are listed in Table 1-2.

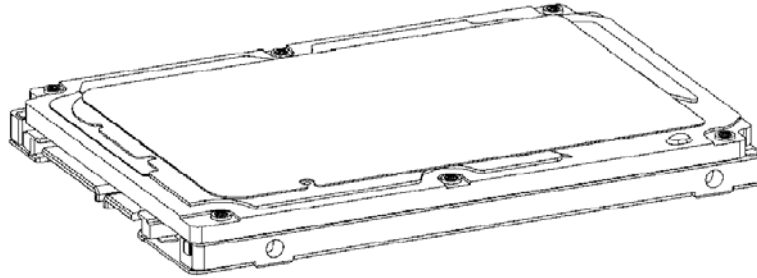


Figure 1-6 2.5-inch HDD

Table 1-2 2.5-inch HDD specifications

Items		Specifications					
		HGST	HGST	HGST	HGST	HGST	HGST
		G8BC00 05Z160	G8BC000 5Z250	G8BC00 05Z320	G8BC0005 Z500	G8BC000 6U250	G8BC000 6U320
Outline Dimensions	Width (mm)	100.2±0.25					
	Height (mm)	9.5±0.2					
	Depth (mm)	69.85±0.25					
	Weight (g)	95 max		102 max		95 max	115 max
Storage size (formatted)		160GB	250GB	320GB	500GB	250GB	320GB
Speed (RPM)		5,400				7,200	
Data transfer rate Disk-buffer to/from media(Mbps)		875				1245	
Buffer-host data transfer (Ggit/sec)		3.0/1.5 max.					
		3.0 max.					
Data buffer size		8 MB/s				16384KB	
Positioning Time(read and seek time)		Read: 12ms					
Motor startup time (s)		3.5				4.0	

Table 1-3 2.5-inch HDD specifications

Items		Specifications			
		TSDC G8BC0006T161	TSDC G8BC0006T251	TSDC G8BC0006T321	TSDC G8BC0006T501
Outline Dimensions	Width (mm)	100.0			
	Height (mm)	9.5			
	Depth (mm)	69.85			
	Weight (g)	97 typ			101 typ
Storage size (formatted)		160GB	250GB	320GB	500GB
Speed (RPM)		5,400			
Internal transfer speed (Mb/s)		464-1148 typ			
Host transfer rate (Gbit/sec)		3			
Data buffer size (MB/s)		8			
Positioning Time(read and seek time)		Read: 12ms			
Motor startup time (s)		3.5			

SSD

Item	Specifications	Maker	Merker Code	Parts Code
2.5"SDD SATA 9.5mm	128GB	TOSHIBA	THNS128GG4BBAA	G8BC00062120



## 1.5 Optical Drive (ODD)

### 1.5.1 DVD-ROM Drive

The DVD-ROM drive accommodates either 12 cm (4.72-inch) or 8 cm (3.15-inch) DVD-ROM.

The specifications of the DVD-ROM are described in Table 1-3.

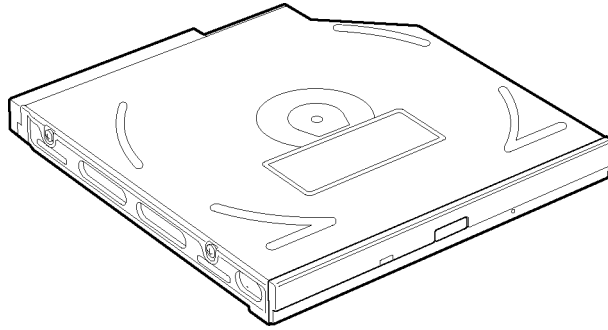
*Table 1-4 DVD-ROM drive specifications*

Item		Specifications
		TEAC DV-28S-WTA4 (G8CC0004QZ20)
Outline dimensions	Width (mm)	128 (excluding projections)
	Height (mm)	12.7(excluding projections)
	Depth (mm)	129.4 (excluding projections)
	Mass (g)	165 or less
Data transfer speed (Read) DVD-ROM CD-ROM		Max. 8x CAV Max. 24x CAV
ATAPI Burst (MB/s) PIO Mode DMA Mode Ultra DMA Mode		MODE 0to4 Mode 0 to 2 Mode 0 to 1
Data Buffer Capacity		198KB
Access time (ms) CD-ROM DVD-ROM		130 typ. 140 typ.
Supported Disks		CD: CD-DA,CD-ROM (12cm, 8cm), CD-R, CD-RW DVD: DVD-ROM, DVD-R, DVD-R DL,DVD-RW, DVD-RAM, DVD+R, DVD+R DL, DVD+RW
Supported Formats		CD: CD-DA, CD-ROM, CD-ROM XA, PHOTO CD, CD-i, Video-CD, CD-Extra(CD+), CD-text DVD: DVD-ROM, DVD-Video, DVD-R, DVD-R DL, DVD-RW , DVD+R, DVD+R DL, DVD+RW, DVD-RAM (4.7GB)

### 1.5.2 DVD-Super Multi Drive

The DVD Super Multi drive accommodates either 12 cm (4.72-inch) or 8 cm (3.15-inch) CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, CD-R, CD-RW, DVD-R, DVD+R, DVD-RW, DVD+RW, DVD-RAM, DVD-R DL and DVD+R DL.

The specifications are listed in Table 1-5.



*Figure 1-7 DVD Super Multi drive*

Table 1-5 DVD Super Multi drive outline dimensions

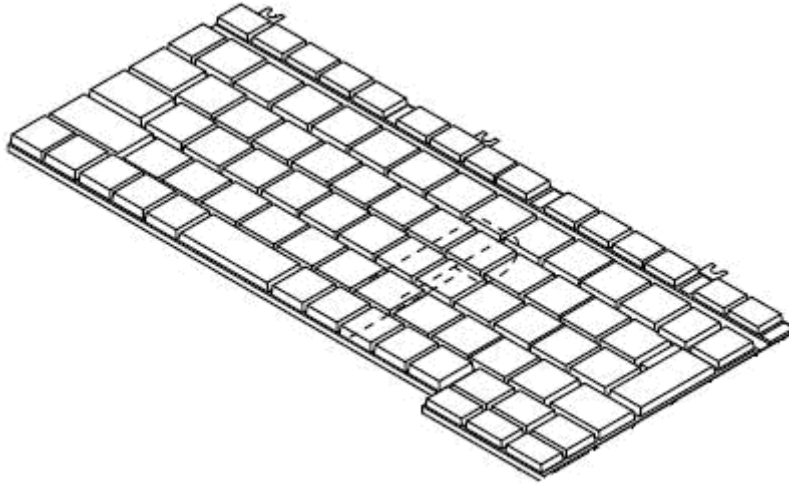
項目		仕様		
		TEAC	Panasonic	HLDS
		DV-W28S-VTA G8CC0004LZ20	UJ890ADTJ6-A G8CC0004MZ20	GT20N-ATAK7N1 G8CC0004RZ20
Outline dimensions	Width (mm)	128 (excluding projections)		
	Height (mm)	12.7 (excluding projections)		
	Depth (mm)	129 (excluding projections)		127
	Mass (g)	172 or less	175±10	175±7
Data transfer speed (Read) DVD-ROM CD-ROM		Max. 8x CAV Max. 24x CAV		
Data transfer speed (Write) CD-R CD-RW DVD-R DVD-R DL DVD-RW DVD+R DVD+R DL DVD+RW DVD-RAM		Max. 24x Max. 24x Max. 8x Max. 6x Max. 6x Max. 8x Max. 6x Max. 8x Max. 5X		
SATA interface		150MByte/s		
Data Buffer Capacity		2MB	1MB	
Access time (ms) CD-ROM DVD-ROM		140 typ. 150 typ.	150msec typ. 180msec typ.	140 typ. 160 typ.
Supported Disks		CD: CD-ROM (12cm, 8cm), CD-R, CD-RW DVD: DVD-ROM, DVD-R, DVD-RW, DVD-RAM, DVD+RW, DVD-R DL(Read only), DVD+R, DVD+R DL(Read only)		
Supported Formats		CD: CD-DA, CD-ROM, CD-ROM XA, PHOTO CD, CD-Extra(CD+), CD-text, Video CD DVD: DVD-R, DVD-RW (Ver. 1.1, 1.2), DVD-Video, DVD+R, DVD+RW, DVD-RAM, DVD-ROM DVD-R DL(Read only), DVD+R DL(Read only)		

## 1.6 Keyboard

The keyboard is mounted 85(US)/87(UK) keys that consist of character key and control key, and in conformity with JIS. The keyboard is connected to membrane connector on the system board and controlled by the keyboard controller.

Figure 1-7 is a view of the keyboard.

See Appendix E about a layout of the keyboard.



*Figure 1- 8 Keyboard*

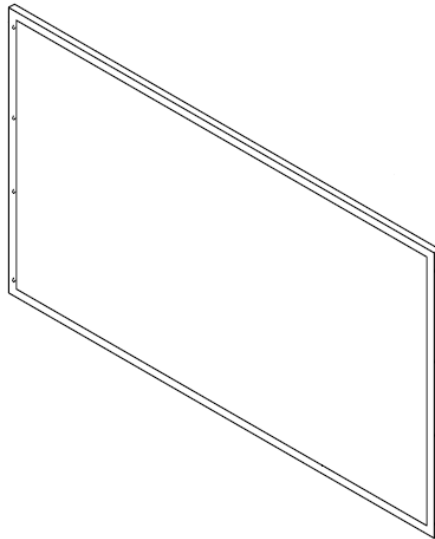
## 1.7 TFT Color Display

The TFT color display consists of 14.0-inch HD /HD+ LCD module.

### 1.7.1 LCD Module

The LCD module used for the TFT color display uses a backlight as the light source and can display a maximum of 16M colors with 1,366 x 768 or 1,600 x 900 resolutions.

Figure 1-8 shows a view of the LCD module and Table 1-6 lists the specifications.



*Figure 1- 9 LCD module*

Table 1-6 LCD module specifications

Item	Specifications	
	15.6"HD(1366x768) Non-CSV	
	Samsung LTN140AT07- 601G33C0005Y110	LG LP140WH1- TLB1G33C0005Z110
Number of Dots	1,366 (W) x 768 (H)	
Dot spacing (mm)	0.252(H)x0.252(V)	
Display range (mm)	359.3(H)x209.5(V)x5.5(D:Max)	

Item	Specifications	
	15.6"HD+(1600x900) Non-CSV	
	LG LP140WD1-TLD2 G33C00061110	
Number of Dots	1,600 (W) x 900 (H)	
Dot spacing (mm)	0.2151 (H) × 0.2151 (V)	
Display range (mm)	359.3 (W) × 209.5 (H) × 5.7Max (D) ±0.5	

## 1.8 Power Supply

The power supply supplies many different voltages to the system board and performs the following functions:

1. Judges that the DC power supply (AC adapter) is connected to the computer.
2. Detects DC output and circuit malfunctions.
3. Controls the battery icon, and DC IN icon.
4. Turns the battery charging system on and off and detects a fully charged battery.
5. Turns the power supply on and off.
6. Provides more accurate detection of a low battery.
7. Calculates the remaining battery capacity.
8. Controls the transmission of the status signal of the main battery.

The power supply output rating is specified in Table 1-8.

Table 1-7 Power supply output rating

		ACPI state	S3	S3	S3	S4/S5	S4/S5	S4/S5	G3	Object
		M state	M3	Moff	Moff	M3	Moff	Moff		
		Wakeup	-	WOL	No WOL	-	WOL	No WOL		
Power line name	Voltage [V]	Name								
P	*	PPV	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	Processor
	*	IGD-PGV	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	Processor (Int-GFX only)
	0.75	0R75-P1V	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	Memory
	0.8/0.85/0.9	PGV	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	GPU
	1.05/1.1	PTV	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	Processor PCH
	1.05	1R05-P1V	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	PCH
	1.5	1R5-P1V	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	CLK Gen
	1.8	1R8-P1V	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	Processor PCH
	3.3	P3V	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	PCH
5	P5V	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	PCH SATA	
B	1.5	1R5-B1V	o	o	o	x	x	x	x	Processor, Memory
	0.75	MR0R75-B0V	o	o	o	x	x	x	x	Memory
ME	1.05	1R05M-E1V	o	x	x	o	x	x	x	PCH
	3.3	M-E3V	o	x	x	o	x	x	x	PCH SPI
LAN	1.05	LN1R05-E1V	o	o	x	o	o	x	x	LAN PHY
	3.3	LAN-E3V	o	o	x	o	o	x	x	LAN PHY
E	3.3	E3V	o	o	o	o	o	x	x	PCH
	5	E5V	o	o	o	o	o	x	x	PCH, USB
S	3	S3V	o	o	o	o	o	o	x	EC/KBC
M	5	M5V, MCV	o	o	o	o	o	o	x	LED, PSC



R	3	R3V	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	RTC
---	---	-----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-----

## 1.9 Batteries

The computer has three types of batteries as follows:

- Main battery pack
- RTC battery

The battery specifications are listed in Table 1-9.

*Table 1-8 Battery specifications*

Battery name			Material	Output voltage	Capacity
Main battery	battery	G71C000AG310	Lithium-Ion	10.8 V	48Wh, 6 cell
		G71C000AG110			
		G71C000AH310			55Wh, 6 cell
		G71C000AH110			
RTC battery		GDM710000041	NiMH	2.4 V	16 mAh

### 1.9.1 Main Battery

The removable main battery pack is the computer's main power source when the AC adaptor is not attached. The main battery maintains the state of the computer when the computer enters in sleep mode.

## 1.9.2 Battery Charging Control

Battery charging is controlled by a power supply microprocessor. The microprocessor controls whether the charge is on or off and detects a full charge when the AC adaptor and battery are attached to the computer. The system charges the battery.

### Battery Charge

When the AC adaptor is attached, there are two types of charge: When the system is powered off and when the system is powered on. Table 1-10 lists the charging time required for charges.

*Table 1-9 Time required for charges*

Battery type	Power on (hours)	Power off (hours)
Battery(48Wh, 6 cell)	about 3.0 to 10.5	About 2.5
Battery(55Wh, 6 cell)	About 4.0to 12.0	About 2.5

**NOTE:** *The time required when the system is powered on is affected by the amount of power the system is consuming. Use of the fluorescent lamp and frequent disk access diverts power and lengthens the charge time.*

If any of the following occurs, the battery charge process stops.

1. The battery becomes fully charged.
2. The AC adaptor or battery is removed.
3. The battery or output voltage is abnormal.

❑ Data preservation time

When turning off the power in being charged fully, the preservation time is as following Table 1-11.

*Table 1-10 Data preservation time*

<b>Condition</b>	<b>preservation time</b>
Standby	About 3 days Battery(48Wh, 6 cell)
Shutdown	About 35 days Battery(48Wh, 6 cell)
Standby	About 3 days 55Wh, 6 cell)
Shutdown	About 40 days(55Wh, 6 cell)

### 1.9.3 RTC battery

The RTC battery provides power to keep the current date, time and other setup information in memory while the computer is turned off. Table 1-12 lists the charging time and data preservation period of the RTC battery.

*Table 1-11 RTC battery charging/data preservation time*

<b>Status</b>	<b>Time</b>
Charging Time (power on)	24 hours
Data preservation period (full charge)	30 days

## 1.10 AC Adapter

The AC adapter is also used to charge the battery.

Table 1-13 lists the AC adapter specifications.

*Table 1-12 AC adapter specifications*

Parameter	Specification	
	G71C000A5210 (2-pin)	G71C000A6210 (3-pin)
Power	75W (Peak 90W)	
Input voltage	100V/240V	
Input frequency	50Hz to 60Hz	
Input current	1.3 A(MAX) (100V-240V)	
B Output voltage	15V	
Output current	5A (Peak 6A)	

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# **Chapter 2**

# **Troubleshooting Procedures**

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## 2.1 Troubleshooting

Chapter 2 describes how to determine which Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) in the computer is causing the computer to malfunction. (The “FRU” means the replaceable unit in the field.) The FRUs covered are:

- |                 |                       |                          |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Power supply | 8. Optical Disk Drive | 15. PCI ExpressCard slot |
| 2. System Board | 9. Modem              | 16. Fingerprint Sensor   |
| 3. USB FDD      | 10. LAN               | 17. Web camera           |
| 4. 2.5” HDD     | 11. Wireless LAN      |                          |
| 5. Keyboard     | 12. Bluetooth         |                          |
| 6. Touch pad    | 13. Sound             |                          |
| 7. Display      | 14. Bridge Media slot |                          |

The Test Program operations are described in Chapter 3. Detailed replacement procedures are described in Chapter 4.

**NOTE:** *Before replacing the system board, it is necessary to execute the subtest 03 DMI Information save of the 3.4 Setting of the hardware configuration in Chapter 3.*

*After replacing the system board, it is necessary to execute the subtest 04 DMI Information recovery and subtest 08 System configuration display of the 3.4 Setting of the hardware configuration in Chapter 3. Also update with the latest EC/KBC as described in Appendix H “EC/KBC Rewrite Procedures”.*

*After replacing the LCD, update with the latest EC/KBC as described in Appendix H “EC/KBC Rewrite Procedures” to set the SVP parameter.*

The implement for the Diagnostics procedures is referred to Chapter 3. Also, following implements are necessary:

1. Phillips screwdrivers (For replacement procedures)
2. Implements for debugging port check
  - Toshiba MS-DOS system FD
  - RS-232C cross cable
  - Test board with debug port test cable
  - PC for displaying debug port test result

There are following two types of connections in the figure of board and module connection in and after 2.3 Power Supply Troubleshooting.

(1) Cable connection is described in the figure as line.

(2) Pin connection is described in the figure as arrow.

<e.g> Connection of modem

## **2.2 Troubleshooting Flowchart**

Use the flowchart in Figure 2-1 as a guide for determining which troubleshooting procedures to execute. Before going through the flowchart steps, verify the following:

- Ask him or her to enter the password if a password is registered.
- Verify with the customer that Toshiba Windows is installed on the hard disk. Non-Windows operating systems can cause the computer to malfunction.
- Make sure all optional equipment is removed from the computer.

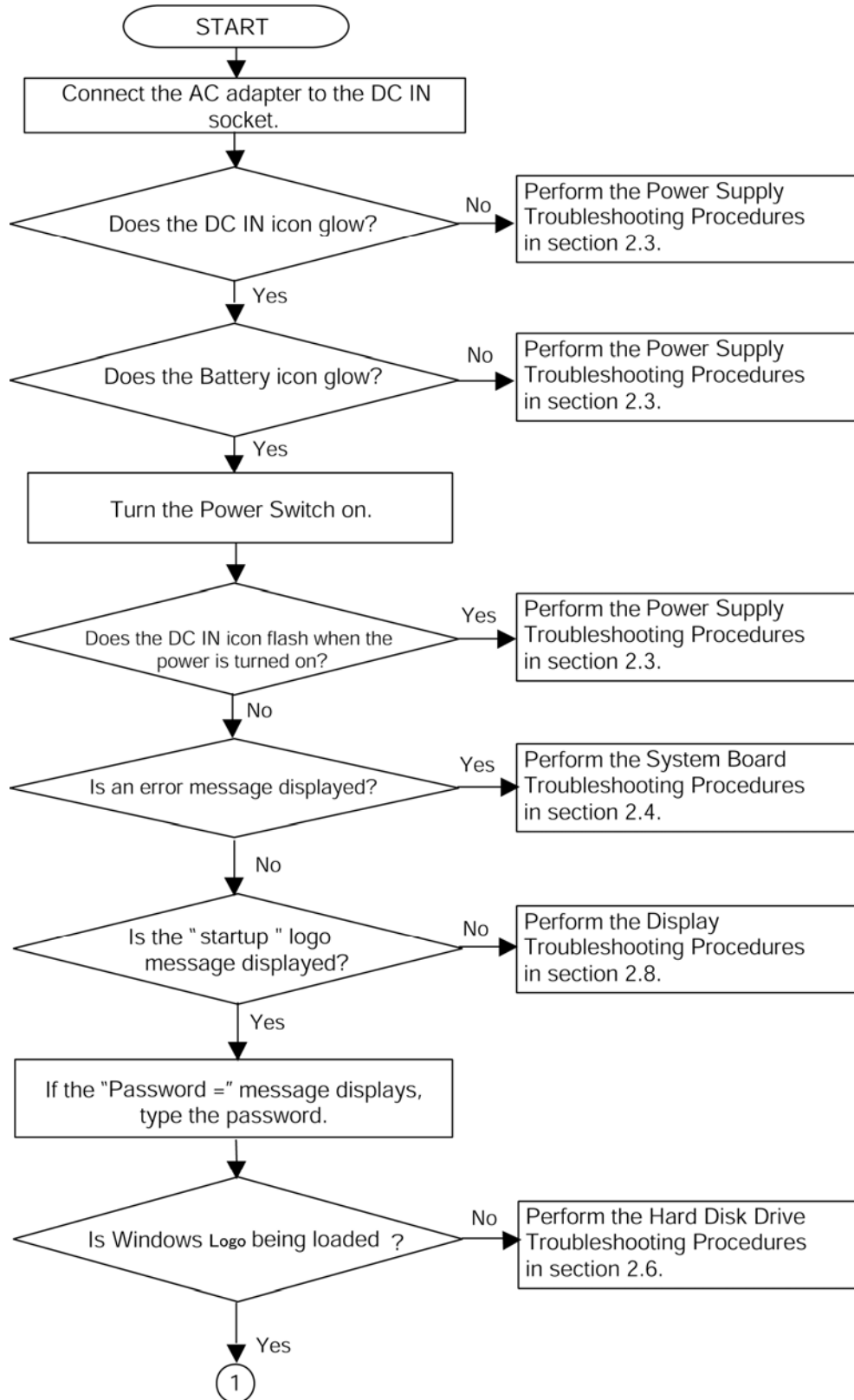


Figure 2-1 Troubleshooting flowchart (1/2)

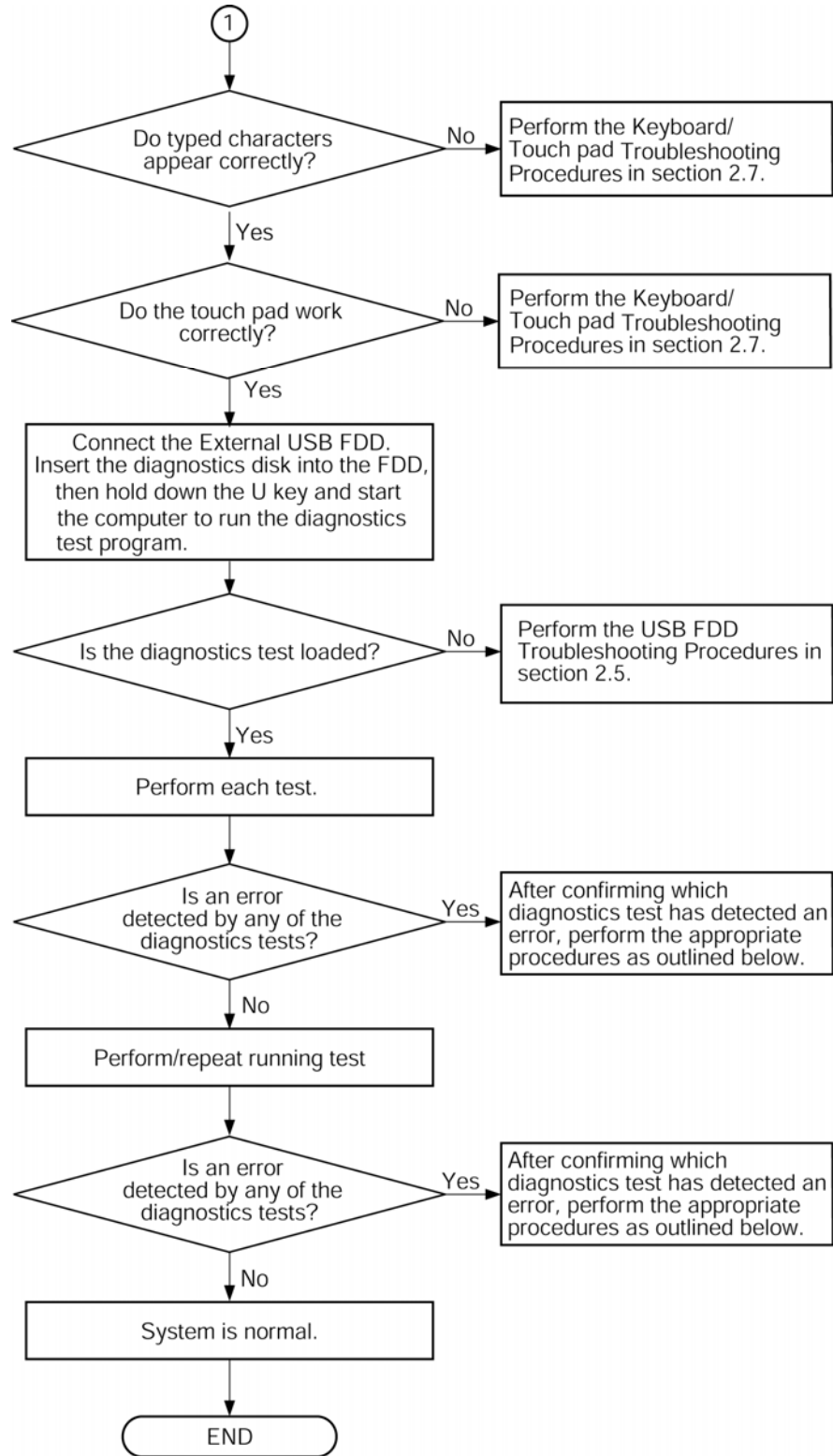


Figure 2-1 Troubleshooting flowchart (2/2)

If the diagnostics program cannot detect an error, the problem may be intermittent. The Test program should be executed several times to isolate the problem. Check the Log Utilities function to confirm which diagnostic test detected an error(s), then perform the appropriate troubleshooting procedures as follows:

1. If an error is detected on the system test, memory test, display test, CD-ROM/DVD-ROM test, expansion test, real timer test, sound test or Modem/LAN/Bluetooth /IEEE1394 test, perform the System Board Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.4.
2. If an error is detected on the floppy disk test, perform the USB FDD Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.5.
3. If an error is detected on the hard disk test, perform the HDD Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.6.
4. If an error is found on the keyboard test (DIAGNOSTICS TEST) and pressed key display test (ONLY ONE TEST), perform the Keyboard Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.7.
5. If an error is found on the touch pad test (ONLY ONE TEST), perform the touch pad Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.8.
6. If an error is detected on the display test, perform the Display Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.9.
7. If an error is detected on the CD-ROM/DVD-ROM test, perform the Optical Disk Drive Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.10.
8. If an error is detected on the modem test, perform the Modem Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.11.
9. If an error is detected on the LAN test, perform the LAN Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.12.
10. If an error is detected on the wireless LAN test, perform the Wireless LAN Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.13.
11. If an error is detected on the Bluetooth test, perform the Bluetooth Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.14.
12. If an error is detected on the sound test, perform the Sound Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.15.
13. If an error is detected on the sound test, perform the Bridge Media Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.16.
14. If a malfunction is detected on the PCI ExpressCard, perform the PCI ExpressCard Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.17.



15. If a malfunction is detected on the fingerprint sensor, perform the Fingerprint Sensor Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.18.
16. If a malfunction is detected on the Web camera, perform the Web camera Troubleshooting Procedures in Section 2.19.

## 2.3 Power Supply Troubleshooting

The power supply controller controls many functions and components. To determine if the power supply is functioning properly, start with Procedure 1 and continue with the other Procedures as instructed. The procedures described in this section are:

- Procedure 1: Power Status Check
- Procedure 2: Error Code Check
- Procedure 3: Connection Check
- Procedure 4: Charging Check
- Procedure 5: Replacement Check

### 2.3.1 Procedure 1 Power Status Check

The following icons indicate the power supply status:

- Battery icon
- DC IN icon

The power supply controller displays the power supply status with the Battery icon and the DC IN icon as listed in the tables below.

*Table 2-1 Battery icon*

Battery icon	Power supply status
Lights orange	Battery is charged and the external DC is input. It has no relation with ON/OFF of the system power.
Lights blue	Battery is fully charged and the external DC is input. It has no relation with ON/OFF of the system power.
Blinks orange (even intervals)	The battery level is low while the system power is ON.
Blinks orange once (at being switched on)	The system is driven by only a battery and the battery level is low.
Doesn't light	Any condition other than those above.

Table 2-2 DC IN icon

DC IN icon	Power supply status
Lights blue	DC power is being supplied from the AC adapter.
Blinks orange	Power supply malfunction <sup>*1</sup>
Doesn't light	Any condition other than those above.

\*1 When the power supply controller detects a malfunction, the DC IN icon blinks orange. It shows an error code.

When the icon is blinking, perform the following procedure.

1. Remove the battery pack and the AC adapter.
2. Re-attach the battery pack and the AC adapter.

If the icon is still blinking after the operation above, check the followings:

Check 1 If the DC IN icon blinks orange, go to Procedure 2.

Check 2 If the DC IN icon does not light, go to Procedure 3.

Check 3 If the battery icon does not light orange or blue, go to Procedure 4.

**NOTE:** Use a supplied AC adapter G71C000A5210 (2-pin)/ G71C000A6210 (3-pin).

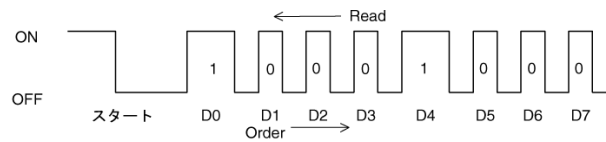
### 2.3.2 Procedure 2 Error Code Check

If the power supply microprocessor detects a malfunction, the DC IN icon blinks orange. The blink pattern indicates an error as shown below.

- |   |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Start              | Off for 2 seconds   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Error code (8 bit) |                     |
| “1”   | On for one second   |
| “0”   | On for half second  |
| Interval between data bits                  | Off for half second |

The error code begins with the least significant digit.

Example:     Error code 11h (Error codes are given in hexadecimal format.)



Start

Check 1 Convert the DC IN icon blink pattern into the hexadecimal error code and compare it to the tables below. Then go to Check 2.

Table 2-3 Error code

Error code	Where error occurs
1*h	DC Power (AC Adapter)
2*h	Main battery
3:h	2nd battery
4*h	S3V output
5*h	E5V output
6*h	E3V output
7*h	IGD-PGV output
8*h	1R5-B1V output
9*h	PPV output
A*h	1R05-E1V output
B*h	IGD-PGV output
C*h	PTV output
D*h	PTV output
E*h	-
F*h	-

DC power supply (AC adapter)

Error code	Meaning
10h	AC Adapter output voltage is over 16.5V.
11h	Common Dock output voltage is over 16.5V..
12h	Current from the DC power supply is over 4.95A.
13h	Current from the DC power supply is over 0.5A when there is no load.
14h	The compensation value of [0A] is not within the limits from design data ( $\pm 481\text{mA}$ ).

Main Battery

Error code	Meaning
22h	Main battery discharge current is over 0.5A.
23h	Main battery charge current is over 4.3A.
24h	The compensation value of [0A] is not within the limits from design data ( $\pm 400\text{mA}$ ).
25h	Main battery charge current is over 0.3A when the charging is off.
26h	Unusual voltage occurred during Main battery charge.

2nd Battery

Error code	Meaning
32h	Second battery discharge current is over 0.5A.
33h	Second battery charge current is over 2.7A.
34h	The compensation value of [0A] is not within the limits from design data ( $\pm 400\text{mA}$ ).
35h	Second battery charge current is over 0.3A
36h	Unusual voltage occurred during Second battery charge.

S3V output

Error code	Meaning
40h	S3V voltage is over 3.47V.
45h	S3V voltage is under 3.14V.
46h	S3V voltage is under 3.14V or less when the computer is booting up.

E5V output

Error code	Meaning
50h	E5V voltage is over 6.00V.
51h	E5V voltage is under 4.50V when the computer is powered on.
52h	E5V voltage is under 4.50V when the computer is booting up.
54h	E5V voltage is under 4.50V when EV power is maintained.

E3V output

Error code	Meaning
60h	E3V voltage is over 3.96V.
61h	E3V voltage is under 2.81V when the computer is powered on.
62h	E3V voltage is under 2.81V when the computer is booting up.
64h	E3V voltage is under 2.81V when EV power is maintained.

IGD-PGV output

Error code	Meaning
70h	IGD-PGV voltage is over 1.80V.
71h	IGD-PGV voltage is under 0V when the computer is powered on.
72h	IGD-PGV voltage is under 0V when the computer is booting up.

1R5-P1V output

Error code	Meaning
80h	1R5-P1V voltage is over 1.80V.
81h	1R5-P1V voltage is under 1.28V when the computer is powered on.
82h	1R5-P1V voltage is under 1.28V when the computer is booting up.
84h	1R5-P1V voltage is under 1.28V when BV power is maintained.

PPV output

Error code	Meaning
90h	PPV voltage is over 1.68V.
91h	PPV voltage is under 0.00V when the computer is powered on.
92h	PPV voltage is under 0.55V when the computer is booting up.

1R05-E1V output

Error code	Meaning
A0h	1R05-E1V voltage is over 1.26V.
A1h	1R05-E1V voltage is under 0.89V when the computer is powered on.
A2h	1R05-E1V voltage is under 0.89V when the computer is booting up.
A4h	1R05-E1V voltage is under 1.26V when EV power is maintained.

IGD-PGV output

Error code	Meaning
B0h	PTV voltage is over 1.80V.
B1h	PTV voltage is under 0V when the computer is powered on.
B2h	PTV voltage is under 0V when the computer is booting up.

PTV output

Error code	Meaning
C0h	IGD-PGV voltage is over 1.26V.
C1h	IGD-PGV voltage is under 0.67V when the computer is powered on.
C2h	IGD-PGV voltage is under 0.67V when the computer is booting up.

PTV output

Error code	Meaning
D0h	SPURS-PPV voltage is over 1.26V.
D1h	SPURS-PPV voltage is under 0.89V when the computer is powered on.
D2h	SPURS-PPV voltage is under 0.89V when the computer is booting up.

Miscellaneous

Error code	Meaning
F0h	The sub clock does not oscillate.



Check 2 In the case of error code 10h or 12h:

- Make sure the AC adapter and AC power cord are firmly plugged into the DC IN 15 V socket and wall outlet. If the cables are connected firmly, go to the following step.
- Connect a new AC adapter and AC power cord. If the problem still occurs, go to Procedure 5.

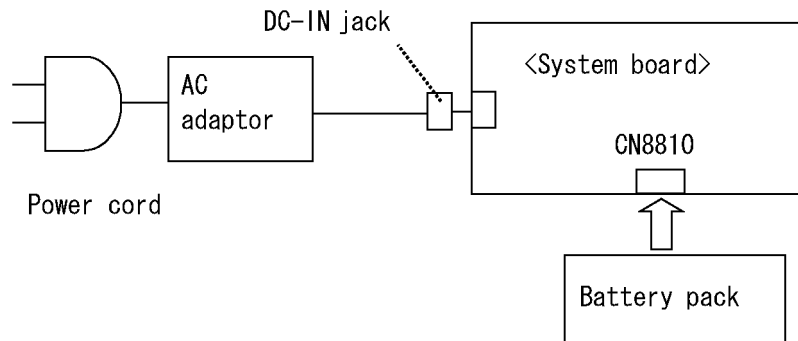
Check 3 In the case of error code 21h:

- Go to Procedure 3.

Check 4 For any other errors, go to Procedure 5.

### **2.3.3 Procedure 3 Connection Check**

The wiring diagram related to the power supply is shown below:



Any of the connectors may be disconnected. Perform Check 1.

Check 1 Make sure the AC adapter and the AC power cord are firmly plugged into the DC IN jack and wall outlet. If these cables are connected firmly, go to Check 2.

Check 2 Replace the AC adapter and the AC power cord with new ones.

- If the DC IN icon does not light, go to Procedure 5.
- If the battery icon does not light, go to Check 3.

Check 3 Make sure the battery pack is installed in the computer correctly. If the battery is properly installed and the battery icon still does not light, go to Procedure 4.

### 2.3.4 Procedure 4 Charging Check

Check if the power supply controller charges the battery pack properly. Perform the following procedures:

- Check 1 Make sure the AC adapter is firmly plugged into the DC IN jack.
- Check 2 Make sure the battery pack is properly installed. If it is properly installed, go to Check 3.
- Check 3 The battery pack may be completely discharged. Wait a few minutes to charge the battery pack while connecting the battery pack and the AC adapter. If the battery pack is still not charged, go to Check 4.
- Check 4 The battery's temperature is too high or low. Leave the battery for a while to adjust it in the right temperature. If the battery pack is still not charged, go to Check 5.
- Check 5 Replace the battery pack with a new one. If the battery pack is still not charged, go to Procedure 5.

### 2.3.5 Procedure 5 Replacement Check

The power is supplied to the system board by the AC adapter. If either the AC adapter or the system board was damaged, perform the following Checks.

To disassemble the computer, follow the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.

When AC adapter is connected:

- Check 1 AC adapter may be faulty. Replace the AC adapter with a new one. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 2.
- Check 2 System board may be faulty. Replace the system board with a new one.

When AC adapter is not connected:  
(When driving with battery pack)

- Check 1 Battery pack may be faulty. Replace it with a new one. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 2.
- Check 2 System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one.

## **2.4 System Board Troubleshooting**

This section describes how to determine if the system board is malfunctioning or not. Start with Procedure 1 and continue with the other procedures as instructed. The procedures described in this section are:

Procedure 1: Message Check

Procedure 2: Debugging Port Check

Procedure 3: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 4: Replacement Check

### 2.4.1 Procedure 1 Message Check

When the power is turned on, the system performs the Initial Reliability Test (IRT) installed in the BIOS ROM. The IRT tests each IC on the system board and initializes it.

- If an error message is shown on the display, perform Check 1.
- If there is no error message, go to Procedure 2.
- If MS-DOS or Windows OS is properly loaded, go to Procedure 4.

**Check 1** If one of the following error messages is displayed on the screen, press the **F1** key as the message instructs. These errors occur when the system configuration preserved in the RTC memory (CMOS type memory) is not the same as the actual configuration or when the data is lost.

If you press the **F1** key as the message instructs, the SETUP screen appears to set the system configuration. If error message (b) appears often when the power is turned on, replace the RTC battery. If any other error message is displayed, perform Check 2.

- (a)       \*\*\* Bad HDD type \*\*\*  
Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (b)       \*\*\* Bad RTC battery \*\*\*  
Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (c)       \*\*\* Bad configuration \*\*\*  
Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (d)       \*\*\* Bad memory size \*\*\*  
Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (e)       \*\*\* Bad time function \*\*\*  
Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (f)       \*\*\* Bad check sum (CMOS) \*\*\*  
Check system. Then press [F1] key .....
- (g)       \*\*\* Bad check sum (ROM) \*\*\*  
Check system. Then press [F1] key .....

**Check 2** If the following error message is displayed on the screen, press any key as the message instructs.

The following error message appears when data stored in RAM under the resume function is lost because the battery has become discharged or the system board is damaged. Go to Procedure 3.

```
WARNING:  RESUME FAILURE.
PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE.
```

If any other error message displays, perform Check 3.

Check 3 The IRT checks the system board. When the IRT detects an error, the system stops or an error message appears.

If one of the following error messages (1) through (17), (23) or (24) is displayed, go to Procedure 4.

If error message (18) is displayed, go to the Keyboard Troubleshooting Procedures.

If error message (19), (20) or (21) is displayed, go to the HDD Troubleshooting Procedures.

If error message (22) is displayed, go to the USB FDD Troubleshooting Procedures.

- (1) PIT ERROR
- (2) MEMORY REFRESH ERROR
- (3) TIMER CH.2 OUT ERROR
- (4) CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR
- (5) CMOS BAD BATTERY ERROR
- (6) FIRST 64KB MEMORY ERROR
- (7) FIRST 64KB MEMORY PARITY ERROR
- (8) VRAM ERROR
- (9) SYSTEM MEMORY ERROR
- (10) SYSTEM MEMORY PARITY ERROR
- (11) EXTENDED MEMORY ERROR
- (12) EXTENDED MEMORY PARITY ERROR
- (13) DMA PAGE REGISTER ERROR
- (14) DMAC #1 ERROR
- (15) DMAC #2 ERROR
- (16) PIC #1 ERROR
- (17) PIC #2 ERROR
- (18) KBC ERROR
- (19) HDC ERROR
- (20) HDD #0 ERROR
- (21) HDD #1 ERROR
- (22) NO FDD ERROR
- (23) TIMER INTERRUPT ERROR
- (24) RTC UPDATE ERROR

### 2.4.2 Procedure 2 Debugging Port Check

Check the D port status by a debug port test. The tool for debug port test is shown below.

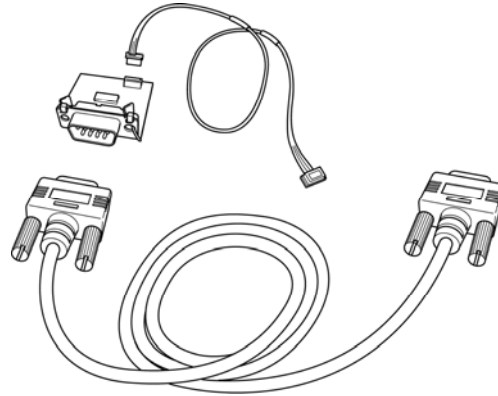
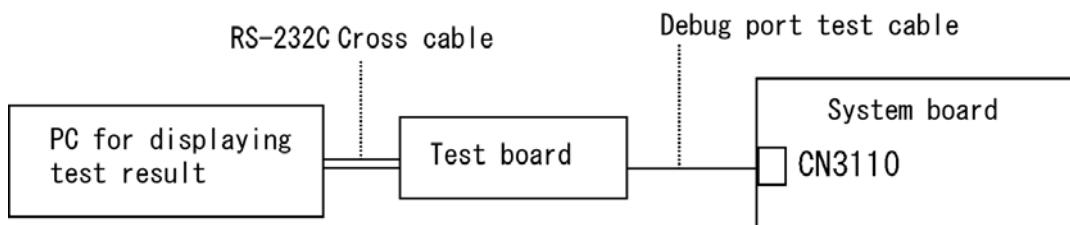


Figure 2-1 A set of tool for debug port test

1. Not a Serial Port model should connect a debug port test cable to connector CN3110 of a system board.
2. Connect the RS-232C Cross-cable to the PC that displays the test results.



4. Boot the computer in MS-DOS mode.
5. Execute GETDPORT.COM in the text menu in CPU REAL mode. (Insert the FD for starting D port into FDD and input “FD starting drive:>dport”.)

The D port status is displayed in the following form;

<p>F100 : 000.000382</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>D port status</p>	<p>Time (second) to process</p>	<p>IRT_CHK_IN\SYSI_START</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>Contents of process</p>
---	---------------------------------	---

6. When the D port status is FFFFh (normal status), go to Procedure 4.
7. When the D port status falls into any status in Table 2-4, execute Check 1.

Table 2-4 Debug port error status (1/2) pending

<b>System BIOS Boot block processing</b>			
Debug Code	BIOS processing outline	Target Device	IC No.
	CPU setup	CPU Super I/O	IS1050 (CPU Socket) IC3400 (Super I/O)
	Initialization of PCH ,Super I/O		
F000	Boot Block processing start	BIOSROM	IC3000 (BIOS ROM)
F001	Initialization of PCH	PCH, Ricoh controller	IC1600 (PCH)
	Initialization of Ricoh controller		
F002	Initialization of PCH	PCH	IC1600 (PCH)
	Graphics distinction	VGA	IC5000 (VGA (nVIDIA))
	Clock Generator setup	Clock Generator	IC1000 (CLKGEN)
F003	PCH initialization end	BIOSROM	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM)
F004	Memory initialization start	PCH	IC1600 (PCH)
F005	Memory initialization end	PCH	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM)
F006	Loader start to a system part	BIOSROM	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM)
F007	Deployment start to a system part	BIOSROM	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM)
F008	Updating judging of BIOS and EC	BIOSROM	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM)
F009	Update process start of BIOS and EC	BIOSROM EC USB Memory	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM) IC3200(EC/KBC)
F00A	Renewal error of BIOS Bootblock	BIOSROM	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM)
F00B	Completion of updating of Boot block	BIOSROM	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM)
F00C	End of Boot Block processing. IRT shift	BIOSROM	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM)

Table 2-4 Debug port error status (2/2)

<b>System BIOS IRT processing</b>			
Debug Code	BIOS processing outline	Target Device	IC No.
F100	IRT section start	CPU	IS1050 (CPU Socket)
F101	Creation of SETUP information	BIOSROM RAM	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM) CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F102	PCI Express initialization	PCH	IC1600 (PCH)
F103	PCH Express initialization	PCH	IC1600 (PCH)
F104	SMRAM Express initialization	PCH RAM	IC1600 (PCH) CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F105	End of SMRAM initialization	PCH RAM	IS1050 (CPU Socket), CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F106	EC Evert initialization	EC	IC3200 (EC/KBC)
F107	USB Legacy initialization	PCH	IC1600 (PCH)
F108	Device Lock main processing start	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F109	Device Lock device processing start	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F10A	End of Device Lock main processing	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F10B	Thermal control initialization	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F10C	Digital thermal sensor initialization	CPU	IS1050 (CPU Socket)
F10D	End for IRT of a module load	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F10E	Memory test start	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F10F	End of a memory test	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F110	Interrupt vector initialization	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F111	VGA, LAN initialization	VGA LAN BIOSROM RAM	IC1200 (VGA) IC5000 (VGA (nVIDIA)) IC4000/IC4100 (LAN Controller), IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM), CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F112	End of option ROM execution	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F113	Determination of a boot device	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F114	Processing in front of boot	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F115	End of IRT processing. Shift to OS.	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)



F116	S3 shift start	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F117	S4 shift start	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F118	S5 shift start	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F119	USB electric supply setting start	PCH EC	IC1600 (PCH) IC3200 (EC/KBC)
F11A	Completion of a USB electric supply setting	PCH EC	IC1600 (PCH) IC3200 (EC/KBC)
F11B	Shutdown processing	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F11C	Completion of Shutdown processing	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F11D	S3 return service start	BIOSROM RAM	IC3000/IC3002 (BIOS ROM), CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)
F1FF	End of S3 return processing. Shifts to OS.	RAM	CN1400, CN1410 (RAM Conn.)

**NOTE:** Status outputted by the test means the last error detected in the debug port test.

Check 1 If the D port is status F11Eh or F120h is displayed, go to “HDD Trouble shooting Procedure in Section 2.6.

Check 2 If any other D port status error code is displayed, perform Procedure 3.

D port error code is as follows:

<b>Error code</b>	<b>Contents</b>
F003h or F004h	SC initialization error
F00Bh	BIOS update error
F117h	Exception check error
F121h	Clock generator error

### 2.4.3 Procedure 3 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Execute the following tests from the Diagnostic Test Menu. These tests check the system board. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostic*, for more information on how to perform these tests.

1. System test
2. Memory test
3. Keyboard test
4. Display test
5. Floppy Disk test
6. Printer test [It is not supported]
7. Async test
8. Hard Disk test
9. Real Timer test
10. NDP test
11. Expansion test
12. CD-ROM/DVD-ROM test
13. Only One test
14. Wireless LAN test
15. LAN/Modem/Bluetooth/IEEE1394 test
16. Sound test

If an error is detected during these tests, go to Procedure 4.

### 2.4.4 Procedure 4 Replacement Check

System board may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and replace system board with a new one.

## **2.5 USB FDD Troubleshooting**

To check if the USB FDD is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1: FDD Head Cleaning Check

Procedure 2: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 3: Connector Check and Replacement Check

### **2.5.1 Procedure 1 FDD Head Cleaning Check**

FDD head cleaning is one option available in the Diagnostic Program.

After connecting USB FDD, insert the Diagnostics Disk in the floppy disk drive. Turn on the computer and run the test. And then clean the FDD heads using the cleaning kit. If the FDD still does not function properly after cleaning, go to Procedure 2.

Detailed operation is given in Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics*.

If the test program cannot be executed on the computer, go to Procedure 3.

### 2.5.2 Procedure 2 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Insert the Diagnostics Disk in the USB FDD, turn on the computer and run the test. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics*, for more information about the diagnostics test procedures.

Make sure the floppy disk is formatted correctly and that the write protect tab is disabled. Floppy disk drive test error codes and their status names are listed in Table 2-7. If any other errors occur while executing the FDD diagnostics test, go to Check 1.

Table 2-5 FDD error code and status

Code	Status
01h	Bad command
02h	Address mark not found
03h	Write protected
04h	Record not found
06h	Media replaced
08h	DMA overrun error
09h	DMA boundary error
10h	CRC error
20h	FDC error
40h	Seek error
60h	FDD not drive
80h	Time out error (Not ready)
EEh	Write buffer error
FFh	Data compare error

Check 1 If the following message is displayed, disable the write protect tab on the floppy disk by sliding the write protect tab to “write enable”. If any other message appears, perform Check 2.

Write protected

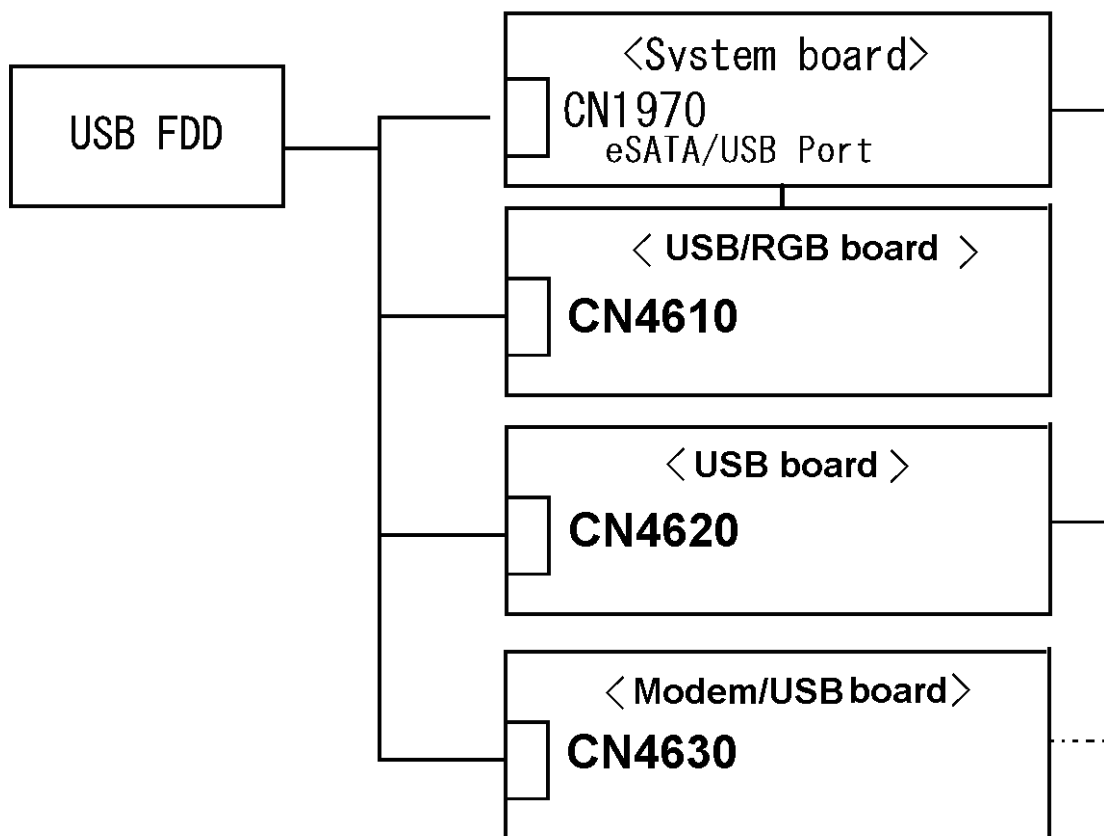
Check 2 Make sure the floppy disk is formatted correctly. If it is, go to Procedure 3.

### 2.5.3 Procedure 3 Connector Check and Replacement Check

USB FDD is connected to USB port on system board or USB/Sound board. The connection of the cable and board may be defective. Otherwise, they may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and perform the following checks.

USB FDD can be connected to the following 3 ports.

(System board x 1 ports, USB/RGB board x 1 port and USB board x 1 port (or Modem/USB board).



- Check 1 Make sure USB FDD is firmly connected to USB port. If the connection is loose, connect firmly and repeat Procedure 2. If the problem still occurs, go to Check 2.

**NOTE:** *When checking the connection, be sure to check it with care for the followings.*

- 1. Cable can not be disconnected from the connector.*
- 2. Cable is connected straight to the connector.*
- 3. Cable is connected all the way seated in the connector.*
- 4. Cable or connector can not be broken.*

- Check 2    Connect USB FDD to other USB port and check if it works properly. If it does not work properly, perform Check 3
- Check 3    USB FDD may be faulty. Replace it with a new one. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 4
- Check 4    System board and USB board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.

## 2.6 2.5" HDD Troubleshooting

To check if the 2.5" HDD is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

- Procedure 1: Partition Check
- Procedure 2: Message Check
- Procedure 3: Format Check
- Procedure 4: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check
- Procedure 5: Connector Check and Replacement Check

**CAUTION:** *The contents of the hard disk will be erased when the 2.5" HDD troubleshooting procedures are executed. Transfer the contents of the hard disk to floppy disks or other storage drive(s). For the backup, refer to the User's Manual.*

### 2.6.1 Procedure 1 Partition Check

Insert the Toshiba DOS system disk and start the computer. Perform the following checks:

- Check 1 Input **C:** and press **Enter**. If you cannot change to drive C, go to Check 2. If you can change to drive C, go to Procedure 2.
- Check 2 Input **FDISK** and press **Enter**. Choose Display Partition Information from the FDISK menu. If drive C is listed in the Display Partition Information, go to Check 3. If drive C is not listed, return to the FDISK menu and choose the option to create a DOS partition or a logical DOS drive on drive C. If the problem still occurs, go to Procedure 2.
- Check 3 If drive C is listed as active in the FDISK menu, go to Check 4. If drive C is not listed as active, return to the FDISK menu and choose the option to set the active partition for drive C. Then go to Procedure 2.
- Check 4 Remove the system disk from the FDD and reboot the computer. If the problem still occurs, go to Procedure 2. Otherwise, the 2.5" HDD is operating normally.

## 2.6.2 Procedure 2 Message Check

When the power is turned on, the system performs the Initial Reliability Test (IRT) installed in the BIOS ROM. When the test detects an error, an error message is displayed on the screen.

Make sure no floppy disk is in the FDD. Turn on the computer and check the message on the screen. When an OS starts from the 2.5" HDD, go to Procedure 3. Otherwise, start with Check 1 below and perform the other checks as instructed.

Check 1 If any of the following messages appear, go to Procedure 3. If the following messages do not appear, perform Check 2.

HDC ERROR

or

HDD #X ERROR (After 5 seconds this message will disappear.)

Check 2 If either of the following messages appears, go to Check 3. If the following messages do not appear, perform Check 4.

Insert system disk in drive  
Press any key when ready .....

or

Non-System disk or disk error  
Replace and press any key when ready

Check 3 Using the SYS command of the DOS, transfer the system to the 2.5" HDD. If the system is not transferred, go to Procedure 3. Refer to the DOS Manual for detailed operation.

If the following message appears on the display, the system program has been transferred to the HDD.

System Transferred

If an error message appears on the display, perform Check 4.

Check 4 2.5" HDD(s) and the connector(s) of system board may be defective (Refer to the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* for disassembling.). Insert HDD(s) to the connector(s) firmly. If it is (or they are) firmly connected, go to Procedure 3.



### **2.6.3 Procedure 3 Format Check**

The computer's HDD is formatted using the DOS FORMAT program or the physical format program of the test program. To format the HDD, start with Check 1 below and perform the other steps as required.

Refer to the DOS Manual for the operation of DOS. For the format by the test program, refer to the Chapter 3.

Check 1    Format the 2.5" HDD using DOS FORMAT command. Type as **FORMAT C:  
/S/U**.

          If the 2.5" HDD can not be formatted, perform Check 2.

Check 2    Using the DOS FDISK command, set the 2.5" HDD partition. If the partition is not set, go to Check 3. If it is set, format the 2.5" HDD using MS-DOS FORMAT command.

Check 3    Using the Diagnostic Disk, format the 2.5" HDD with a format option (physical format). If HDD is formatted, set the 2.5" HDD partition using DOS FDISK command.

          If you cannot format the 2.5" HDD using the Tests and Diagnostic program, go to Procedure 4.

### 2.6.4 Procedure 4 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

The HDD test program is stored in the Diagnostics Disk. Perform all of the HDD tests in the Hard Disk Drive Test. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics*, for more information about the HDD test program.

If an error is detected during the HDD test, an error code and status will be displayed. The error codes and statuses are described in Table 2-8. If an error code is not displayed but the problem still occurs, go to Procedure 5.

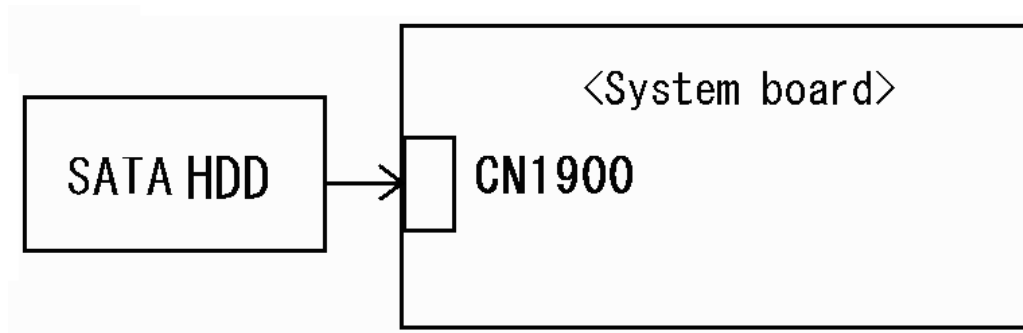
Table 2-6 2.5" Hard disk drive error code and status

Code	Status
05	HDD - HDC NOT RESET ERROR
07	HDD - DRIVE NOT INITIALIZE
09	HDD - DMA BOUNDARY ERROR
0B	HDD - BAD TRACK ERROR
BB	HDD - UNDEFINED ERROR
08	HDD - OVERRUN ERROR (DRQ ON)
01	HDD - BAD COMMAND ERROR
02	HDD - ADDRESS MARK NOT FOUND
04	HDD - RECORD NOT FOUND ERROR
10	HDD - ECC ERROR
20	HDD - HDC ERROR
40	HDD - SEEK ERROR
80	HDD - TIME OUT ERROR
11	HDD - ECC RECOVER ENABLE
AA	HDD - DRIVE NOT READY
CC	HDD - WRITE FAULT
E0	HDD - STATUS ERROR
0A	HDD - BAD SECTOR
EE	HDD - ACCESS TIME ERROR
DA	HDD - NO HDD
12	HDD - DMA CRC ERROR

### 2.6.5 Procedure 5 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The SATA HDD may be disconnected, or the SATA HDD or system board may be damaged. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and perform the following checks:

- Check 1      Make sure the SATA HDD is firmly connected to CN1900 on the system board.



If any of the connections are loose, reconnect firmly and repeat Procedure 1. If there is still an error, go to Check 2.

- Check 2      The SATA HDD may be damaged. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and check the operation. If the problem still exists, perform Check 3.
- Check 3      System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*

## 2.7 Keyboard Troubleshooting

To check if the computer's keyboard is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 2: Connector Check and Replacement Check

### 2.7.1 Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

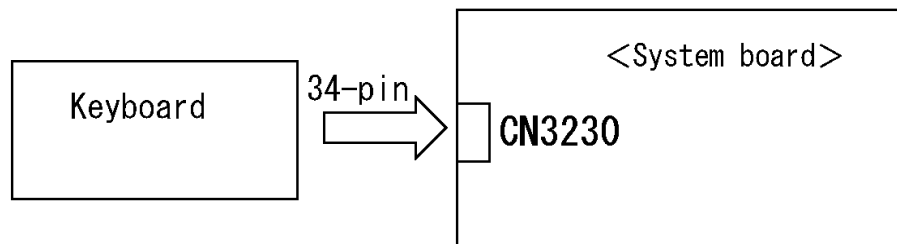
Execute the Keyboard Test (DIAGNOSTIC TEST) and Pressed key display test (ONLY ONE TEST) in the Diagnostic Program. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics*, for more information on how to perform the test program.

If an error occurs, go to Procedure 2. If an error does not occur, keyboard is functioning properly.

### 2.7.2 Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The connection of cable and board may be defective. Otherwise, they may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*, and perform the following checks:

Check 1 Make sure keyboard cable is firmly connected to system board.



If the connection is loose, reconnect firmly and repeat Procedure 1. If the problem still occurs, go to Check 2.

Check 2 Keyboard may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 3.

Check 3 System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.

## **2.8 Touch pad or Dual point Troubleshooting**

To check if the computer's touch pad is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 2: Connector Check and Replacement Check

### **2.8.1 Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check**

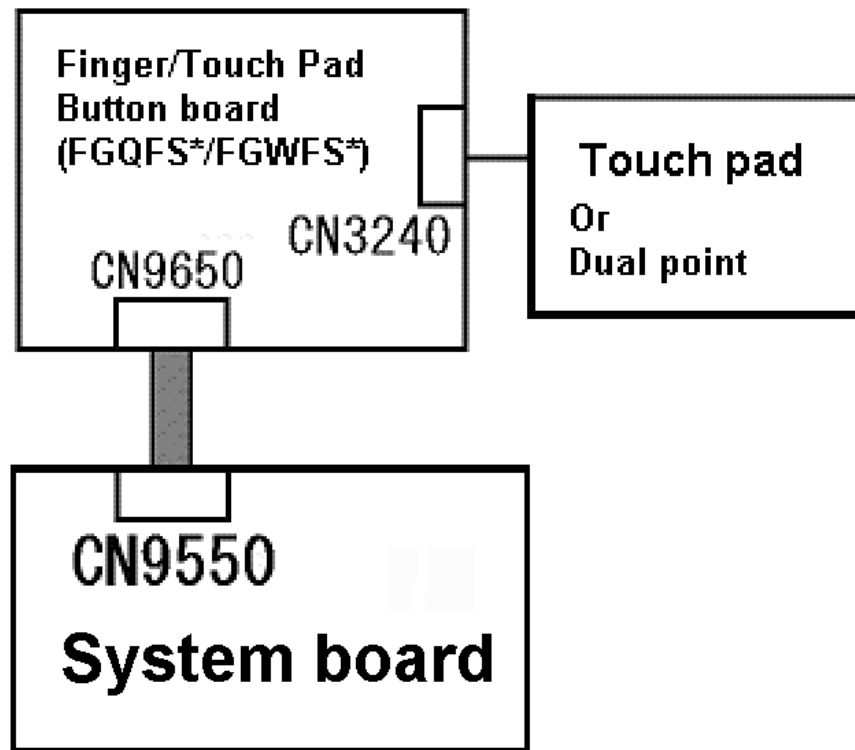
Execute the Touch pad test (ONLY ONE TEST) in the Diagnostic Program. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics*, for more information on how to perform the test program.

If an error occurs, go to Procedure 2. If an error does not occur, touch pad is functioning properly.

## 2.8.2 Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The connection of the cable and board may be defective. Otherwise, they may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*, and perform the following checks:

Check 1 Make sure the cables are firmly connected to the button board and system board.



If the connection is loose, reconnect firmly and repeat Procedure 1. If the problem still occurs, go to Check 2.

- Check 2 Touch pod or the cable may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 3.
- Check 3 Finger/Touch Pad Button board or the cable may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 4.
- Check 4 System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.

## 2.9 Display Troubleshooting

This section describes how to determine if the computer's display is functioning properly. Start with Procedure 1 and continue with the other procedures as instructed.

Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 2: Connector Check and Cable Check

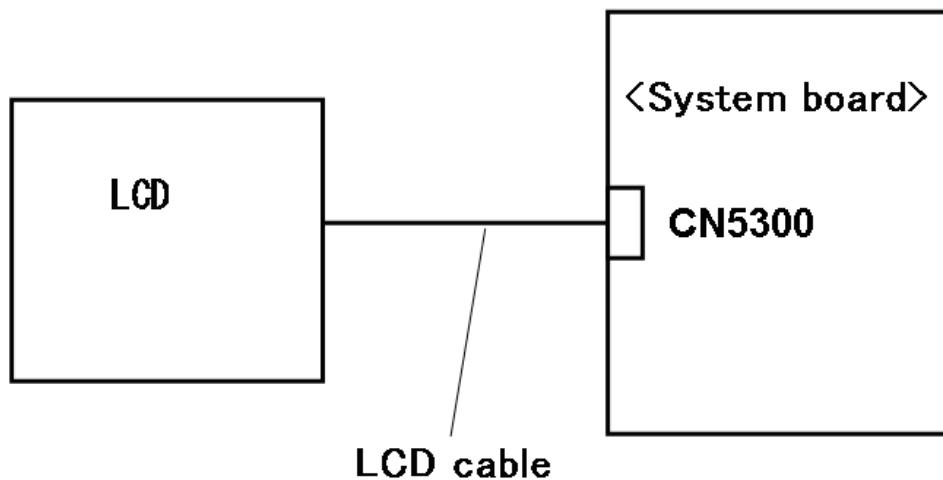
Procedure 3: Replacement Check

### Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

The Display Test program is stored on the computer's Diagnostics disk. This program checks the display controller on the system board. Insert the Diagnostics disk in the computer's floppy disk drive, turn on the computer and run the test. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics* for details. If an error is detected, go to Procedure 2.

### Procedure 2 Connector Check and Cable Check

Check 1 Make sure the LCD cable is securely connected to CN5601 on the system board.



If the connection is loose, reconnect firmly and restart the computer. If there is still an error, go to Procedure 3.

### **Procedure 3 Replacement Check**

The LCD module and system board are connected to display circuits. Any of these components may be damaged. Refer to Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.

Check 1 Replace the LCD cable with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and test the display again. If the problem still exists, perform Check 2.

Check 2 Replace the LCD module with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and test the display again. If the problem still exists, perform Check 3

Check 3 The display controller on the system board may be damaged. Replace the system board with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.



## 2.10 Optical Disk Drive Troubleshooting

To check if optical disk drive is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 2: Connector Check and Replacement Check

### 2.10.1 Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Execute the CD-ROM/DVD-ROM Test in the Diagnostic Program. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics* for more information on how to perform the test program.

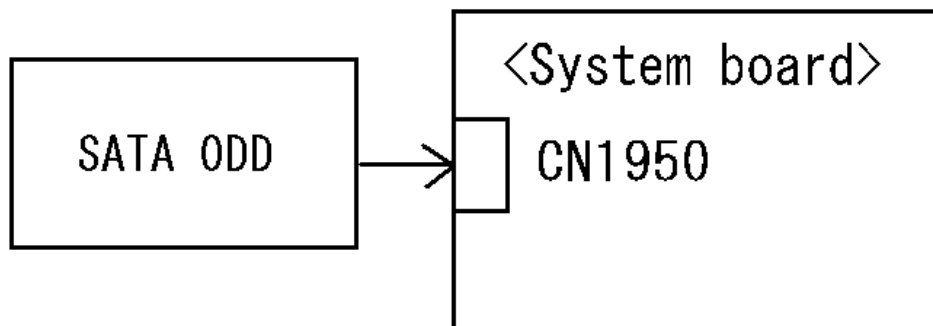
Prepare the tools before the test.

If any error is detected by the test, go to Procedure 2.

### 2.10.2 Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The SATA ODD may be disconnected, or the SATA ODD or system board may be damaged. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and perform the following checks:

Check 1      Make sure the SATA ODD is firmly connected to CN1950 on the system board.



If any of the connections are loose, reconnect firmly and repeat Procedure 1. If there is still an error, go to Check 2.

- Check 2 The SATA ODD may be damaged. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still exists, perform Check 3.
- Check 3 System board may be faulty. Replace it with new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedure*.

## 2.11 Modem Troubleshooting

To check if modem is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 2: Connector Check and Replacement Check

### 2.11.1 Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Execute Modem test in the LAN/Modem/Bluetooth/IEEE1394 test program. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics* for more information on how to perform the test program.

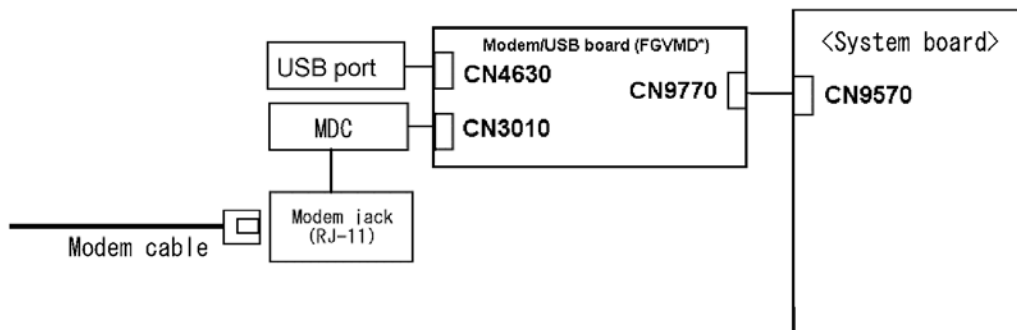
If any error is detected, perform Procedure 2.

### 2.11.2 Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

MDC (Modem Daughter Card) is used as the modem for this computer. MDC is connected to the system board. If modem malfunctions, the connection of cable, board and module may be defective. Otherwise, they may be faulty.

Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedure* and perform the following checks:

Check 1 Make sure the following connections are firmly connected.



If any connector is disconnected, connect it firmly and return to Procedure 1. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 2.

- Check 2 Modem cable may be faulty. Replace it with a new one. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 3.
- Check 3 MDC may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedure*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 3
- Check 4 Modem/USB board or the cable may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 5.
- Check 5 System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.

## 2.12 LAN Troubleshooting

To check if the computer's LAN is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 2: Connector Check and Replacement Check

### 2.12.1 Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

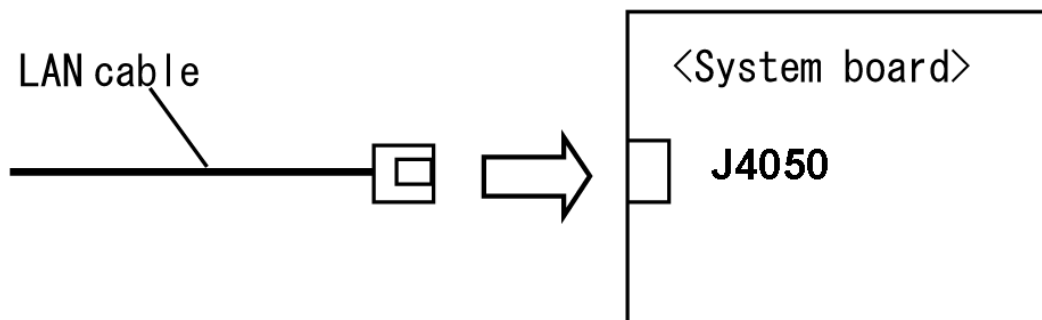
Execute LAN test in the LAN/Modem/Bluetooth/IEEE1394 test program. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics* for more information on how to perform the test program.

If any error is detected by the test, go to Procedure 2.

### 2.12.2 Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

LAN cable is connected to system board. If LAN malfunctions, the connection of the cable and board may be defective. Otherwise, they may be faulty.

Check 1 Make sure LAN cable is firmly connected to the LAN jack on the system board. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 2.



Check 2 LAN cable may be faulty. Replace it with a new one. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 3.

Check 3 System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instruction in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedure*.

## 2.13 Wireless LAN Troubleshooting

To check if the computer's Wireless LAN is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1: Transmitting-Receiving Check

Procedure 2: Antennas' Connection Check

Procedure 3: Replacement Check

### 2.13.1 Procedure 1      Transmitting-Receiving Check

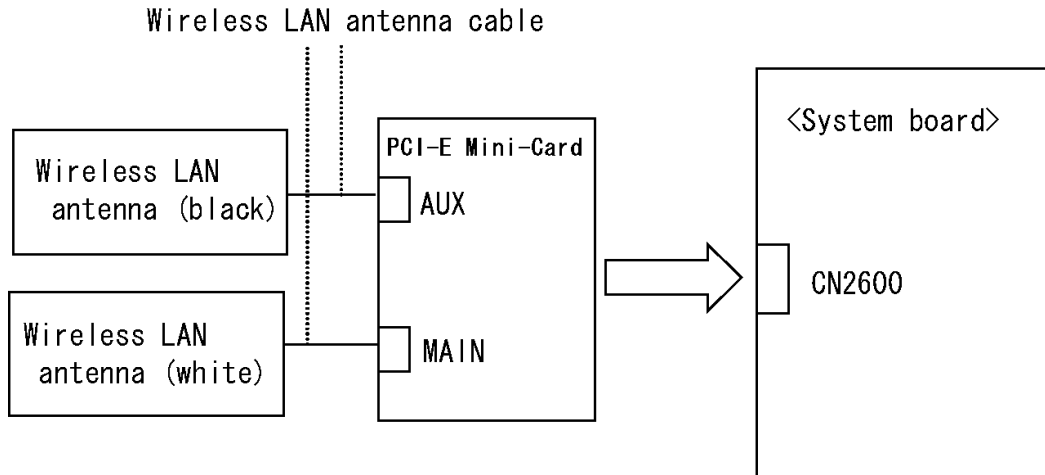
Before starting the test, make sure the wireless communication switch is set in the ON position.

Check 1    Execute Wireless LAN test program to check the transmitting-receiving function of wireless LAN. You will need a second computer that can communicate by wireless LAN. Perform the test following the instructions described in Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics*.

If the computer passes the test, the function is correctly working. If the computer does not pass the test, perform Procedure 2.

### 2.13.2 Procedure 2      Antennas' Connection Check

The wireless LAN function-wiring diagram is shown below:



Any of the connections may be defective. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*, and perform the following checks:

- Check 1    Make sure the wireless communication switch is “On”.  
            If the switch is “Off”, turn it “On”. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 2.
  
- Check 2    Make sure wireless LAN card (PCI-E Mini-Card) is firmly connected to the CN2600 on the system board. If the connection is loose, connect it firmly and perform Procedure 1. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 3.
  
- Check 3    Make sure that wireless LAN antenna cables (black and white) are firmly connected to the connectors on Wireless LAN card. If wireless LAN antenna cables are not connected properly, connect them firmly and perform Procedure 1. If the problem still occurs, go to the procedure 3.

### **2.13.3 Procedure 3          Replacement Check**

Wireless LAN card, wireless LAN antenna or system board may be faulty. Refer to Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*, for instructions on how to disassemble the computer and then perform the following checks:

- Check 1    Wireless LAN antenna may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 2.
  
- Check 2    Wireless LAN card may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 3.
  
- Check3    System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.



## 2.14 Bluetooth Troubleshooting

To check if the Bluetooth is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Procedure 2: Connection Check and Replacement Check

### Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Make sure the wireless switch on the left side of the computer is turned “On”. If it is not, slide the switch toward the back of the computer to turn it on.

Check 1 Execute Bluetooth test program. Perform the test following the instructions described in Chapter 3, Bluetooth Test Program. You will need a second computer that can communicate by the Bluetooth.

If the computer passes the test, the function is correctly working. If the computer does not pass the test, go to check 2.

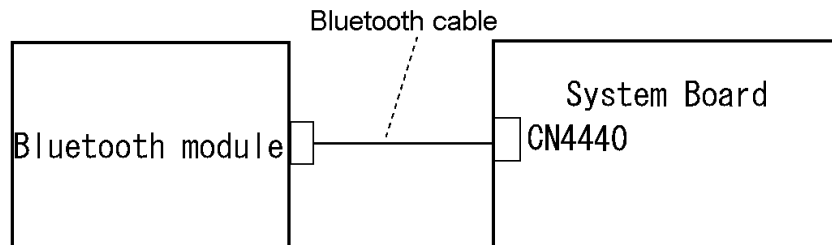
Check 2 The Bluetooth module may be defective or damaged. Replace it with a new one. Then perform the test program again.

If the computer still does not pass the test, go to Procedure 2.

### Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The Bluetooth may be disconnected, or the Bluetooth module, Bluetooth cable or system board may be damaged. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and perform the following checks:

Check 1 Make sure the Bluetooth is firmly connected to CN4440 on the system board.



If any of the connections are loose, reconnect firmly and repeat Procedure 1. If there is still an error, go to Check 2.

- Check 2 The Bluetooth module may be damaged. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures* and check the operation. If the problem still exists, perform Check 3.
- Check 3 The Bluetooth cable may be damaged. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still exists, perform Check 4.
- Check 4 The system board may be damaged. Replace it with a new one following the

## 2.15 Sound Troubleshooting

To check if the sound function is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

- Procedure 1: Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check
- Procedure 2: Connector Check
- Procedure 3: Replacement Check

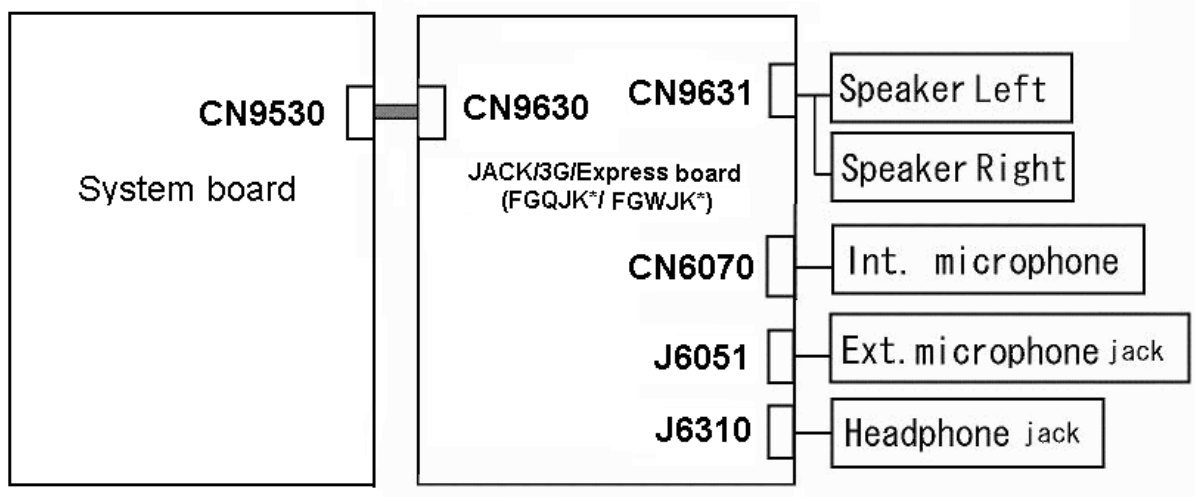
### 2.15.1 Procedure 1 Diagnostic Test Program Execution Check

Execute the Sound test in Sound Test program disk. Refer to Chapter 3, *Tests and Diagnostics* for more information on how to perform the test program.

If any error is detected by the test, go to Procedure 2.

### 2.15.2 Procedure 2 Connector Check

The connection of sound system is shown in the following figure.



As the connection may be defective, disassemble the computer and check each connection. If the problem still occurs, go to Procedure 3.

### 2.15.3 Procedure 3 Replacement Check

- If headphone does not work properly, perform check 1.
- If external microphone does not work properly, perform check 2.
- If internal microphone does not work properly, perform check 3.
- If Speaker Right does not work properly, perform check 4.
- If Speaker Left does not work properly, perform check 5.

Check 1 Headphone may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 6.

Check 2 External microphone may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 6

Check 3 Internal microphone may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 6

Check 4 Speaker Right may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 6.

Check 6 Speaker Left r may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 6

Check 6 Jack/3G/Express board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 7

Check 7 System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.

## 2.16 Bridge media Slot Troubleshooting

This section describes how to determine if the computer's Bridge media functions are functioning properly. Perform the steps below starting with Procedure 1 and continuing with the other procedures as required.

Procedure 1: Check on Windows OS

Procedure 2: Connector Check and Replacement Check

### 2.16.1 Procedure 1 Check on Windows OS

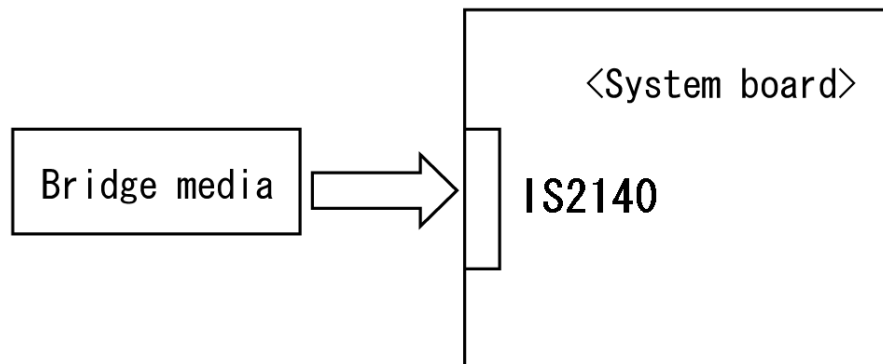
Insert a Bridge media (SD memory card/SDIO card/Memory stick/Memory stick Pro/xD Picture card/Multimedia card) into the slot. Check if the installed Windows recognizes automatically the Bridge media and the data in the Bridge media can be read.

If the card is not recognized or data are not read, go to Procedure 2.

### 2.16.2 Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The Bridge media is connected to IS2140 on the system board.

Bridge media supports SD memory card/SDIO card/Memory stick/Memory stick Pro/xD Picture card/Multimedia card.



Check 1 Bridge media and system board may be disconnected. Make sure the Bridge media is firmly inserted to IS2140 on the system board. If not, insert it firmly. If the Bridge media is still not functioning properly, perform Check 2.

Check 2 Bridge media may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the step in Chapter 4 *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem continues, perform Check 3.

Check 3 System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the step in Chapter 4 *Replacement Procedures*.

## 2.17 PCI ExpressCard Slot Troubleshooting

This section describes how to check PCI ExpressCard slot by inspecting a card with PCI Express interface and a card with USB 2.0 interface.

1. Gigabit Ether ExpressCard
2. USB2.0 5in1 ExpressCard

### 1. Gigabit Ether ExpressCard

- (1) Insert the Gigabit Ether ExpressCard into the ExpressCard slot.
- (2) On Windows, open System Property → Hardware → Device Manager window.
- (3) Make sure that the following device is recognized on the Device Manager window.

Marvell Yukon 88E8053E PCI-E Gigabit Ethernet Controller #2

(“#2” is displayed in the PC with a built-in LAN of Gigabit, because the controller is the same one. “#2” is not displayed in the PC with a built-in LAN of 10/100 Megabit.)

- (4) After confirmation, take a “Safety Remove” procedure and pull out the Gigabit Ether ExpressCard

### 2. USB2.0 5in1 ExpressCard

- (1) Insert the USB2.0 5in1 ExpressCard into the ExpressCard slot.
- (2) On Windows, open System Property →Hardware → Device Manager window.
- (3) Make sure that the following device is recognized on the Device Manager window.

USB 2.0 5in1 ExpressCard USB Device

- (4) After confirmation, take a “Safety Remove” procedure and pull out the USB2.0 5in1 ExpressCard.

## 2.18 Fingerprint sensor Troubleshooting

**CAUTION:** To delete the account for confirming the fingerprint operation, it is necessary to log on by the account with the management authority. If the password has been set to log on, ask the Log-ON password to the user.

To check if the Fingerprint sensor works correctly or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

When failed in Procedure 1 to Procedure 3, execute Procedure 4.

Procedure 1: Setting Windows Log-ON password

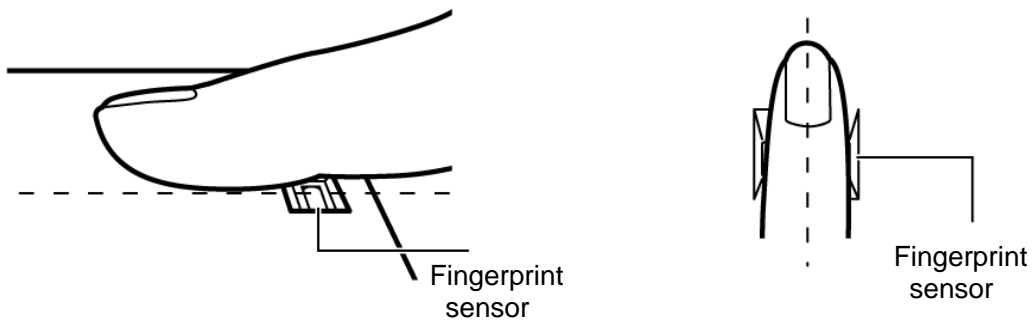
Procedure 2: Registration of fingerprint

Procedure 3: Authentication of fingerprint

Procedure 4: Connector Check and Replacement Check

**CAUTION:** Scan your finger shown below.

1. Lay your finger straight to the sensor and put lightly the first joint of your finger at the centerline of the fingerprint sensor.
2. Slide slowly your finger from the first joint to fingertip at constant speed. When not recognized, adjust the speed.



### **Procedure 1    Setting Windows Log-ON password**

1. Open [User Account] from [Control Panel].
2. Click [User Account].
3. Click the icon of the account (user's name) that you want to set the password.
4. Click "Create Account".
5. Type a password in "Type a new password".
6. Press **Tab** key.
7. Type the password again.
8. Click "Create Password" button.
9. When "Do you want to make your files and folders private" appears in [Computer administrator], click [Yes, Make Private].

### **Procedure 2    Registration of fingerprint**

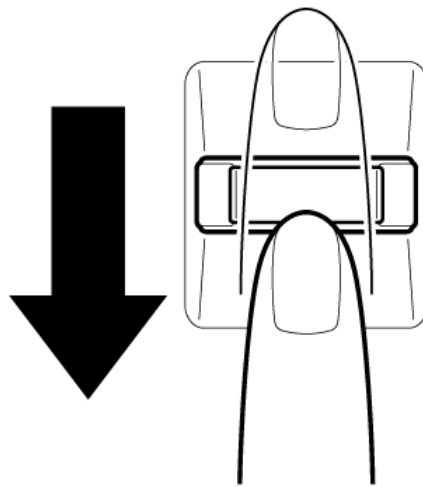
1. To run this program, click Start -> All Programs -> TrueSuite Access Manager -> TrueSuite Access Manager ->.
2. The Verify screen will be displayed, enter the Windows logon password and click the Next button.
3. On the User's Fingers screen click the box above the finger you wish to register. If any of the previously enrolled fingerprints is selected again, the latest information will be enrolled and any previous information over-written.
4. The Fingerprint Enrollment screen will be displayed and the tutorial will begin. First click "Replay video" and confirm the proper movement for the finger you wish to register. Then confirm the message displayed on this screen and ensure that there is a check mark in the Run Interactive Tutorial box. Once this has been done, click Next.
5. At the Scanning Practice screen, you are able to practice swiping (three times) your finger to ensure you use the correct method. Click "Try again" to if you wish to practice again. You have finished practicing, click Next button.
6. Register your fingerprint on the Fingerprint Image Capture screen. Let the computer read the finger to be registered 3 times. An image of your fingerprint will be shown on the screen each time the fingerprint is successfully read. Once the fingerprint is successfully read for the third time, the message successfully combined will be displayed beneath the fingerprint images. Click the Next button.



7. When the Store to Sensor screen is displayed, check Store fingerprint to Sensor. Click Finish to complete fingerprint registration.

### **Procedure 3 Authentication of fingerprint**

1. Turn on the computer to start up Windows.
2. In the Windows logon window, put lightly the first joint of your finger registered and slide your finger sideways.



When authenticated, [Success] is displayed in the fingerprint authentication display.

When not authenticated well, warning message appears.

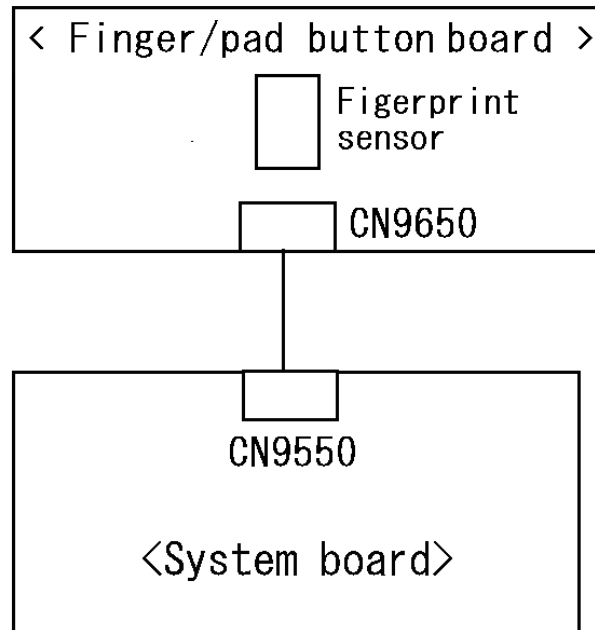
If you fail continually five times or more, you can not use the fingerprint authentication about two minute.

When not authenticated, type the password to logon to Windows.

#### Procedure 4 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The connection of the cable and board may be defective. Otherwise, they may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*, and perform the following checks:

- Check 1 Make sure the cables are firmly connected to the Finger/pad board and system board.



If the connection is loose, reconnect firmly and repeat Procedure 1. If the problem still occurs, go to Check 2.

- Check 2 Finger/pad board or the cable may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 3.
- Check 3 System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.

## 2.19 Web camera Troubleshooting

To check if the computer's web camera is malfunctioning or not, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1: Check on Windows OS

Procedure 2: Connector Check and Replacement Check

### 2.19.1 Procedure 1 Check on Windows OS

Use the software, Camera Assistant Software, which is originally prepared in the computer to check if the web camera can record/replay still images and moving images (including sound) without problems.



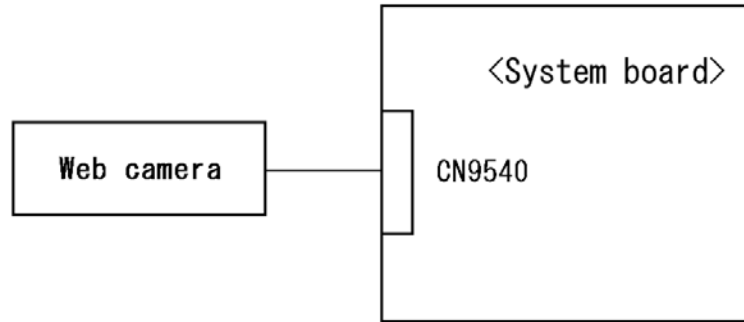
When the Camera Assistant Software is installed, the menu will stay on the screen but hide at the left edge of the screen. Move the pointer to the left on the screen to show the menu. When the menu appears, double-click the icon for Web Camera to operate the web camera.

If any troubles occur on recording/replaying of still or moving images, perform Procedure 2.

### 2.19.2 Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The connection of cables, web camera and microphone may be defective. Otherwise, they may be faulty. disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and perform the following checks.

Check 1 If the connection is loose, reconnect it firmly and check each connection. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 2.



- Check 2 If web camera does not work properly(the image from a web camera cannot be displayed. ), web camera may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4, Replacement Procedures. If the problem still occurs, perform Check 3
- Check 3 System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the step in Chapter 4 *Replacement Procedures*.



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# **Chapter 3**

## **Tests and Diagnostics**

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## 3.1 The Diagnostic Test

This chapter explains how to use the Diagnostic Test programs to test the functions of the computer's hardware modules. The Diagnostics Programs are stored on some Diagnostic Disks. There are Service Program Modules (DIAGNOSTIC MENU) and the Test Program Modules (DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU) on the Diagnostic Disk.

The Hardware Initial information Setting Tool consists of some programs that write the hardware information or displays the current information of the computer. It is also included in one of Diagnostic Disks.

The heatrun test is automatic test program that executes the some tests successively.

**NOTE:** Before starting the diagnostics, be sure to follow these steps:

1. Check all cables are connected firmly.
2. Exit any application and close Windows.
3. Check if [ALL Device] is selected in the "Device Config." in SET UP menu. After checking the diagnostics, be sure to select [Setup by OS] in the "Device Config."

### 3.1.1 Diagnostics menu

The DIAGNOSTIC MENU consists of the following functions.

- DIAGNOSTIC TEST
- ONLY ONE TEST
- HEAD CLEANING
- LOG UTILITIES
- RUNNING TEST
- FDD UTILITIES
- SYSTEM CONFIGURATION
- POWER OFF

The DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU contains the following functional tests:

- SYSTEM TEST
- MEMORY TEST
- KEYBOARD TEST
- DISPLAY TEST
- FLOPPY DISK TEST
- PRINTER TEST [It is not supported ]
- ASYNC TEST
- HARD DISK TEST

- REAL TIMER TEST
- NDP TEST
- EXPANSION TEST
- CD-ROM/DVD-ROM TEST
- ERROR RETRY COUNT SET [FDD & HDD]

Other tests are:

- Wireless LAN TEST (Wireless LAN TEST disk)
- LAN/Modem/Bluetooth/IEEE1394 TEST (LAN/Modem/Bluetooth/IEEE1394 TEST disk)
- Sound TEST (Sound TEST disk)

You will need the following equipment to perform some of the Diagnostic test programs.

- USB FDD
- The Diagnostic Disks (T&D for maintenance, LAN/Modem/Bluetooth/IEEE1394 for maintenance, wireless LAN for maintenance and Sound for maintenance)
- A formatted working disk (Floppy disk test)
- A cleaning kit to clean the floppy disk drive heads (Head Cleaning)
- An external display supporting monitor ID (Expansion test)
- A CD test media TOSHIBA CD-ROM TEST DISK or ABEX TEST CD-ROM (Sound test)
- A DVD test media (DVD-ROM TEST DISK TSD-1) (Sound test)
- A music CD (Sound test)
- A CD-RW test media (CD-ROM/DVD-ROM test)
- A USB test module (USB test )
- A USB cable (USB test)
- LAN wraparound connector (LAN test)
- RGB wraparound connector (Expansion test)
- Module cable and RJ11 connector checker (Modem test)
- Headphones (Sound test)
- A microphone (Sound test)
- A PC for wraparound test (Wireless LAN test/Bluetooth test/IEEE1394 test)
- PC card wraparound connector (Expansion test) [Not necessary for this model]

### 3.1.2 H/W (Hardware) initial information setting tool

The H/W initial information setting tool consists of the following programs.

- Initial configuration
- DMI information save
- DMI information recovery
- System configuration display
- E2PROM test (MAC/GUID/DMI)

You will need the following equipment to perform some of the programs.

- The Diagnostics Disk (Main T&D)

### **3.1.3 Heatrun test program**

The heatrun test starts automatically after the selection.

You will need the following equipment to perform this program.

- The Diagnostics Disk (Main T&D)

## 3.2 Executing the Diagnostic Test

To start the Repair test program, follow these steps:

1. Insert the Repair test program disk in the USB floppy disk drive or Optical disk drive.
2. Turn on the computer while pressing **U** key. The following menu appears.

**NOTE:** The following menu is an example when Repair test program is performed from the floppy disk.

The Repair test program menu starts.

```
Repair test program          V*.**  
  
1. DMI Entry utility  
2. Repair Heatrun (T&D)  
3. Repair Main (T&D)
```

Enter a choice:

To start the Diagnostics menu (T&D), press **3** and **Enter**.

To start the H/W initial information setting tool, press **1** and **Enter**.

To start the Heatrun test, press **2** and **Enter**.

**NOTE:** When replacing the system board, be sure to execute the following procedures.

1. Before replacing the system board, execute subtest03 “DMI information save” in 3.4 Setting of the hardware configuration in order to save the DMI information from system board to floppy disk.
2. After replacing the system board, execute the subtest04 “DMI information recovery” and subtest08 “System configuration display” in 3.4 Setting of the hardware configuration in order to copy the DMI information and system information from the floppy disk.

### 3.2.1 Diagnostics menu (T&D)

Set the highlight bar to **3**, and press **Enter**. The following DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU will appear:

```
TOSHIBA personal computer XXXXXX DIAGNOSTICS  
version X.XX (c) copyright TOSHIBA Corp. 20XX
```

```
DIAGNOSTICS MENU :  
1 - DIAGNOSTIC TEST  
2 - ONLY ONE TEST  
3 -  
4 - HEAD CLEANING  
5 - LOG UTILITIES  
6 - RUNNING TEST  
7 - FDD UTILITIES  
8 - SYSTEM CONFIGURATION  
9 - EXIT TO MS-DOS
```

**NOTE:** To exit the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press the **Esc** key. If a test program is in progress, press **Ctrl + Break** to exit the test program. If a test program is in progress, press **Ctrl + C** to stop the test program.



Set the highlight bar to **1**, and press **Enter**. The following DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU will appear:

```
TOSHIBA personal computer XXXXXX DIAGNOSTICS
version X.XX (c) copyright TOSHIBA Corp. 20XX
```

```
DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU :
```

- 1 - SYSTEM TEST
- 2 - MEMORY TEST
- 3 - KEYBOARD TEST
- 4 - DISPLAY TEST
- 5 - FLOPPY DISK TEST
- 6 - PRINTER TEST [It is not supported]
- 7 - ASYNC TEST
- 8 - HARD DISK TEST
- 9 - REAL TIMER TEST
- 10 - NDP TEST
- 11 - EXPANSION TEST
- 12 - CD-ROM/DVD-ROM TEST
- 88 - ERROR RETRY COUNT SET [FDD & HDD]
- 99 - EXIT TO DIAGNOSTICS MENU

**NOTE:** *Only when a 2nd HDD is installed in the computer, [There is a second hard disk] message appears in the display.*

Functions 1 through 12 are the Diagnostic Tests. Function 88 sets the floppy disk drive and hard disk drive error retry count (0-255).

To exit the submenu of the Diagnostic Test and returns to the Diagnostics Menu, set the highlight bar to function 99 and press **Enter**.

Select the option you want to execute and press **Enter**. When you select 1-SYSTEM TEST, the following message will appear:

```
SYSTEM TEST NAME      XXXXXX      xxxxxxxx DIAGNOSTIC TEST VX.XX
                               [Ctrl]+[Break] : test end
                               [Ctrl]+[C]   : key stop
```

```
SUB-TEST      : XX
PASS COUNT    : XXXXX      ERROR COUNT: XXXXX
WRITE DATA   : XX         READ DATA  : XX
ADDRESS       : XXXXXX     STATUS      : XXX
```

```
SUB-TEST MENU :
01 - ROM checksum
02 - Fan ON/OFF
03 - Geyserville
04 - Quick charge
05 - DMI read
99 - Exit to DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU
```

```
↑↓→← : Select items
Enter : Specify
Esc   : Exit
```

**NOTE:** The menu displayed by your computer may be slightly different from the one shown above.

Select the desired subtest number from the subtest menu and press **Enter**. The following message will appear:

```
TEST LOOP : YES (or NO)
ERROR STOP : YES (or NO)
```

Use the right and left arrow keys to move the cursor to the desired option.

Selecting **YES** of TEST LOOP increases the pass counter by one, each time the test cycle ends and restarts the test cycle.

Selecting **NO** returns the process to the subtest menu after the test is complete.

Use the up and down arrow keys to move the cursor to “ERROR STOP”.

Use the right and left arrow keys to move the cursor to the desired option and press **Enter**.

Selecting **YES** of ERROR STOP stops the test program when an error is found and displays the operation guide on the right side of the display screen as shown below:

```
ERROR STATUS NAME    [[ HALT OPERATION  ]]  
  
1: Test end  
2: Continue  
3: Retry
```

These three selections have the following functions respectively:

1. Terminates the test program and exits to the subtest menu.
2. Continues the test.
3. Restarts the test from the error.

Selecting **NO** keeps the test running even if an error is found. When an error occurred, the error status is displayed and one error is added to the error counter.

Table 3-1 in section 3.6 describes the function of each test on the subtest menu. Table 3-2 in section 3.19 describes the error codes and error status for each error.

### 3.2.2 H/W initial information setting tool

After selecting this test, the following menu appears in the display.

```
#####  
#####   Repair Initial config set   #####  
#####  
*      1 ..... Entry of the DMI information      *  
*      2 ..... DMI information save              *  
*      3 ..... DMI information recovery          *  
*  
*      9 ..... Exit to Repair test menu          *  
*****  
... Press test number [1-3,9] ?
```

For more details on this test, refer to the section 3.3.

### 3.2.3 Heatrun test program

Heatrun test starts executing the same subtest as 3.23 RUNNING TEST.

For more details on this test, refer to the section 3.4.

### 3.3 Setting of the hardware configuration

To execute this program, input **1** in the startup menu. Then press **Enter** to select the (2) - Initial config set. The H/W initial information setting tool consists of four subtests.

Input the number you want to execute and press **Enter**.

**NOTE:** Connect USB FDD, when you perform the Repair test program from the CD-ROM. DMI information on the subtest 02 is written in floppy disk.

#### Subtest 01 Initial configuration

This subtest executes the following items and shows their contents in the display. When an item ends normally, the program proceeds automatically to the next one. When an error is found, the program stops and waits for key input. (After solving the problem, the program executes the item again.)

Setting of the CPU set table  
Setting of the micro code  
Setting of the EHSS  
Inputting and writing of DMI information

When the DMI information is displayed, the following messages appear in order. Input each information. (If you do not replace the PCB, the DMI information should not be changed.)

1. "Enter Model Name?" is displayed. Input the computer's model name and press **Enter**. (e.g. DynaBook)
2. "Enter Version Number?" is displayed. Input the computer's version number and press **Enter**. (e.g. PC18070C313S)
3. "Enter Serial Number?" is displayed. Input the computer's serial number and press **Enter**. (e.g. 12345678)
4. "Enter Model Number?" is displayed. Input the computer's sales model number and press **Enter**. (e.g. PP200-AAAAA)
5. "Enter Bundle Number?" is displayed. Input the computer's PCN/Bundle number and press **Enter**. (e.g. PMSREQ3Q34H/S0123456789)
6. "Write data OK (Y/N)?" is displayed. To write the DMI information to the Flash ROM, press **Y**, and then **Enter**.

7. “Create DMIINFO TXT (Y/N)?” is displayed. Press **Y**, then the DMI information (text data) is written to the Floppy disk, etc.

Setting of the HWSC

Setting of the UUID

Display of the DMI information (including UUID)

After completion of the above settings, H/W configuration & DMI information are appeared in order. Check the contents and press **Enter**.

Subtest 02 DMI information save

**NOTE:** Before replacing the system board, be sure to execute this subtest and save the DMI information to the floppy disk.

This is one of tools to copy the DMI information to a new PCB after replacing.

This subtest saves all the DMI data in a floppy disk.

Subtest 03 DMI information recovery

This is one of tools to copy the DMI information to a new PCB after replacing.

This subtest writes all the DMI data in the floppy disk into the new PCB.

**NOTE:** Since the data of UUID is updated every time when this subtest, DMI information recovery, is done, the saved UUID data is not written.

### 3.4 Heatrun Test

To execute this program, press **2**, Repair Heatrun and press **Enter** in the startup menu, press **Enter**.

After selecting this test, the same subtests as 3.23 RUNNING TEST is executed successively.

For more details on the procedure and test content, refer to RUNNING TEST.

When the heatrun test ends, following message appears in the display.

```
*****  
HEATRAN TEST END  
*****  
Press any key to continue...
```

Press any key and return to the startup menu.

### 3.5 Subtest Names

Table 3-1 lists the subtest names for each test program in the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU.

*Table 3-1 Subtest names (1/2)*

No.	Test Name	Subtest No.	Subtest Name
1	SYSTEM	01	ROM checksum
		02	Fan ON/OFF
		03	Geyserville
		04	Quick charge
		05	DMI read
2	MEMORY	01	Conventional memory
		02	Protected Mode
		03	Protected Mode (cache off)
		04	Cache memory (on/off)
		05	Stress
3	KEYBOARD	01	Pressed key code display
4	DISPLAY	01	VRAM read/write for VGA
		02	Gradation for VGA
		03	Gradation for LCD
		04	Gradation & Mode test for VGA
		05	All dot on/off for LCD
		06	"H" pattern display
		07	LCD Brightness
5	FLOPPY DISK	01	Sequential read
		02	Sequential read/write
		03	Random address/data
		04	Write specified address
		05	Read specified address

Table 3-1 Subtest names (2/2)

No.	Test Name	Subtest No.	Subtest Name
6	PRINTER [Not supported]	01	Ripple pattern
		02	Function
		03	Wraparound
7	ASYNC [Not supported]	01	FIR/SIR Point to point (send)
		02	FIR/SIR Point to point (receive)
		03	Wraparound (board)
8	HARD DISK	01	Sequential read
		02	Address uniqueness
		03	Random address/data
		04	Cross talk & peak shift
		05	Partial Read
		06	Write specified address
		07	Read specified address
		08	Sequential write
		09	W-R-C specified address
9	REAL TIMER	01	Real time
		02	Backup memory
		03	Real time carry
10	NDP	01	NDP test
11	EXPANSION	01	PCMCIA wraparound [Not supported]
		02	RGB monitor ID
12	CD-ROM /DVD-ROM	01	Sequential read
		02	Read specified address
		03	Random address/data
		04	RW 1point W/R/C



## 3.6 System Test

To execute the System Test select **1** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

### Subtest 01 ROM checksum

This subtest executes a checksum test of the BIOS ROM (range: F0000h to FFFFFh, 64KB) on the System Board.

### Subtest 02 Fan ON/OFF

This subtest turns on/off the fan motor by force with Fan ON/OFF commands.

The following message will appear.

```
Fan number select (1:FAN#1, 2:FAN#2, 0:FAN#1&#2) ?
```

To check the CPU fan, press **1** and **Enter**.

To check the VGA fan, press **2** and **Enter**.

To check both CPU fan and VGA fan, press **0** and **Enter**.

The following message will appear.

```
Fan test execute now ... (CPU:xxxxRpm / GPU:xxxxRpm)
```

```
*** Test Fan Revolution 0000RPM start
```

Make sure the specified fan does not rotate and the message of fan revolution is "0000Rpm". Then press **Enter**.

The following message will appear.

```
*** Test Fan Revolution Low speed Start
```

Make sure the fan rotates at low speed, then press **Enter**.

The following message will appear.

```
*** Test Fan Revolution High speed Start
```

Make sure the fan rotates at high speed, then press **Enter**.

After a while, the fan rotating will stop.

### Subtest 03 Geyserville

If the CPU supports Gerserville (SpeedStep), this Subtest checks that the CPU operating clock speed can be changed.

If the CPU does not support Gerserville (SpeedStep), the following message is displayed and the test is ended.

This chip is not supported

Subtest 04 Quick Charge

This subtest checks the status for the quick charge.

Subtest 05 DMI read

This subtest displays the information in the Flash-ROM in the following format.

```
*** DMI Data Display Ver X.XX ***
Model Name       : XXXXXXXXXXXXX
Version Number   : XXXXXXXXXXXXX
Serial Number    : XXXXXXXXX
UUID Number      : XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
Model Number     : XXXXXX-XXXXX
PCN/BND Number   : XXXXXXXXXXXX
Press [Enter] to EXIT
```

To exit this subtest and return to the SYSTEM test menu, press **Enter**.Memory Test

To execute the Memory Test, select **2** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

Subtest 01 Conventional memory

This subtest writes a constant data to conventional memory (0 to 640 KB), then reads the new data and compares the result with the original data.

Subtest 02 Protected Mode

**NOTE:** The CONFIG.SYS file must be configured without expanded memory manager programs such as EMM386.EXE, EMM386.SYS or QEMM386.SYS. Also, the HIMEM.SYS must be deleted from the CONFIG.SYS file.

This subtest writes constant data and address data (from 1MB to maximum MB), and reads the new data and compares the result with the original data.

Subtest 03 Cache memory (on/off)

To test the cache memory, a pass-through write-read comparison of '5Ah' data is run repeatedly to the test area ('7000': 'Program' size to '7000': '7FFF' (32 KB)) to check the hit-miss ratio (on/off status) for CPU cache memory. One test takes 3 seconds.

Number of misses < Number of hits → OK  
Number of misses ≥ Number of hits → Fail

Subtest 04    Stress

Write/Read buffer (1 size = B30h) is prepared in the conventional memory. The data is made in the Write Buffer, the data in Write Buffer is written in the area of address of 1MB or after. The data is read in the Read Buffer and data is compared in area up to the maximum size.

Data: FFh, FFh, FFh, FFh, FFh, 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h,  
FFh, FFh, FFh, 00h, FFh, 00h, 00h, FFh, 00h,  
00h, FFh, FFh, FFh, FFh, 00h, 00h, 00h, AAh

### 3.7 Keyboard Test

To execute the Keyboard Test, select **3** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

Subtest 01      Pressed key code display

When a key is pressed, the scan code, character code, and key top name are displayed on the screen in the format shown below. The **Ins Lock, Caps Lock, Num Lock, Scroll Lock, Alt, Ctrl, Left Shift, and Right Shift** keys are displayed in reverse screen mode when pressed. The scan codes, character codes, and key top names are shown in Appendix D.

```
KEYBOARD TEST IN PROGRESS 302000
          Scan code      =
          Character code  =
          Keytop          =
Ins Lock  Caps Lock  Num Lock  Scroll Lock
Alt       Ctrl       Left Shift Right Shift
PRESS [Enter] KEY
```

### 3.8 Display Test

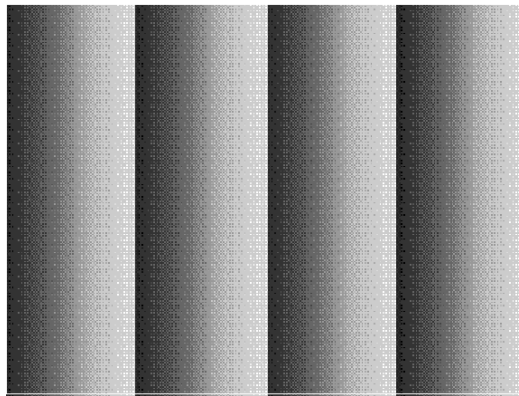
To execute the Display Test, select **4** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

Subtest 01      VRAM read/write for VGA

This subtest writes the constant data (AAAAh and 5555h) to the video RAM. The data is read and compared to the original data.

Subtest 02      Gradation for VGA

This subtest displays four colors: red, green, blue and white from left to right across the screen from black to maximum brightness. The display below appears on the screen, when this subtest is executed.



To exit this subtest and return to the DISPLAY TEST menu, press **Enter**.

Subtest 03      Gradation for LCD

This subtest displays bands of gradations for mixed colors, then for red, green, and blue. Next, it displays eight solid colors full screen: red, semi-red, green, semi-green, blue, semi-blue, white, and semi-white. Each color displays for three seconds.

Subtest 04 Gradation & Mode test for VGA

This subtest displays gradations for following modes. To change the mode, press **Enter**.

```
[Mode 12]
[Mode 13]
[Mode 3]
[Mode 111  640*480  64K]
[Mode 112  640*480  16M]
[Mode 114  800*600  64K]
[Mode 115  800*600  16M]
[Mode 117 1024*768  64K]
[Mode 118 1024*768  16M]
```

The display below appears on the screen when this subtest is executed.



[ Mode 12 ]

(Display example: Mode 12)

To exit this subtest and return to the DISPLAY TEST menu, press **Enter** after displaying the Mode 118.

Subtest 05 All dot on/off for LCD

This subtest displays an all-white screen then an all-black screen. The display changes automatically every three seconds, then returns to the DISPLAY TEST menu.



### 3.9 Floppy Disk Test

**CAUTION:** Before running the floppy disk test, prepare a formatted work disk. Remove the Diagnostics Disk and insert the work disk into the FDD. The contents of the floppy disk will be erased.

To execute the Floppy Disk Test, select **5** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions displayed on the screen.

1. The following message will appear. Select the media mode and start track to be tested, then press **Enter**.

```
Test start track      (Enter:0/dd:00-79) ?
```

2. The Floppy Disk test contains five subtests that test the FDD. The floppy disk test menu will appear after you select FDD test parameters.

```
FLOPPY DISK          XXXXXXXX
```

```
XXX DIAGNOSTIC TEST VX.XX
[Ctrl]+[Break] : test end
[Ctrl]+[C]     : key stop
```

```
SUB-TEST      : XX
PASS COUNT    : XXXXX   ERROR COUNT   : XXXXX
WRITE DATA   : XX      READ DATA   : XX
ADDRESS       : XXXXXX  STATUS        : XXX
```

```
SUB-TEST MENU :
01 - Sequential read
02 - Sequential read/write
03 - Random address/data
04 - Write specified address
05 - Read specified address
99 - Exit to DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU
```

```
↑↓→← : Select items
Enter : Specify
Esc   : Exit
```



Select the number of the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**. The following message will appear during the floppy disk test.

```
FLOPPY DISK  IN PROGRESS  XXXXXXXX  xxx DIAGNOSTIC TEST VX.XX
                                         [Ctrl]+[Break] : test end
                                         [Ctrl]+[C]      : key stop

SUB-TEST      : XX
PASS COUNT    : XXXXX  ERROR COUNT   : XXXXX
WRITE DATA   : XX     READ DATA    : XX
ADDRESS       : XXXXXX  STATUS        : XXX
```

When the subtest 04 or 05 is selected, the following messages will appear on the screen. Select the test data (subtest 04 only), track number and head number you want to test.

```
Test data     ?? (subtest 04 only)
Track No.     ??
Head No.      ?
```

- Subtest 01    Sequential read
- This subtest performs a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) that continuously reads all the tracks (track: 0 to 39/0 to 79) on a floppy disk.
- Subtest 02    Sequential read/write
- This subtest continuously writes data pattern B5ADADh to all the tracks (track: 0 to 39/0 to 79) on a floppy disk. The data is then read and compared to the original data.
- Subtest 03    Random address/data
- This subtest writes random data to random addresses on all tracks (track: 0 to 39/0 to 79) on a floppy disk. The data is then read and compared to the original data.
- Subtest 04    Write specified address
- This subtest writes the data specified by an operator to a specified track, head, and address.
- Subtest 05    Read specified address
- This subtest reads data from a track, head, and address specified by an operator.

### 3.10 Printer Test

**CAUTION:** Printer Test is not supported for this model.

To execute the Printer Test, select **6** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen.

**NOTE:** An IBM compatible printer must be connected to the system to execute this test. Also, printer port wraparound connector must be connected.

The following message will appear, after selecting the subtest 01 to 03 of the printer test:

```
channel#1 = XXXXh
channel#2 = XXXXh
channel#3 = XXXXh
```

Select the channel number (1-3) ?

The printer I/O port address is specified by the XXXXh number. The computer supports three printer channels. Select the printer channel number, and press **Enter** to execute the selected subtest.

#### Subtest 01 Ripple Pattern

This subtest prints characters for codes 20h through 7Eh line-by-line while shifting one character to the left at the beginning of each new line.

```
:"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnop
:"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnop
:"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopq
#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqr
$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrs
%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrst
&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstu
'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuv
()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvw
)()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwx
*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy
```

Subtest 02      Function

This subtest is for IBM compatible printers, and tests the following functions:

- Normal print
- Double-width print
- Compressed print
- Emphasized print
- Double-strike print
- All characters print

This subtest prints the various print types shown below:

```
PRINTER TEST
1. THIS LINE SHOWS NORMAL PRINT.
2. THIS LINE SHOWS DOUBLE-WIDTH PRINT.
3. THIS LINE SHOWS COMPRESSED PRINT.
4. THIS LINE SHOWS EMPHASIZED PRINT.
5. THIS LINE SHOWS DOUBLE-STRIKE PRINT.
6. ALL CHARACTERS PRINT
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMN OPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnop
opqrstuvwxyz{|}~
```

Subtest 03      Wraparound

**NOTE:** To execute this subtest, a printer wraparound connector must be connected to the computer's printer port.

This subtest checks the output and bi-directional modes of the data control and status lines through the parallel port wraparound connector (34M741986G01). (Both output and bi-directional modes are tested.)

### 3.11 Async Test

To execute the Printer Test, select **6** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen.

To execute the Async Test, select **7** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions displayed on the screen. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

Subtests 01 and 02 require the following data format:

Method:	Asynchronous
Speed:	38400BPS
Data:	8 bits and one parity bit (EVEN)
Data pattern:	20h to 7Eh

Subtest 01     FIR/SIR Point to point (send)

**NOTE:** *To execute subtests 01 and 02, each computer must have access to the other computer's infrared port.*

This subtest sends 20h through 7Eh data to the receive side, then receives the sent data and compares it to the original data through the FIR/SIR port.

Subtest 02     FIR/SIR Point to point (receive)

This subtest is used with subtest 01 described above. This subtest receives the data from the send side, then sends the received data through the FIR/SIR port.

Subtest 03     Wraparound (board)

**NOTE:** *To execute this subtest, a RS-232C wraparound connector must be connected to the RS-232C port.*

This subtest checks the data send/receive function through the wraparound connector.

### 3.12 Hard Disk Test

To execute the Hard Disk Test, select **8** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter**, and follow the directions on the screen.

**CAUTION:** *The contents of the hard disk will be erased when subtest 02, 03, 04, 06, 08 or 09 is executed. Before running the test, the customer should transfer the contents of the hard disk to floppy disk or another hard disk. If the customer has not or cannot perform the back-up, create back-up disks as described below.*

*Check to see if the Microsoft Create System Disks Tools (MSCSD.EXE) still exists in the System Tools Folder. (This tool can be used only once.) If it exists, use it to back up the pre-installed software, then use the Backup utility in the System Tools folder to back up the entire disk, including the user's files.*

*Refer to the operating system instructions.*

When a 2nd HDD is installed, the following messages will appear after selecting the hard disk test from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU.

Test drive number select (1:HDD#1, 2:HDD#2, 0:HDD#1&2) ?

↑↓→← : Select items  
Enter : Specify  
Esc : Exit

1. Input the number of HDD test and press **Enter**.
2. This message is used to select the error dump operation when a data compare error is detected. Select **1** or **2**.

Data compare error dump (1:no, 2:yes)

3. This message is used to select whether or not the HDD status is displayed on the screen. The HDC status is described in section 3.20. Select **1** or **2**.

Detail status display (1:no, 2:yes)

4. The Hard Disk Test message will appear after you respond to the Detail Status prompt. Select the number of the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**. The following message will appear during each subtest.

HARD DISK TEST XXXXXXXX

XXX DIAGNOSTIC TEST VX.XX [Ctrl]+[Break] : test end [Ctrl]+[C] : key stop
---

SUB TEST	:	XX			
PASS COUNT	:	XXXXX	ERROR COUNT	:	XXXXX
WRITE DATA	:	XX	READ DATA	:	XX
ADDRESS	:	XXXXXX	STATUS	:	XXX

The first three digits of the ADDRESS indicate which cylinder is being tested, the fourth digit indicates the head and the last two digits indicate the sector.

The first digit of the STATUS number indicates the drive being tested and the last two digits indicate the error status code as explained in table 3-2 of the section 3.19.

**Subtest 01** Sequential read

This subtest is a sequential reading of all the tracks on the HDD starting at track 0. When all the tracks on the HDD have been read, the test starts at the maximum track and reads the tracks on the HDD sequentially back to track 0.

**Subtest 02** Address uniqueness

This subtest writes unique address data to each sector of the HDD track-by-track. The data written to each sector is then read and compared with the original data. There are three ways the HDD can be read:

1. Forward sequential
2. Reverse sequential
3. Random

**Subtest 03** Random address/data

This subtest writes random data in a random length to random addresses. This data is then read and compared to the original data.

Subtest 04 Cross talk & peak shift

This subtest writes eight types of worst pattern data (listed below) to a cylinder, then reads the data while moving from cylinder to cylinder. (Test the data interference in the neighbor track)

Worst pattern data	Cylinder
'B5ADAD'	0 cylinder
'4A5252'	1 cylinder
'EB6DB6'	2 cylinder
'151149'	3 cylinder
'63B63B'	4 cylinder
'9C49C4'	5 cylinder
'2DB6DB'	6 cylinder
'D25114'	7 cylinder

Subtest 05 Partial Read

This subtest reads 1GB data that is in minimum, middle and maximum address of the HDD area.

Subtest 06 Write specified address

This subtest writes specified data to a specified cylinder and head on the HDD.

Subtest 07 Read specified address

This subtest reads data, which has been written to a specified cylinder and head on the HDD.

Subtest 08 Sequential write

This subtest writes specified 2-byte data to all of the cylinders on the HDD.

Subtest 09 W-R-C specified address

This subtest writes data to a specified cylinder and head on the HDD, then reads the data and compares it to the original data.

### 3.14 Real Timer Test

To execute the Real Timer Test, select **9** from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen. Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

#### Subtest 01 Real time

A new date and time can be input during this subtest. To execute the real time subtest, follow these steps:

1. Select subtest 01 and the following messages will appear:

```
Current date : XX-XX-XXXX
Current time : XX:XX:XX
Enter new date:

PRESS [ENTER] KEY TO EXIT TEST
```

2. If the current date is not correct, input the correct date at the “Enter new date” prompt and press **Enter**.
3. The following messages will appear:

```
Current date : XX-XX-XXXX
Current time : XX:XX:XX
Enter new time:

PRESS [ENTER] KEY TO EXIT TEST
```

4. If the current time is not correct, input the correct time in 24-hour format. To enter ":", press **Shift + ;**. The time is updated.

To exit the test, press **Enter**.

#### Subtest 02 Backup memory

This subtest checks the following backup memories:

Writes 1-bit of “on” data (01h through 80h) to address 0Eh through 7Fh

Writes 1-bit of “off” data (FEh through 7Fh) to address 0Eh through 7Fh

Writes the data pattern AAh and 55h to the address 0Eh to 7Fh

Then the subtest reads and compares this data with the original data.



Subtest 03    Real time carry

**CAUTION:** *When this subtest is executed, the current date and time are erased.*

This subtest checks the real time clock increments, making sure the date and time are displayed in the following format:

```
Current date : 12-31-1999
Current time : 23:59:58
```

The real time increments are automatically executed and the following is displayed:

```
Current date : 01-01-2000
Current time : 00:00:00
```

```
PRESS [Enter] KEY TO EXIT TEST
```

To exit the test, press **Enter**.

### 3.15 NDP Test

To execute the NDP test, select **10** from the DIAGNOSTICS TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen.

**CAUTION:** Judge the existence of high-speed operation processor by 1bit of the composition byte. If exists, the bit is "1". Test only when the high-speed operation processor exists.

Subtest 01    NDP test

This test checks the following functions of NDP:

- Control word
- Status word
- Bus
- Addition
- Multiplication

### 3.16 Expansion Test

To execute the expansion test, select **11** from the DIAGNOSTICS TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen.

Subtest 01 PCMCIA wraparound [It is not supported]

**CAUTION:** PCMCIA wraparound test is not supported for this model.

**NOTE:** To execute this subtest, the PC card wraparound connector is required.

This subtest checks the following signal line of the PC card slot:

- Address line
- REG#, CE#1, CE#2 line
- Data line
- Speaker line
- Wait line
- BSY#, BVD1 line

This subtest is executed in the following order:

Sub#	Address	Good	Bad	Contents
01	00001 00001	nn nn	xx xx	Address line REG#, CE#1, CE#2 nn=A0, 90, 80, 00
02	00002	ww	rr	Data line ww=write data, rr=read data
03	00003	—	—	Speaker line
04	00004	40,80	xx	Wait line (40<xx<80)
05	00005	nn	xx	Other lines (BSY#, BVD1) NN=21, 00

**NOTE:** Select the subtest number 01, The following message will appear:  
Test slot number select (1:slot0, 2:slot1, 0:slot0&1)?

Subtest 02    RGB monitor ID

**NOTE:** *To execute this subtest, monitor supporting EDID (Extended Display Identification Data) is required.*

Connect a wraparound connector to CRT monitor for the test of ID acquisition. This subtest is executed by using VESA command.

**CAUTION:** *It becomes NG because the priority is given to the internal monitor in a simultaneous display mode.*

### 3.17 CD-ROM/DVD-ROM Test

To execute the CD-ROM/DVD-ROM test, select **12** from the DIAGNOSTICS TEST MENU, press **Enter** and follow the directions on the screen.

**NOTE:** For the subtest 01, 02 and 03, use the *TOSHIBA CD-ROM TEST DISK TDY-01* or *ABEX TEST CD-ROM TCDR-702* and *DVD-ROM TEST DISK TSD-1*. For the subtest 04, use a CD-RW on the market.

Subtest 01      Sequential read

This subtest is a sequential reading of one-block units (2K bytes) of all the logical addresses.

Subtest 02      Read specified address

This subtest reads one-block data from a specified address.

Subtest 03      Random address/data

This subtest reads one-block data and multi-block data from random addresses 200 times.

Subtest 04      RW 1point W/R/C

This subtest writes, reads and compares data at one point on a CD/RW media.

### 3.18 Error Code and Error Status Names

Table 3-2 lists the error codes and error status names for the Diagnostic Test.

Table 3-2 Error codes and error status names (1/3)

Device name	Error code	Error status name
(Common)	FF	Data Compare Error
System	01 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10	ROM - CHECKSUM ERROR ROM - SERIAL ID WRITE ERROR ROM - NOT SUPPORTED PS-SYSTEM ROM - SENSING ERROR(AC-ADAPT) ROM - SENSING ERROR(1st Batt) ROM - SENSING ERROR(2nd Batt) ROM - THORMISTOR ERROR(1) ROM - THORMISTOR ERROR(2) ROM - THORMISTOR ERROR(3)
Memory	01 02 DD	RAM - PARITY ERROR RAM - PROTECTED MODE NO CHANGE RAM - CACHE MEMORY ERROR
Keyboard	FE FD F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA EF ED	USB - GET DESCR.ERROR (FIRST) USB - SET ADDRESS ERROR HUB - GET DESCR.ERROR(Top 8B) HUB - GET DESCR.ERROR (Whole) HUB - SET CONFIGURATION ERROR HUB - GET DESCR.ERROR(DESCR.) HUB - SET FEATURE ERROR (P ON) HUB - GET STATUS ERROR HUB - SET FEATURE ERROR(RESET) HUB - CLEAR FEATURE ERROR HUB - CLEAR FEATURE1 ERROR HUB - SET FEATURE ERROR(Enab.) HUB - CLEAR FEATURE2 ERROR USB - OVER CURRENT ERROR USB - GET DESCR.ERROR(SECOND)
Display	EE	VRAM SIZE NOT SUPPORT

Table 3-2 Error codes and error status names (2/3)

Device name	Error code	Error status name
FDD	01 02 03 04 08 09 10 20 40 80 60 06 EE	FDD - BAD COMMAND ERROR FDD - ADDRESS MARK NOT FOUND FDD - WRITE PROTECTED FDD - RECORD NOT FOUND FDD - DMA OVERRUN ERROR FDD - DMA BOUNDARY ERROR FDD - CRC ERROR FDD - FDC ERROR FDD - SEEK ERROR FDD - TIME OUT ERROR FDD - NOT DRIVE ERROR FDD - MEDIA REMOVED FDD - WRITE BUFFER ERROR
Printer	01 08 10 20 40 80	PRT - TIME OUT PRT - FAULT PRT - SELECT LINE PRT - OUT OF PAPER PRT - POWER OFF PRT - BUSY LINE
ASYNC	01 02 04 08 10 20 40 80 88 05 06	RS232C - [DTR ON] TIME OUT RS232C - [CTS ON] TIME OUT RS232C - [RX READY] TIME OUT RS232C - [TX FULL] TIME OUT RS232C - PARITY ERROR RS232C - FRAMING ERROR RS232C - OVERRUN ERROR RS232C - LINE STATUS ERROR RS232C - MODEM STATUS ERROR SIR - TIME OUT ERROR FIR - TIME OUT ERROR
HDD	05 07 09 0B BB 08 01 02 04 10 20 40 80 11 AA	HDD - HDC NOT RESET ERROR HDD - DRIVE NOT INITIALIZE HDD - DMA BOUNDARY ERROR HDD - BAD TRACK ERROR HDD - UNDEFINED ERROR HDD - OVERRUN ERROR (DRQ ON) HDD - BAD COMMAND ERROR HDD - ADDRESS MARK NOT FOUND HDD - RECORD NOT FOUND ERROR HDD - ECC ERROR HDD - HDC ERROR HDD - SEEK ERROR HDD - TIME OUT ERROR HDD - ECC RECOVER ENABLE HDD - DRIVE NOT READY

Table 3-2 Error codes and error status names (3/3)

Device name	Error code	Error status name
(HDD)	CC E0 0A EE DA 12	HDD - WRITE FAULT HDD - STATUS ERROR HDD - BAD SECTOR HDD - ACCESS TIME ERROR HDD - NO HDD HDD - DMA CRC ERROR
NDP	01 02 03 04 05 06	NDP - NO CO-PROCESSOR NDP - CONTROL WORD ERROR NDP - STATUS WORD ERROR NDP - BUS ERROR NDP - ADDITION ERROR NDP - MULTIPLAY ERROR
EXPANSION	C1 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 CB CC CE CF	ADDRESS LINE ERROR CE#1 LINE ERROR CE#2 LINE ERROR DATA LINE ERROR WAIT LINE ERROR BSY# LINE ERROR BVD1 LINE ERROR ZV-Port ERROR NO PCMCIA CARD TYPE ERROR ZV_CONT# ERROR
CD-ROM /DVD-ROM	01 02 03 04 05 06 09 11 20 40 80 90 B0	BAD COMMAND ILLEGAL LENGTH UNIT ATTENTION MEDIA CHANGE REQUEST MEDIA DETECTED ADDITIMAL SENSE BOUNDARY ERROR CORRECTED DATA ERROR DRIVE NOT READY SEEK ERROR TIME OUT RESET ERROR ADDRESS ERROR



### 3.19 Hard Disk Test Detail Status

When an error occurs in the hard disk test, the following message is displayed:

```
HDC status = XXXXXXXX
```

Detailed information about the hard disk test error is displayed on the screen by an eight-digit number. The first four digits represent the hard disk controller (HDC) error status number and the last four digits are not used.

The hard disk controller error status is composed of two bytes; the first byte displays the contents of the HDC status register in hexadecimal form and the second byte displays the HDC error register.

The contents of the HDC status register and error register are listed in Tables 3-3 and 3-4.

*Table 3-3 Hard disk controller status register contents*

Bit	Name	Description
7	BSY (Busy)	"0" ... HDC is ready. "1" ... HDC is busy.
6	DRY (Drive ready)	"0" ... Hard disk drive is not ready to accept any command. "1" ... Hard disk drive is ready.
5	DWF (Drive write fault)	"0" ... DWF error is not detected. "1" ... Write fault condition occurred.
4	DSC (Drive seek complete)	"0" ... The hard disk drive heads are not settled over a track. "1" ... The hard disk drive heads are settled over a track.
3	DRQ (Data request)	"0" ... Drive is not ready for data transfer. "1" ... Drive is ready for data transfer.
2	COR (Corrected data)	"0" ... Not used "1" ... Correctable data error is corrected.
1	IDX (Index)	"0" ... Not used "1" ... Index is sensed.
0	ERR (Error)	"0" ... Normal "1" ... The previous command was terminated with an error.

Table 3-4 HDC Error register contents

Bit	Name	Description
7	BBK (Bad block mark)	"0" ... Not used "1" ... A bad block mark is detected.
6	UNC (Uncorrectable)	"0" ... There is no uncorrectable data error. "1" ... Uncorrectable data error has been detected.
5	—	Not used
4	IDN (Identification)	"0" ... Not used "1" ... There is no ID field in the requested sector.
3	—	Not used
2	ABT (Abort)	"0" ... Not used "1" ... Illegal command error or command abort.
1	TK0 (Track 0)	"0" ... The hard disk found track 0 during a recalibrate command. "1" ... The hard disk could not find track 0 during a recalibrate command.
0	—	Not used

## 3.20 ONLY ONE TEST

### 3.20.1 Program Description

This program tests the unique functions of this model.

### 3.20.2 Operations

Select test **2** from the DIAGNOSTIC MENU and press **Enter**. The following menu appears in the display.

```
#####  
#####          ONLY ONE TEST Menu (QOSMIO G20)          #####  
#####  
*                                                                 *  
*  1 .....      Pressed Key Display (Main-key)           *  
*  2 .....      Pressed Key Display (Ten-key)            *  
*  3 .....      Touch pad                                  *  
*  4 .....      Wireless communication Switch             *  
*  5 .....      USB Port select menu                      *  
*  6 .....      LED                                       *  
*  7 .....      Button                                     *  
*  8 .....      Acceleration sensor                       *  
*  9 .....      Docker Dock/Undoc                         *  
*  A .....      Fan control                               *  
*  B .....      Volume                                    *  
*  99 .....     Exit to Common Test                       *  
*                                                                 *  
*****  
.... Press test number [1-9,a,b,99] ?
```

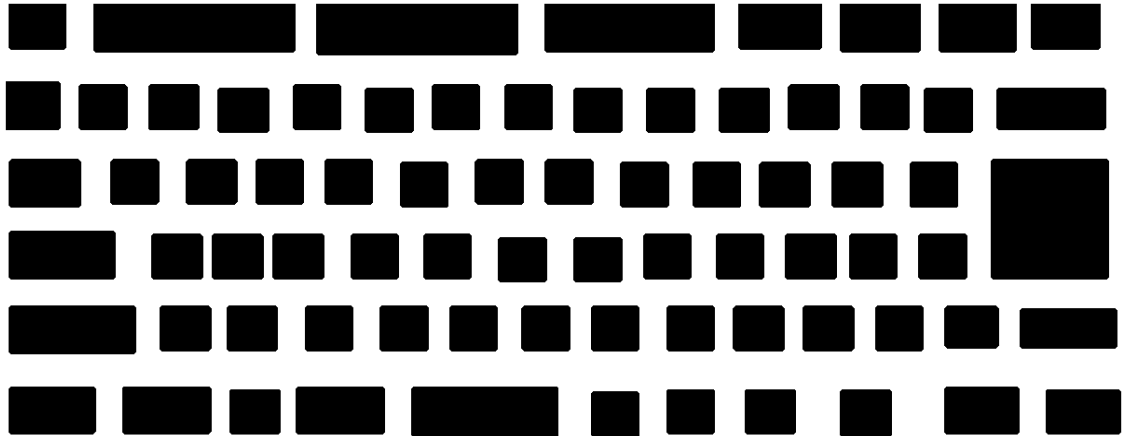
Select the subtest number you want to test and press **Enter**.

To return to the DIAGNOSTIC TEST menu, select **9** and press **Enter**.

Subtest 01      Pressed Key Display (Main key)

When you execute this subtest, the keyboard layout is drawn on the display as shown below. When any key is pressed, the corresponding key on the screen changes to the key character that was pressed. Holding a key down enables the auto-repeat function that causes the key's display character to blink.

Press **Del + Enter** to end the test.



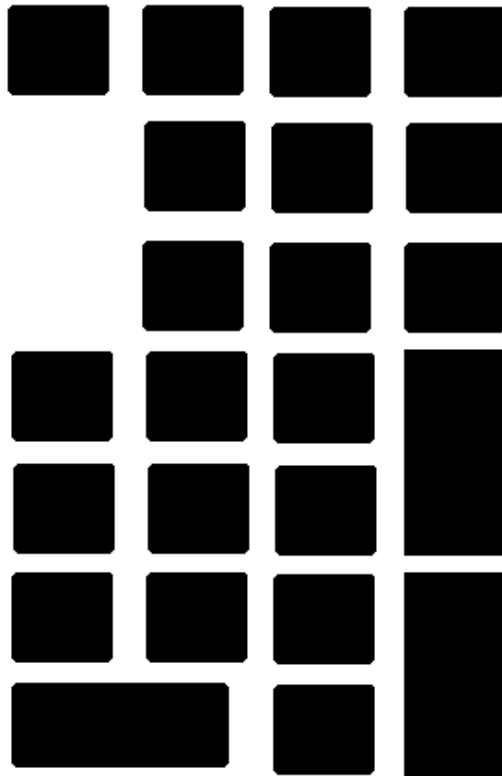
IF TEST OK, Press [Del][Enter]key

Subtest 02    Pressed Key Display (Ten key): Not used

When you execute this subtest, the keyboard layout is drawn on the display as shown below. When any key is pressed, the corresponding key on the screen changes to the key character that was pressed. Holding a key down enables the auto-repeat function that causes the key's display character to blink.

Press **Del + Enter (Ten key)** to end the test.

[ Ten key test]



IF TEST OK, Press [Del][Enter]key

Subtest 03 Touch Pad

This subtest checks the functions of the touch pad as shown below.

- A) Direction and parameter
- B) Switching function check.

This test displays the response from the touch pad and touch pad switch. When moving your finger on the touch pad towards the upper left, the <POINTING> display changes according to the following illustration. If a touch pad switch is pressed, the <BUTTONS> displays appear on the right side one by one. The parameters appear above the <BUTTONS> (1) or (2) corresponding to the pressed touch pad switch highlights. To end this subtest, press two touch pad switches at the same time.

```

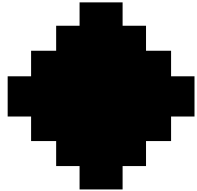

*** IPS (PAD) TEST PROGRAM (Vx.xx) ***

<POINTING>
<PARAMETER>
STATUS:0000h
X-RATE:0000h
Y-RATE:0000H

<BUTTON>
(1) (2)

<< PRESS BUTTON1+BUTTON2 THEN END >>

```

```



*** IPS (PAD) TEST PROGRAM (Vx.xx) ***

< POINTING >
<PARAMETER>
STATUS: 0018h
X-RATE: OK
Y-RATE: OK

<BUTTON>
(1) (2)

<< PRESS BUTTON1+BUTTON2 THEN END >>

```

Subtest 04 Wireless communication Switch

This subtest checks if the Wireless communication switch works properly.

If the test is started with the switch ON, following message appears in the display.

```
Wireless communication Switch is set to a start
position (OFF)
```

Slide the switch to OFF position. Then, following message appears in the display.

```
Wireless communication Switch ON !!
```

Slide the switch to ON position. Then, following message appears in the display.

```
Wireless communication Switch OFF !!
```

After Sliding the switch to OFF position, return to the ONLY ONE TEST menu automatically.

Subtest 05 USB

**NOTE:** When executing this subtest, USB test module and USB cable must be connected.

This subtest checks if USB port works properly.

The following menu appears in the display.

```
#####
#####          USB Port Select (XXXXXXXX)          #####
#####
*
* 0 ..... Port 0 (right side )
* 1 ..... Port 1 (Back side)
* 9 ..... EXIT
*
*****
.... Press test number[0,1,9] ?
```

Connect the USB test module and USB cable to the computer.

Input the port test number and press **Enter**.

OK message appears in the display if the test ends without a defective.

NG message appears in the display if a defective is found during the test.  
Confirm the connection of cable, then execute the test again.

Press **9** and return to ONLY ONE TESST menu.

Subtest 06    LED

This subtest checks if each LED lights properly.

The following message appears in the display in order. Follow the instructions in the display to execute the test.

[HDD Access LED test]

Confirm the LED of HDD status blinks properly.

Press any key and following message appears in the display.

[Caps/Num/Overlay BT/W-LAN LED test]

Confirm each LED lights properly.

- (1) Press [Caps Lock ] key ! ...Caps (on/off)
- (2) Press [Fn + F10 ] key ! ...Arrow (on/off)
- (3) Press [Fn + F11 ] key ! ...Num (on/off)
- (4) Slide [BT/W-LAN switch L&R]! (on/off)

Press **Enter** and following message appears in the display.

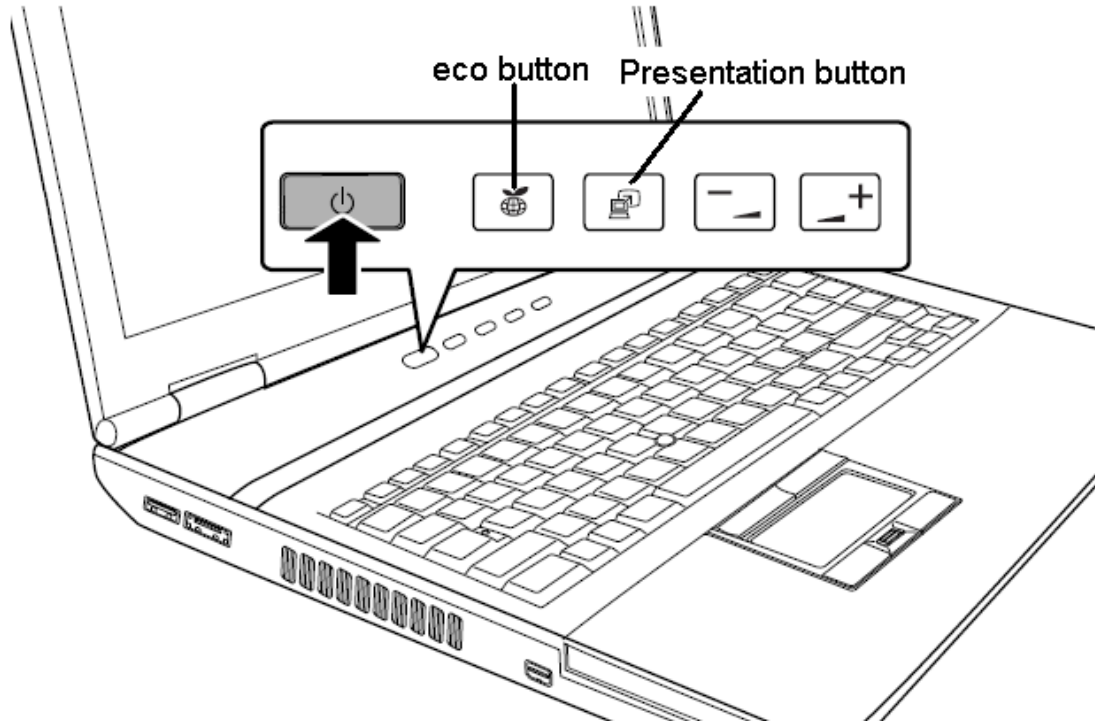
Check [DC-IN]&[Power]&[Main Battery]LED= Green

Check if the each LED lights in the same color as the message in the display  
(Message switches Green <-> Orange ).

Press **Enter** and return to the ONLY ONE TEST menu.



Subtest 07 Button



This subtest checks the moving of the of the front operation panel button.  
 Press the eco button after the following message appears.

Step 1	X	1	2
	*	*	*

Press Function button (Assist button )

OK message appears in the display if the test ends without an error.

Press any key return to each Steps if **NG!** or **Press any key** message appears.

Press the Presentation button after the following message appears.

Step2	X	1	2
	*	*	*

Press Function button (Presentation button)

OK message appears in the display if the test ends without an error.

Press any key return to each Steps if **NG!** or **Press any key** message appears.

If the test ends successfully, the display returns to the ONLY ONE TEST menu.

Subtest 08 Acceleration sensor

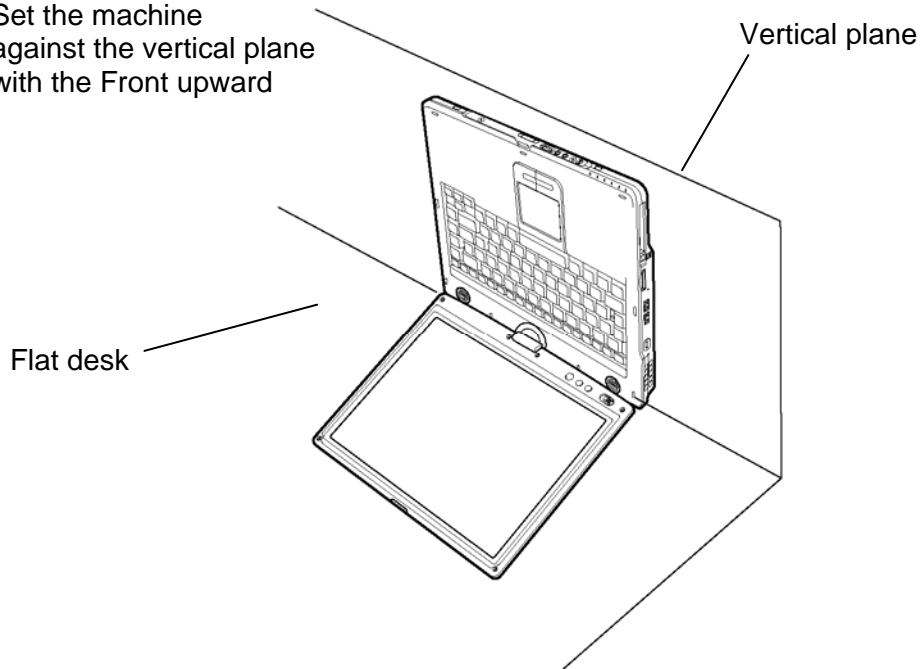
This subtest detects and corrects the each axis (X, Y, Z).

**NOTE:** Make sure that this subtest is executed on the following condition:

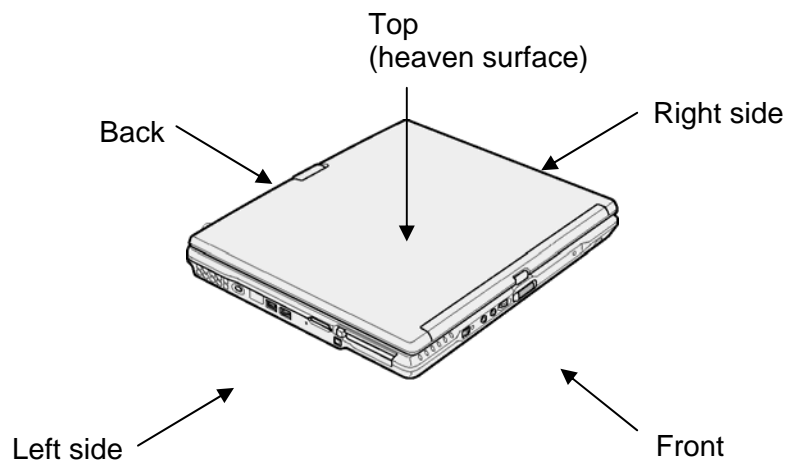
1. Flat desk with vertical plane to get the stability of machine.
2. The vertical wall or plane is necessary.
3. Prevent the machine from shake or shock.

<Example>

Set the machine against the vertical plane with the Front upward



The figure below shows the name and position of each side.



When this subtest is selected, the following message appears in the display.

```
The heaven surface establishes in the upper direction  
Press [Enter] key
```

**NOTE:** *Be sure to execute the test with the display panel opened.*

Set the machine on the flat desk. Then press **Enter** to detect the data on this setting of machine. The following message appears in the display.

```
The back establishes in the upper direction  
Press [Enter] key
```

Set the machine against the vertical plane on the flat desk with the back of machine upward. Then press **Enter** to detect the data on this setting of machine. The following message appears in the display.

```
The right establishes in the upper direction  
Press [Enter] key
```

Set the machine against the vertical plane on the flat desk with the right side of machine upward. Then press **Enter** to detect the data on this setting of machine. The following message appears in the display.

```
The front establishes in the upper direction  
Press [Enter] key
```

Set the machine against the vertical plane on the flat desk with the front of machine upward. Then press **Enter** to detect the data on this setting of machine. The following message appears in the display.

```
The left establishes in the upper direction  
Press [Enter] key
```

Set the machine against the vertical plane on the flat desk with the left side of machine upward. Then press **Enter** to detect the data on this setting of machine.

When there is no defective during the all checks above, the following message appears in the display. Then press **Enter** and return to the Only One Test menu.

```
** Setting OK! **  
Press [Enter] key
```

When any trouble in the above setting is found, the following message appears and the test halts. Then press **Enter** and return to the Only One Test menu.

```
** Setting ERROR! **  
Press [Enter] key
```

Subtest 09     Docker Dock/Undock

This subtest is executed with an Slim Port Replicator II. installed.

Press **Enter** while pushing the eject button of the Slim Port Replicator II. the following message appears.

Pushing Eject-SW, and press [Enter] Key

Press **Enter** without pushing the eject button of the Slim Port Replicator II. after the following message appears.

Release Eject-SW, and press [Enter] Key

If the test ends successfully, the display returns to the ONLY ONE TEST menu.

When the display returns to the ONLY ONE TEST menu, remove the Express Port Replicator from the computer.

Subtest 0A     Fan control

This subtest checks if FAN works properly.

The following message appears in the display in order.

! Start low-speed rotation.....Waits 8 seconds  
! Start reading of rotation.....Waits 3 seconds  
! Start Hight-speed rotation.....Waits 8 seconds  
! Start reading of rotation.....Waits 3 seconds

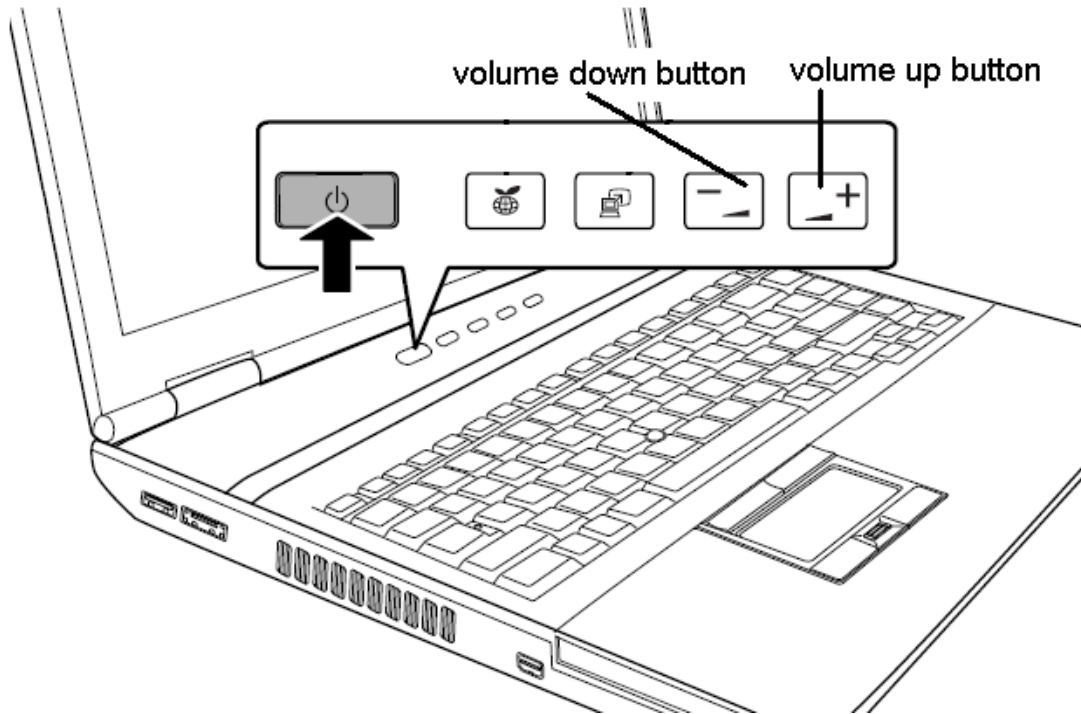
FAN Low-speed----> Target Low: 3900 Rpm Result Low: XXXX Rpm OK!

FAN High-speed---> Target High: 3800 Rpm Result High: XXXX Rpm OK!

OK message appears in the display if the test ends without a defective.

NG message appears in the display if a defective is found during the test.

Subtest 0B Volume



This subtest checks if Volume control dial works properly.

Step1

The following message appears in the display.

```
Volume button test  
Press Volume [ Down(-) ]  
Please press volume down button.
```

Step2

The following message appears in the display.

```
Volume button test  
Press Volume [ Up(+) ]  
Please press volume up button
```

After checking Volume, return to the ONLY ONE TEST menu automatically.

## 3.21 Head Cleaning

### 3.21.1 Function Description

This function cleans the heads in the FDD by executing a series of head load/seek and read operations. A cleaning kit is necessary to perform this program.

### 3.21.2 Operations

1. Selecting test **4** from the DIAGNOSTIC MENU and pressing **Enter** displays the following messages:

```
DIAGNOSTICS - FLOPPY DISK HEAD CLEANING : VX.XX
```

```
Mount cleaning disk(s) on drive(s).
```

```
Press any key when ready.
```

2. Remove the Diagnostics Disk from the FDD, then insert the cleaning disk and press **Enter**.
3. When the “cleaning start” message appears, the FDD head cleaning has begun.
4. The display automatically returns to the DIAGNOSTIC MENU when the program is completed.

## **3.22 Log Utilities**

### **3.22.1 Function Description**

This function logs error information generated while a test is in progress and stores the results in RAM. This function can store data on a floppy disk or output the data to a printer.

**NOTE:** Connect USB FDD, when you perform the DIAGNOSTIC PROGRAM from the DVD-ROM. The data is stored in floppy disk.

The error information is displayed in the following order:

1. Error count (CNT)
2. Test name, Subtest number (TS-No)
3. Pass count (PASS)
4. Error status (STS)
5. FDD/HDD or memory address (ADDR)
6. Write data (WD)
7. Read data (RD)
8. HDC status (HSTS)
9. Error status name (ERROR STATUS NAME)

If the power switch is turned off, the error information will be lost.





## 3.23 Running Test

### 3.23.1 Function Description

This function automatically executes the following tests in sequence:

1. System test (subtest 01)
2. Memory test (subtests 01, 02)
3. Display test (subtest 01)
4. Real timer test (subtest 02)
5. HDD test (subtest 01)
6. FDD test (subtest 02)

The system automatically detects the number of floppy disk drives connected to the computer for the FDD test.

### 3.23.2 Operations

1. Select **6** from the Diagnostic Menu and press **Enter**, the following messages will appear in the display in order.  
FDD write/read test (Y/N) ?  
Printer wrap around test (Y/N) ?  
Serial wrap around test (Y/N) ?  
CD-ROM/DVD-ROM test (Y/N) ?
2. To execute the test, press **Y (yes)** and **Enter**. To cancel the test, press **N (no)** and **Enter**. If you execute the selectable test, follow the indication message in the display.  
After setting the selectable test, the test starts automatically. To terminate the program, press **Ctrl + Break**.



## 3.24 Floppy Disk Drive Utilities

### 3.24.1 Function Description

This function formats the FDD, copies the floppy disk and displays the dump list for both the FDD and HDD.

#### 1. FORMAT

**NOTE:** *This program is only for testing a floppy disk drive. The option is different from the Toshiba MS-DOS FORMAT command.*

This program can format a floppy disk in the following formats:

- (a) 2DD: Double-sided, double-density, double-track, 96/135 TPI, MFM mode, 512 bytes, 9 sectors/track.
- (b) 2HD: Double-sided, high-density, double-track, 96/135 TPI, MFM mode, 512 bytes, 18 sectors/track.

#### 2. COPY

This program copies data from a source floppy disk to a target floppy disk.

#### 3. DUMP

This program displays the contents of the floppy disk and the designated sectors of the hard disk on the display.

#### 4. HDD ID READ

This program reads the hard disk ID and displays hard disk information.

### 3.24.2 Operations

1. Selecting **7** from the DIAGNOSTIC MENU and pressing **Enter** displays the following message:

```
[ FDD UTILITIES ]

1 - FORMAT
2 - COPY
3 - DUMP
4 - HDD-ID READ
9 - EXIT TO DIAGNOSTICS MENU
```

2. FORMAT program

- (a) Selecting FORMAT displays the following message:

```
DIAGNOSTICS - FLOPPY DISK FORMAT : VX.XX
Drive number select (1:A, 2:B) ?
```

- (b) Select a drive number to display the following message:

```
Type select (0:2DD, 3:2HD) ?
```

- (c) Select a media/drive type number and press **Enter**. A message similar to the one below will be displayed:

```
Warning : Disk data will be destroyed.
Insert work disk into drive A:
Press any key when ready.
```

- (d) Remove the Diagnostics Disk from the FDD, insert the work disk and press any key.

The following message will be displayed when the FDD format is executed:

```
[ FDD TYPE ] : TRACK   = XXX
[ FDD TYPE ] : HEAD    = X
[ FDD TYPE ] : SECTOR  = XX

Format start

                               [[track, head = XXX X]]
```

After the floppy disk is formatted, the following message will appear:

```
Format complete
Another format (1:Yes/2:No) ?
```

- (e) Typing **1** displays the message from step (c) above. Typing **2** returns the test to the DIAGNOSTIC MENU.

### 3. COPY program

- (a) When COPY is selected, the following message appears:

```
FLOPPY DISK FORMAT & COPY : VX.XX
Type select (0:2DD,3:2HD) ?
```

- (b) Selecting a media/drive type number will display a message similar to the one below:

```
Insert source disk into drive A:
Press any key when ready.
```

- (c) Remove the Diagnostics Disk from the FDD, insert the source disk and press any key. The following message will appear, indicating the program has started.

```
[ FDD TYPE ] : TRACK      = XXX
[ FDD TYPE ] : HEAD       = X
[ FDD TYPE ] : SECTOR     = XX

Copy start
[[ track,head = XXX X ]]
```

- (d) The following message will appear.

```
Insert target disk into drive A:
Press any key when ready.
```

- (e) Remove the source disk from the FDD, then insert a formatted work disk and press any key. The following message will appear and start copying to the target disk.

```
[[ track,head = XXX X ]]
```

- (f) When the amount of data is too large to be copied in one operation, the message from step (b) is displayed again. After the floppy disk has been copied, the following message will appear:

```
Copy complete
Another copy (1:Yes/2:No) ?
```

- (g) To copy another disk, type **1** and the message from step (a) is displayed again. Entering **2** returns the test program to the DIAGNOSTIC MENU.

4. DUMP program

- (a) When DUMP is selected, the following message appears:

```
DIAGNOSTICS-HARD DISK & FLOPPY DISK DUMP : VX.XX
Drive type select (1:FDD, 2:HDD) ?
```

- (b) Select a drive type. If 2:HDD is selected, the display will go to step (h). If 1:FDD is selected, the following message will appear:

```
Select drive number (1:A, 2:B) ?
```

- (c) Select a drive number and the following message will be displayed.

```
Format type select (1:2DD, 3:2HD) ?
```

- (d) If 3:2HD is selected, the following message will appear. Select a media mode.

```
2HD media mode (1:1.20MB, 2:1.44MB, 3:1.23MB)?
```

- (e) The following message will appear:

```
Insert source disk into drive A:
Press any key when ready.
```

- (f) Insert a source disk and press any key and the following message will appear:

```
— Max. address —
[Track ] = XXXX
[Head  ] = XX
[Sector] = XX
Track number ????
```

- (g) Set the track number, head number and sector number you want to dump. The system will access the disk and dump a list. Then the message shown in (k) will appear.

- (h) The following message will appear when selecting 2:HDD in (a).

```
Select drive number (1:C, 2:D) ?
```

- (i) Select a drive number and the following message will be displayed.

```
---Max. address ---
[LBA ] = XXXXXXXXXXXX
LBA number ??????????
```

- (j) Set the LBA number you want to dump. The system will access the disk and dump a list.

- (k) The following message will appear. To finish the dump, select **3**.

Press number key (1:up,2:down,3:end) ?

- (l) The following message will appear. Selecting **2** returns to the FDD UTILITIES MENU.

Another dump (1:Yes,2:No) ?

#### HDD ID READ program

Selecting HDD ID displays the following HDD ID configuration:

[HDD ID Read (VX.XX)]	[Drive #1]	[Drive #2]
Model No.	= XXXXXXXX	= XXXXXXXX

**NOTE:** Only when a 2nd HDD is installed, [Drive #2] message appears in the display.

Press Enter to return to the FDD UTILITIES MENU.

## 3.25 System Configuration

### 3.25.1 Function Description

The System Configuration program contains the following configuration information for the computer:

1. Processor Type [Code/L2 cache]
2. Chip set [VRAM]
3. BIOS ROM version [1st ID, 2nd ID]
4. Boot ROM version
5. EC/KBC version
6. PS Microprocessor version
7. SVP parameter version [Panel/Manufacture code/Product code]
8. Micro code revision [Processor number]
9. Total Memory Size [Conventional memory]
10. Battery code
11. HWSC
12. FSB [Voltage]
13. Printer Adapter
14. ASYNC Adapter
15. Math co-processors
16. Floppy Disk Drive [Track/Head/Sector]
17. Hard Disk Drive [Sector/Drive size/Manufacture code]
18. Optical Disk Drive [Maker/Drive type/Manufacture code/Product code]
19. T&D total version
20. Date/Time



### 3.25.2 Operations

Select **8** from the DIAGNOSTIC MENU and press **Enter**. Then, the following system configuration appears in the display.

```
System Configuration Display: Ver X.XX [Machine Name???]

* - Processor Type      = XXXXXX-XXXXXXMHz      Code = XX      L2 Cache = XXXXXXKB
* - Chip set           = XXXXXX                      VGA Chip = XXXXXX
* - BIOS ROM Version   = VX.XX      1st ID = XXH, 2nd ID = XXH
* - BOOT ROM Version   = VX.XX
* - EC/KBC Version     = VX.XX
* - PS Micon Version   = VX.XX
* - SVP Par. Version   = VX.XX      (Panel=XXXXXXXX, Manu=XXXX, Prod=XXXX)
* - Micro code Revision = VX.XX      (Processor=XXXh)
* - Total Memory Size  = XXXXXXMB (Conventional Memory = XXXKB)
* - Battery Code       = XXXXXXXXXXXX
* - HWSC               = XXXXXXXX
* - FSB                = XXXXXXMHz (Voltage = XEh)
* - X Printer Adapter  LPT1 = XXXX   LPT2 = XXXX   LPT3 = XXXX
* - X ASYNC Adapter    COM1 = XXXX   COM2 = XXXX   COM3 = XXXX
* - X Math CO-Processor
* - X Floppy Disk Drive(s)  Track = XX   Head = XX, Sector = XX
* - X Hard Disk Drive(s)   #1 Sectors = XXXXX, (XXXXX GB) [XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX]
                          #2 Sectors = XXXXX, (XXXXX GB) [XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX]
* - ODD                 = XXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX [XXXXXXXXXXXX]
* - T&D Total Version    = VX.XX

Press [Enter] Key      [Date = XXXX-YY-ZZ, XX:YY:ZZ]
```

Press **Enter** to return to the DIAGNOSTIC MENU.

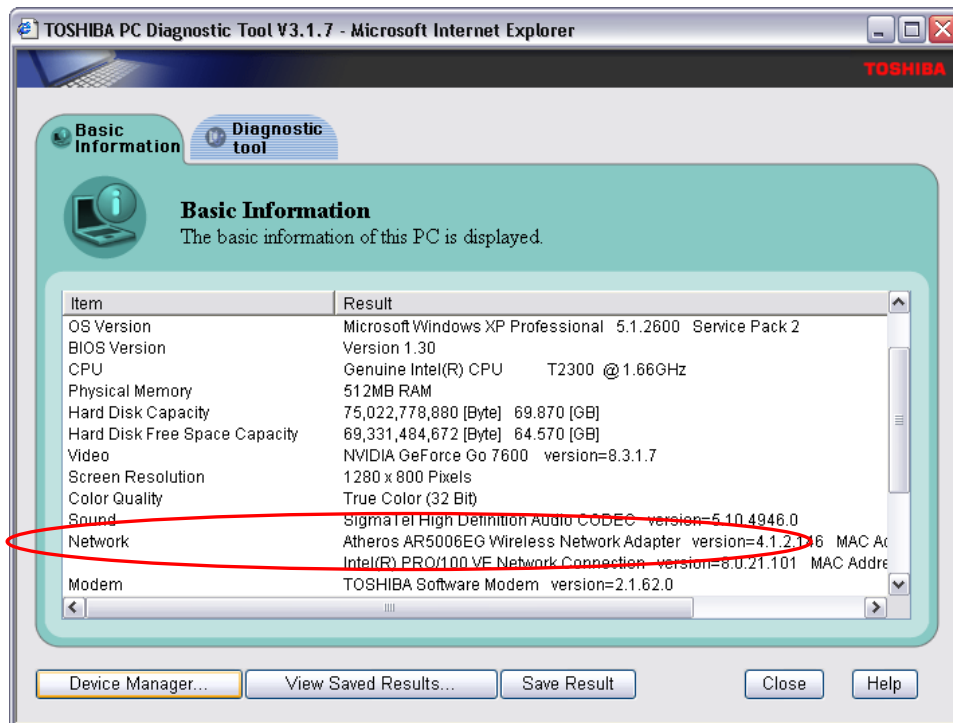
### 3.26 Wireless LAN Test Program (Atheros)

Since there is no test program for Atheros-made wireless LAN cards, check the wireless LAN card type of the computer and the antenna connection by using Windows programs.

#### Check of the wireless LAN card type

1. Slide the wireless communication switch to “ON” position.
2. Check the card type according to the following procedure:

Click [Start] -> [All Programs] -> [TOSHIBA] -> [Utilities] -> [PC Diagnostic Tool].  
Check the “Network”. If the “Atheros AR5007EG(11b/g)”, “Atheros AR5006EX(11a/b/g)”, “Atheros AR9281(11b/g/n)” or “Atheros 9280(11a/b/g/n)” is shown, the correct card is installed in the computer.

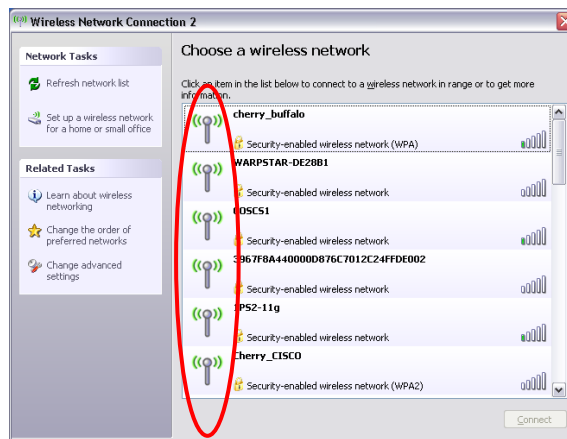


## Check of the antenna connection

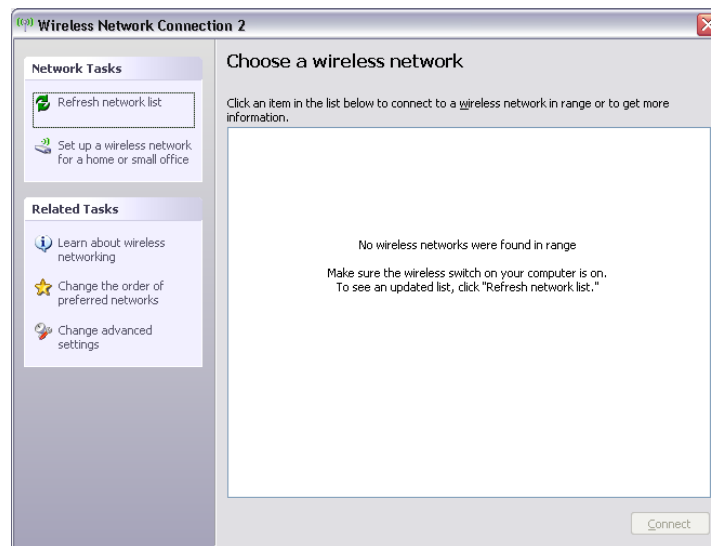
1. Confirm that the icon for wireless LAN appears at the lower right of the screen under the circumstances the wireless LAN communication is available. (It is no problem if a cross is shown on the icon.)



2. Double-click the icon. If the computer finds any AP (Access Point), the antenna marks like as follows will appear. It shows the antenna cables are surely connected to the wireless LAN card.



3. The following message will appear if the antenna cables are not connected to the wireless LAN card or no available access point is found. In this case, check the antenna cable connection to the wireless LAN card by disassembling the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, Replacement Procedures.



### 3.27 Wireless LAN Test Program (Intel-made a/b/g/n Setting up of REF PC)

For the test of Intel-made wireless LAN cards, configure the test environment as shown below with the following equipment.

- AP (which can operate on Windows XP and is corresponding to access point 11a, 11b and 11g)

**NOTE:** Set the SSID of AP as follows. (Note that upper case and lower case characters are recognized as different characters.)

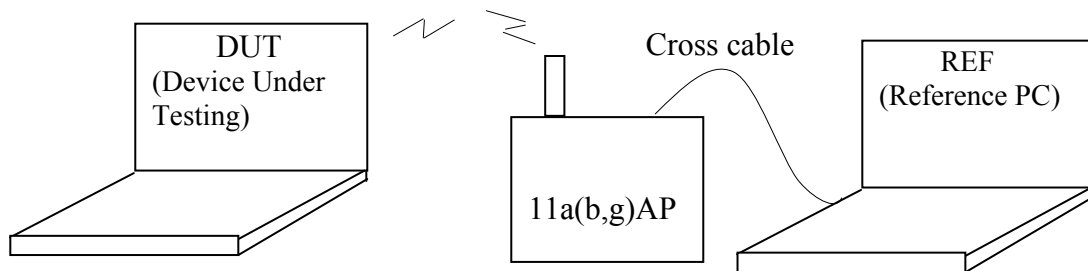
AP for check of 11a : 11aAP

AP for check of 11b : 11bAP

AP for check of 11g : 11gAP

Make the security functions of AP (WEP, WPA, etc.) invalid.

- REF (Reference) PC
- Cross cable
- DUT (Device Under Testing)



Configuration of equipment for transmitting-receiving test

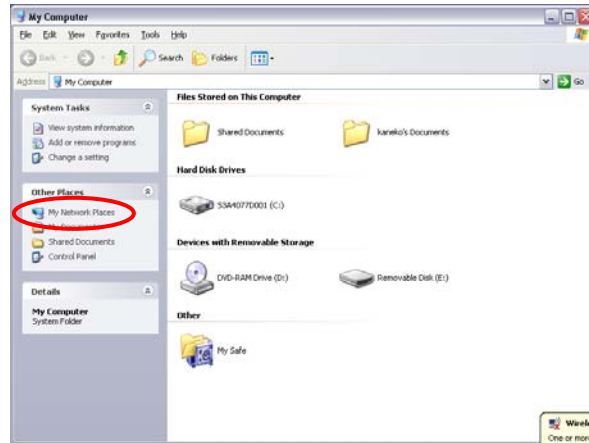
#### How to setup the REF PC

Set up the wireless LAN environment needed for the test before the start of Responder program on REF PC.

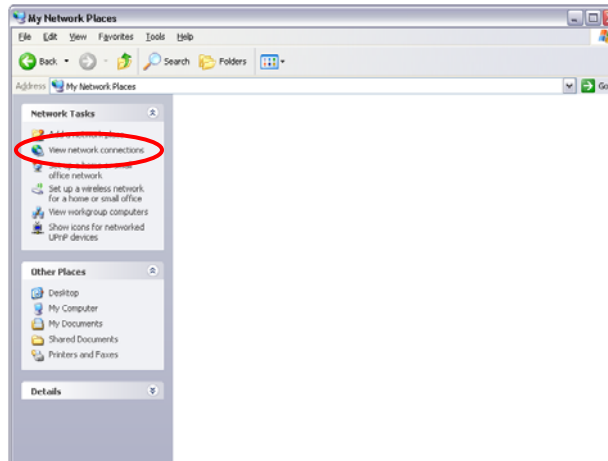
1. Copy the R100VWL5.ZIP (wireless LAN program for maintenance, common to Calexico, Golan and Kedron) to REF PC and unzip it. Then “Clx\_Res” folder is created and the following three programs are copied in it.

PACKET.SYS  
 PACKET.INF  
 WTWINSVR.EXE

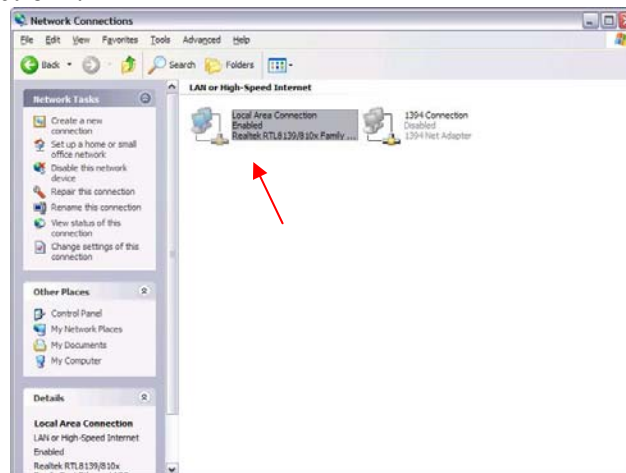
Open “My Computer” window and click “My Network places” on the left column.



Click “View network connections” on the left column.

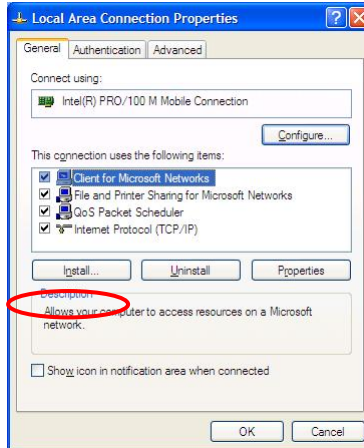


The “Network Connections” window appears. Double-click “Local Area Connection”.



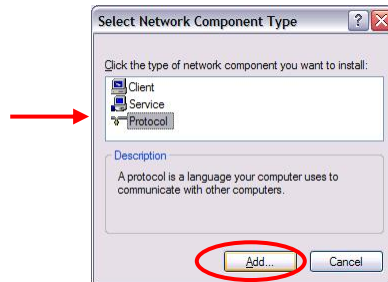
Network Connections window

Click “Install...” button on the “Local Area Connection Properties” window.



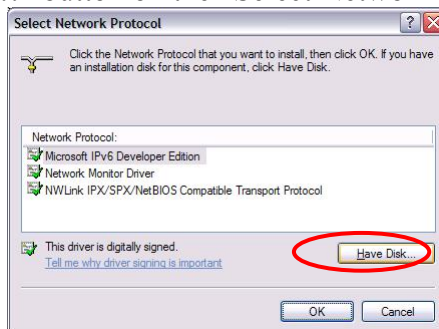
Local Area Connection Properties window

Select “Protocol” on the “Select Network Component Type” window and click “Add...” button.



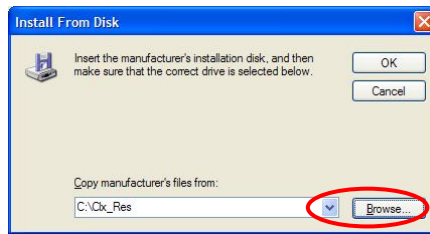
Select Network Component Type window

Click “Have Disk...” button on the “Select Network Protocol” window.



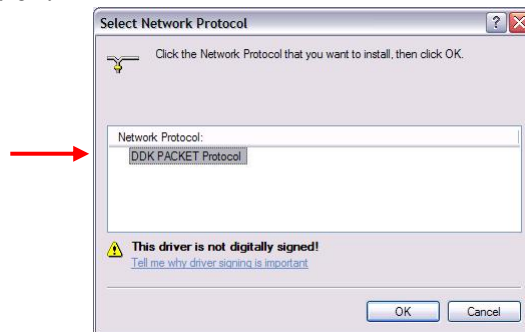
Select Network Protocol window

When “Install From Disk” window appears, click “Browse...” and specify the created “Clx\_Res” folder. Then Click “OK”. (For the test, “PACKET.INF” file is used.)



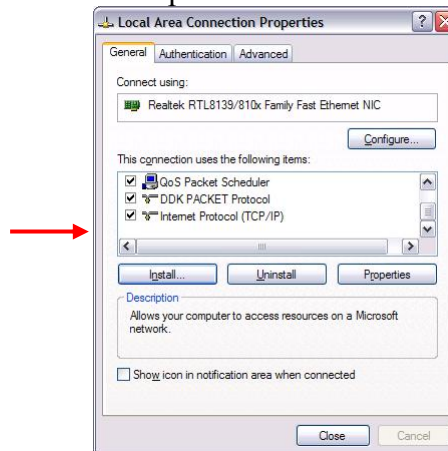
Install From Disk window

The “Select Network Protocol” window appears again. In the “Network Protocol”, “DDK PACKET Protocol” will appear. Then click “OK” to start the installation.



Select Network Protocol window

When the installation is completed, “Local Area Connection Properties” will appear. Confirm that the “DDK PACKET Protocol” is added. Click “Close” button to finish the setup of REF PC.



Local Area Connection Properties window

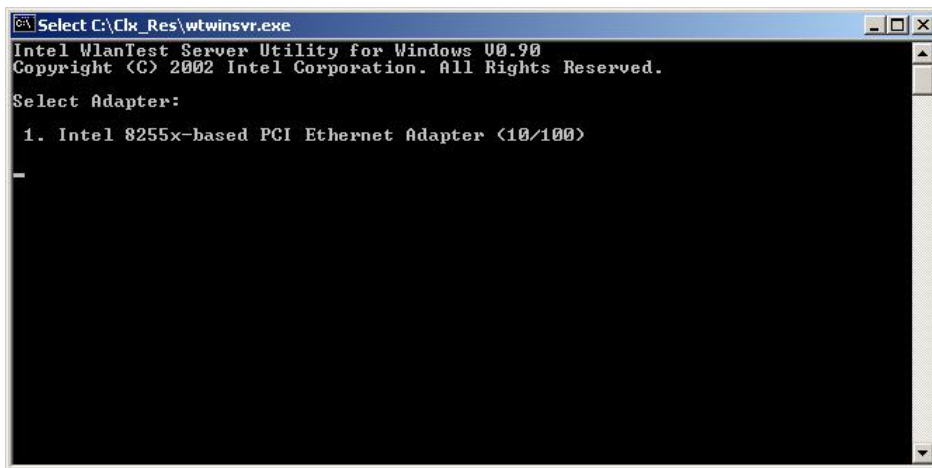
After the completion of REF PC setup, restart the WINDOWS. Then perform the Responder test program for Windows (WTWINSVR.EXE) in the Clx\_Res folder.

- WTWINSVR.EXE

Function : Transmitting/receiving of data to/from DUT via AP  
 OS available : Windows XP only  
 How to start : Double-click WTWINSVR icon.

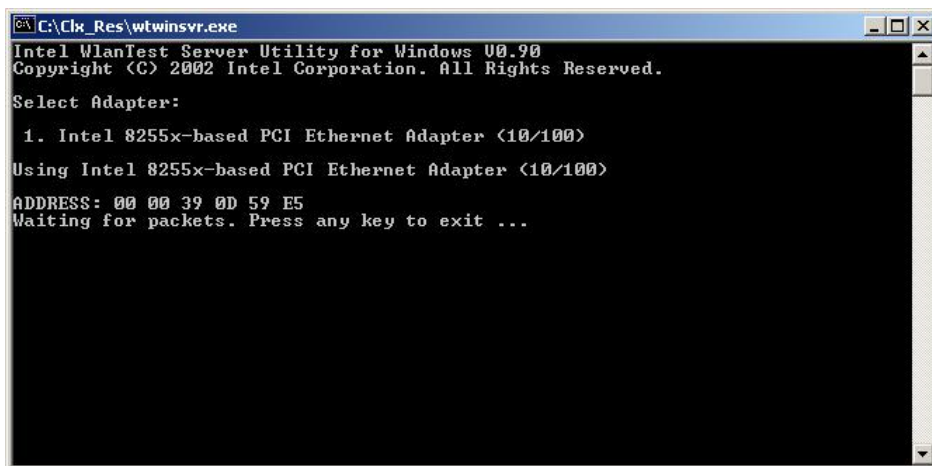
### How to start

1. Double-click wtwinsvr icon. The following screen will appear.



Startup screen of wtwinsvr program

2. Enter the number of Network Adapter used on REF PC (enter 1 for example above). Then the following screen will appear. Start the test program on DUT.



Screen while running the wtwinsvr program

The REF PC is waiting for the start of the test program on DUT.



### 3.28 Wireless LAN Test Program on DUT PC (Intel-made)

#### 3.28.1 Wireless LAN Test Program (Intel-made : Shirley Peak) on DUT PC

This section describes how to perform the wireless LAN transmitting-receiving test (Intel-made 802.11 a/b/g). To execute the wireless LAN test, use the Diagnostics disk for wireless LAN test.

Insert the Diagnostics disk for wireless LAN test into the Floppy Disk Drive. Turn on the power while pressing **U**.

The following menu appears in the display.

```
*****
*                                                                 *
*   Intel WiFi Link 5100/5300 Maintenance T&D Menu               *
*                                                                 *
*  1 : Communication test of 11a mode for 5100/5150 module      *
*                                                                 *
*  2 : Communication test of 11b mode for 5100/5150 module      *
*                                                                 *
*  3 : Communication test of 11g mode for 5100/5150 module      *
*                                                                 *
*  4 : All the tests of WiFi Link 5100/5150 Module               *
*      (MAC Check,communication test)                            *
*                                                                 *
*  5 : Communication test of 11a mode for 5300/5350 module      *
*                                                                 *
*  6 : Communication test of 11b mode for 5300/5350 module      *
*                                                                 *
*  7 : Communication test of 11g mode for 5300/5350 module      *
*                                                                 *
*  8 : All the tests of WiFi Link 5300/5350 Module               *
*      (MAC Check,communication test)                            *
*                                                                 *
*****
```

To execute the subtest, input the subtest number and press **Enter**.

Subtest01      Communication test of 11a mode for 5100/5150 module (Two antenna type)

This subtest execute transmitting/receiving test in 802.11a mode using the main antenna.

If a defective is not found during the test, **OK** message will appear in the display. Press any key and return to the test menu.

If a defective is found during the test, **NG** message will appear in the display. When pressing any key, the following message is displayed

```
*****  
*                                                                 *  
*   11a Communication Test : NG !!   *  
*   tx=a antenna : rx = a antenna   *  
*                                                                 *  
*****
```

Press any key and return to the test menu.

Subtest02      Communication test of 11b mode for 5100/5150 module (Two antenna type)

This subtest execute transmitting/receiving test in 802.11b mode using the main antenna.

If a defective is not found during the test, **OK** message will appear in the display. Press any key and return to the test menu.

If a defective is found during the test, **NG** message will appear in the display. When pressing any key, the following message is displayed

```
*****  
*                                                                 *  
*   11b Communication Test : NG !!   *  
*   tx=a antenna : rx = a antenna   *  
*                                                                 *  
*****
```

Press any key and return to the test menu.

Subtest03      Communication test of 11g mode for 5100/5150 module (Two antenna type)

This subtest execute transmitting/receiving test in 802.11g mode using the main antenna.

If a defective is not found during the test, **OK** message will appear in the display. Press any key and return to the test menu.

If a defective is found during the test, **NG** message will appear in the display. When pressing any key, the following message is displayed

```
*****  
*                                                                 *  
*      11g Communication Test : NG !!      *  
*      tx=a antenna : rx = a antenna      *  
*                                                                 *  
*****
```

Press any key and return to the test menu.

Subtest04      All the tests of WiFi Link 5100/5150 Module  
(MAC Check, communication test: Two antenna type)

All the tests is executed in the order of Communication test of 11a mode, Communication test of 11b mode and Communication test of 11g mode.

When any error has detected, the test finishes.

Subtest05      Communication test of 11a mode for 5100/5150 module (Three antenna type)

This subtest execute transmitting/receiving test in 802.11a mode using the main antenna.

If a defective is not found during the test, **OK** message will appear in the display. Press any key and return to the test menu.

If a defective is found during the test, **NG** message will appear in the display. When pressing any key, the following message is displayed

```
*****  
*                                                                 *  
*      11a Communication Test : NG !!      *  
*      tx=a antenna : rx = a antenna      *  
*                                                                 *  
*****
```

Press any key and return to the test menu.

Subtest06      Communication test of 11b mode for 5100/5150 module (Three antenna type)

This subtest execute transmitting/receiving test in 802.11b mode using the main antenna.

If a defective is not found during the test, **OK** message will appear in the display. Press any key and return to the test menu.

If a defective is found during the test, **NG** message will appear in the display. When pressing any key, the following message is displayed

```
*****
*                                                                 *
*      11b Communication Test : NG !!                            *
*      tx=a antenna : rx = a antenna                            *
*                                                                 *
*****
```

Press any key and return to the test menu.

Subtest07      Communication test of 11g mode for 5100/5150 module (Three antenna type)

This subtest execute transmitting/receiving test in 802.11g mode using the main antenna.

If a defective is not found during the test, **OK** message will appear in the display. Press any key and return to the test menu.

If a defective is found during the test, **NG** message will appear in the display. When pressing any key, the following message is displayed

```
*****
*                                                                 *
*      11g Communication Test : NG !!                            *
*      tx=a antenna : rx = a antenna                            *
*                                                                 *
*****
```

Press any key and return to the test menu.

Subtest08      All the tests of WiFi Link 5100/5150 Module  
(MAC Check, communication test: Three antenna type)

All the tests is executed in the order of Communication test of 11a mode, Communication test of 11b mode and Communication test of 11g mode.

When any error has detected, the test finishes.

### 3.29 LAN/Modem/Bluetooth/IEEE1394 Test Program

This section describes how to perform the LAN/Modem/Bluetooth/IEEE1394 test with the test program.

Insert the test program disk for LAN/Modem/Bluetooth/IEEE1394 test in FDD and turn on the power. The following message will appear:

```
Microsoft Windows XX Startup Menu
-----
```

- 1. LAN
- 2. Modem
- 3. Bluetooth
- 4. IEEE1394

Enter a choice:

Press the number you want to test and press **Enter**.

***NOTE:** It is impossible to go back to startup menu once you choose the test. Therefore, LAN/Modem/Bluetooth/IEEE1394 test can not be executed successively.*

#### 3.29.1 LAN test

To execute LAN test, press **1** and **Enter**. The following message will appear:

```
#####
##### i82562 ICHx GbE (i82540) Diagnostics program #####
#####
*
* 1 ..... (i82562 + ICHx) *
*
* 2 ..... (GbE) *
*
*****
.... Press test number [1-2] ?
```

Press the number you want to test and press **Enter**.

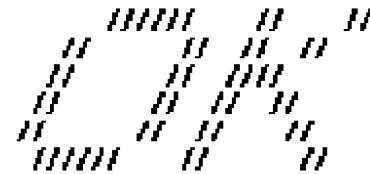
Subtest01 (i82562 + ICHx)

This subtest checks the operation of mini-PCI I/F by the loopback test in the chip.

The following message will appear:

```
[LAN transmit & receive test !]
                                COMPLETED Repeat count = 00000
                                Error count = 00000

LOOPBACK TEST
100Mbps Auto-negotiation TxRx Test
Destination Address = xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
Source Address = xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
** 100Base-TX Full-Duplex **
< TRANSMIT >
< RECEIVE >
```



**NOTE:** The menu displayed by your computer may be slightly different from the one shown above.

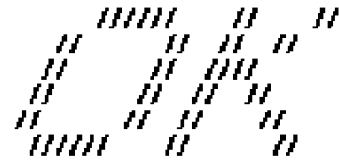
If a defective is found, **NG** message will appear in the display.

Subtest02 (GbE)

This subtest checks the operation of mini-PCI I/F by the loopback test in the chip. Select **2** to execute and press **Enter**.

The following message will appear:

```
Testing adaptor...hit <ESC> to abort.  
*  
External Loopback Test...PASSED  
Testing completed.  
*  
*  
Loopback Test Complete  
*  
*  
* 1000Base Auto-negotiation TxRx Test  
*  
* CE Test Complete
```



**NOTE:** *The menu displayed by your computer may be slightly different from the one shown above.*

If a defective is found, **NG** message will appear in the display.

### 3.29.2 Modem test

For this subtest, connect the modem PCB and RJ11 connector with a harness. Use the dedicated “FAT-MODE inspection device (product code: QE2000P01 made by Nitto Denki Seisakusyo)” for the tests.

```
#####
##### AC97' Modem Controller Diagnostics program #####
#####
*
*          1 ..... (ICHx)
*
*          2 ..... (ICH6)
*
*****
.... Press test number[1-2] ?
```

To execute Modem test, press **2** and **Enter**. Following message will appear:

```
[Modem loopback test !]
ICHx MDC Test Program with Modem Sound (Line Test)
Version X.X
* Scorpio Modem Initialize           :OK
* Digital Loopback Test              :OK
* RJ11 Connector Check (LED)         :(Operator's Check!!)
```

**OK** is displayed when a error is detected, **NG** is display when a error is not detected.

**NOTE:** *The menu displayed by your computer may be slightly different from the one shown above.*

RJ11 Connection Check (LED) (Operator’s Check LED) test will be executed, and the following message will appear:

```
...Press Key (Y = OK , N =NG)
```

If the color in the LED of the connection checker is orange, press **Y**, otherwise, press **N**.



### 3.29.3 Bluetooth test

#### Preparation

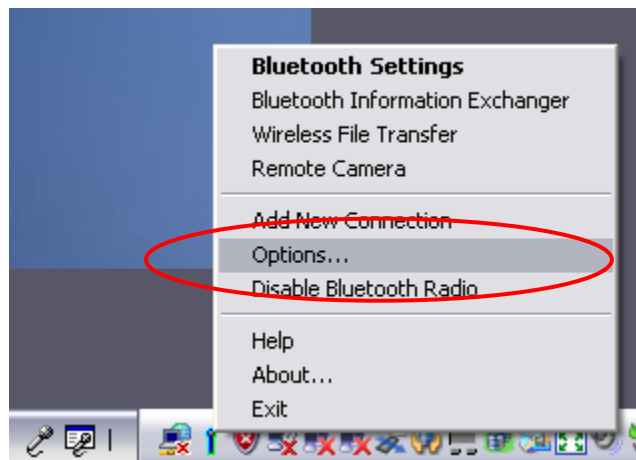
- For the test of Bluetooth function, use the Windows program installed on the target computer (computer to be tested). A responder device (device for transmitting/receiving data) is also needed. (A mobile phone with the Bluetooth function is also available.)
- A Bluetooth card should be installed on the target computer. Install the Bluetooth function by clicking [All Programs] -> [TOSHIBA] -> [Bluetooth] -> [Bluetooth Settings].

#### Test procedure

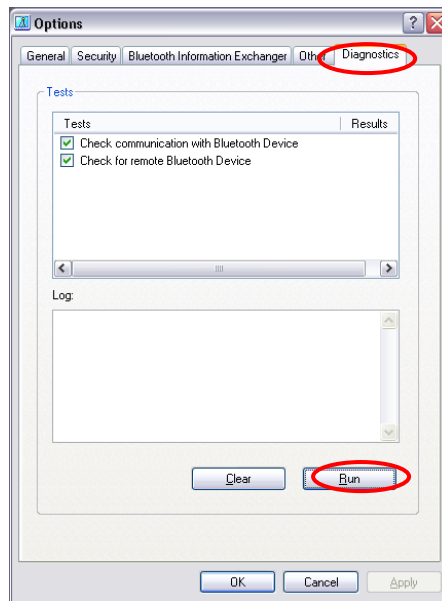
1. Enable the Bluetooth function of the responder device.
2. Make sure the wireless communication switch of the target computer is set to “ON” position.
3. Right-click the Bluetooth icon on the lower right screen of the target computer.



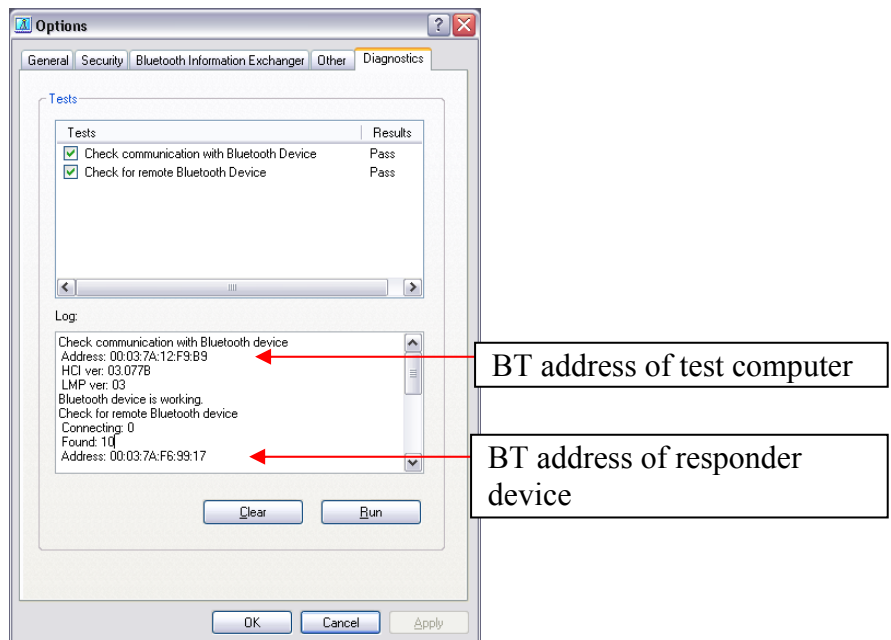
4. Select “Options...”.



5. Select “Diagnostics” tab and click “Run”.



6. Check the “Log” to confirm the test result.



7. When the BT (Bluetooth) address of the responder device appears, the Bluetooth card and antenna connection are OK.  
If the BT address of the responder device does not appear, check the Bluetooth card condition and antenna cable connection to the Bluetooth card by disassembling the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, *Replacement Procedures*.

### 3.29.4 IEEE1394 test (Not Used)

To execute this test, input **4** and press **Enter**.

**NOTE:** Use another computer that can communicate by IEEE1394 (i. Link) cable as a reference machine to perform this test.

The following menu will appear:

```
*****
*****      IEEE1394[XXXXX] Diagnostics program      *****
*****
*                                                     *
*      1 .... Transmit & Receive test                  *
*                                                     *
*      2 .... Responder set                            *
*                                                     *
*      3 .... 1394 GUID Display                       *
*                                                     *
*****
.... Press test number[1-3] ?
```

To execute the TEST, select the test number you want to execute and press **Enter**.

Subtest01     Transmit & Receive test

**NOTE:** Before executing subtest 01, be sure to execute subtest 02 in the responder machine.

This program checks the data transporting between responder machine and target machine and compare them with the original data through the IEEE1394 cable.

Subtest02     Responder set

This program is executed in the responder machine to initialize the responder machine with the IEEE1394 cable connected to the target machine before executing subtest 01.

Subtest03     1394 GUID Display

This program checks the GUID of IEEE1394.

### **3.30 Sound Test program**

Sound TEST disk cannot be used in Satellite Pro S300, TECRA A10/S10/P10.

Therefore, please test the sound on Windows OS.

1) Play a music file.

2) click TOSHIBA-> utility -> "PC diagnostic tool." to test the sound

Please check operation of speakers by one of methods.

## **3.31 SETUP**

### **3.31.1 Function Description**

This program displays the current system setup information as listed below:

## **Main menu**

**System Time (System time )**

**System Date (System date )**

**CPU Type**

**CPU Speed**

**HDD1/SSD1**

**ODD**

**Total Memory Size**

**System BIOS Version**

**EC Version**

**AMT Setup Prompt**

**Language**

## **Security menu**

**User Password**

**Supervisor Password**

**HDD1/SSD1 Password Mode**

**TPM**

## Power Management menu

- Wake-up on LAN
- Wake-up on LAN on Battery
- Wake on Keyboard
- Critical Battery Wake-up
- Dynamic CPU Frequency Mode
- Core Multi-Processing
- Intel Turbo boosts
- eSATA
- SATA Interface setting
- BIOS Power Management

## Advanced menu

- Execute-Disable Bit Capability
- Virtualization Technology
- Trusted Execution Technology
- Beep Sound
- USB Sleep and Charge
- USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation
- USB-FDD Legacy Emulation
- USB Memory BIOS Support Type
- Change Boot Order
- System Configuration

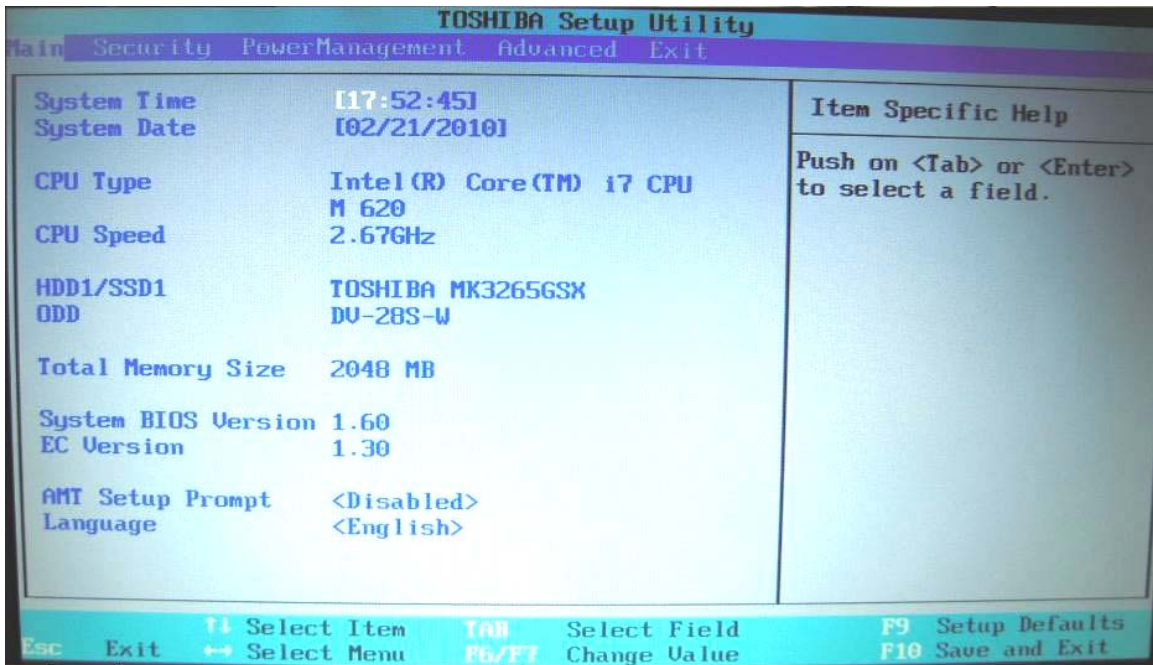
## Exit menu

- Load Setup Defaults
- Discard Changes
- Exit Saving Changes

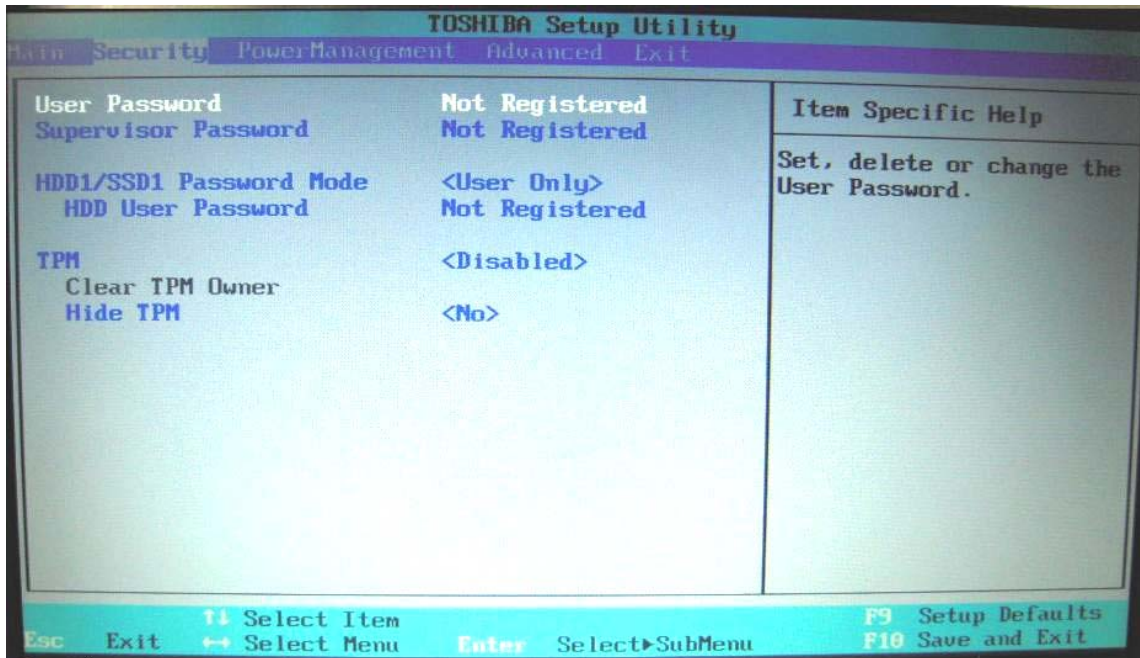
### 3.31.2 Accessing the SETUP Program

Turn on the power SW.  
then press **F2**. The following display appears.

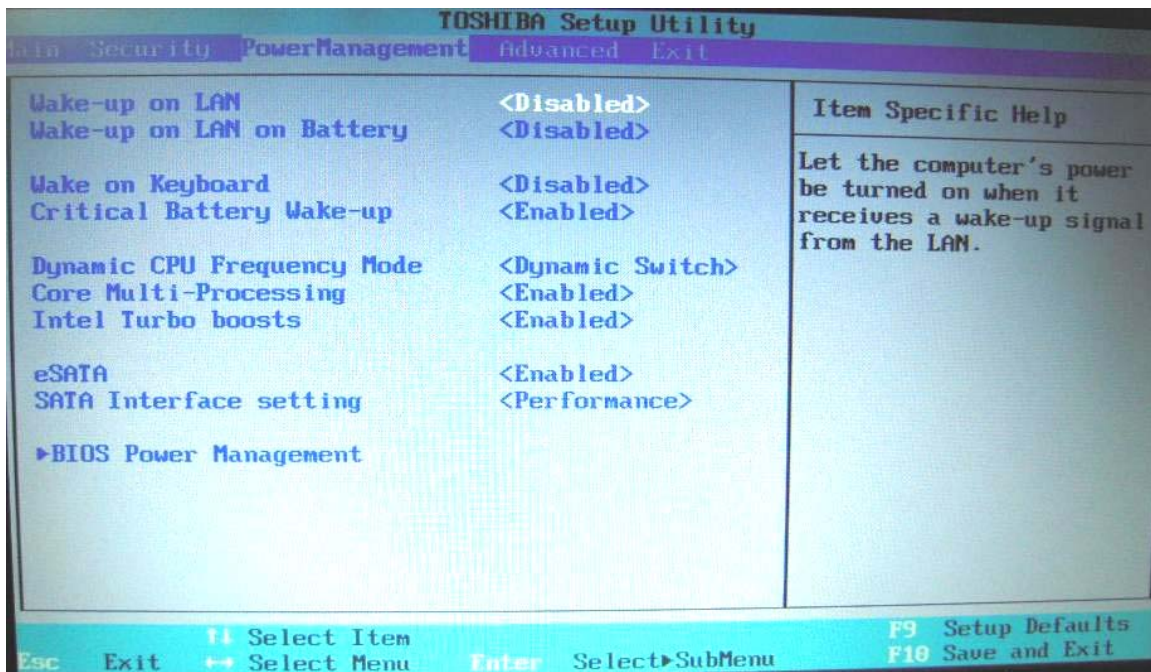
#### Main menu screen



Security menu screen

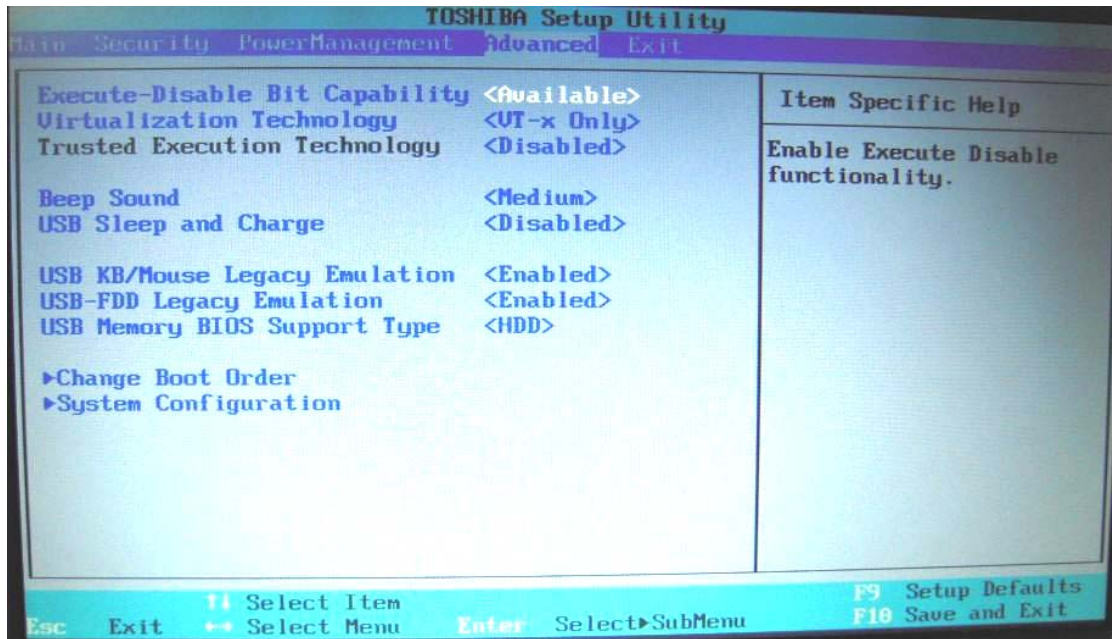


Power Management menu screen

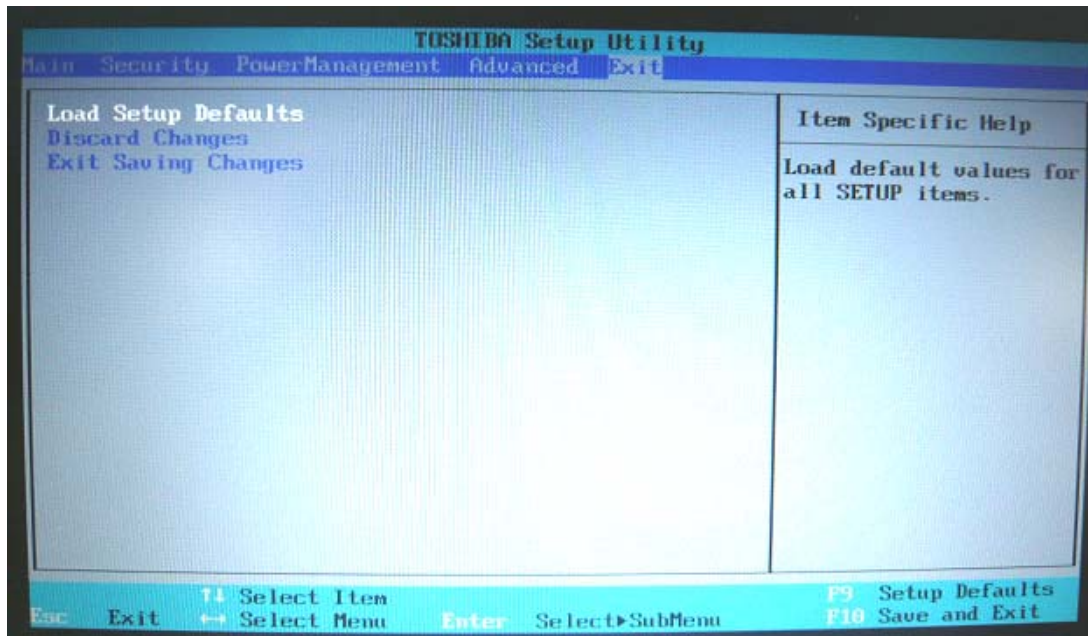




### Advanced menu screen



### Exit menu screen



### Moving Within the SETUP Menu and Changing Values

1. Press ← and → to move between the two columns. Press ↑ and ↓ to move between items in a column.
2. Press either the **[Enter]Key** to change the value.

### Accepting Changes and Exiting the SETUP Window

1. Press **[F10] key** to accept the changes you made.
2. To make other changes, press **N**. Repeat the steps above.
3. To accept the changes, press **Y**.

**NOTE:** You can press **Esc** to quit at any time without saving changes. *SETUP* asks you to confirm that you do not want to save your changes. When *SETUP* is displayed at the next time, the current configuration appears.

### The Factory Preset Configuration

When you access *SETUP*, the current configuration is displayed.

1. To show the factory preset configuration, press **[F9]** key.
2. To accept the default settings, press **[Y]** key.

## **How to change setup Options**

Since a help is displayed on the right-hand side of each menu screen, it is referred to.

## **3.32 Maintenance (WinPE&FreeDos) Test Program Operation**

### **3.32.1 . Outline**

This document explains how to operate T&D that is released through TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic CD.

### **3.32.2 Outline of Specification**

The TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic CD already released includes WindowsPE T&D (hereafter, referred as WinPE T&D) and Freedos T&D (hereafter, referred as Fdos T&D) and either of the T&D programs can be activated by multiboot support.

#### **3.32.2.1 Outline of WindowsPE T&D**

WinPE T&D operates on the Windows PE2.0 operating system. If the CD is booted, the operating system WindowsPE is extracted to the RAM disk in the system memory and operates on it. (At this time, the drive is drive X:.)

T&D functionally consists of display of system information, execution of each test and various utilities, whose test items support only tests which can be commonly used on each model. T&D also allows you in some models to use the multitasking functions which execute the stress test and each test never been included in it, as multitasks.

#### **3.32.2.2 Outline of Freedos T&D**

Freedos T&D is extracted as image on the CD and operates on the CD drive. Also, if Freedos T&D can conduct a test such as the conventional memory test that cannot be done by WinPE T&D. The test items include only tests that can be commonly used on each model like WinPE T&D.

### 3.33 . Starting TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic

#### 3.33.1 Starting from CD

1. Load the TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic Discs into the optical disc drive and turn off the computer's power.
2. While holding down F12 key on the keyboard, turn on your computer - when the logo screen appears, release the F12 key.
3. Use the left and right cursors key to select the CD-ROM icon from the menu.
4. If T&D starts from the TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic CD, the following screen is displayed.



Move the cursor to the desired item and press the Enter key.

**[winpe]:** Displays the following screen. If Enter key is pressed, WindowsPE will start up and then WinPE T&D will start.

**[Freedos]:** Starts up FreeDOS and then starts FreeDOS T&D.

**[Power Off]:** Turns the power off.

**NOTE:** After [winpe] is selected, the following message is displayed on the screen. At this time, "Press any key to boot from CD or DVD.." is displayed, but only [ENTER] key is valid.

```
Starting CD ... ok.  
Bootable CD Wizard v2.0a1 Copyright (c)2004 by Alex Kopylov  
Press any key to boot from CD or DVD.
```

ress the Enter key again on this screen. If the Enter key is pressed, WindowsPE will start. The key different from an Enter key is pressed. Or a press of no keys will start Windows of built-in HDD.

### 3.34 . Windows PE T&D

#### 3.34.1 Equipment Configuration for Test

The following table indicates equipment configuration necessary for conduction of the tests items shown below using WinPE T&D.

Test Item	Equipment required	Remarks
USB	USB flash memory	Free space : More than 12MB (When you start WinPE T&D from a USB memory, use 512MB or more of USB memory.)
ODD	Media containing test data	The test data is included in a bootable CD. File name: CDDTEST0.DAT
LAN	Wired router, LAN cable	The router has the DHCP server function
FDD	USB connected FDD 2HD Floppy disk	Free space : 384KB
IEEE1394	IEEE1394-compatible external HDD	Free space : More than 12MB

To execute the above test, start the machine after connecting all of the equipment

\* In particular, if LAN router is connected after OS is activated, IP address is not assigned to it.

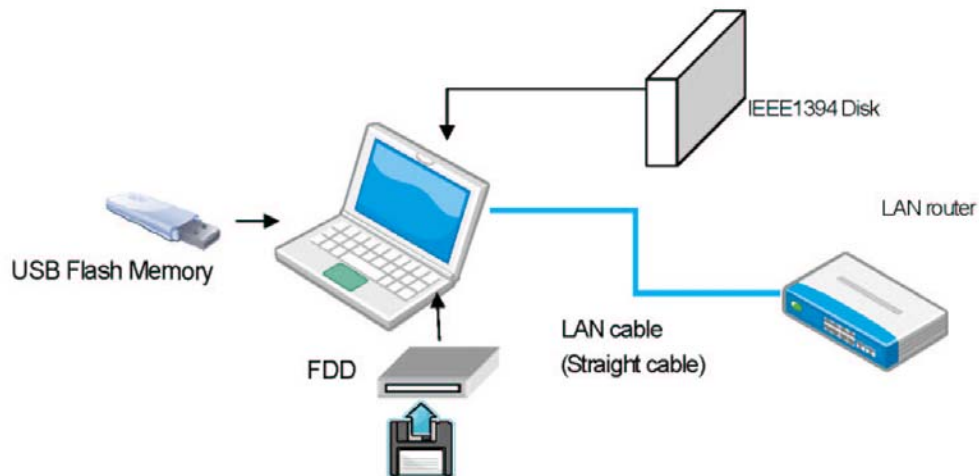


Fig.1 Test Environment Image

## 3.34.2 Starting T&D

### 3.34.2.1 Automatic Start

When WindowsPE starts up from the TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic CD or the USB memory, WinPE T&D starts automatically.

After the startup of the OS, unless CD volume name is WINTDCD or USB volume name is WINTDUSB, WinPE T&D does not start automatically.

*Note: If the system starts up from the TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic CD, WinPE T&D in the USB memory starts when the USB memory created in section 3-5-2 is connected.*

### 3.34.2.2 Manual Start

If the user starts WinPE T&D manually, move to the folder containing WinPETD.exe and run WinPETD.exe.

Example of WinPE T&D to be executed from the command prompt screen

```
D:/WinPETD/>WinPETD [enter]
```

\* The actual drive letter varies depending on the PC.

The storage location of WinPETD.exe in each device is as follows:

CD media drive: ¥WinPETD

USB memory drive: ¥WinPETD

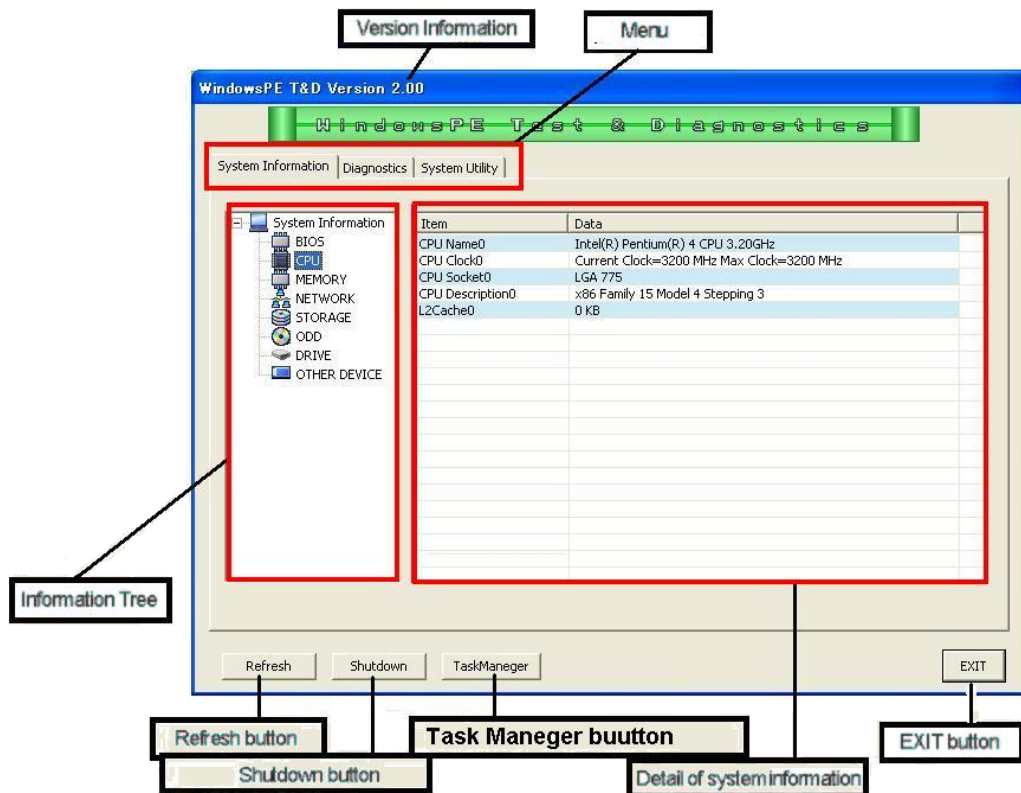


### 3.34.3 System Information Menu

If you set the TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic CD to the ODD drive and run WinPE T&D, the following test selection screen is displayed. (For further details, refer to Chapter 2.)

Hereinafter, System Information will be described in detail.

There are three menus of System Information, Diagnostics, and System Utility as a menu.



#### 3.34.3.1 Explanation of each item

- ▼ [Refresh] button Obtains system information again, redispays it, rejudges the grayed test item(s) of the test menu and displays the test menu.
- ▼ [Shutdown] button Shuts down WindowsPE.
- ▼ [EXIT] button Terminates this application.
- ▼ Version information Displays the version of WinPE T&D.
- ▼ Menu Indicates tabs for selecting PC information, Diagnostics to set test items or conduct tests, Tool to extract T&D to USB memory and System Utility to provide SMART information.
- ▼ Information tree Displays detailed information of the item selected from Detail of System Information if you click a desired item of the System Information displayed in Information tree.
- ▼ Detail of system information Displays detailed information of the item selected in Information tree. The detailed information will be given in section 3-3-2.

### 3.34.3.2 Details of the system information displayed on an information tree

The details of the system information item displayed on each information tree are shown below.

- BIOS

The following items display DMI and BIOS information of the PC.

Item	Description
Manufacturer	Displays Manufacturer of the PC
Product Name	Displays Product Name of the PC
Part Number	Displays Part Number of the PC.
Serial Number	Displays Serial Number of the PC.
UUID	Displays UUID of the PC.
BIOS Version	Displays BIOS Version of the PC.
BIOS OEM String	Displays OEM String of the PC.

- CPU

The following items display CPU information of the PC.

Item	Description
CPU Name0 - 1	Displays the name of the CPU mounted on the PC.
CPU Clock0 - 1	Displays Current Clock (MHz) and Max Clock (MHz) of the CPU.
CPU Socket0 - 1	Displays Socket Name of the CPU.
CPU Description0-1	Displays Processor Name of the CPU and CPUID (Family, Model, Stepping).
L2 Cache0 - 1	Displays the second cache (KB) of the CPU

- MEMORY

The following item displays memory information of the PC.

Item	Description
Physical Memory	Displays the capacity (GB) of the physical memory on the PC

- NETWORK

The following items displays network card information of the PC.

If more than one network card is connected, the information of up to 4 network cards are displayed.

Item	Description
Network0 - 3	Displays the name of the LAN card connected to the PC.
MAC Address0 - 3	Displays MAC address of the LAN card.

- STORAGE

The following items display IDE, IEEE1394-HDD and USB memory storage information of the PC. If more than one HDD is connected, the information of up to 4 HDDs are displayed

Item	Description
IDE HDD0 - 3	Displays the name and the capacity (GB) of IDE HDD connected to the PC.
USB Flash Disk0 - 3	Displays the name and the capacity (GB) of USB Flash Disk connected to the PC.
1394 Disk0 - 3	Displays the name and the capacity (GB) of IEEE1394-HDD connected to the PC.
Other Disk0 - 3	Displays the name and the capacity (GB) of the HDD other than the above three  HDD types which is connected to the PC

- ODD

The following item displays ODD information of the PC. If more than one ODD is connected, the information of up to 4 ODDs are displayed.

Item	Description
ODD0 - 3	Displays the name and the media type of the ODD connected to the PC. Media type is information of the media used, such as CD-ROM, DVD-RW and etc.

- Drive

The following item displays Drive information of the PC. If more than one ODD is connected, the information of up to 4 ODDs are displayed.

Item	Description
Drive	The information on the assigned logical drive is displayed. Type, volume name, free disk spaces (free size), and used disk spaces (used size) is displayed.

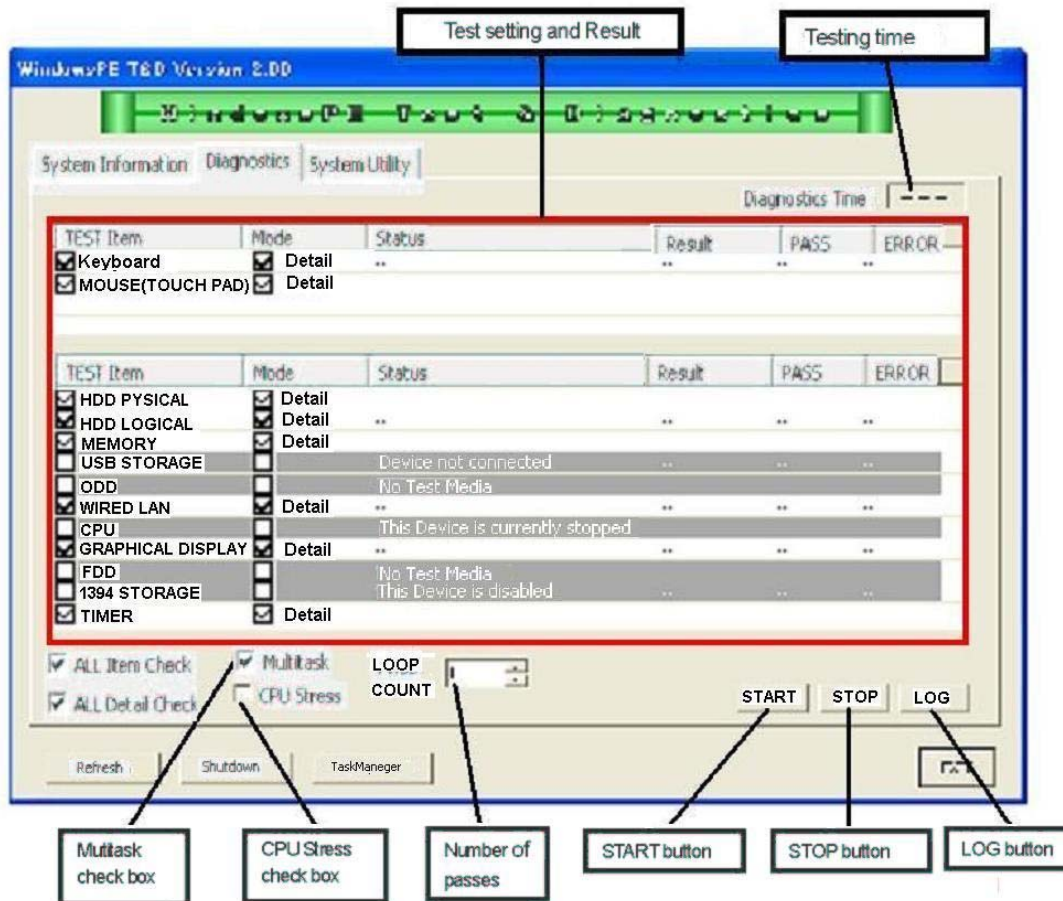
- OTHER DEVICE

The following items display other device information of the PC.

Item	Description
FDD	Displays the name of the FDD connected to the PC.
Key Board0 - 3	Displays the name of the Keyboard connected to the PC. If more than one keyboard is connected, the information of up to 4 keyboards are displayed.
Mouse0 - 3	Displays the name of the mouse connected to the PC. For the touchpad, (Touchpad) follows the mouse name.

### 3.34.4 Test Menu

This section explains the Diagnostics screen.



#### 3.34.4.1 Explanation of each item

- ▼ [Multitask] check box Checking this box activates each test as multi-task.
- ▼ [CPU Stress] check box Checking this box applies any stress to the CPU during the test. Restriction: If the test is conducted, uncheck Multitask in the Simple mode before the test because of too much stress to be applied to the CPU. Also, USB and TIMER of TEST Item cannot be supported.
- ▼ [LOOP COUNT] number of passes Sets the number of times of a test, which allows you to specify from 1 to 999.
- ▼ [START] button Starts the test.
- ▼ [LOG] button Displays the test result or the menu to save it. The detailed explanation will be given in section 3-4-5.
- ▼ [STOP] button Stops the test during the execution of it.

- ▼ Testing time Updates the testing time and displays it in real time during the execution of the test.
- ▼ Test setting and Result This will be explained in section 3-4-2.

### 3.34.4.2 Test setting and Result

TEST Item	Mode	Status	Result	PASS	ERROR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KEYBOARD	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detail	--	--	--	--
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MOUSE(TOUCH PAD)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detail	--	--	--	--
TEST Item	Mode	Status	Result	PASS	ERROR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HDD PHYSICAL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detail	--	--	--	--
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HDD LOGICAL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detail	--	--	--	--
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MEMORY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detail	--	--	--	--
<input type="checkbox"/> USB STORAGE	<input type="checkbox"/>	Device not connected	--	--	--
<input type="checkbox"/> ODD	<input type="checkbox"/>	No Test Media	--	--	--
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WIRED LAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detail	--	--	--	--
<input type="checkbox"/> CPU	<input type="checkbox"/>	This Device is currently stopped	--	--	--
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GRAPHICAL DISPLAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detail	--	--	--	--
<input type="checkbox"/> FDD	<input type="checkbox"/>	No Test Media	--	--	--
<input type="checkbox"/> 1394 STORAGE	<input type="checkbox"/>	This Device is disabled	--	--	--
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TIMER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detail	--	--	--	--

- ▼ TEST Item Checks the check box of the item to be tested.
- ▼ Mode Sets the test mode for each test item.
- ▼ Status The following table explains status information of each test item (test device).Status Description

Status	Description
--	Ready for the test prior to the start of it.
*****	Gray out. It is indicated when the test environment is not ready. Refer to the following items for details.
TESTING	The test is running.
SKIP	The test was skipped.
DONE	The test finished

**Note:** The test item grayed out indicates that the test environment is not ready and its explanation is displayed in the Status field.  
The following table lists the statuses to be displayed on the screen and explains their meanings.

Status	Description
Device not connected	Peripheral device necessary for the test is not connected. USB flash memory, FDD and others may be connected to the PC.
Device has a problem	Failure occurred in the device driver.
This Device is disabled	The device has been removed.
This Device is currently stopped	The device is in the STOPPED state.
IP Address cannot be acquired	The IP address is not able to be obtained.  The LAN cable may not be connected.
No Test Media	Test media is not inserted. Please insert the test media to the ODD or the FDD.
Space Size Error	This device is insufficient of free disk spaces required for a test.
No partition or file	A partition is not in devices, such as HDD, USB, and IEEE1394. Or the file does not exist in HDD.

- ▼ Test result ... The test results to be displayed on the screen are as follows:
- ▼ PASS ... Updates the number of passes of each test in real time during a test and displays it.

Status	Description
--	This is displayed before the start of every test or if the test is skipped.
OK	The test was successful
NG	The test failed

- ▼ ERROR ... Updates the number of error occurrences in each test in real time during a test and displays it.

### 3.34.4.3 Test Procedure

This section describes operation procedure of WinPE T&D.

1) Select the test item to run from Test Item and check it. (If you put a check mark in the ALL Item Check check box, all test items are checked.)

2) Select the test mode of each test.

(If you put a check mark in the ALL Detail Check check box, all tests are performed in the Detail mode.)

3) Set the number of LOOP CONT, Multitask and CPU Stress.

4) Click on the [START] button and the test starts.

5) When "Multitask" is checked and a test is started, the test of Keyboard and Mouse is done once first. Next, other tests are started.

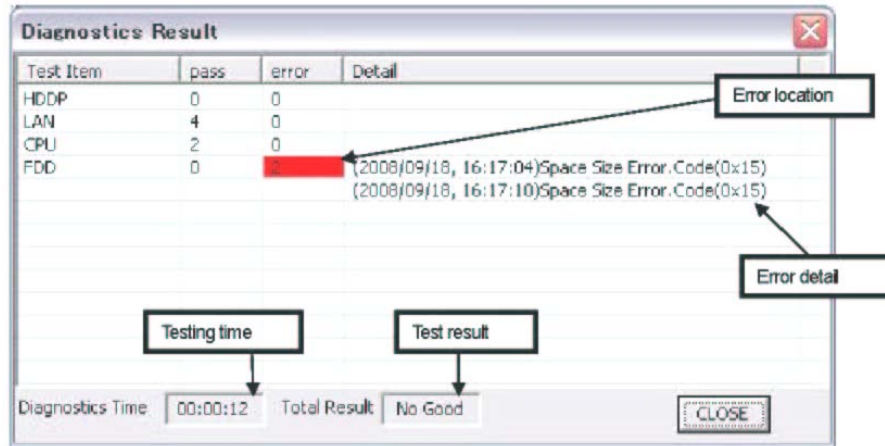
6) If PASS of each test reaches the value set to [LOOP COUNT] the number of pass times, the test is terminated, or if the [STOP] button is clicked, the test is terminated

*Note: The test item grayed out indicates that the test is not ready yet and you cannot select it.*



### 3.34.4.4 Display of Test Result

If the test ends successfully or the [STOP] button is clicked, the following Result screen is displayed.

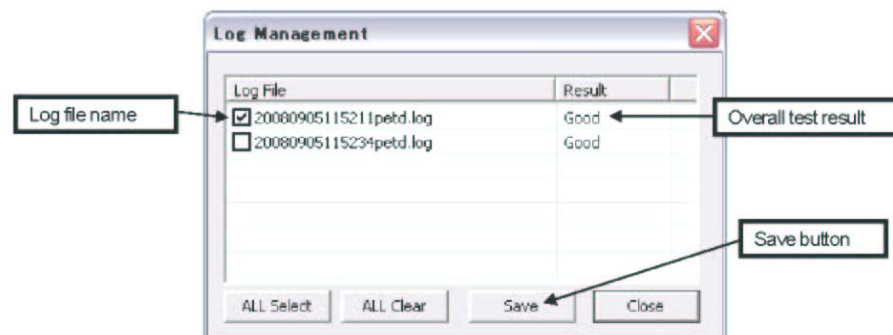


After confirming the result, click the [CLOSE] button to close the screen. After the display of the test result screen, the test result logs are saved to X drive.

*Note: WinPE is extracted on the RAM disk on drive X. Therefore, if the PC is shut down, the log files will be lost. It is recommended that necessary log files should be stored in an external media according to the procedure described in section 3-4-5.*

### 3.34.4.5 Test Log Management Screen

If you press the [LOG] button on the Diagnostics screen, the following log management screen opens. This function saves test log files to the specified storage.



#### 1) Display of log file

If you click on the log file name displayed on the screen, the content of the log file is displayed in the text format.

2) How to save log files

The following is the procedure to save log files to an external media

Test logs in the text format and HTML log files are saved to the external media.

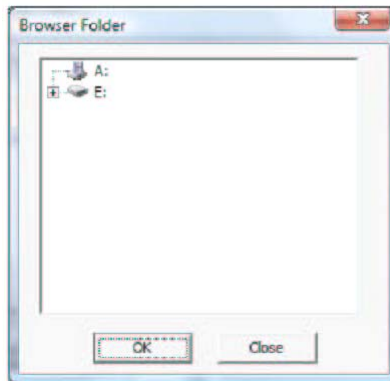
2-1) Click the check box of the log file to save.

If you click the [ALL Select] button, all the check boxes of the log files are checked.

Also, if you click the [ALL Clear] button, all the checkmarks in the check boxes are cleared.

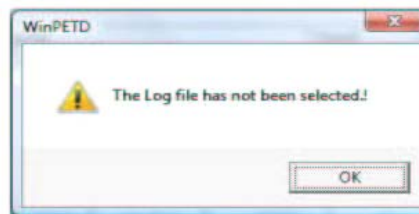
2-2) If you click the [Save] button, the destination selection screen is displayed. Select the destination and click the [OK] button.

*Note: The storages to be displayed as output destination is only USB memory and floppy drive.*



**Warning Message**

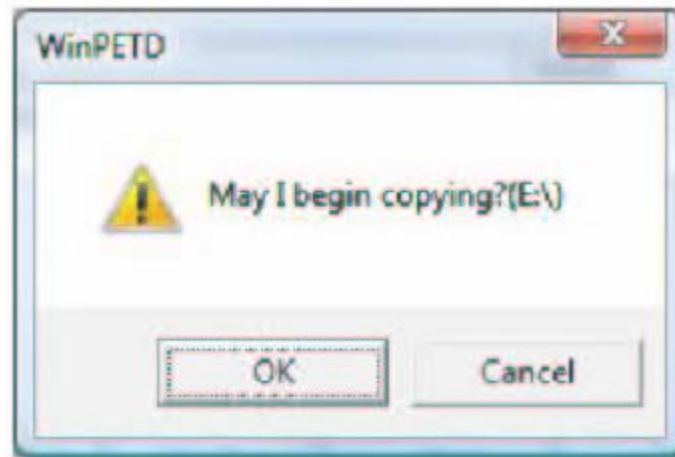
If no log file is selected, the following warning message appears on the screen,



If the [OK] button is clicked without selecting a destination, the following warning message appears on the screen.



2-3) If a destination confirmation message is displayed, click the [OK] button.



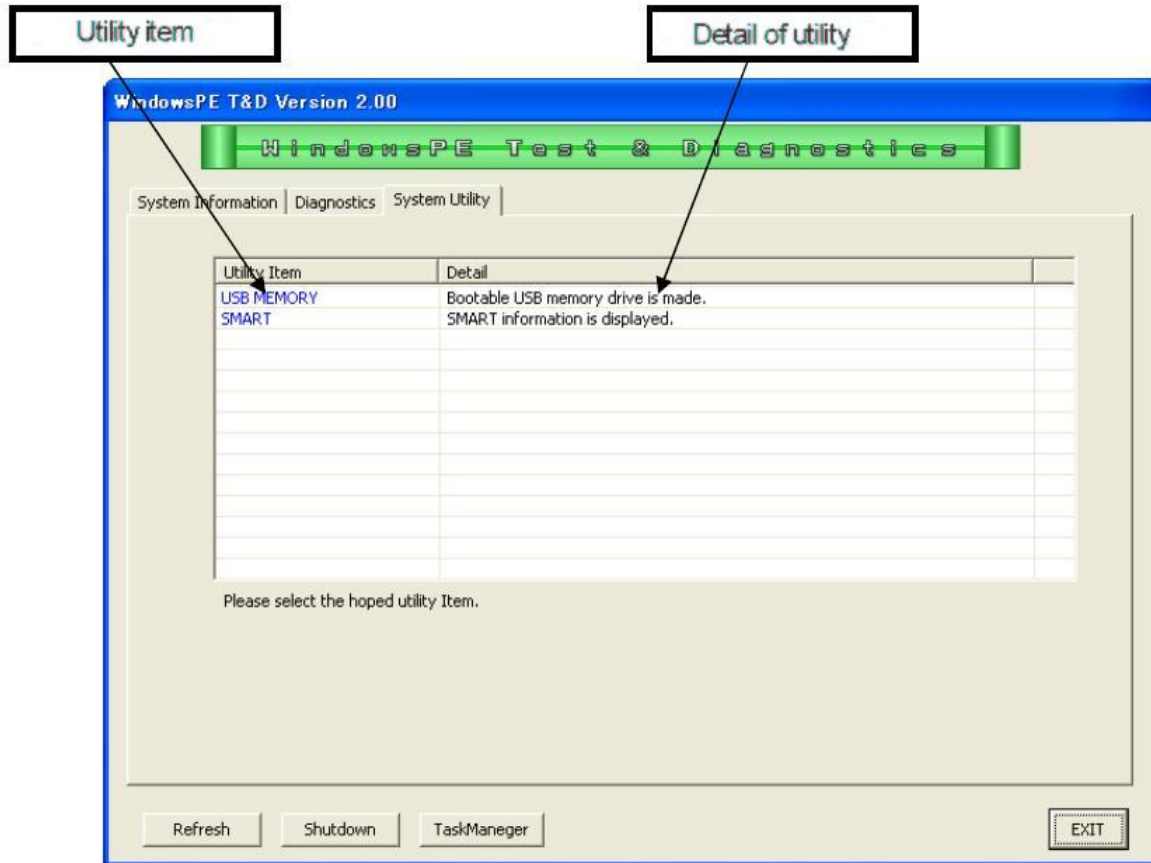
2-4) If the log file is successfully saved to the destination, the following confirmation screen is displayed and click the [OK] button.



2-5) After saving the log files, click the [Close] button to close the Management screen.

### 3.34.5 System Utility Menu

This section explains System Utility screen.



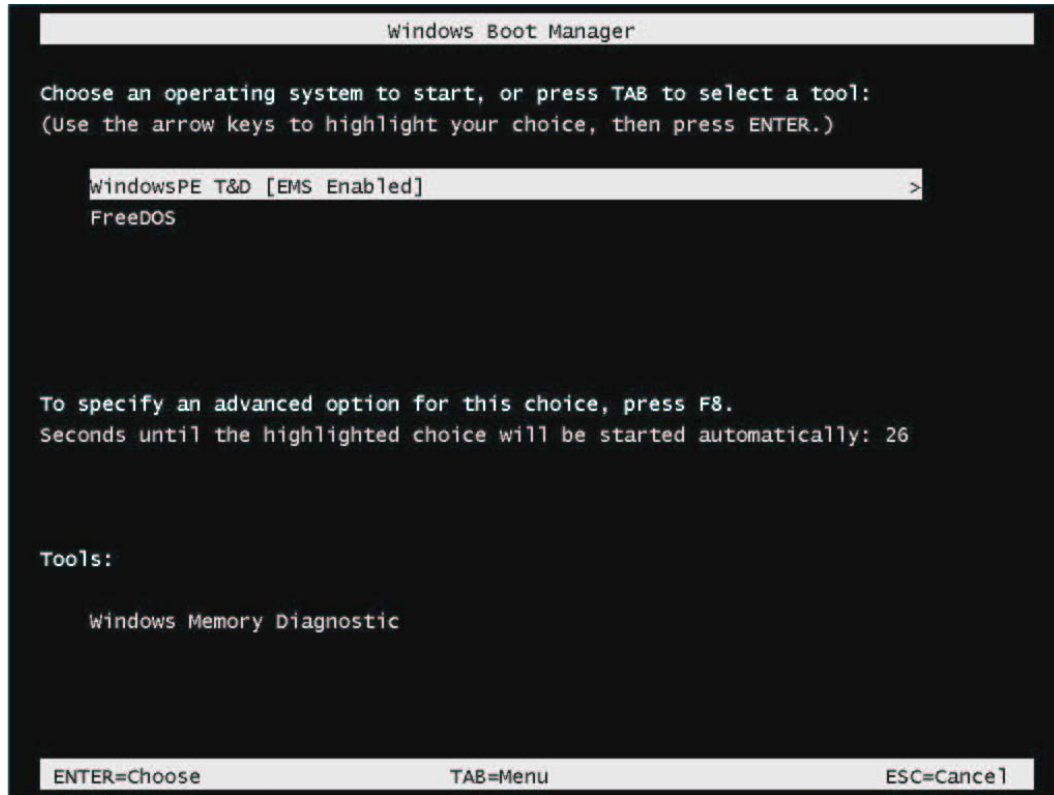
#### 3.34.5.1 Explanation of Each Item

- ▼ Utility Item ... A list of the utilities that this T&D supports
- ▼ Detail ... Explanation of each utility is described.

If you point to the utility which you wish to execute and click it, the utility starts. Utility item  
Detail of utility

### 3.34.5.2 USB Memory Creation Tool

If the system is booted using the USB memory created in 3-5-2, the following screen is displayed.



Press the arrow keys to operate on the multi-boot screen.  
Move the cursor to the desired item and press the Enter key.

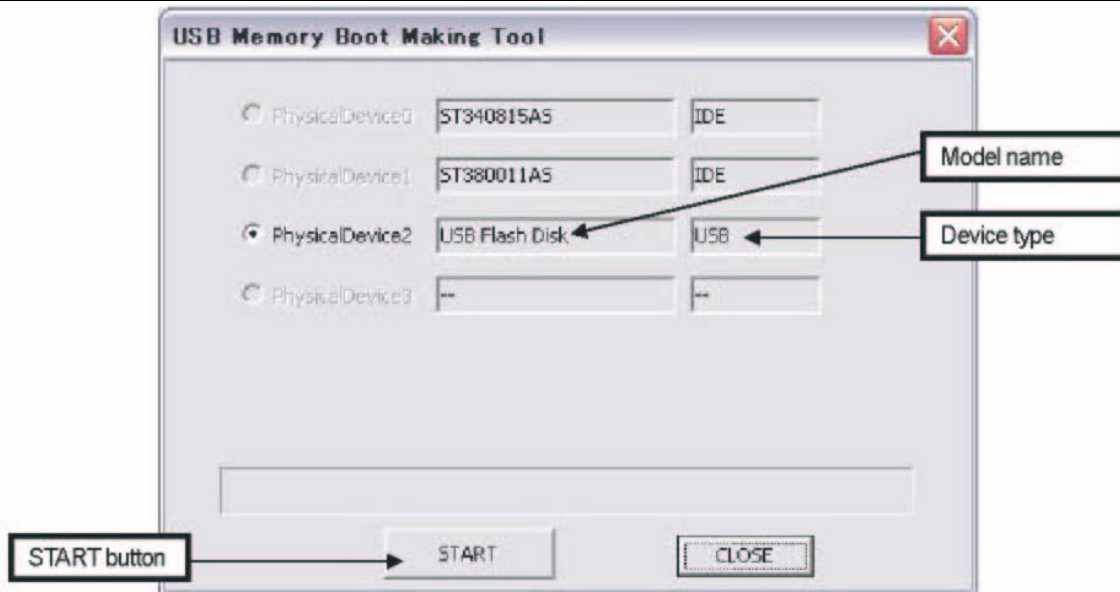
- [WindowsPE T&D]:** Starts up WindowsPE and then starts WinPE T&D.
- [FreeDOS]** : Displays the following screen if FreeDOS is selected.



Use the arrow keys to operate on the screen. Move the cursor to [FreeDOS for TD] and press the Enter key. If [reboot] is selected, the PC is rebooted.

This utility extracts the contents of TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic to the specified USB memory to provide the environment which allows you to start the test from the USB memory and conduct it. If the utility is executed, the following screen is displayed.

**Note:** If this tool is run, the content of the USB memory is cleared. Use the USB memory with 512MB or more.



### Operational Procedure

- 1) The device type checks the USB device.
- 2) Click the [START] button.
- 3) Creation of the USB memory for TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic is started.

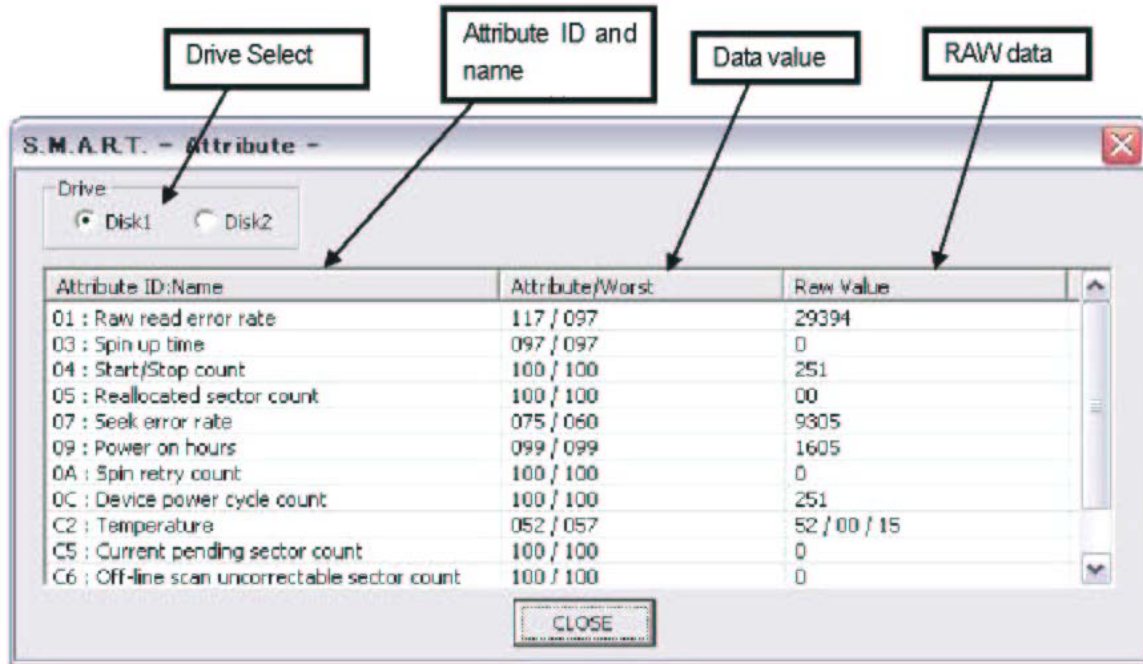
Error Message	Description
There is no WinPE folder.	The folder to be copied does not exist. Reading from the CD may have failed.
DISKPART failed.!	The DISKPART command failed. Check whether the USB memory is normal.
It failed in the copy!	The file copy failed. Check whether the USB memory is normal

### 3.34.5.3 Display of SMART Information

This utility lists the SMART information on the screen. Attribute and Worst values for each ID are also displayed.

Since some HDDs do not have ID, these information are not displayed in that case.

The following screen displays the SMART information of the first HDD.



When two HDDs are connected and the current checkbox is changed to Disk2, the SMART information of the second HDD is displayed.

- ▼ [Drive Select] ... Checkbox for selecting a HDD
- ▼ Attribute ID and Name ... Displays Attribute ID and the content of the Attribute IDs.
- ▼ Data value ... Displays Attribute value and Worst value.
- ▼ RAW data ... Displays raw data.

*Note: The SMART information is only for reference.*

Each ID and its details are listed in the following table.

<b>ID</b>	<b>Attribute Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
1h	Raw read error rate	Read error rate Rate of errors which occur when the HDD reads data.
2h	Throughput performance	Throuput performance
3h	Spin up time	Start-up time of spindle mortar Averate time from turning the power on to starting spinning
4h	Start/Stop count	Number of stops of the spindle morotr after the factory setting
5h	Reallocated sector count	Number of defective sectors for which alternative processing was performed.
7h	Seek error rate	Rate of seek errors
8h	Seek time Performance	Processing time of sequential seek and random seek
9h	Power on hours	Power-on hour after the factory setting
Ah	Spin retry count	Number of retires of spinning up within the prescribed rate
Ch	Device power cycle count	Number of power-on/power-off operations of HDD
C1h	Load/Unload cycle count	Number of head loads
C2h	Temperature	Past maximum temperature, past minimum temperature, current temperature
C4h	Reallocation event count	Number of alternative sector events
C5h	Current pending sector count	Number of currently defective sectors
C6h	Off-line scan uncorrectable sector count	Number of sectors that could not be corrected during Off-line scan



C7h	UltraDMA CRC error count	Number of CRC errors occurred during data transference in the UltraDMA mode
DFh	Load/Unload retry count	Number of reloads of more than a certain amount of times

### 3.34.6 Details of Each Test Function

#### 3.34.6.1 HDD Physical Test

##### 1) Test content

This test handles the HDDs to the PC as physical unit and conducts read test to the target HDD to check whether it works or not.

Up to first four HDDs connected to the PC can be the target of the test.

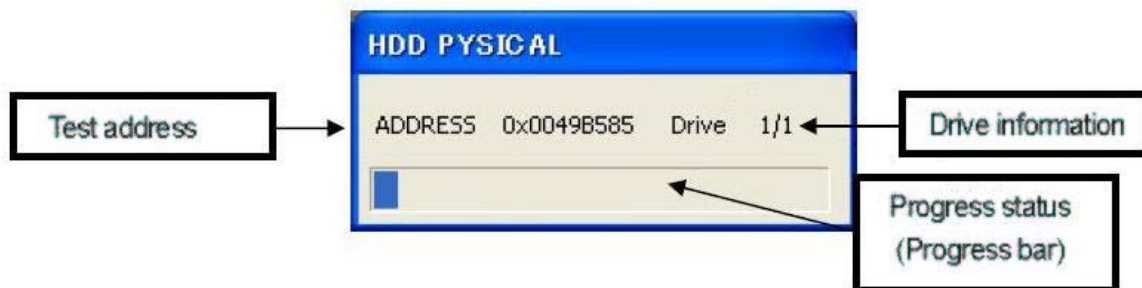
##### ■ Simple Mode

This test mode performs a read test to all the data indicated by 1000 addresses picked out between the first address and the last address.

##### ■ Detail Mode

This test mode performs a read test to all the data indicated by 5000 addresses picked out between the first address and the last address.

##### 2) Test screen



▼ Test address: Displays the address (LBA) of the test currently performed.

▼ Drive information: Displays the drive number of the test currently performed.

▼ Progress status: Displays the progress status of the test with the progress bar.

##### 3) Result judgment

This test regards as 1PASS when every read test of all of the HDDs connected to the PC is successful.

If an error occurs even in an HDD, the error count is incremented.

##### ■ In the case of PASS

The Pass Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

■ In the case of FAIL

The Error Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

The detail of the error is printed to the log of WinPE T&D. Move details are as shown below.

Message	Explanation	Remarks
Read Hdd Create File Error.Address=XX	Failed in opening of HDD driver. XX is LAB value.	The HDD driver may not be normal or installed.
Read Hdd Set File Pointer Error.Address=XX	Failed in the HDD file pointer setting command. XX is LAB value.	It indicates that a read error occurred with the specified value
Read Hdd Command Error.Address=XX	Failed in the HDD read command. XX is LAB value.	
Read Hdd Check Size Error Address=XX	The size read by the HDD read command does not correspond to the specified size. XX is LAB value.	

### 3.34.6.2 HDD Logical Test

#### 1) Test content

This test first verifies that the files which exist on the drive recognized as the built-in HDD are read normally.

During the verification operation, the status update is performed sequentially (display of file names in File Name) and when the verification reaches the last file, it is terminated.

#### ■ Simple Mode

This test mode performs the read test to the first 400 files on the drive.

#### ■ Detail Mode

This test mode performs the read test to first 2000 files on the drive.

#### 2) Test screen

▼ File Name: Displays the name of the file being verified with full path.



#### 3) Result judgment

Both of PASS and FAIL are not displayed anywhere on the HDDL screen.

The result is reflected to the log on the WinPE T&D screen.

#### ■ In the case of PASS

The result is displayed as (OK) in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

#### ■ In the case of FAIL

The result is displayed as (NG) in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

The file name of the file in which an error occurred is printed to the log of WinPE T&D. (The following example indicates the case where an error was found in file A .)

Name of file being verified

```
[HDDL]
ERROR0000=(2008/09/10, 12:00:00) C:¥file-A
```

### 3.34.6.3 Memory Test

#### 1) Test content

This test reserves free memory area in the main memory and performs Write, Read and Compare operation to the area to verify data validity. A test using burst transfer is also performed.

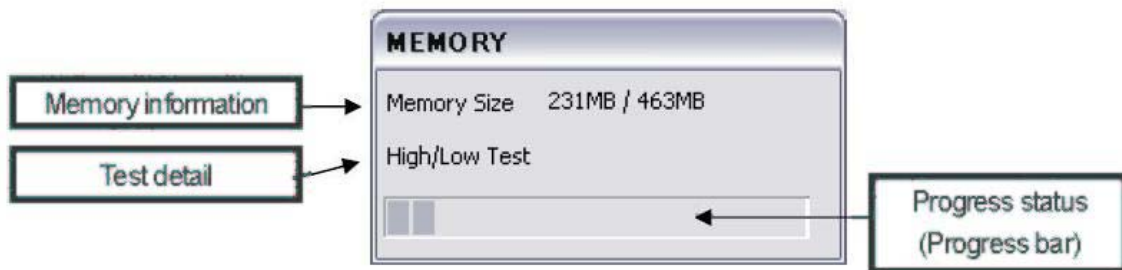
#### ■ Simple Mode

This test mode only executes Address Test and Stack High/Low test.

#### ■ Detail Mode

This test mode also executes Address Test and Stack High/Low test as well as Bust Transfer test.

#### 2) Test screen



- ▼ Memory information: Displays the memory capacity reserved for the test and the total free memory
- ▼ Test detail: Displays the detail of the test being executed in the order of Address Test, Stack Hight/Low Test and Burst Transfer Test.
- ▼ Progress status: Displays the progress status of the test with the progress bar.

3) Result judgment

■In the case of PASS

The PASS Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

■In the case of FAIL

The PASS Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

The detail of the error is printed to the log of WinPE T&D. More details are as shown below.

Message	Explanation	Remarks
Memory Compar Error ( Address Test)	An error occurred during Address Test.	
Memory Compar Error ( Stack High/Low Test )	An error occurred during Stack High/Low Test	
Memory Compar Error ( Burst Transfer Test )	An error occurred during Burst Transfer Test.	

### 3.34.6.4 USB Test

#### 1) Test content

This test accesses a file on the disk in the USB device (USB Flash Memory) to verify the file validity.

Create a file with the specified size in the USB device and delete the file after creating it.

#### ■ Simple Mode

This test mode creates a 4 MB file (Write), reads the file and compares it with the original file.

#### ■ Detail Mode

This test mode creates a 12 MB file (Write), reads the file and compares it with the original file.

In the case of the following drive configuration, this test is performed only to the F drive.

Name	Disk Type	Drive Type
3.5 –inch FD (A :)	3.5-inch floppy disk	FDD
Local disk (C :)	Local disk	HDD
DVD drive (D :)	CD drive	CD
Local disk (E :)	Local disk	HDD
Removal disk (F :)	Removal disk	USB
SD storage device (G :)	Removal disk	SD

#### 2) Test screen



- ▼ Test detail: The drive under test execution is displayed..
- ▼ Progress status: Displays the progress status of the test with the progress bar.

3) Result judgment

This test is regarded as 1PASS when every access to the files in all of the devices connected to the PC is successful.

If an error occurs even in a device, the error count is incremented.

■ In the case of PASS

The PASS Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

■ In the case of FAIL

The Error Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

The detail of the error is printed to the log of WinPE T&D. More details are as shown below.

Message	Explanation	Remarks
File Access Error.xx:	Failed in the file access. xx indicates drive name.	
Space size Error. Code (xx :)	There is no sufficient free space for thefile size. xx indicates drive name.	



### 3.34.6.5 ODD Test

#### 1) Test content

This test reads the test data in the CD inserted on the CD drive (External CD driver is also possible) to verify the data integrity. During the verification operation, update of the read address is performed (displayed on the right side of the Addressing Data) and when the verification reaches the end of the data, it is terminated.

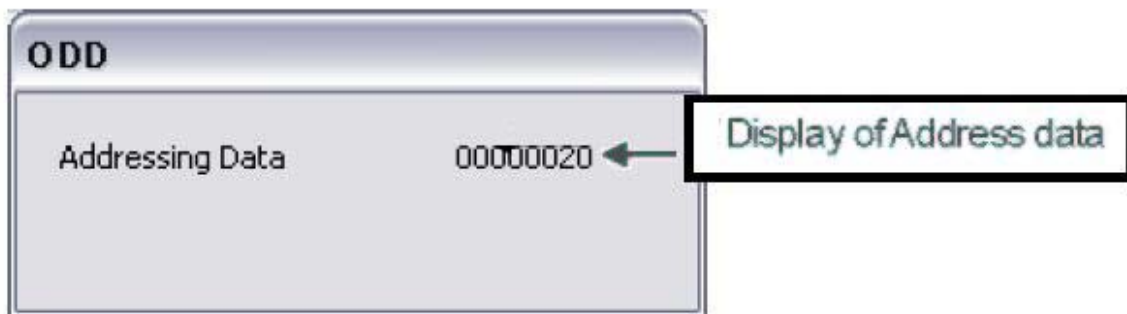
#### ■ Simple Mode

This test mode reads 64MB data and compares it with the original data.

#### Detail Mode

This test mode reads 192MB data and compares it with the original data.

#### 2) Test screen



#### ▼ Addressing Data display: Displays the memory address of the test data.

The test data is a collection of data blocks separated by 32K bytes and the display ranges from the data address (00000001) to the Simple test mode (000007FF) or the Detail test mode (000017FF) is the address of a data block

#### 3) Result judgment

Both of PASS and FAIL are not displayed anywhere on the ODD screen..  
The result is reflected to the log on the WinPE T&D screen.

■ In the case of PASS

The PASS Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

■ In the case of FAIL

The Error Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

The Addressing data of the data in which an error occurred is printed to the log of WinPE T&D. (When an error occurs at 000007FF )

**[ODD]**

**ERROR0000=(2008/09/10, 12:00:00)000007FF**

### 3.34.6.6 WIRED LAN Test

#### 1) Test content

This test checks that normal communication can be performed with the built-in LAN card. To execute the test, it is necessary that Mac address for the LAN card should have been set and IP address should have been given to the machine.

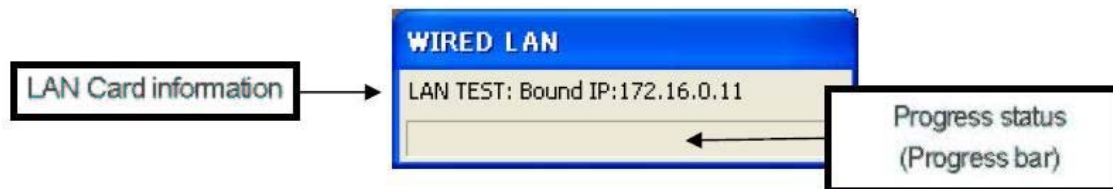
#### ■ Simple Mode

transmit 32 packet sizes data via the LAN line and confirm that a response can be received normally.

#### ■ Detail Mode

transmit 198 packet sizes data via the LAN line and confirm that a response can be received normally.

#### 2) Test Screen



- ▼ LAN Card information: Displays the name of LAN card, MAC address and IP address.
- ▼ Progress status: Displays the progress status of the test with the progress bar.

#### 3) Result Decision

#### ■ In the case of PASS

The PASS Count display on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

■ In the case of FAIL

The Error Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

The detail of the error is printed to the log of WinPE T&D. More details are as shown below.

Message	Explanation	Remarks
An IP address does not understand one.	IP address cannot be obtained.	This error occurs when IP is not assigned or the test is conducted with a LAN card.
WSAStartup failed: xx	In-use API error xx indicates error code.	This is a message caused by an error of Windows Socket API used in the test.
failed to set recv timeout: xx	In-use API error xx indicates error code.	
failed to set send timeout: xx	In-use API error xx indicates error code.	
Invalid in-address: xx	In-use API error xx indicates IP address	
send to failed: xx	In-use API error xx indicates error code.	
Wrote xx bytes	Communication data size unmatched xx indicates reception size	
recvfrom failed: xx	In-use API error xx indicates error code.	
timed out.	Time out occurred.	

### 3.34.6.7 CPU Test

#### 1) Test content

This test performs arithmetic operation test to the CPU to verify the CPU operation. The test processes ALU and FPU operations and allows you to check that the results are correct.

#### ■ Simple Mode / Detail Mode

Conduct the same test in both Simple mode and Detail mode.

The test content is to process the ALU and FPU operations and check that the results are correct.

#### 2) Test screen



- ▼ Test detail: The test details under execution are displayed. It displays in order of ALU TEST and FPU TEST.
- ▼ Progress status: Displays the progress status of the test with the progress bar.

#### 3) Result judgment

Check whether the calculation result is the same as expected one.

#### ■ In the case of PASS

The PASS Count display on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

#### ■ In the case of FAIL

The Error Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

The detail of the error is printed to the log of WinPE T&D. More details are as shown below.

Message	Explanation	Remarks
The ALU test made an error.	An error occurred during processing of ALU.	
The FPU test made an error.	An error occurred during processing of FPU.	

### 3.34.6.8 VIDEO Test

#### 1) Test content

This test displays red, green, blue, white and black colors, circles, line gradation, ASCII characters and H pattern full screen.

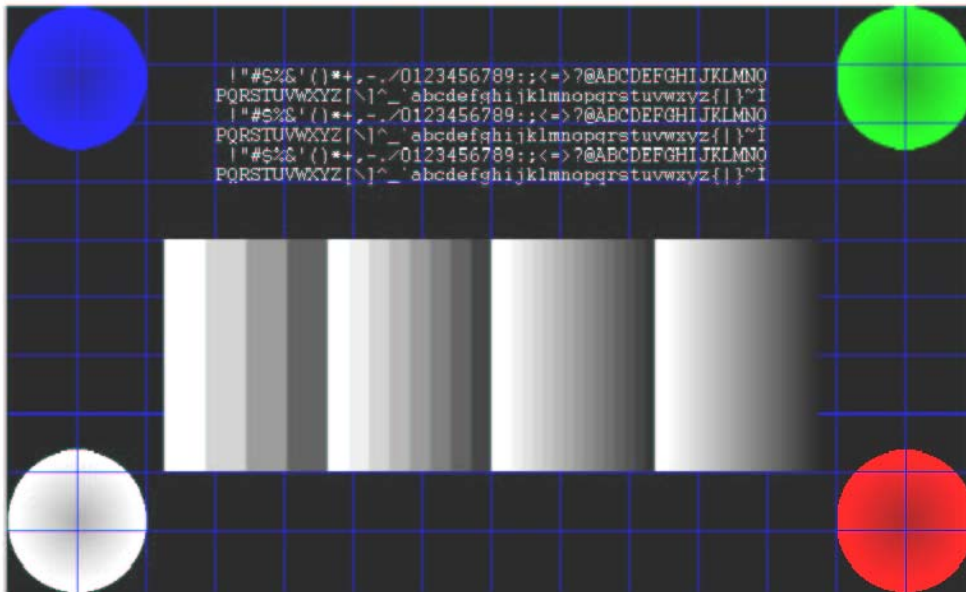
##### ■ Simple Mode

This test mode displays red, green, blue, white and black colors, circles, line gradation, ASCII characters and H pattern full screen.

##### ■ Detail Mode

This test mode performs display of test items in the Simple mode as well as random drawing of circles, squares and lines.

#### 2) Test screen



Example of a test screen

#### 3) Result judgment

The operator judges PASS or FAIL by visual check. However, unless program error occurs, OK is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

##### ■ In the case of PASS

The PASS Count display on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

##### ■ In the case of FAIL

This test only performs gradation display by visual check and does not execute error judgment.

### 3.34.6.9 FDD Test

#### 1) Test content

This test accesses a file on a floppy disk and verifies that the access can be made correctly. Create a file with the specified size on a floppy disk and delete the file after creating it. Perform the test after inserting a floppy disk to the drive.

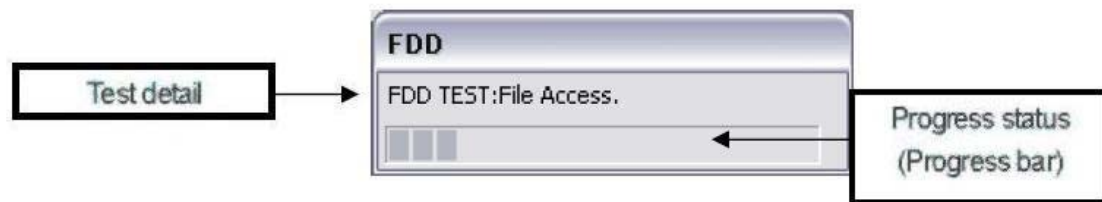
#### ■ Simple Mode

This test mode creates a 128 KB file (Write), reads the file and compares it with the original file.

#### ■ Detail Mode

This test mode creates a 384 KB file (Write), reads the file and compares it with the original file.

#### 2) Test screen



▼ Test detail: The drive under test execution is displayed..

▼ Progress status: Displays the progress status of the test with the progress bar.

#### 3) Result judgment

#### ■ In the case of PASS

The PASS Count display on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen

#### ■ In the case of FAIL

The Error Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

The detail of the error is printed to the log of WinPE T&D. More details are as shown below.



<b>Message</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	<b>Remarks</b>
Space Size Error. Code(xx)	There is no sufficient free space for the file with the specified size. xx indicates error code.	This message also appears when no floppy disk is in the floppy disk drive.
Open File Error. Code(xx)	Failed in opening the file. zx indicates file code.	
Write File Error. Code(xx).	Failed in writing to the file. zx indicates file code	

*Note: The test causes error if the floppy disk is write-protected. Make sure that the floppy disk is not write-protected.*

### 3.34.6.10 IEEE1394 Test

#### 1) Test content

This test accesses a file in the IEEE1394 device and verifies that the access can be made correctly.

Create a file with the specified size in the IEEE1394 device and delete the file after creating it

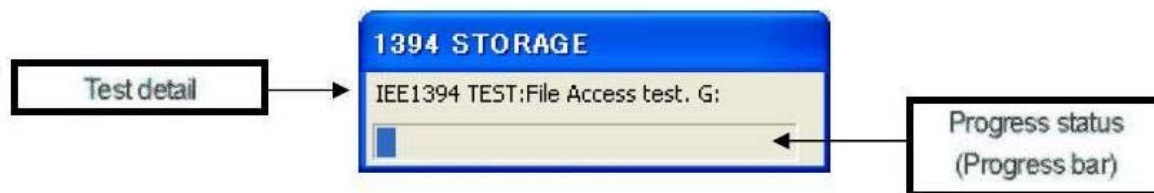
#### ■ Simple Mode

This test mode creates a 4 MB file (Write), reads the file and compares it with the original file.

#### ■ Detail Mode

This test mode creates a 12 MB file (Write), reads the file and compares it with the original file.

#### 2) Test screen



▼ Test detail: The drive under test execution is displayed..

▼ Progress status: Displays the progress status of the test with the progress bar.

#### 3) Result judgment

This test is regarded as 1PASS when every access to the files in all of the devices connected to the PC is successful.

If an error occurs even in a device, the error count is incremented.

#### ■ In the case of PASS

The PASS Count display on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

#### ■ In the case of FAIL

The Error Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on

the WinPE T&D screen.

The detail of the error is printed to the log of WinPE T&D. More details are as shown below.

Message	Explanation	Remarks
File Access Error.xx:	Failed the file access xx indicates drive name.	
Space size Error.Code(xx:)	There is no sufficient free space for the file with the specified size. xx indicates drive name.	

### 3.34.6.11 TIMER Test

1) Test content

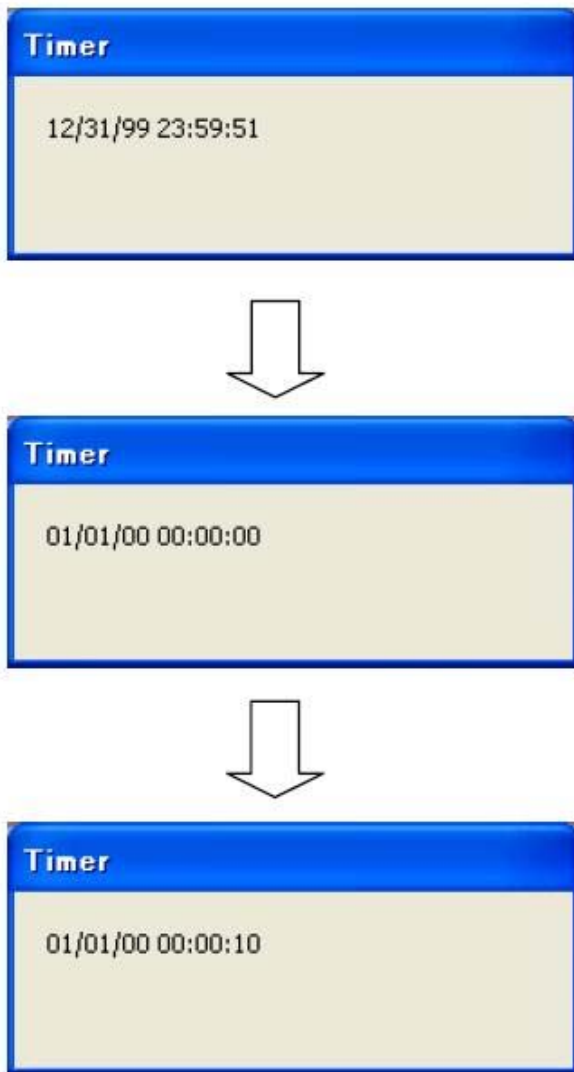
Execute the test after adjusting the internal time and verify the accuracy of the timer after it passes the year 2000.

■ Simple Mode / Detail Mode

Simple Mode tests at intervals of order 5 seconds. Detail Mode tests at intervals of order 10 seconds.

The test content is to verify that there is no difference between the calculated estimated time and really taken time.

2) Test screen



A clock will be set 10 seconds ago in 2000, and inspection will be started.

The time is displayed every one second on the screen.

All the displays are updated at once as the time reaches the year 2000.

Moreover, 10 seconds later, the validity of the setting is checked Internally and the result is judged.

3) Result judgment

Both of PASS and FAIL are not displayed anywhere on the TIMER screen.  
The result is reflected to the log on the WinPE T&D screen.

■ In the case of PASS

The PASS Count display on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

■ In the case of FAIL

The Error Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

The information of the time at which an error occurred is printed to the log of WinPE T&D. More details are as shown below.

(The following example indicates that a time difference of 2 seconds has occurred in the timer setting.)

**[TIMER]**

**ERROR0000=(2008/09/10, 13:11:20) (TIME-1)00:00:05 (TIME-2)00:00:07**

### 3.34.6.12 KEYBOARD Test

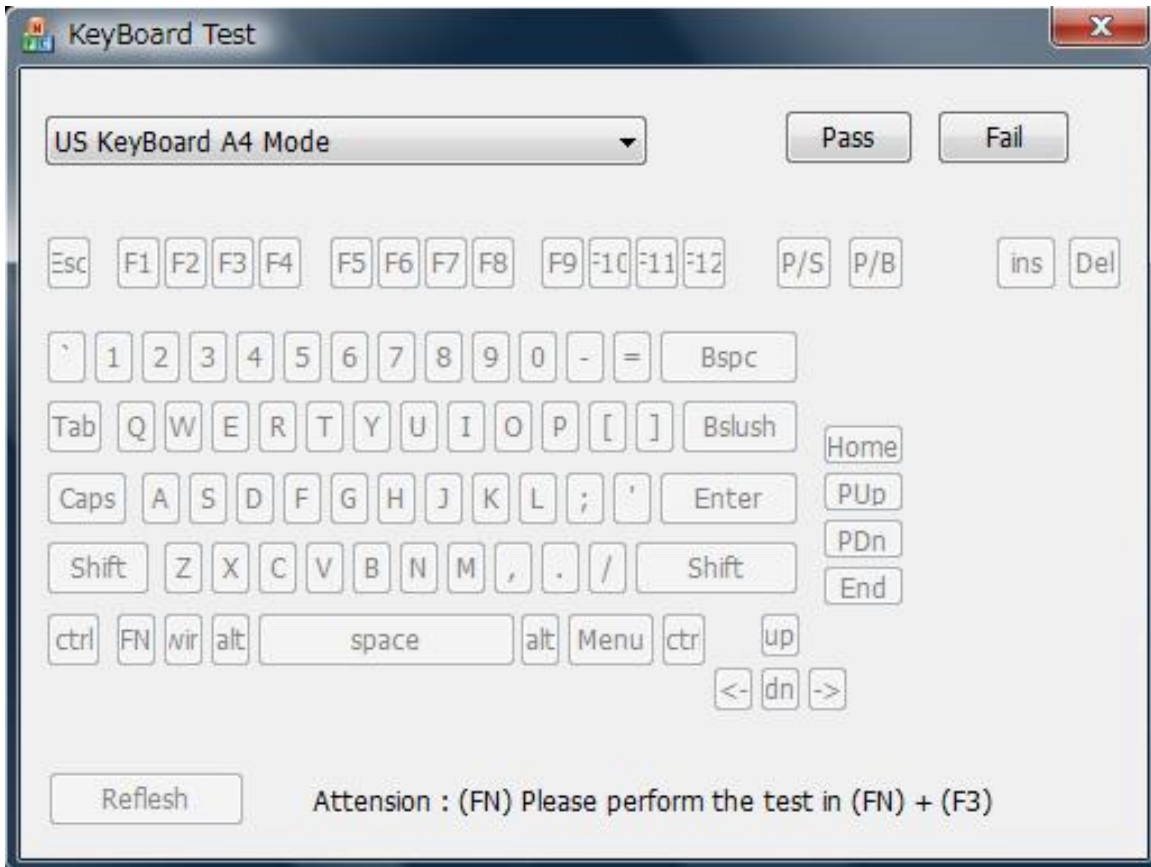
1) Test content

The keyboard of PC is a test which judges whether it operates normally.

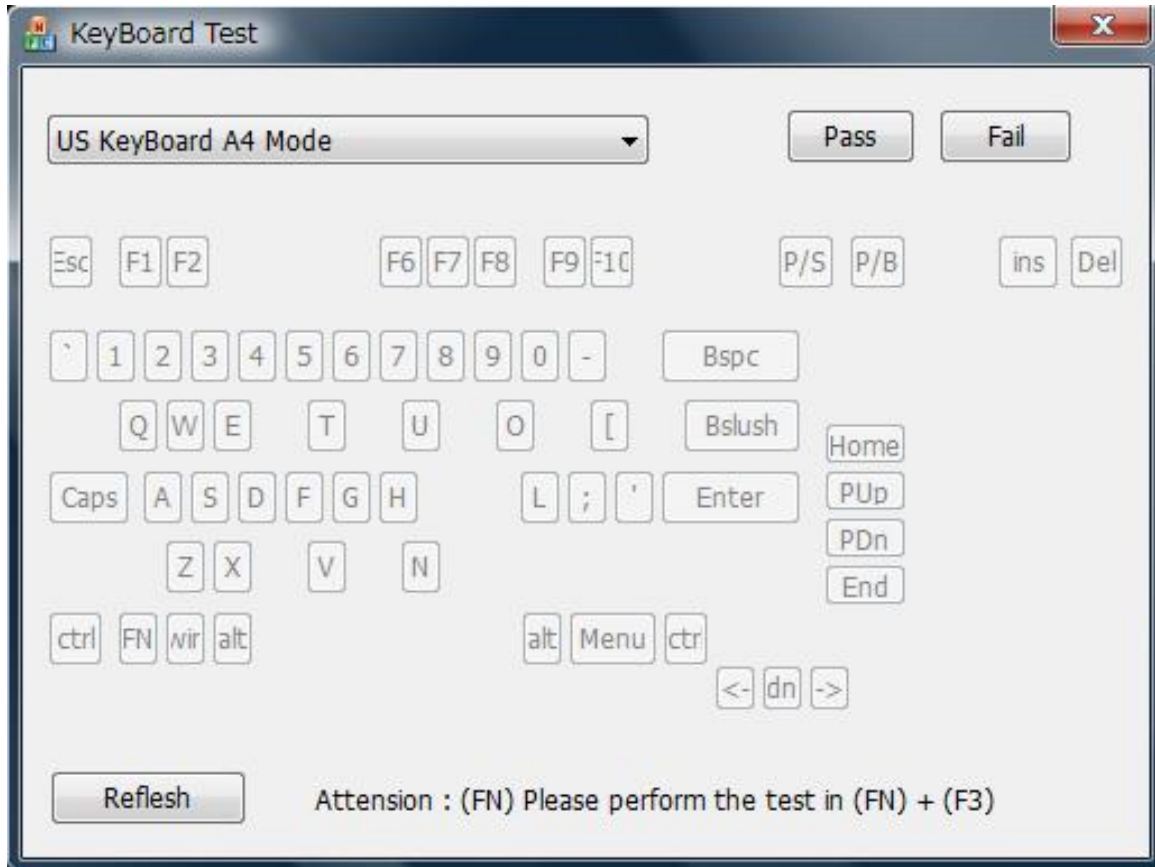
■ Simple Mode / Detail Mode

The same operation is carried out whichever it chooses.

2) Test screen

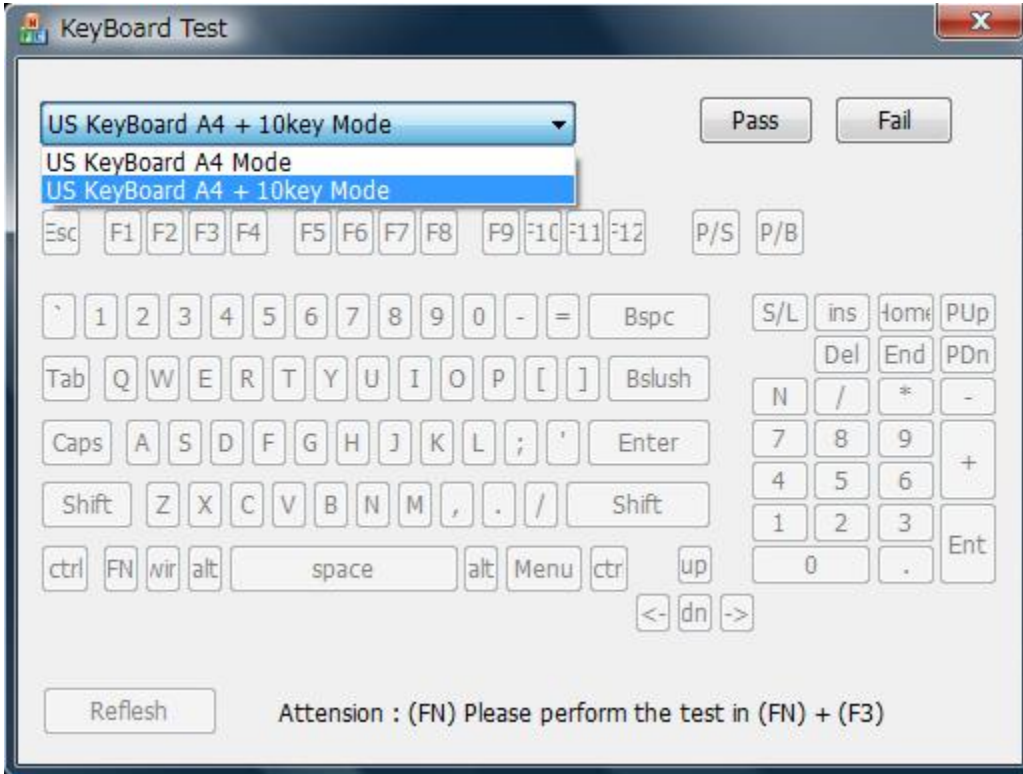


The arrangement of a keyboard is displayed on the display of PC.



- 1) If the press of a key is recognized correctly, the object key on a display will be eliminated.
- 2) When redoing a keyboard test, the "Refresh" button arranged at the screen lower left is pressed. Next, it returns to the state immediately after starting.

*Note: The check of the "FN" key should press "FN" and "F3" simultaneously. It does not react, even if it presses only the "FN" key.*



The keyboard which can be tested is two kinds, "US Keyboard A4 Mode" and "US Keyboard A4 Mode+10Key Mode."

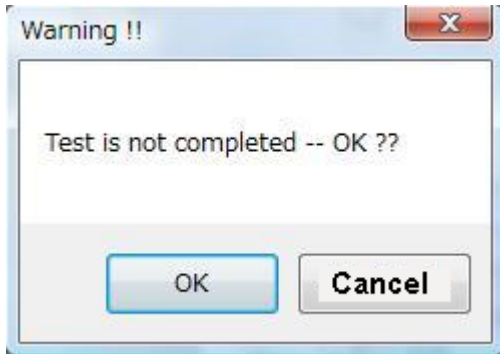
When you test a keyboard with a ten key, choose "US Keyboard A4 Mode+10Key Mode" by the combo box of the keyboard layout upper left stage.



### 3) Result judgment

It is normal, if a keyboard test is done and all the keyboard layouts are eliminated. Press the "Pass" button with the judgment button at the upper right of a keyboard layout. Press the "Fail" button, when abnormal.

In addition, a warning message will be displayed, if the "Pass" key is pressed before all the keys are pressed. The thing in which the operator made the mistake is told.



**OK:** Although the keyboard test is not ended, it is considered as success.

**Cancel:** It returns to a keyboard test screen.

If all the keys are eliminated, it becomes impossible in addition, to choose the "Fail" button.

■ In the case of PASS

The PASS Count display on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

■ In the case of FAIL

The Error Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

### 3.34.6.13 Mouse Test

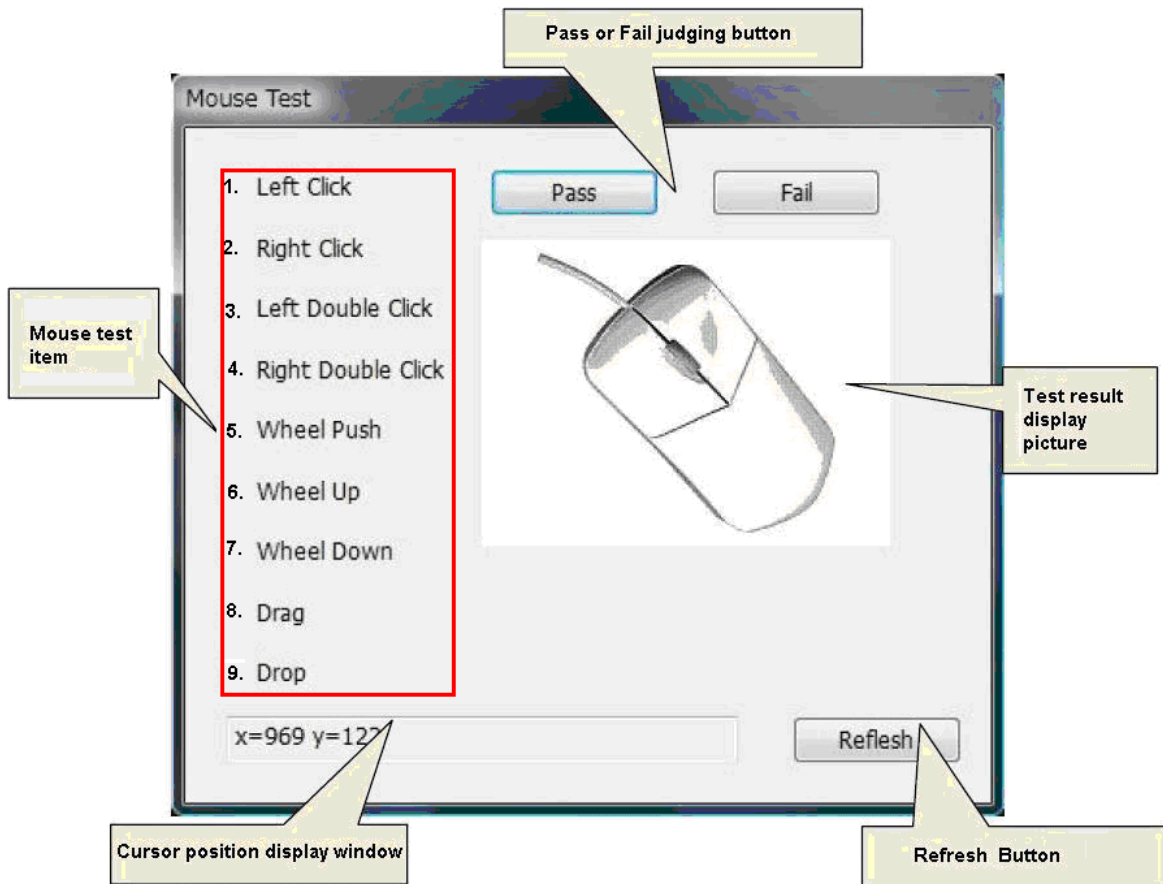
1) Test content

The Mouse of PC is a test which judges whether it operates normally.

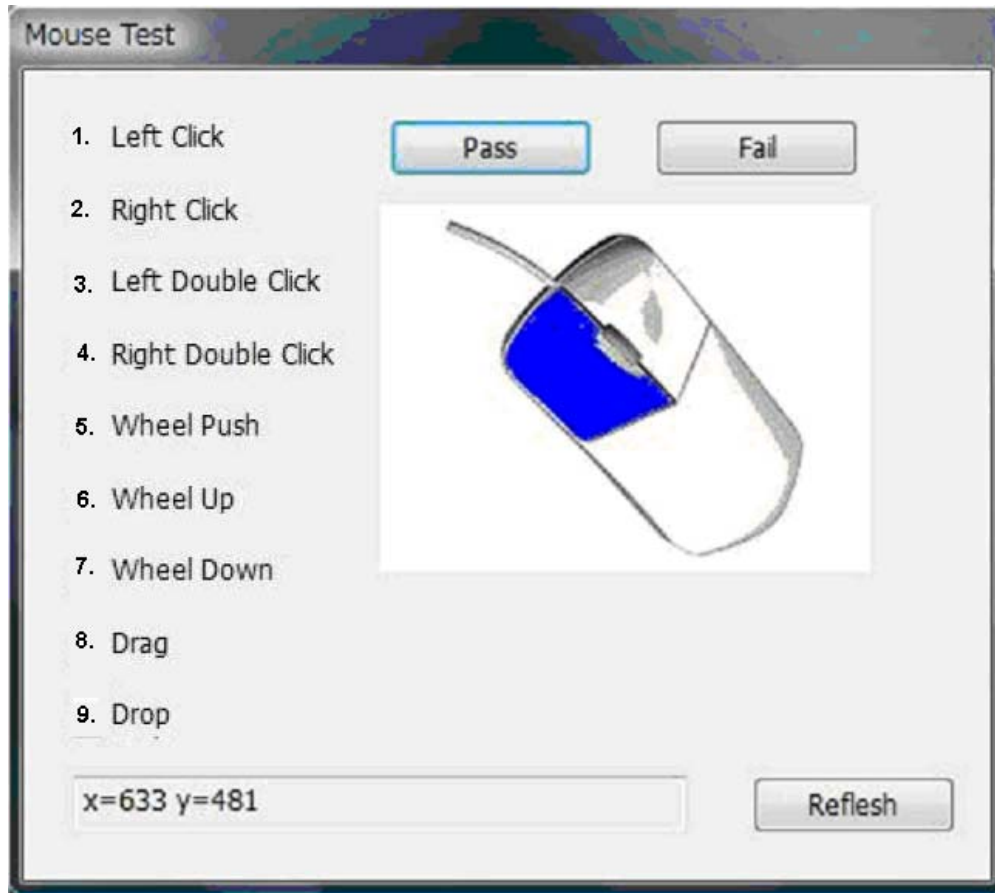
■ Simple Mode / Detail Mode

The same operation is carried out whichever it chooses.

2) Test screen



If a mouse test start is carried out, the above-mentioned screen will be displayed.

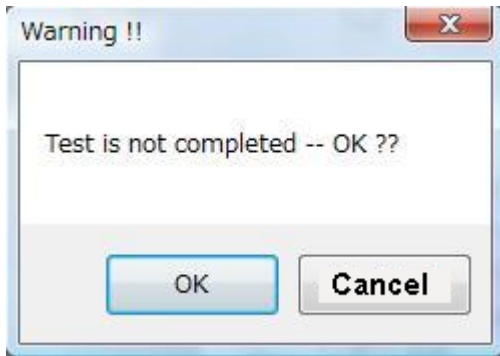


- 1) There is a test item to 1-9 of a mouse test screen. If applicable mouse operation is performed, a test item will disappear. Moreover, it is simultaneously displayed on the corresponding section of a right-hand side mouse illustration by coloring.
- 2) Press the "Refresh" button at the lower left of a screen to redo a mouse test. It returns to the initial screen of a test.
- 3) The cursor position is expressed in the lower part of a screen as X coordinates and Y coordinates.
- 4) Test items other than the cursor position become effective only on this screen.

### 3) Result judgment

When all the test items of a mouse test disappear and it is normal, Please push the "Pass" button of a mouse test screen. Press the "Fail" button, when abnormal.

A warning message is displayed, when the "Pass" button is pressed before the mouse test items 1-9 were all completed. The thing in which the operator made the mistake is told.



**OK:** Although the keyboard test is not ended, it is considered as success.

**Cancel:** It returns to a keyboard test screen.

When the item to the mouse tests 1-9 is eliminated, it becomes impossible moreover, to choose the "Fail" button.

■ In the case of PASS

The PASS Count display on the test screen is zoomed in and (OK) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

■ In the case of FAIL

The Error Count on the test screen is zoomed in and (NG) is displayed in the Result field on the WinPE T&D screen.

### 3.35 DOS T&D

#### 3.35.1 Configuration of Test Equipment

The configuration of test equipment required for executing FreeDOS T&D is as follows:

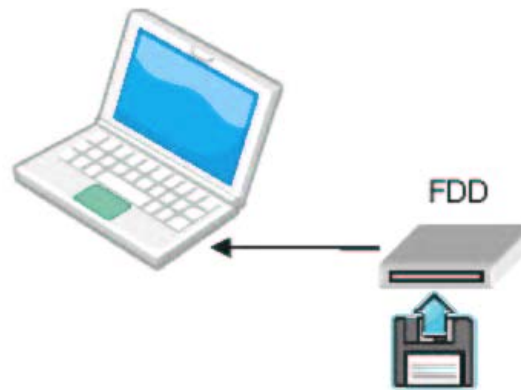
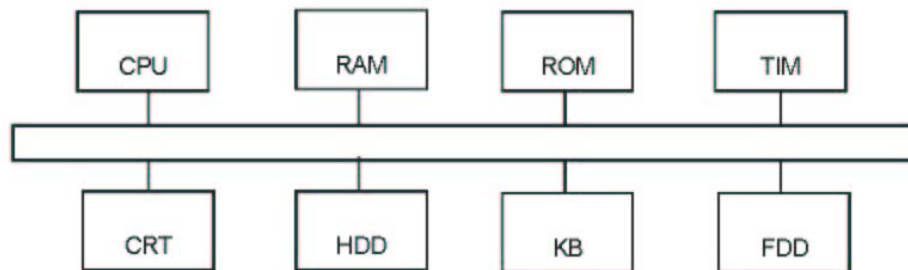


Figure: Test Environment Image

*Note: Start the machine after connecting the FDD. If the FDD is connected to the machine after FreeDOS T&D started, it does not recognize the FDD.*

#### 3.35.1.1 Test device configuration



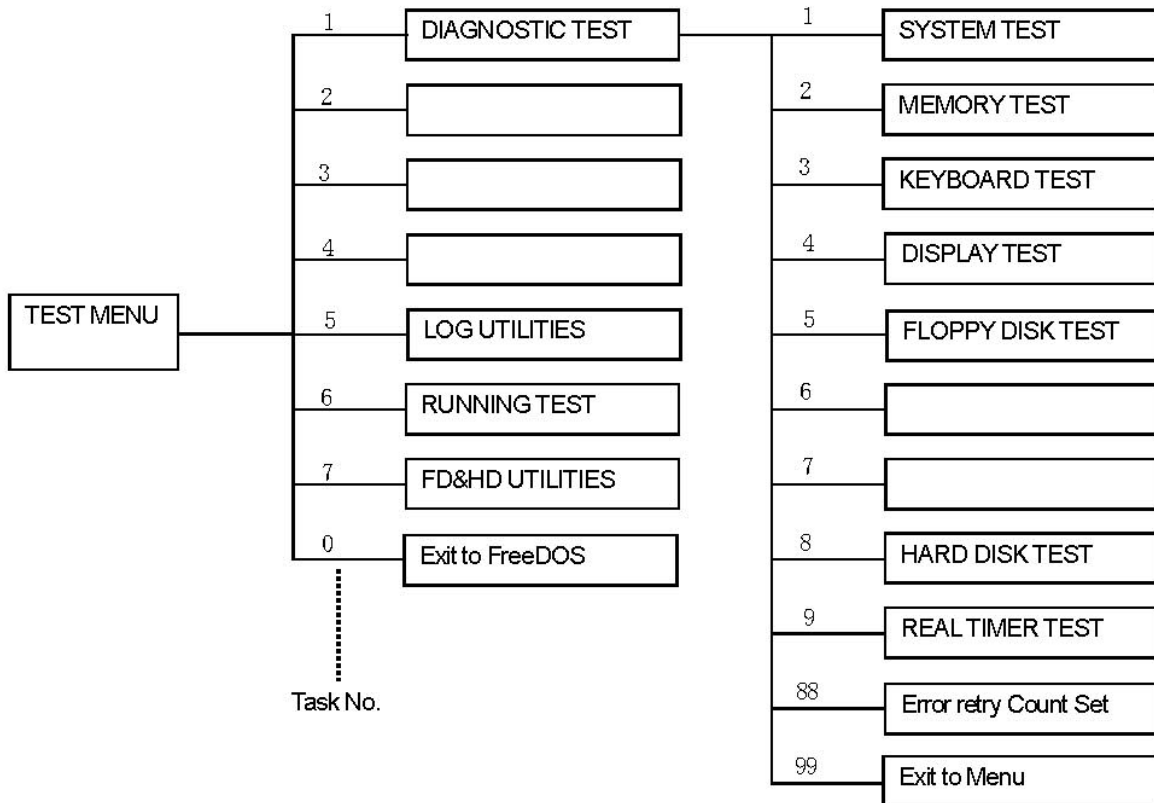
Devices to be tested and Test devices (Abbreviated names)

- CPU : Central Processing Unit
- RAM : Random access memory
- ROM : Read only memory
- TIM : Real Timer、 Backup memory(128bytes)
- CRT : Display unit

HDD : Hard disk drive  
 KB : Keyboard  
 FDD : Floppy disk drive

### 3.35.1.2 Test program configuration

This test program is configured as below:



### 3.35.1.3 Test program list

The following table lists test items included in each test.

Test name	Test No.	Sub No.	Test item
SYSTEM	1	01	DMI read
MEMORY	2	01 02 03 04	Conventional memory Protected mode Cache memory(on/off) Stress test
KEYBOARD	3	01	Pressed key code display
DISPLAY	4	01 02 03 04 05	VRAM read/write for VGA Gradation for VGA Gradation for LCD Gradation & Mode test for VGA All dot on / off for LCD
FDD	5	01 02 03 04 05	Sequential read Sequential read/write Random address/data Write specified address Read specified address
---	6	---	---
---	7	---	---
HDD	8	01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09	Sequential read Address uniqueness Random address/data Cross talk & peak shift Partial Read Write specified address Read specified address Sequential write W-R-C specified address
REAL TIMER	9	01 02 03	Real time Backup memory Real time carry

### 3.35.2 How to start T&D

#### 3.35.2.1 Diagnostics main menu

Set the TOSHIBA Test & Diagnostic CD to the ODD drive and turn the power of the system on.

If you select FreedOS on the BOOT selection screen then the test program is loaded and the following test selection screen is displayed. (Refer to section 4.2.2 for details.)

```
TOSHIBA Personal Computer XXXXXX DIAGNOSTICS
Version 1.00 (C) Copyright TOSHIBA Corp. XXXX

DIAGNOSTICS MENU :

1 - DIAGNOSTIC TEST
2 -
3 -
4 -
5 - LOG UTILITIES
6 - RUNNING TEST
7 - FD&HD UTILITIES
0 - Exit to FreeDOS

                                     ↑ ↓ → ← : Select items
                                     Enter : Specify
                                     Esc  : Exit
```

Use the Up or Down cursor key to select your desired item and press the [Enter] key. If you select [1] on the above screen, the test menu for selecting each test is displayed. In addition, items

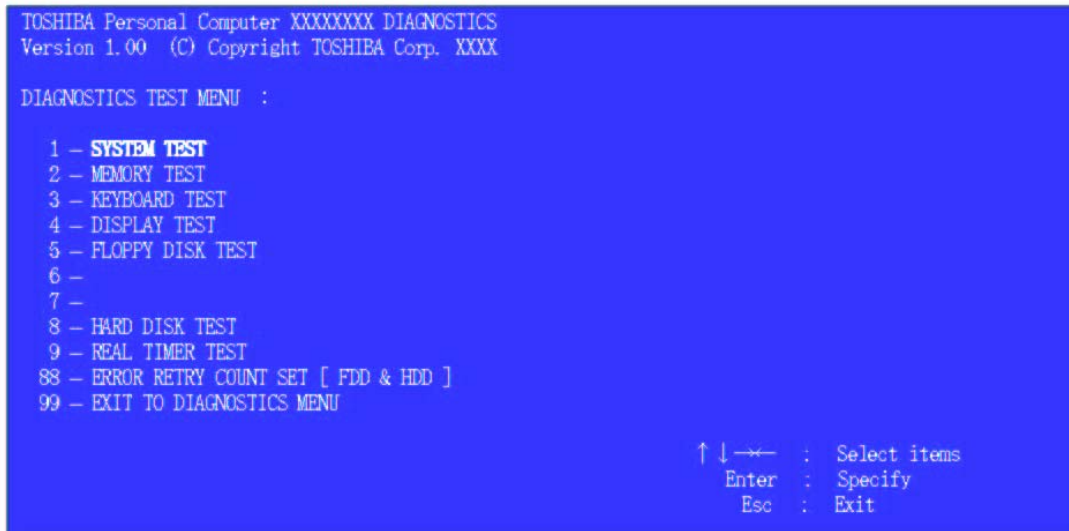
[5] - [7] indicate the tasks to be supported by this T&D.

**Note:** Pressing the [Esc] key or selecting [0] on the screen terminates this test program and the FreeDOS command prompt appears.



### 3.35.2.2 Diagnostics test menu

If you select [1] in the main menu, the following test screen is displayed.



Use the Up or Down cursor key to select your desired test item and press the [Enter] key.

[1] - [9]: Select the subtest menu described in section 4-2-3.

[88 ] : Specifies the number of error retries. {0 - 255}

[99]: Redisplays the main menu screen in section 4-2-1 (Pressing [Esc] is also considered valid.)

If either test item of [5 - FLOPPY DISK TEST] or [8 - HARD DISK TEST] is executed from the test menu, the following requirements have to be set.

#### 1) FLLPPY DISK TEST

The following message will appear



Select the media mode and start track to be tested, then press Enter.

## 2) HARD DISK TEST

The following message will appear.

```
Test drive number select (1:HD#1, 2:HD#2, 3:HD#3, 4:HD#4, 0:HDD1-4)
```

Select the Hard Disk DRIVE to be tested, then press Enter.

- [ 1 ] : Drive 1
- [ 2 ] : Drive 2
- [ 3 ] : Drive 3
- [ 4 ] : Drive 4
- [ 0 ] : Drives 1 to 4

```
Data compare error dump (1:no, 2:yes) ?
```

This message is used to select the error dump operation when a data compare error is detected. Select 1 or 2.

[1]: The dumped data is not displayed on the screen even if a data compare error occurs.(Only pressing the [Enter] key is also considered valid.)

[2]: The dumped data is displayed on the screen when a data compare error occurs.

```
Detail status display (1:no, 2:yes) ?
```

This message is used to select whether or not the HDD status is displayed on the screen. The HDC status is described in section 3.20. Select 1 or 2.

[1]: The detail status is not displayed. (Only pressing the [Enter] key is also considered valid.)

[2]: The detail status is displayed.

### 3.35.2.3 Sub test menu

If you select any test item from “DIAGNOSTICS TEST MENU”, the following sub menu is displayed.

```
TEST NAME                XXXXXXXX
SUB TEST      : XX
PASS COUNT   : XXXXX  ERROR COUNT : XXXXX
WRITE DATA  : XX    READ DATA   : XX
ADDRESS     : XXXXX  STATUS      : XXX
                Error status name

SUB-TEST MENU :

XX - XXXXXXXXXXXXX
  |
  |
  |
99 - EXIT TO DIAGNOSTICS TEST MENU

                                ↑ ↓ → ← : Select items
                                Enter  : Specify
                                Esc    : Exit
```

Use the Up or Down cursor key to select your desired item and press the [Enter] key. When you select any subtest item, you are taken to the test mode described in the detail of each test function in section 4-6. Pressing the [Esc] key or selecting [99] returns to the test selection screen described in section 3-31-4-2-2T

### 3.35.3 Test Operating Procedure

If you select any test item from the subtest menu and execute it, you are required to set the test mode.

Set the test mode according to the following procedure. Use the Up and Down cursor keys to select an option for TEST LOOP and ERROR SOPT.

Specify the following as the test program execution mode for when the test finishes or an error occurs

#### 1) TEST LOOP

Move the cursor under Yes/No with the Right and Left keys to select either of Yes/No and press [Enter].

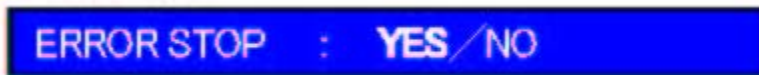
Pressing the [Esc] key returns to the subtest selection screen described in section 4.2.3.



[YES]: When the current test cycle is finished, the pass counter is incremented by 1 and the next test cycle stops.

[NO]: When the current test cycle is finished, the test is terminated and the subtest selection screen is redisplayed.

#### 2) ERROR STOP



[YES]: When an error occurs, the error status is displayed and the execution stops. (The error status name is displayed in the 8th column.)  
At this time, the following operation guide is displayed on the right side of the screen.

[NO]: When an error occurs, the error status is displayed. The error counter is incremented by 1 and you are taken to the next test step.

**[ [ HALT OPERATION ] ]**

**1 : Test end ...The test ended. Select a subtest.**

**2 : Continue ...The next step will be executed.**

**3 : Retry ...The error step will be retried.**

3) Discontinuing a test

If you press the [Ctrl] + [Alt] + [Break] keys during a test, the test is discontinued and the screen returns to the subtest menu described in section 3-31-4.2.3.

### 3.35.4 Error Code Status

If an error occurs during any test, one of the following error codes is displayed.

Device Name	Code	Status
Common	FF	DATA COMPARE ERROR
SYSTEM	01 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10	ROM - CHECKSUM ERROR ROM - SERIAL ID WRITE ERROR ROM - NOT SUPPORTED PS-SYSTEM ROM - SENSING ERROR(AC-ADAPT) ROM - SENSING ERROR(1st Batt) ROM - SENSING ERROR(2nd Batt) ROM - THORMISTOR ERROR(1) ROM - THORMISTOR ERROR(2) ROM - THORMISTOR ERROR(3)
MEMORY	01 02 DD	RAM - PARITY ERROR RAM - PROTECTED MODE NO CHANGE' RAM - CACHE MEMORY ERROR
KEYBOARD	FE FD F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA EF ED	USB - GET DESCR.ERROR (FIRST) USB - SET ADDRESS ERROR HUB - GET DESCR.ERROR(Top 8B) HUB - GET DESCR.ERROR (Whole) HUB - SET CONFIGURATION ERROR HUB - GET DESCR.ERROR(DESCR.) HUB - SET FEATURE ERROR(P ON) HUB - GET STATUS ERROR HUB - SET FEATURE ERROR(RESET) HUB - CLEAR FEATURE ERROR HUB - CLEAR FEATURE1 ERROR HUB - SET FEATURE ERROR(Enab.) HUB - CLEAR FEATURE2 ERROR USB - OVER CURRENT ERROR USB - GET DESCR.ERROR(SECOND)' DISPLAY EE VRAM SIZE NOT SUPPORT
FDD	01 02 03	FDD - BAD COMMAND ERROR FDD - ADDRESS MARK NOT FOUND FDD - WRITE PROTECTED

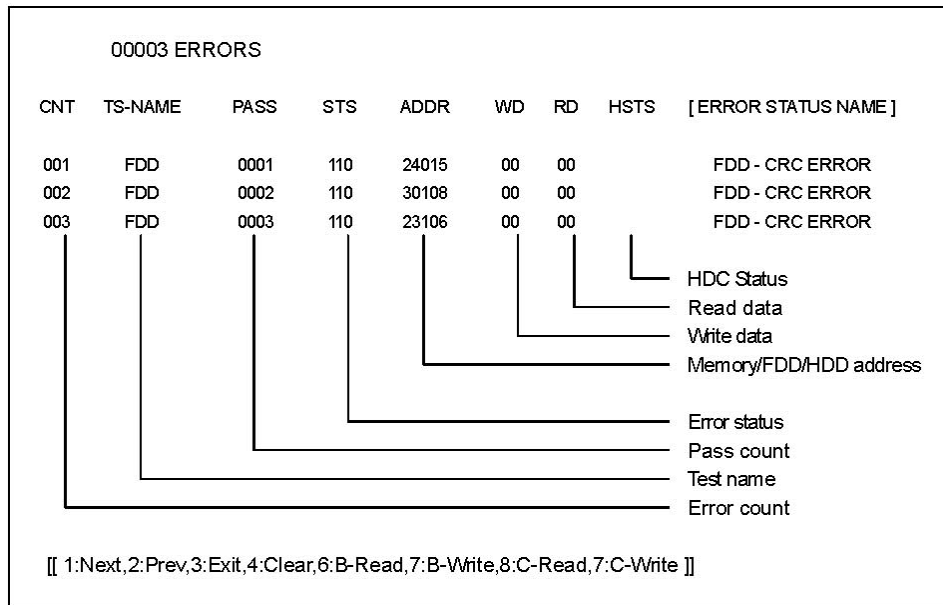
	04	FDD - RECORD NOT FOUND
	08	FDD - DMA OVERRUN ERROR
	09	FDD - DMA BOUNDARY ERROR
	10	FDD - CRC ERROR
	20	FDD - FDC ERROR
	40	FDD - SEEK ERROR
	80	FDD - TIME OUT ERROR
	60	FDD - NOT DRIVE ERROR
	06	FDD - MEDIA REMOVED
	EE	FDD - WRITE BUFFER ERROR
HDD	05	HDD - HDC NOT RESET ERROR
	07	HDD - DRIVE NOT INITIALIZE
	09	HDD - DMA BOUNDARY ERROR
	0B	HDD - BAD TRACK ERROR
	BB	HDD - UNDEFINED ERROR
	08	HDD - OVERRUN ERROR (DRQ ON)
	01	HDD - BAD COMMAND ERROR
	02	HDD - ADDRESS MARK NOT FOUND
	04	HDD - RECORD NOT FOUND ERROR
	10	HDD - ECC ERROR
	20	HDD - HDC ERROR
	40	HDD - SEEK ERROR
	80	HDD - TIME OUT ERROR
	11	HDD - ECC RECOVER ENABLE
	AA	HDD - DRIVE NOT READY
	CC	HDD - WRITE FAULT
	E0	HDD - STATUS ERROR
	0A	HDD - BAD SECTOR
	EE	HDD - ACCESS TIME ERROR
	DA	HDD - NO HDD
	12	HDD - DMA CRC ERROR

### 3.35.5 Task Function

This T&D has three tasks, each of which has the following function.

#### 3.35.5.1 Log Utilities ( Task #5 )

This function logs error information generated while a test is in progress and stores the results in RAM. This function can store data on a floppy disk or USB memory



The operation guide is displayed at the bottom of the screen and the error status names are displayed on the right side of the screen.

The error information on the screen can be processed respectively with each key of the [1] to [9] keys. In the case of error retry OK, "R" is added before the error status. However, the error count is not incremented.

**6 : B-Read : FD Log Read**

**7 : B-Write : FD Log Write**

**8 : C-Read : USB Flash Memory Log Read**

**9 : C-Write : USB Flash Memory Log Writefs**

**Note:** Error logs can be saved to a FD or the USB flash memory with the name of \*ERRORLOG.TXT..



### 3.35.5.2 Running Test ( Task #6 )

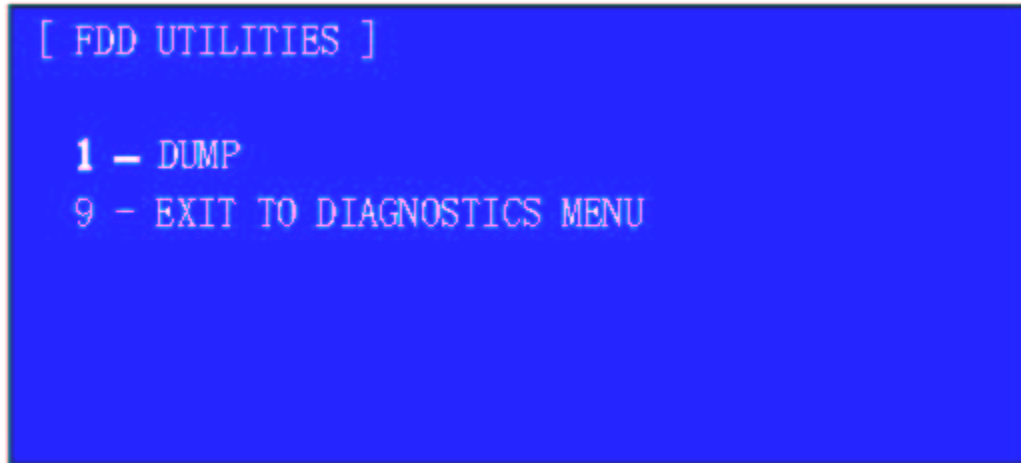
This test is a continuous test to be applied to the devices capable of unattended operation. The name of test device and the number of subtest being tested are displayed on the screen during a test.

The following table indicates the test items.

Test Name	Sub test No.
Memory	01 ( Conventional Memory )
-	02 ( Protected Mode )
- -	04 ( Stress Test )
Display	01 ( VRAM read / write for VGA )
Real Timer	02 ( Backup memory )
HDD	01 ( Sequential read )

### 3.35.5.3 FD & HD Utilities ( Task #7 )

Run the utility on the floppy disk. If you select task No. [7], the following FDD utility selection menu is displayed.



Use the Up and Down cursor keys to select your desired item and press the [Enter] key. If you press the [Esc] key or select [9], the screen returns to the main menu described in section 4.2.1.

#### 1) DUMP

This program displays the contents of the floppy disk and the designated sectors of the hard disk on the display.

### 3.35.6 Detail of Each Test Function

#### 3.35.6.1 System Test

1) DMI data read

This subtest displays the information in the Flash-ROM in the following format

<b>Model Name :</b>	<b>XXXXXXXX</b>
<b>Version Number :</b>	<b>XXXXXXXX</b>
<b>Serial Number :</b>	<b>XXXXXXXX</b>
<b>Model Number :</b>	<b>XXXXXXXX</b>
<b>PCN/BND Number :</b>	<b>XXXXXXXX</b>
<b>UUID Number :</b>	<b>XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX</b>

#### 3.35.6.2 Memory test

1) Conventional memory test

This subtest writes a constant data to conventional memory (0 to 640 KB), then reads the new data and compares the result with the original data.

With regard to the test memory content, save the data to the test memory before the test and restore it after the test.

Details of Test:

1-1) This subtest performs a test data write/read/compare operation to the work memory (640KB from 0000:0000 to 9000:FFFF) in the real mode. The test procedure is as follows:

Step 1: Byte Enable Test

Write double words of the data to the initial address of the data in 64KB units and the initial address + 4, then read the written data byte by byte and compare the result with the original data.

Test data = CCAA5533H, 8000000H

Step 2: Byte Enable Test

Write the data byte by byte to the initial address of the data in 64KB units and the initial data + 4, then read double words of the written data and compare the result with the original data.

Test data = CCAA5533H, 8000000H

Step 3: Data Bus Test

Write double words of the data to the initial address of the data in 64KB units and the initial address + 4, then read double words of the written data and compare the result with the original data

Test data = 1H, 2H, 4H, 8H, 10H, ..... 8000000H, 0

Step 4: Constant Data Test

Write double words of the data to the whole of the data in 64KB units, then read double words of the written data and compare the result with the original data.

Test data = FFFFFFFFh, 00000000h, 80018001h

Step 5: Address Pattern Test

Write double words of the data to the address pattern data, read double words of the written data and compare the result with the original data

Test data = 0000H, 0004H, 0008H, 000CH .....  
.. 8000H, 8004H ...FFECH

If a compare error occurs, the write data, read data and test address are displayed on the test screen.

1-2) The test information (Test address) during a test is displayed by 4 KB. Test step number is also displayed.

2) Protected Mode

This subtest writes constant data and address data (from 1MB to maximum MB), and reads the new data and compares the result with the original data.

With regard to the test memory content, save the data to the test memory before the test and restore it to the former address after the test. (Coincidence assurance of the memory content)

Details of Test

Step 1: Sequential Write (Fixed pattern 1 MMX version 00005555AAAAFFFFh )

: Sequential Read and Compare

Step 3: Sequential Write (Fixed pattern 2 MMX version FFFFAAAA55550000h )

: Sequential Read and Compare

Step 5: JMP + Write (Address pattern 1) 0, 1/2 increment 1/4, 3/4 decrement

: JMP + Read and Compare

Step 7: JMP + Write (Address pattern 2) 1/4. 3/4 increment 0, 1/2 decrement

: JMP + Read and Compare

3) Cache memory (On / off)

This subtest writes constant data to constant address 70000h in the protected mode, then reads the written data and compares the result with the original data.

With regard to the test memory content, save the data to the test memory before the test and restore it to the former address after the test. (Coincidence assurance of the memory content)

Details of Test:

This subtest displays the number of memory accesses within the same time in both of Cache ON and Cache OFF by the counter. Check that the benchmark speed is high when the cache is used

4) Stress

This subtest writes or reads constant data and address data from 1MB to the maximum MB in the protected mode and compare the results with the original data.

For the content of the test memory, save the data to the test target memory before the test and restore it to the former address after the test.

Details of Test:

This subtest is performed once from step 1 to step 3 and repeated 20 times from step 5 to step 8 and then it displays the total number of the test performances as Sub Step Number.

Step 1: Sequential Write (Fixed pattern 1 MMX version 00005555AAAAFFFFh )

: Sequential Read and Compare

Step 3: Sequential Write (Fixed pattern 2 MMX version FFFFAAAA55550000h )

: Sequential Read and Compare

Step 5: JMP + Write (Address pattern 1) 0, 1/2 increment 1/4, 3/4 decrement

: JMP + Read and Compare  
Step 7: JMP + Write (Address pattern 2) 1/4. 3/4 increment 0, 1/2 decrement  
: JMP + Read and Compare  
Step 11: Dword Transfer ( Data is an 32-bit shift data)  
: Step 11 bit-reversed pattern

### 3.35.6.3 Keyboard Test

#### 1) Pressed key code display

When a key is pressed, the scan code, character code, and key top name are displayed on the screen in the format shown below.

The 88 key (compatible with the 106 key) is not tested because this key operating in overseas mode uses the different character code table (Not for Japan model).

```
Scan code      = SS
Character code  = C
Key top        = NNNNNN

Ins Lock  Caps Lock  Num Lock  Scroll Lock
Alt       Ctrl       Left Shift  Right Shift
```

### 3.35.6.4 Display test

Move the highlight bar to the subtest you want to execute and press **Enter**.

1) VRAM Read / Write for VGA

This subtest writes the constant data (AAAAh and 5555h) to the video RAM. The data is read and compared to the original data.

2) Gradation for VGA

This subtest displays four colors: red, green, blue and white from left to right across the screen from black to maximum brightness.

3) Gradation for LCD

This subtest displays bands of gradations for mixed colors, then for red, green, and blue. Next, it displays eight solid colors full screen: red, semi-red, green, semi-green, blue, semi-blue, white, and semi-white. Each color displays for three seconds.

4) Gradation & Mode test for VGA

This subtest displays gradations for following modes. To change the mode, press **Enter**. It automatically judges vesa mode supported by each mode and displays gray levels for as many modes as possible.

Resolution	Screen Mode
1024 X 800	12, 13, 3, 111, 112, 114, 115, 117, 118, 165

5) All dot on / off for LCD

This subtest displays an all-white screen then an all-black screen. The display changes automatically every three seconds, then returns to the DISPLAY TEST menu.



### 3.35.6.5 Floppy Disk Test

This subtest tests floppy disks.

1) Sequential read

This subtest performs a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) that continuously reads all the tracks (track: 0 to 39/0 to 79) on a floppy disk.

2) Sequential read / write

This subtest continuously writes data pattern B5ADADh to all the tracks (track: 0 to 39/0 to 79) on a floppy disk.

The data is then read and compared to the original data.

The number of passes is written to the first tow bytes of the data to check write missing.

Number of passes (First sector only)	A D B 5 A D A D B 5 A D A D . . . . B 5 A D A D (Repeated data after the second sector 2)
---	--

3) Random address / data

This subtest writes random data to random addresses on all tracks (track: 0 to 39/0 to 79) on a floppy disk. The data is then read and compared to the original data. (20 times/pass, Test sector = 1)

4) Write specified address

This subtest writes the data specified by an operator to a specified track, head, and address.

TEST DATA ??
TRACK NO ??
HEAD NO ?

5) Read specified address

This subtest reads data from a track, head, and address specified by an operator.

TRACK NO ??

HEAD NO ?

*Note: The test data should be created as much as the maximum number of sectors (18 sectors in 3 mode) to test. It is because when FDD#1 becomes greater than FDD#2 in the 2FDD test, a correct data cannot be created because of insufficient test data amount. (the test data is created with the #1 sector size.)*

[ FDC Status ]

                  0    1    2    3    4    5    6  
**FDC Status**    =   XX  XX  XX  XX  XX  XX

- 0 : Result Status 0
- 1 : Result Status 1
- 2 : Result Status 2
- 3 : Cylinder Address
- 4 : Head Address
- 5 : Sector Address
- 6 : Number of Bytes / Sector

[ Result Status 0 ]

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IC1	IC0	SE	EC	NR	HD	US1	US0

IC1 / IC0 : Interrupt Code bits

00 = normal , 01 = abnormal , 10 = invalid CMD

11 = abnormal ( FDD ready )

SE : Seek end

EC : Equipment check (track 0 is detected)

NR : Not ready

HD : Head address

US1 / US0 : Unit select

[ Result Status 1 ]

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EN		DE	OR		ND	NW	MR

EN : End of Cylinder

DE : Data error

OR : Over run (DMAC)

ND : No data

NW : Not writable

MA : Missing address mark

[ Result Status 2 ]

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	CM	DD	NC	SH	SN	BC	MD

CM : Control mark

DD : Data error (data field)

NC : No cylinder

SH : Scan equal hit

SN : Scan not satisfied

BC : Bad cylinder

MD : Missing address mark (data field)

### 3.35.6.6 Hard Disk Test

1) Sequential read

This subtest performs a forward read operation (0 to Maximum) by 63 sectors.

2) Address uniqueness

This subtest writes unique address data to each sector of the HDD track-by-track. The data written to each sector is then read and compared with the original data. There are three ways the HDD can be read.

- ▼ Forward sequential
- ▼ Reverse sequential
- ▼ Random

3) Random address / data

This subtest writes random data in a random length to random addresses. This data is then read and compared to the original data.

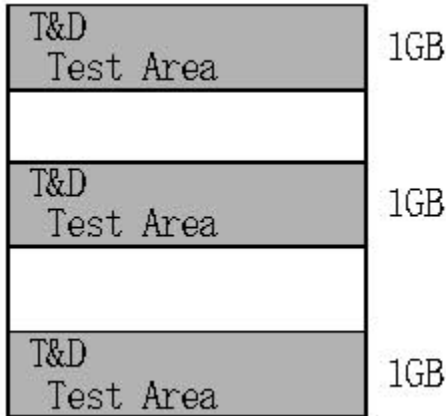
4) Cross talk & peak shift

This subtest writes eight types of worst pattern data (listed below) to a cylinder, then reads the data while moving from cylinder to cylinder. (Test the data interference in the neighbor track)

Worst pattern data	Cylinder
‘ B5ADAD ‘	0 cylinder
‘ 4A5252 ‘	1 cylinder
‘ EB6DB6 ‘	2 cylinder
‘ 149249 ‘	3 cylinder
‘ 63B63B ‘	4 cylinder
‘ 9C49C4 ‘	5 cylinder
‘ 2DB6DB ‘	6 cylinder
‘ D24924 ‘	7 cylinder

5) Partial read

This subtest reads 1GB data that is in minimum, middle and maximum address of the HDD area.



6) Write specified address

This subtest writes specified data to a specified cylinder and head on the HDD.

7) Read specified address

This subtest reads data, which has been written to a specified cylinder and head on the HDD.

8) Sequential write

This subtest writes specified 2-byte data to all of the cylinders on the HDD.

9) W-R-C specified address

This subtest writes data to a specified cylinder and head on the HDD, then reads the data and compares it to the original data.

**[ HDC Status ]**

An error occurs during the HDD test, the following message is displayed.

Note: For the serial ATA, this message is not displayed correctly.

HDC status = X X X X	HDC error register (P – 1f7h) HDC status register (P – 1f1h)
----------------------	---

[HDC Status] : P – 1F7h

Bit	Name	Function
7	BSY ( busy )	0: HDC is ready. 1: HDC is busy.
6	DRY ( drive ready )	0: HDD does not accept the command. 1: HDD is ready.
5	DWF ( write fault )	0: Write is successful 1: Write error
4	DSC ( seek complete )	0: Seek error 1: Seek normal termination
3	DRQ ( data request )	0: No data transfer request 1: Data transfer being requested.
2	COR ( corrected data )	0: Not used 1: Data error occurrence
1	IDX ( index )	0: Not used 1: Index detection
0	ERR ( error )	0: Normal termination 1: End with error

[Error register] P – 1F1h

Bit	Name	Function
7	BBK ( BadBlockMark )	0: Not used 1: Defective block mark detection.
6	UNC ( uncorrectable )	0: No uncorrectable data error 1: Uncorrectable data occurrence
5	---	
4	IDN ( identification )	0: Not used 1: No ID field
3	---	
2	ABT ( about )	0: Not used 1: Illegal command or command abort
1	TK0 ( track zero )	0: Track 0 detection 1: Track 0 not detection (When recalibrated)
0	0---	

### 3.35.6.7 Real timer test

1) Real time

This subtest sets and displays the calendar or clock function.

2) Backup memory

This subtest writes the data for 1bit ON (01, 02, 04...80h) and 1bit OFF (FE, FB, FB...7Fh) and AAh, 55h to 114 bytes of addresses from 0E to 7Fh, reads the written data and compares the result with the original data.

3) Real time carry

Set the constant value as below and check carry of the timer.

Month	Date	Year	Hour	Min.	Sec.
12	- 31	- 2008	23	: 59	: 58



### 3.36 Maintenance (WinPE&FreeDos) Test Program Supplementary Information

#### 3.36.1 Details of HTML Log File

This section provides details of the HTML log file stored in the storage.

##### 3.36.1.1 System Information

The following table lists system information of the PC that

Item Name	Description
Manufacturer	Manufacturer of PC
Product Name	Product name of PC
Part Number	Part number of PC
Serial Number	Serial number of PC
BIOS Version	BIOS version of PC
CPU Name0	Name of the first CPU mounted in PC
CPU Clock0	Current Clock of CPU, Max Clock
CPU Socket0	Name of CPU socket
CPU Description0	Name of CPU processor, CPUID(Family, Model, Stepping)
L2 Cache0	Second cache of CPU
CPU Name1	Name of the second CPU mounted in PC
CPU Clock1	Current Clock of CPU, Max Clock
CPU Socket1	Name of CPU socket
CPU Description1	Name of CPU processor, CPUID(Family, Model, Stepping)
L2 Cache1	Second cache of CPU

Physical Memory	Capacity (MB) of memory which is installed in PC
NetWork0	Name of LAN card. Only the first LAN card is displayed on the screen.
MAC address	Mac address of LAN card
IDE HDD	Name of the first IDE HDD and its capacity (GB)
IDE HDD	Name of the second IDE HDD and its capacity (GB)
1394 Disk	Name of HDD connected to IEEE1394 and its capacity (GB)
USB Flash Disk	Name of USB flash disk and its capacity (GB)
ODD0	Name of ODD and media type
FDD	Name of FDD
Key Board	Name of keyboard
Mouse	Name of mouse
Other Disk	Name of HDD other than IDE, IEEE1394 and USB and its capacity

### 3.36.1.2 Test conditions

The following table lists the test statuses.

Item Name	Description
T&D Version	Version of WindowsPE T&D
Test mode	Indicates the test mode. When a test is performed in Multitask, Multitask is displayed. When performed in Sequential, Sequential is displayed.
CPU Stress	If CPU stress is applied, Yes is displayed. If not applied, No is displayed.
Limit pass count	The number of passes of a test specified.

### 3.36.1.3 Test Result

The following table lists the test results. If an error occurs during a test, the line of the test on the screen is displayed in red color.

Item Name	Description
Test Name	Name of test
Test Information	Brief explanation of each test
Pass Count	Number of passes of a test
Error Count	Number of errors of a test
Simple Mode	Displays the result of the test performed in the Simple mode ● indicates that the test is OK. ▲ indicates that there is any problem in the test.
Detail Mode	Displays the result of the test performed in the Detail mode. ● indicates that the test is OK. ▲ indicates that there is any problem in the test.
Heart Run	Displays the result of heart run test. * The current version does not support it.
Comment	Displays the comment on the test result. * The current version does not support it.
Over-all judgment	Displays the results of all of the tests. ● indicates that the test is OK. ▲ indicates that there is any problem in the test.

## **3.37 Maintenance (WinPE&FreeDos) Test Program Supplementary Information**

### **3.37.1 Outline**

Describes notices and restrictions on using this program

### **3.37.2 Notices and Restrictions (Win PE T&D)**

#### 1) CPU Stress

When the CPU stress checkbox is checked, it is recommended that this test be conducted in the Simple mode.

If CPU stress is applied in the TIMER Test and the USB Test in the test items, an error occurs.

#### 2) External ODD Boot

If you run this maintenance tool from the CD, boot the system from the built-in ODD. For the models in which ODD is not built, boot the system from the USB memory.

#### 3) VIDEO Test

If the VIDIO test and other test are executed simultaneously (Multitasking), the test status cannot be shown on the WinPE T&D main screen due to the VIDIO test.

#### 4) LAN Test

To conduct the LAN test, be sure to connect the LAN router with DHCP to the PC. Do not connect the LAN router to the external Network for safety reason. In addition, if the router without DHCP or Hub is connected to the PC, the test fails with an error.

#### 5) ODD、 USB Test

Do not remove the CD containing this T&D test program or the USB memory during the test. This CD or this USB memory include an operational program for the test, if it is removed, the test cannot be continued and ends in an error.

6) Boot Media

If the system is booted from the CD when both the CD and the USB memory that contain WinPE T&D are connected to the PC, T&D in the USB memory starts up.

Also, when a bootable CD is not inserted in the CD drive when the system is booted from the USB memory, the ODD test fails with an error because the ODD test file is only contained in this CD. However, this error should be solved by inserting the bootable CD.

7) Timer Test

If the Timer test and other test are executed simultaneously (Multitasking), the error time displayed in the test log is not displayed correctly.

8) CD Boot

After Winpe is selected on the Multiboot selection screen when the system is booted from the CD, the "Press any Key to boot from CD or DVD..." message is displayed but only the [ENTER] key is valid.

### **3.37.3 Notices and Restrictions (Freedos)**

1) USB Boot

If you boot the system from the USB memory, the FDD test cannot be executed. Use CD Boot.

2) FDD Test

If the USB FDD drive or the floppy disk on the disk drive is removed during an FDD test, a time-out error occurs and then the program hangs up. Do not remove the FDD drive or the floppy disk during the FDD test.

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## **Chapter 4**

# **Replacement Procedures**

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## *4 Replacement Procedures*

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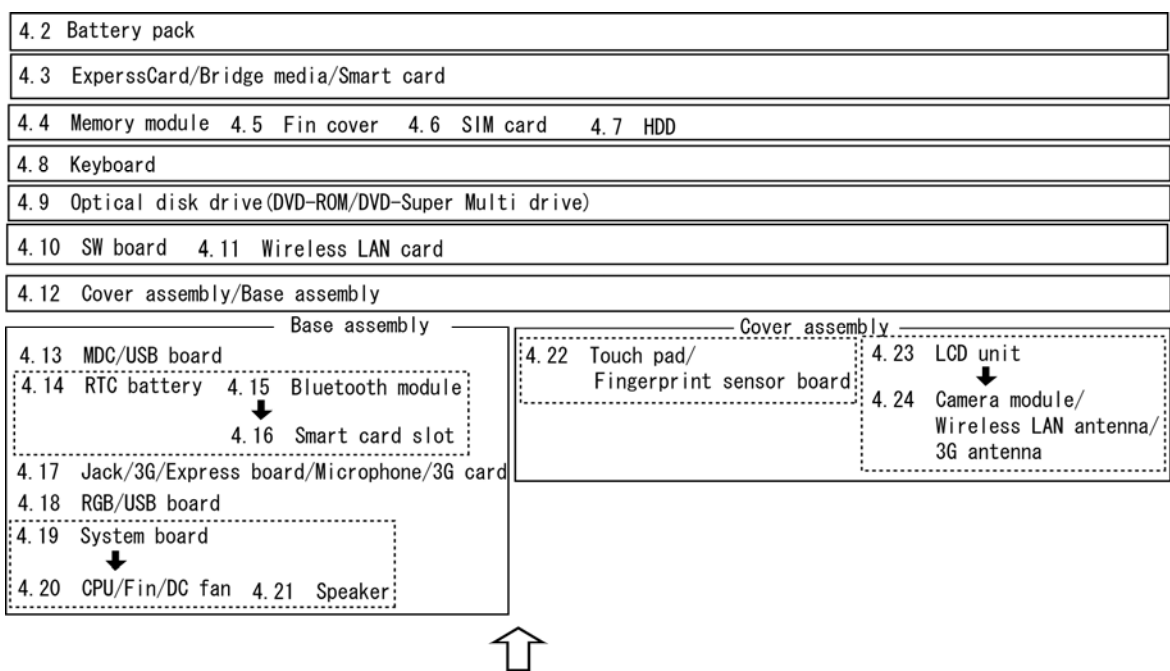
## *4 Replacement Procedures*

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## 4.1 Overview

This chapter describes the procedure for removing and replacing the field replaceable units (FRUs) in the PC. It may not be necessary to remove all the FRUs in order to replace one. The chart below provides a guide as to which other FRUs must be removed before a particular FRU can be removed. The numbers in the chart indicate the relevant section numbers in this manual.

In all cases when removing an FRU, the battery pack must also be removed. When repairing an FRU that is the potential cause of a computer fault, use the chart to determine the order in which FRUs need to be removed.

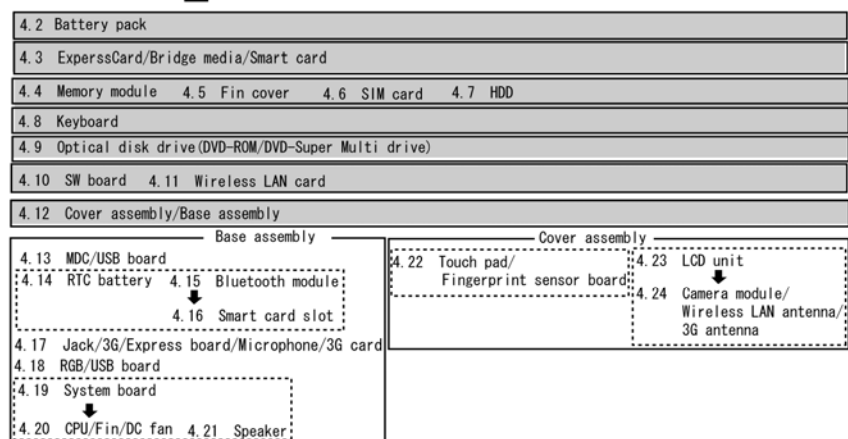


### Chart Notation

The chart shows the case for the following example:

- Removing the MDC/USB board

All FRUs down to the “4.2 Battery pack” to “4.12 Cover assembly/Base assembly” above the 4.13 MDC/USB board must be removed.



Please prepare required parts in advance, when replacing the following items.

ITEM	Parts List ITEM No	PART NAME	Quantity
COVER ASSY	60,60-A	COVER ASSY	1
	14	TOUCH PAD	1

ITEM	Parts List ITEM No	PART NAME	Quantity
LCD COVER ASSY	61	LCD COVER ASSY	1
	15	HD CAMERA MODULE	1
	24	W-LAN ANTENNA WITH CABLE	1
	25	W-LAN ANTENNA WITH CABLE	1

Parts which can not be reused are (1) Touch pad, (2) Camera module and (3) Wireless LAN antenna/3G antenna.

The main parts in this manual are indicated in the part list by the following names.

Parts List ITEM No	Manual NAME	PART NAME
01	System board	PCB ASSY FGNSYx
02	CPU	IC CP80617004119AE SLBNB IC CP80617004122AG SLBMD
02-A		IC CP80617003981AH SLBPD IC CP80617004161AD SLBPN
02-B		IC CP80617004122AG SLBMD
06, 06-1, 06-2	Optical disk drive	DVD-SUPER MULTI DRIVE
07	Memory module	DDR3 1066 2GB DDR3 1066 4GB
07-A		DDR3 1066 1GB DDR3 1066 2GB DDR3 1066 4GB
07-A		DDR3 1066 1GB
12		Wireless LAN card
12-A	WL-LAN(802.11a/g/n)	
12-B	WL-LAN(802.11b/g)	
16	RTC battery	BTN N/H BATTERY
24	Wireless LAN antenna	W-LAN ANTENNA WITH CABLE
25		W-LAN ANTENNA WITH CABLE
26	Smart card slot	SMART CARD CONNECTOR
29	Jack/3G/Express board FPC	FPC FGVJSx
34	SW board	0.5MM PITCH FFC
35	Touch pad button FFC	0.5MM PITCH FFC
36	FS board FFC	0.5MM PITCH FFC
63	Brake hinge L	BH L ASSY
64	Brake hinge R	BH R ASSY
79	Touch pad plate	TOUCH PAD SW
80	Fingerprint sensor board	PCB ASSY FGNFSx
81	Jack/3G/Express board	PCB ASSY FGNJKx
82	RGB/USB board	PCB ASSY FGNRGx
83	MDC/USB board	PCB ASSY FGVMDx
83-A	USB board	PCB ASSY FGNUSx
S01	M2.0×3C S-THIN HEAD	TSCREW M2X3 3CR
S02	M2.0×3C BIND	G SCREW M2X3 3CR
S03	M3.0×4C FLAT HEAD	TSCREW M3X4CR
S04	M2.5×5B FLAT HEAD	BG SCREW M2.5X5BN
S05	M2.5×8B FLAT HEAD	TGSCREW M2.5X8BN
S06	M2.5×12B FLAT HEAD	TG SCREW M2.5X12BN
S07		FHDS SCREW M2.5X5BN
S08	M2.0×4B BIND	GSCREW M2X4BN
S09	M2.5×6C Tapping	TGSCREW M2.5X6CR

## Safety Precautions

Please read the following safety instructions before disassembling the computer and always follow the instructions while working on the computer.

- DANGER:**
- 1) *Always use the genuine battery that is authorized by Toshiba or compatible with the unit. Since other battery packs have different specifications, they may be incompatible with the unit, and may burst or explode.  
Never heat or disassemble the battery pack, as that could cause leakage of alkaline solution. Never throw the battery pack into a fire, as that could cause the battery pack to explode.*
  - 2) *The power supply and other components carry high voltages. If you need to turn on the power of a partially disassembled computer to check its operation, be very careful not to touch connectors or components, in order to avoid the risk of electric shock.  
Also, do not disassemble individual components in first-level maintenance.*

- WARNING:**
- 1) *Turn off the power and disconnect the AC adaptor from the power source, to avoid exposure to electric shock.*
  - 2) *Batteries in the computer retain an electrical charge, so there is danger of electrical shock even when the computer is disconnected from an AC power source. Remove any metal jewelry or accessories such as necklaces, bracelets or rings, in order to reduce the risk of electric shock. Never work with wet or damp hands.*
  - 3) *Be careful of edges and corners as these may cut.*

- CAUTION:**
- 1) *When you change a component, be sure the replacement component meets the required specifications. Never use foreign parts, to avoid any risk of damage to the computer.*
  - 2) *To avoid any risk of short-circuit, fire or other internal damage, never allow any metal objects such as screws or paper clips to fall into the unit. Be sure to replace screws with the same size as those removed. Make sure all screws are securely fastened. Loose screws can cause short circuits, resulting in heat, smoke or fire.*
  - 3) *Before lifting out an FRU or other component, make sure all cables to the component have been disconnected, in order to reduce the risk of accidental electric shock.*
  - 4) *If you use AC power, be sure to use the cable that came with the computer or one recommended by Toshiba.*
  - 5) *Make sure that all replacement components meet the specifications for the computer and that all cables and connectors are securely fastened, in order to avoid the risk of electric shock.*
  - 6) *Some parts inside the computer, such as the CPU and cooling module, become very hot during operation. Conduct repair work after they have cooled. Be careful around the CPU and cooling module to avoid burns.*

**Before You Begin**

Take note of the following points before starting work. Always remove the AC adapter and battery pack before commencing any of the procedures. The procedure for removing the battery pack is described in section “4.2. Battery Pack”.

1. Do not disassemble the computer unless it is operating abnormally.
2. Use the designated tools.
3. Ensure that the environment for working on and storing parts does not contain any of the following.
  - Dust or dirt
  - Static electricity
  - Extremely hot, cold, or humid conditions
4. Perform the diagnostic tests described in Chapter 2 to determine which FRU is the cause of the fault.
5. Do not perform any unnecessary work. Always work in accordance with the disassembly and re-assembly procedures in this manual.
6. Keep parts removed from the computer in a safe place away from the computer where they will not be damaged or interfere with your work.
7. Disassembling requires the removal of a large number of screws. Keep removed screws in a safe place such that you can determine which screws belong to which part.
8. When re-assembling, ensure that you use the correct screws and fit parts in the correct position. Screw sizes are noted in the text and figures.
9. As all parts have sharp edges and corners, take care not to cut yourself.
10. After replacing an FRU, check that the computer and replaced part operate correctly.



## Disassembly Procedure

Four main types of cable connector are used.

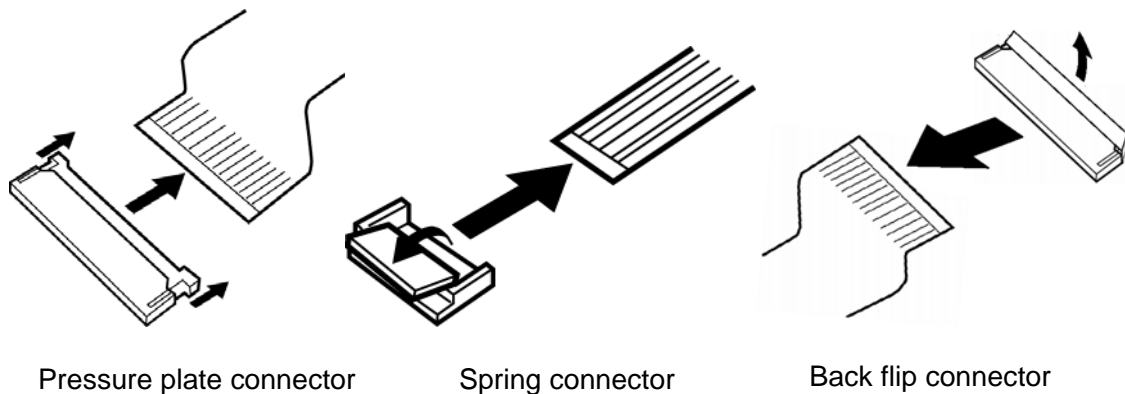
- Pressure plate connector
- Spring connector
- Back flip connector
- Normal pin connector

For pressure plate connectors, slide the pressure plate holding tags on both sides of the plastic pressure plate on the connector and pull the cable out from the connector. When reconnecting the cable to the pressure plate connector, slide the pressure plate holding tags on both sides of the plastic pressure plate on the connector and insert the cable into the connector. Push both tags of the pressure plate such that the cable is fixed in the correct position. Pull the cable to ensure that it is securely connected.

For spring connectors, lift up the stopper frees the cable and allow it to be pulled out. To reconnect, hold the stopper in the up position and insert the cable, then lower the stopper to secure the cable. Pull the cable to ensure that it is securely connected.

For back flip connectors, lift up the flip plate frees the cable and allow it to be pulled out. To reconnect, hold the flip plate in the up position and insert the cable, then lower the flip plate to secure the cable. Pull the cable to ensure that it is securely connected.

Normal pin connectors are used for all other cables. Simply pull out or push in these connectors to disconnect or reconnect.



## Assembly Procedures

After the computer has been disassembled and the part that caused the fault has been repaired or replaced, the computer must be reassembled.

Take note of the following general points when assembling the computer.

- Take your time and follow the instructions carefully. Hurrying the assembly work will only introduce new problems.
- Check that all cables and connectors are securely connected.
- Before fastening FRUs or other parts in place, ensure that no cables are caught on screws or the FRU.
- Check that all latches are securely closed.
- Ensure that you have installed all FRUs correctly and do not have any screws left over. Using an incorrect screw may damage the thread or screw head and result in the FRU not being securely fastened in place.

After installing FRUs, check that the computer operates correctly.

## Tools and Equipment

For your safety and the safety of the people around you, it is important that you use Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) equipment. Correctly utilizing of the equipment increases the percentage of successful repairs and saves on the cost of damaged or destroyed parts. The following equipment is required for disassembly and assembly.

- One Philips screwdriver with type 0 bit (for S-THIN HEAD screws)
- One Philips screwdriver with type 1 bit (for screws other than above)
- One flat-blade screwdriver (for removing the CPU)
- Tweezers (for lifting screws)
- ESD mats (lay on work table or floor)
- An ESD wrist strap and heel grounder
- Anti-static carpet or flooring
- Air-ionizers in highly static sensitive areas
- Antenna coaxial cable disconnecter
- Special syringe (for applying grease)

## Screw Tightening Torque

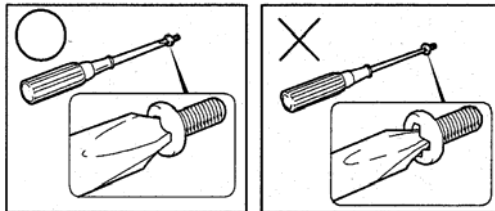
When you fasten screws, be sure to follow the torque list below.

**CAUTION:** Overtightening can damage components and screws; undertightening can result in electrical shorts or other damage if screws or components come loose.

**NOTE:** Toshiba recommends that you use an electric screw driver for quick and easy operations.

- M2 (2mm) 0.167 N·m (1.7 kgf·cm)
- M2.5 (2.5mm) 0.294 N·m (3.0 kgf·cm)
- M3 (3mm) 0.294 N·m (3.0 kgf·cm) (When, securing the HDD and HDD holder. See p.4-26)

**NOTE:** To prevent damage to *THIN HEAD* screws, use type 0 bit philips screwdriver. Press along the axis of the screwdriver while turning the screw. This is because the contact area between the screw and driver is less than for a pan head screw (standard pan-shaped screw head).



## Grip Color

Some screws have a colored grip area to help you determine the length of the screw.

[Normal grip]

- Even numbered length screws: Brown
- Odd numbered length screws: White
- Special length screw: Blue



[Special grip]

- Even numbered length screws: Yellow
- Odd numbered length screws: Pink
- Special length screw: Green

“Special length screw” means screws whose length is indicated in an integral number to the first decimal places such as 2.5 mm, 2.6 mm and so on.

## Screw Notation

To make maintenance of the computer easier, markings of the kinds of the screws including the types and lengths of the screws are indicated on the computer body.

Format:

**Screw type + Screw length (mm)**

Screw shape

- B: Bind screw
- F: Flat head screw
- S: Super thin head screw
- T: Tapping screw
- U: Other screws (Unique screws: pan head, stud, etc.)

Example: **B6** ... 6mm BIND screw

Screw color/material

- B: Black/Nickel
- C: Silver/Non-Hexavalent Chromate
- U: Other screws (Unique screws: such as stud, etc.)

## 4.2 Battery pack

### Removing the Battery pack

To remove the battery pack, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-1.

**CAUTION:** Take care not to short circuit the terminals when removing the battery pack. Similarly, do not drop, knock, scratch, disassemble, twist, or bend the battery pack.

1. Turn off the power of the computer.
2. Disconnect the AC adapter and other external devices from the computer.
3. Turn the computer face down.
4. Release the **battery lock** and remove the **battery pack** while sliding the **battery release latch** as shown in the figure below.

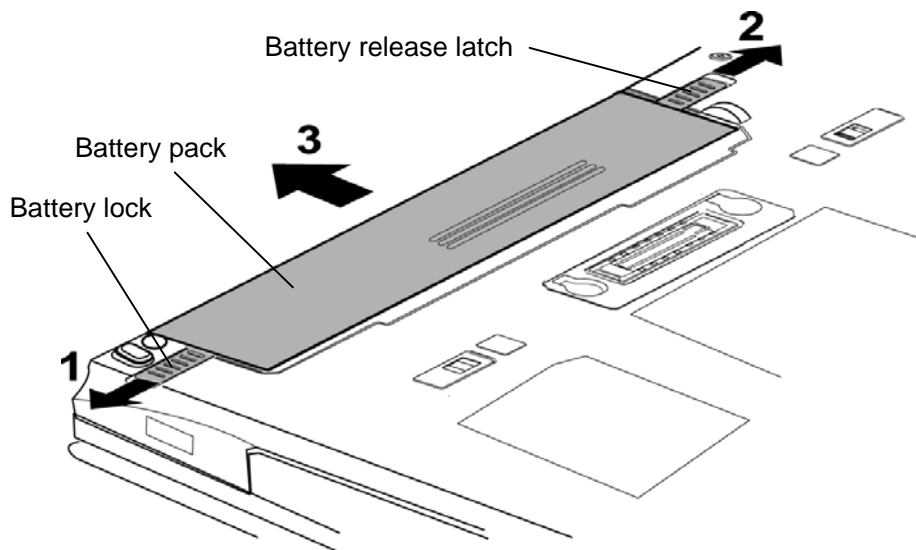


Figure 4-1 Removing the battery pack

**NOTE:** Dispose of the used battery pack in accordance with the laws and ordinances of your local authority.

### Installing the Battery pack

To install the battery pack, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-1.

**CAUTION:** *There is a danger that the lithium ion battery pack may explode if not fitted, operated, handled, or disposed correctly. Dispose always the used battery pack in accordance with the laws and ordinances of your local authority. Use only the batteries approved by Toshiba.*

**NOTE:** *Check the battery's terminals visually. If they are dirty, wipe them clean with a dry cloth.*

1. Turn off the power of the computer.
2. Disconnect the AC adapter and all other external devices to the computer.
3. Insert the **battery pack** into the battery slot. Make sure the battery pack is installed securely and the battery lock is in the lock position.

## 4.3 ExpressCard/Bridge media/Smart card

### 4.3.1 ExpressCard

#### Removing the ExpressCard

To remove the ExpressCard, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-2.

**CAUTION:** Insert or remove an ExpressCard in accordance with any instructions in the ExpressCard manual or the manuals of the computer system you are using.

1. Push the **ExpressCard**. It will pop out partly when you release, so pull out the card.

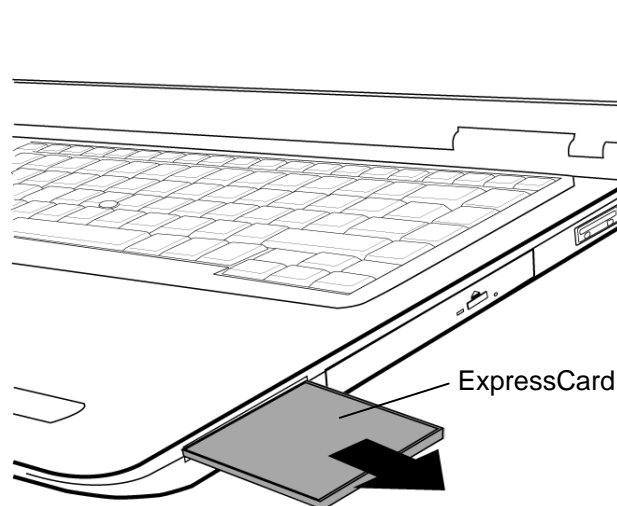


Figure 4-2 Removing the ExpressCard

#### Installing the ExpressCard

To install the ExpressCard, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-2.

1. Insert the **ExpressCard** into the card slot.
2. Push it carefully to ensure a firm connection.



### 4.3.2 Bridge media (SD/SDHC memory card, miniSD/microSD Card, Memory Stick (PRO/PRO Duo), xD-PictureCard and MultiMediaCard)

#### Removing the Bridge media

To remove the Bridge media, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-3.

**CAUTION:** Insert or remove a Bridge media in accordance with any instructions in each Bridge Media manual or the manuals of the computer system you are using.

1. Push the **Bridge media**. It will pop out partly when you release, so pull out the card. (For an instance, SD card is described in the Figure 4-3.)

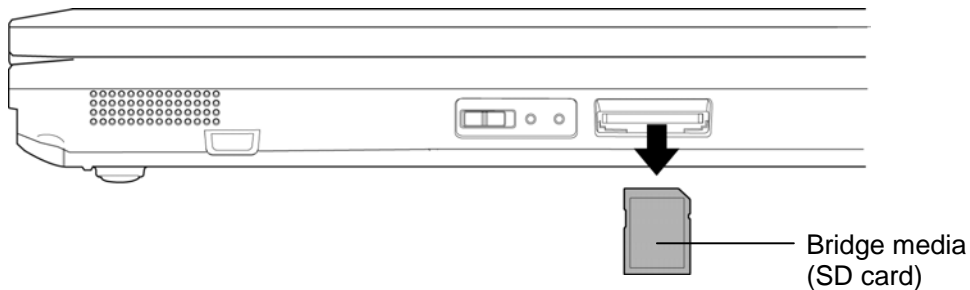


Figure 4-3 Removing the Bridge media

#### Installing the Bridge media

To install the Bridge media, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-3.

1. Insert the **Bridge media** and press it until it is securely connected.

### 4.3.3 Smart Card

#### Removing the Smart Card

To remove the Smart Card, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-4.

**CAUTION:** Insert or remove a Smart Card in accordance with any instructions in the Smart Card manual or the manuals of the computer system you are using.

1. Grasp the **Smart Card** and remove it.

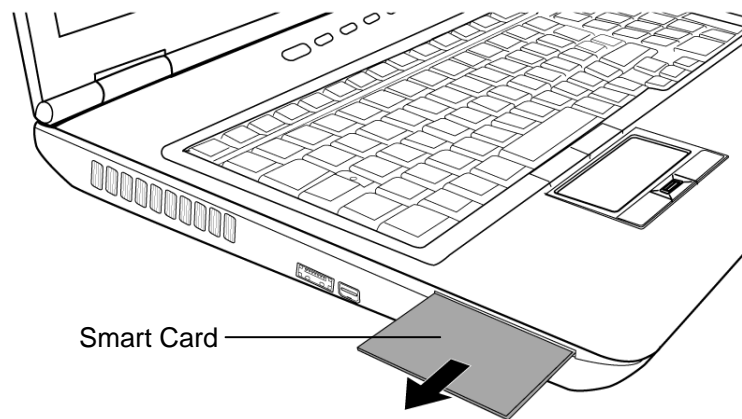


Figure 4-4 Removing the Smart Card

#### Installing the Smart Card

To install the Smart Card, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-4.

1. Insert the **Smart Card** into the card slot with the metal connectors facing up.
2. Push it carefully to ensure a firm connection.

## 4.4 Memory module

### Removing the Memory module

To remove the memory module, confirm that the computer is shut down. Then follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-5 and 4-6.

**CAUTION:** *When removing the memory module, make sure the computer is powered off. Removing a memory module with the power on might damage the module or the computer itself.*

*Do not touch the connectors on the memory module or on the computer. Dust and stains on the connectors may cause memory access problems.*

*Never press hard or bend the memory module.*

1. Turn over the computer.
2. Loosen the **screw** fixing the memory module cover.
3. Remove the **memory module cover**.

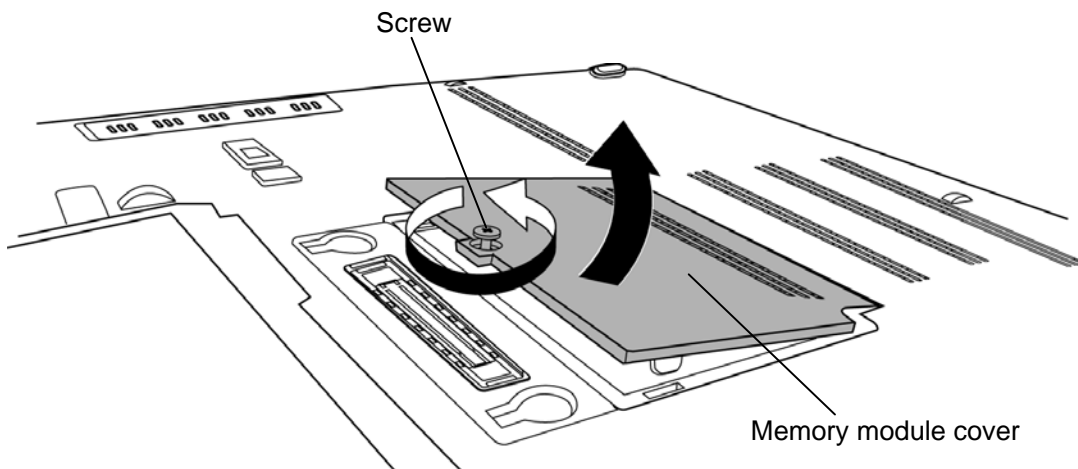


Figure 4-5 Removing the memory module cover

4. Open the left and right **latches** outside and remove the **memory module(s)**.

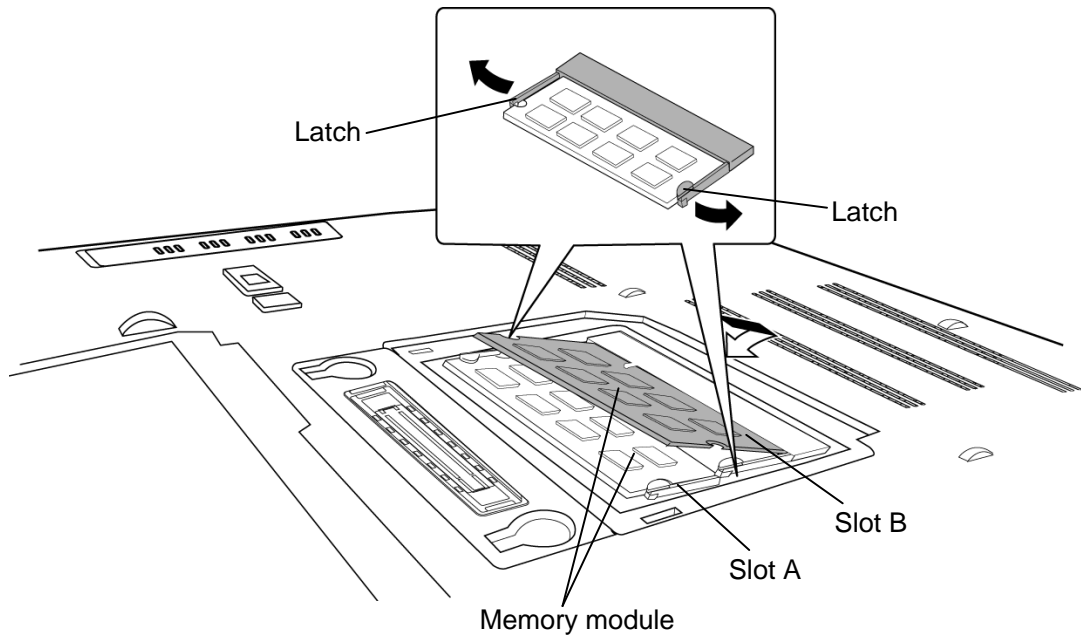


Figure 4-6 Removing the memory module

## Installing the Memory module

To install the memory module, confirm that the computer is shut down. Then follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-5 and 4-6.

**CAUTION:** *When installing the memory module, make sure the computer is powered off. Inserting a memory module with the power on might damage the module or the computer itself.*

*Never press hard or bend a memory module.*

1. Insert the **memory module(s)** into the connector(s) slantwise and press it to connect firmly.

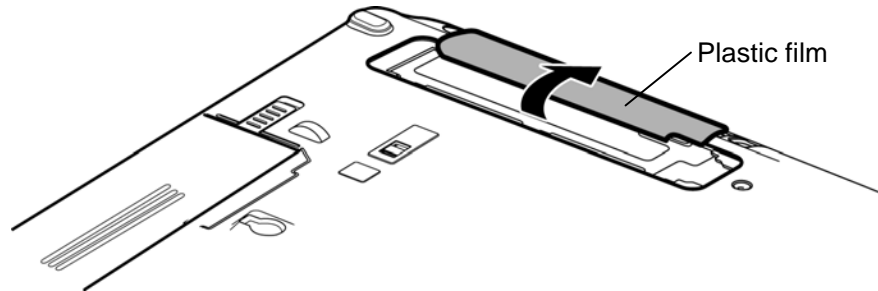
**CAUTION:** *The slot A is reserved for the first memory module. Use the slot B for expanded memory. If only one module is installed, use the slot A.*

*After installing the memory module, make sure that the memory module is secured with the left and right latches.*

2. Set the **memory module cover** and secure it with the **screw**.
3. When the power of the computer is turned on, the computer checks automatically the memory size. Confirm that the new memory is detected correctly.
4. If the memory is not detected, check that it is connected correctly.

## 4.5 Fin cover

**NOTE:** When repairing the PC, turn up the **plastic film** and clean the cooling fin with a vacuum cleaner or other cleaning tool.



Do not use cotton sticks and tweezers to remove dusts. It may cause the cooling module problem or dusts stuffed.

### Removing the Fin cover

To remove the fin cover, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-7.

1. Using a thin-tipped tool, push on the **hole** in the edge of the Fin cover and remove the **fin cover** while sliding it in the direction in the figure below.

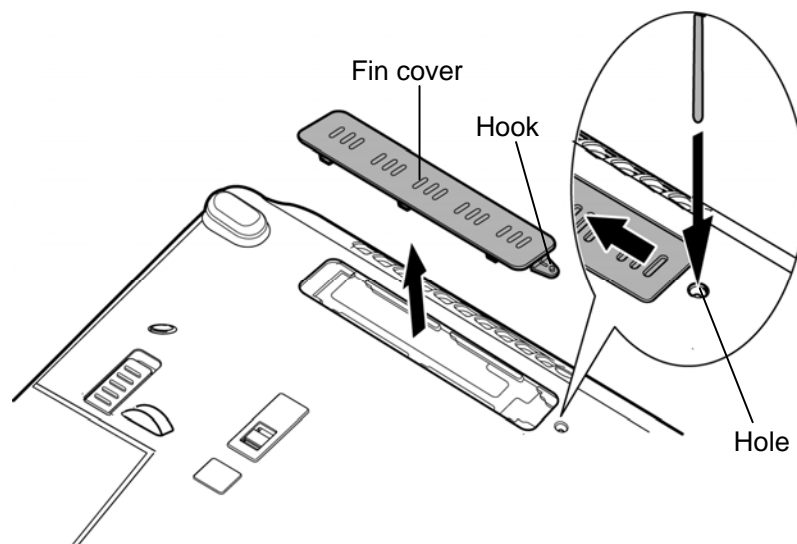


Figure 4-7 Removing the fin cover

### Installing the Fin cover

To install the fin cover, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-7.

1. Set the **fin cover** into the slot and slide it to engage the **hook**.

## 4.6 SIM card

### Removing the SIM card

To remove the SIM card, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-8 to 4-10.

1. Loosen the **screw** fixing the SIM card cover.
2. Remove the **SIM card cover**.

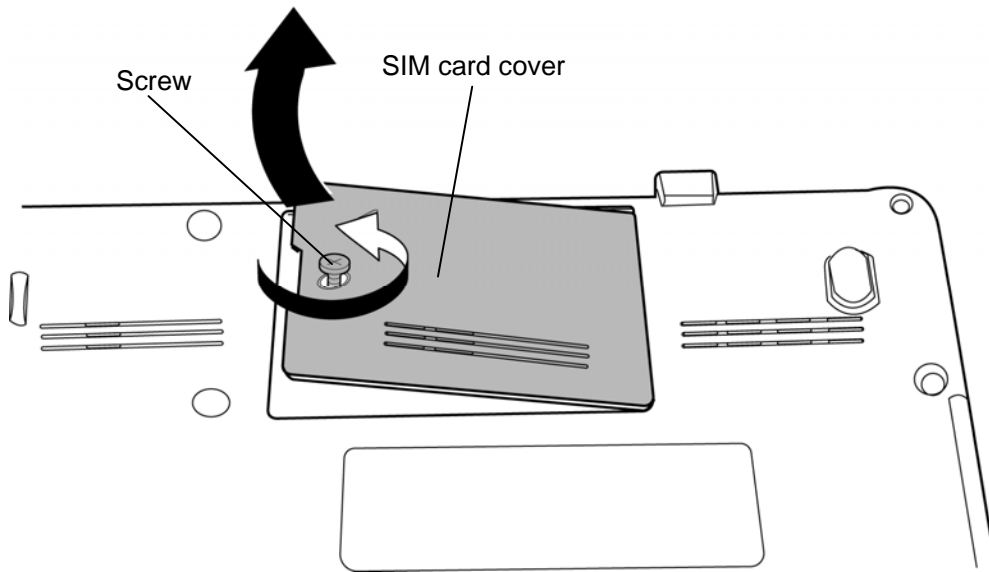


Figure 4-8 Removing the SIM card cover



- Slide the **SIM card release latch** in the direction as shown in the figure below.
- Turn up the **SIM card holder** in the direction as shown in the figure below.

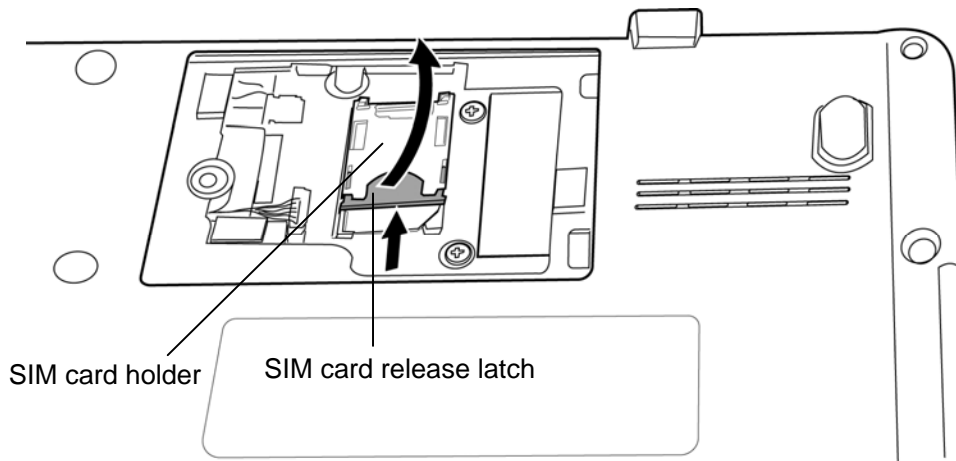


Figure 4-9 Removing the SIM card (1)

- Remove the **SIM card** from the SIM card holder.

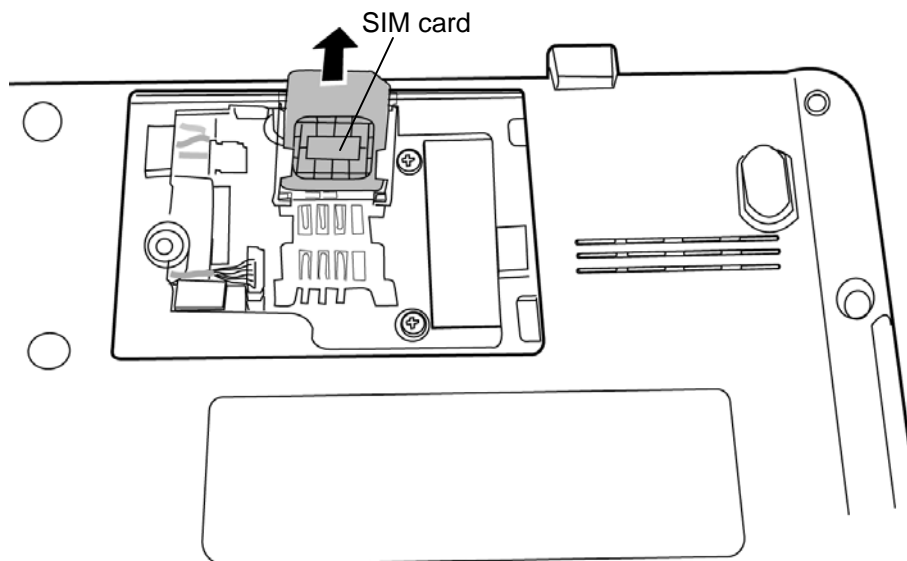


Figure 4-10 Removing the SIM card (2)

**Installing the SIM card**

To install the SIM card, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-8 to 4-10.

1. Set the **SIM card** into the SIM card holder.
2. Lay the **SIM card holder** down and lock the **SIM card release latch** while sliding it in the opposite direction as shown in the figure 4-9.
3. Set the **SIM card cover** and secure it with the **screw**.

## 4.7 HDD

### Removing the HDD

To remove the HDD, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-11 to 4-13.

**CAUTION:** Take care not to press on the top or bottom of a HDD. Pressure may cause the data loss or damage to the device.

1. Remove the following **screw** securing the HDD cover.
  - M2.5×5B FLAT HEAD screw ×1
2. Insert your finger into the **slot** and lift the **HDD cover** to remove.

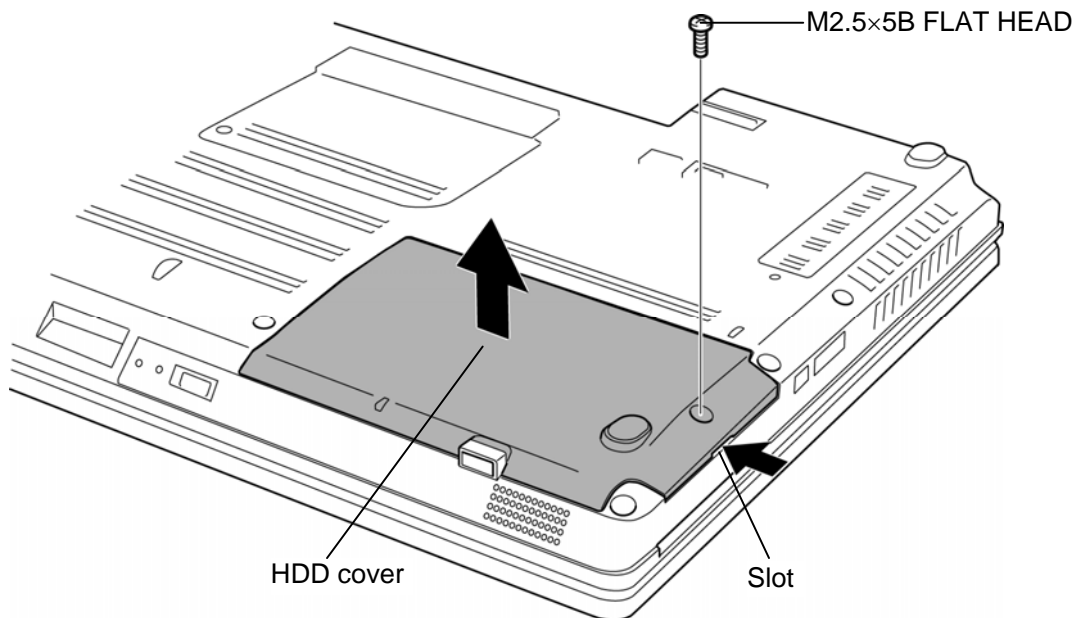


Figure 4-11 Removing the HDD cover

3. Remove the **HDD assembly** from the slot and disconnect it from the connector on the system board.

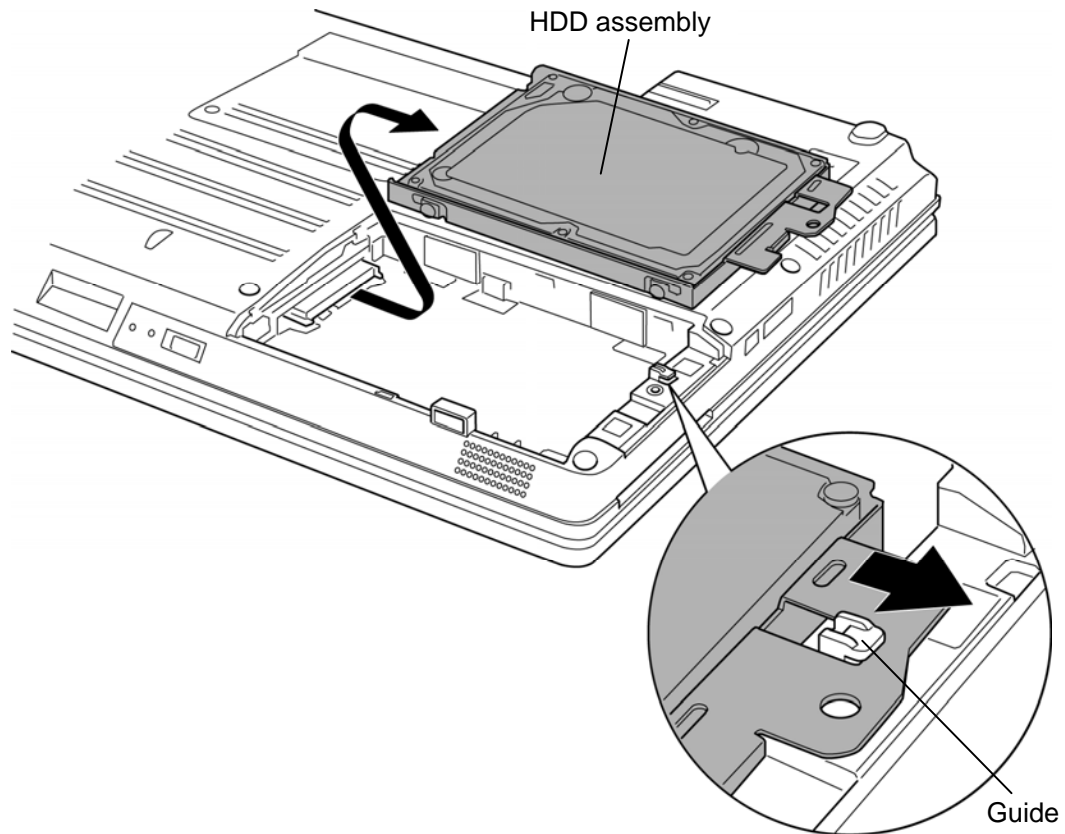


Figure 4-12 Removing the HDD assembly

4. Remove the following **screws** and separate the **HDD** and **HDD holder**.

- M3.0×4C FLAT HEAD screw ×4

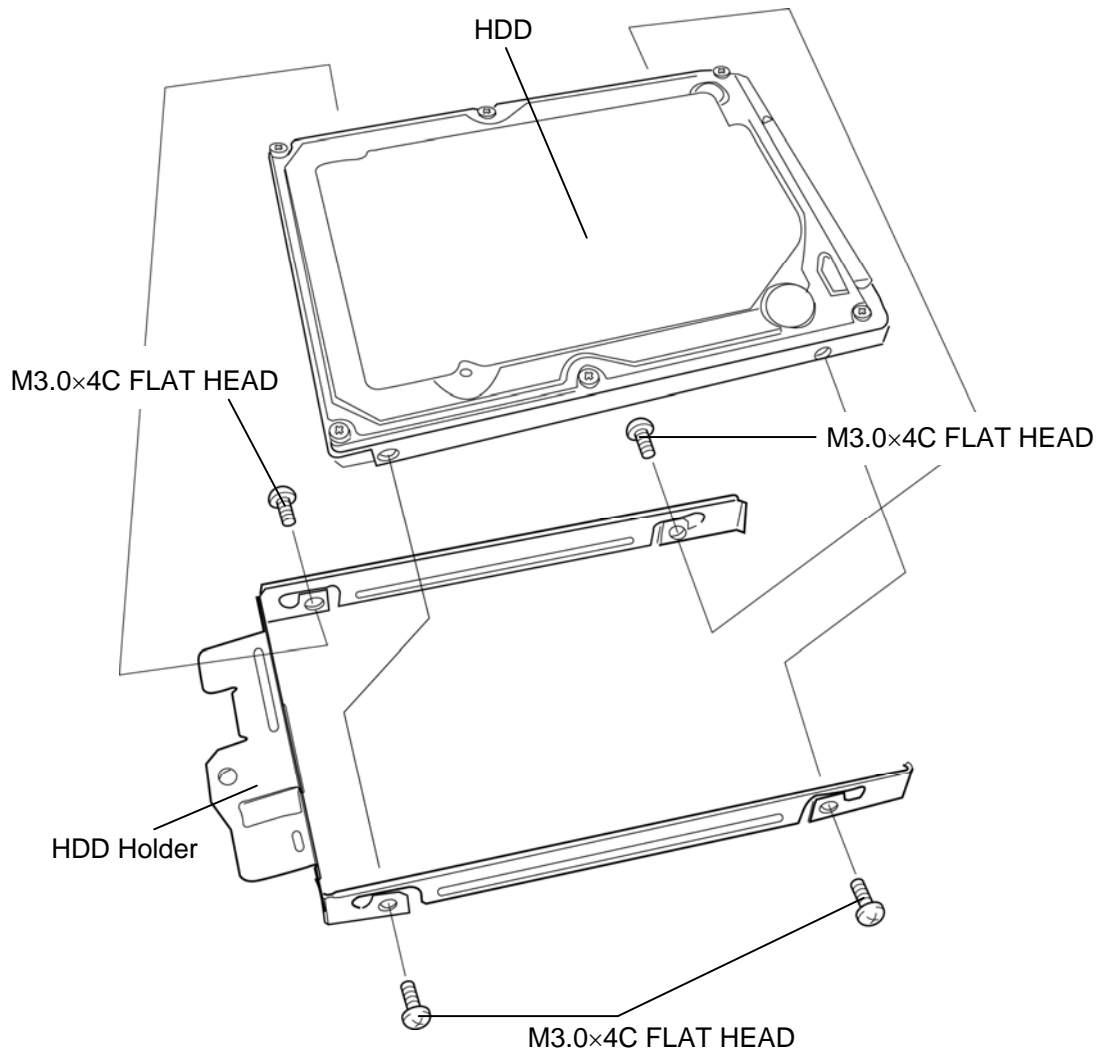


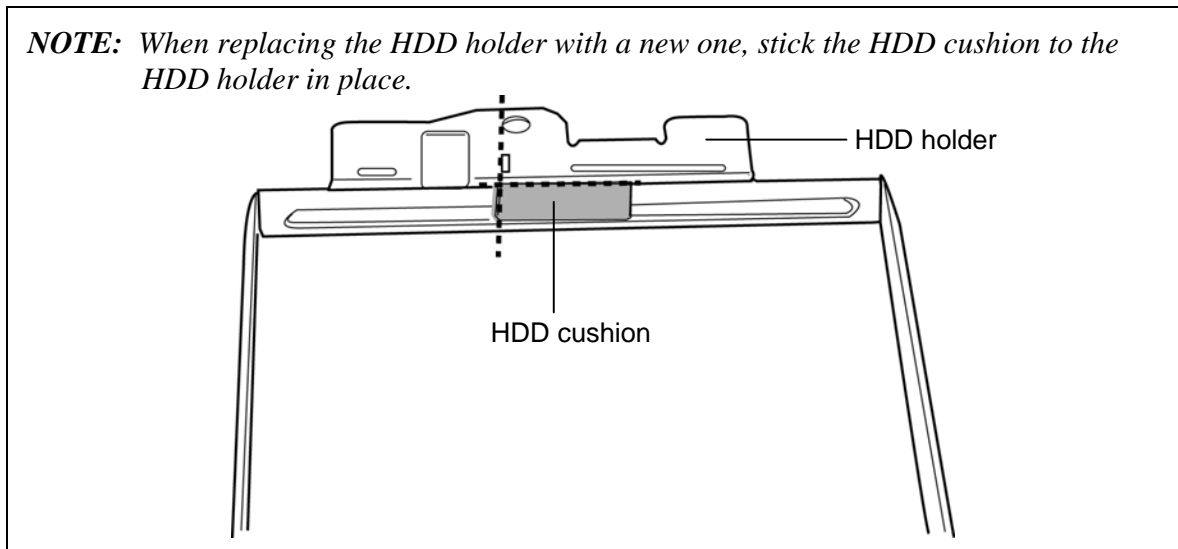
Figure 4-13 Removing the HDD

### Installing the HDD

To install the HDD, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-11 to 4-13.

1. Set the **HDD** to the **HDD Holder** and secure them with the following **screws**.

- M3.0×4C FLAT HEAD screw ×4



2. Connect the **HDD assembly** to the connector on the system board. Lay the HDD assembly down into the slot.
3. Set the **HDD cover** and secure it with the following **screw**.

- M2.5×5B FLAT HEAD screw ×1

## 4.8 Keyboard

### Removing the Keyboard

To remove the keyboard, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-14 to 4-16.

**CAUTION:** As the keytop may fall out, when handling the keyboard always hold it by the frame and do not touch the keytop.

1. Turn the computer face up.
2. Open the display and make it flat.
3. Insert your fingers into the **slit** on both sides and remove the **KB holder**.

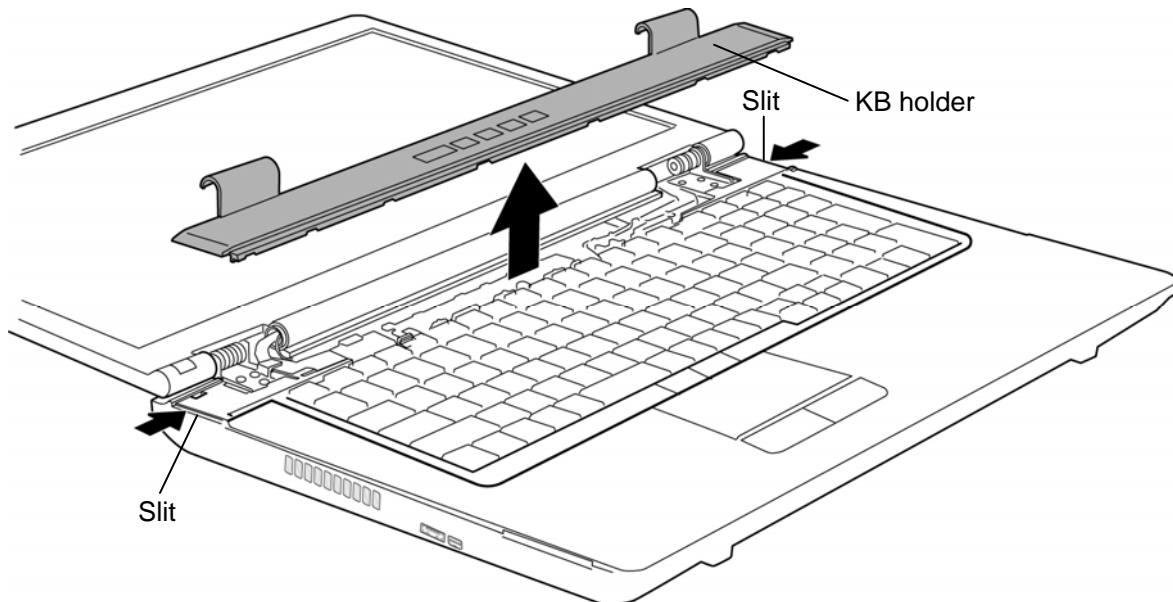


Figure 4-14 Removing the KB holder

4. Remove the following **screws** securing the keyboard.

- M2.0×3C BIND screw ×2

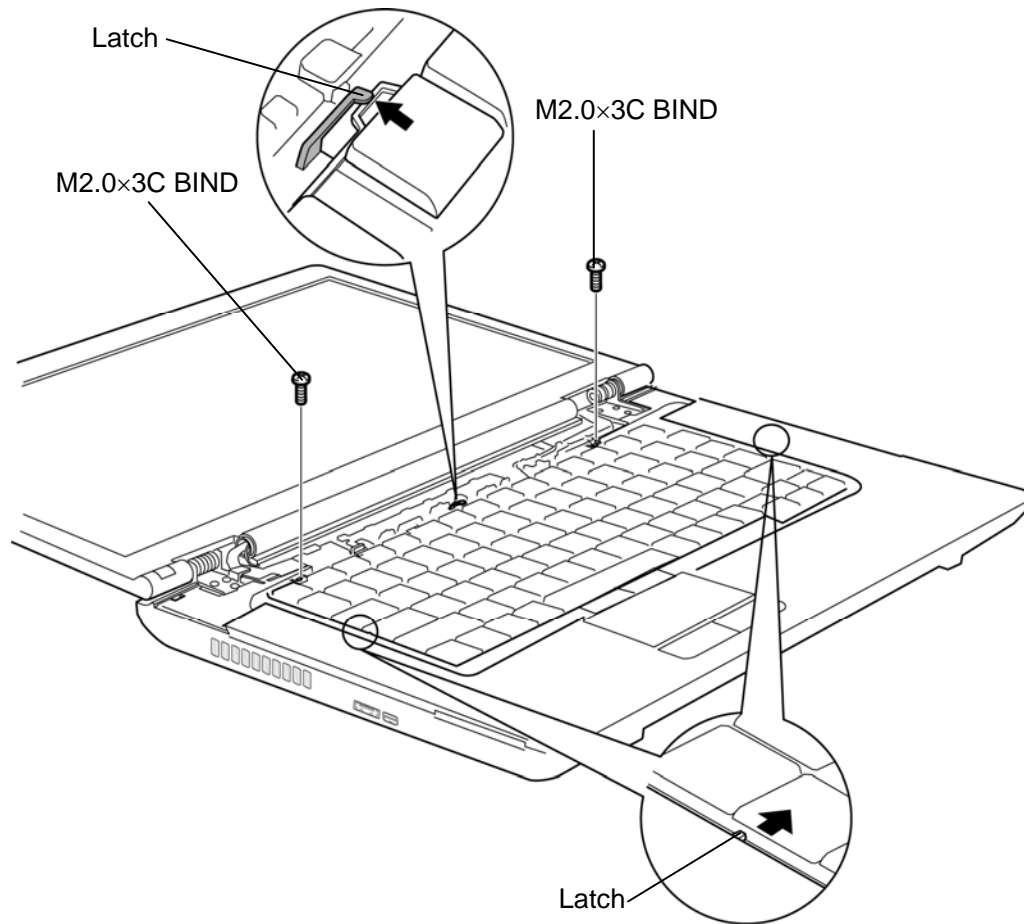


Figure 4-15 Removing the keyboard (1)



5. Lift the top edge of the **keyboard** while releasing the **latches** and turn the keyboard face down on the palm rest.
6. Disconnect the **keyboard flexible cable** from the connector **CN3230** on the system board and remove the **keyboard**.

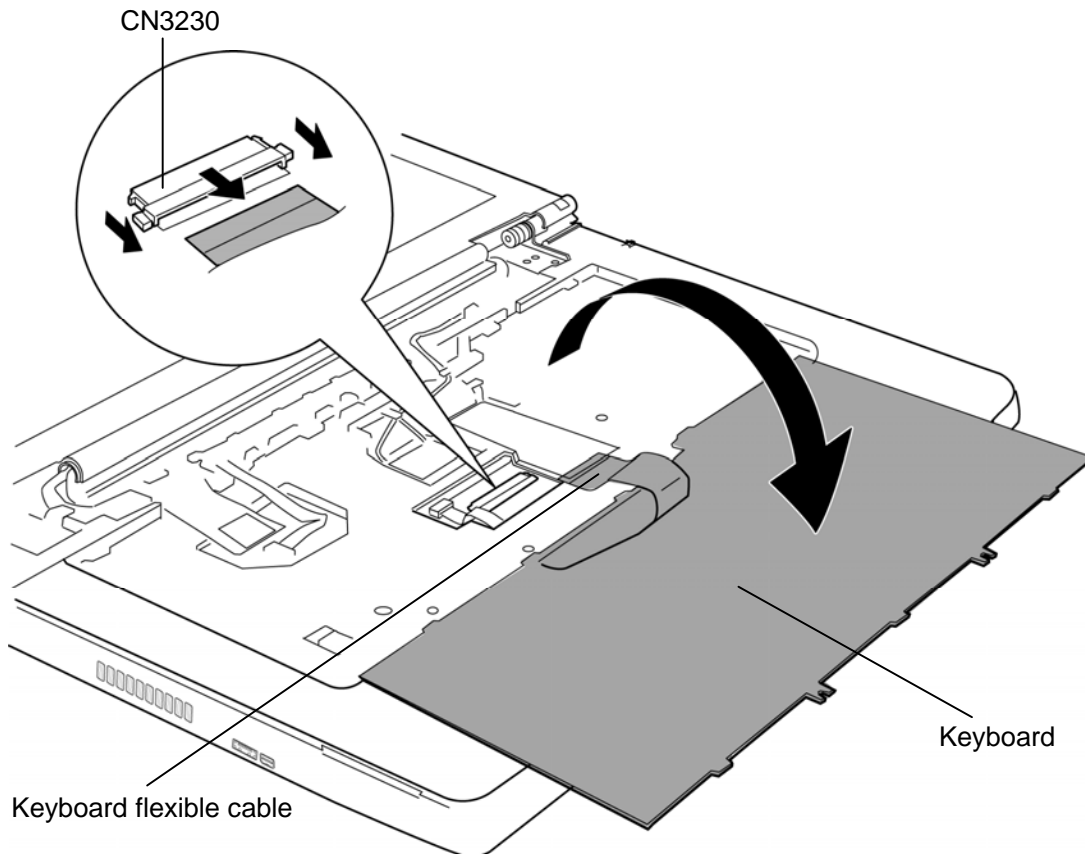


Figure 4-16 Removing the keyboard (2)

### Installing the Keyboard

To install the keyboard, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-14 to 4-16.

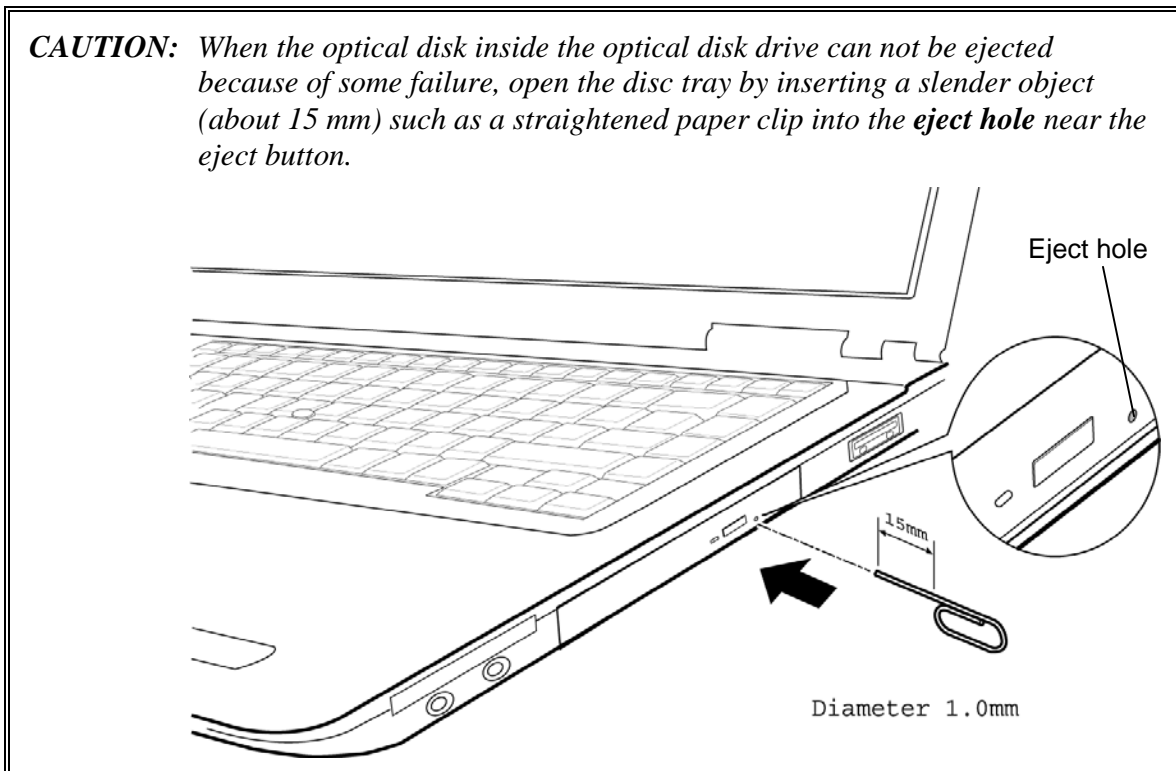
1. Place the **keyboard** face down on the palm rest and connect the **keyboard flexible cable** to the connector **CN3230** on the system board.
2. Turn the **keyboard** face up and set it in place. Extra portion of the keyboard cable must be put under the cover assembly.
3. Secure the **keyboard** with the following **screws**.
  - M2.0×3C BIND screw ×2
4. Set the **KB holder** and press to secure the **latches**.

## 4.9 Optical disk drive (DVD-ROM/DVD-Super Multi drive)

### Removing the Optical disk drive

To remove the optical disk drive, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-17 to 4-19.

**CAUTION:** When the optical disk inside the optical disk drive can not be ejected because of some failure, open the disc tray by inserting a slender object (about 15 mm) such as a straightened paper clip into the **eject hole** near the eject button.



1. Close the display and turn over the computer.
2. Remove the following **screw** securing the optical disk drive assembly.
  - M2.5×5B FLAT HEAD screw ×1

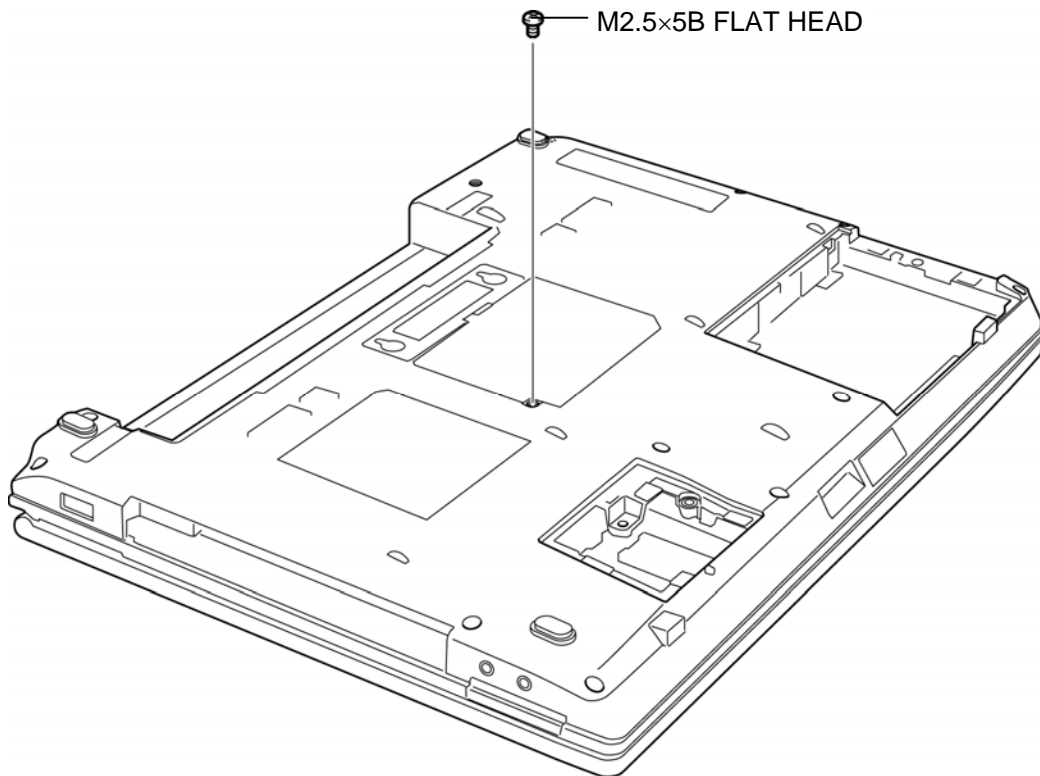


Figure 4-17 Removing the optical disk drive assembly (1)

3. Turn the computer face up and open the display.
4. Remove the **optical disk drive assembly** from the slot while pushing it in the direction as shown in the figure below.

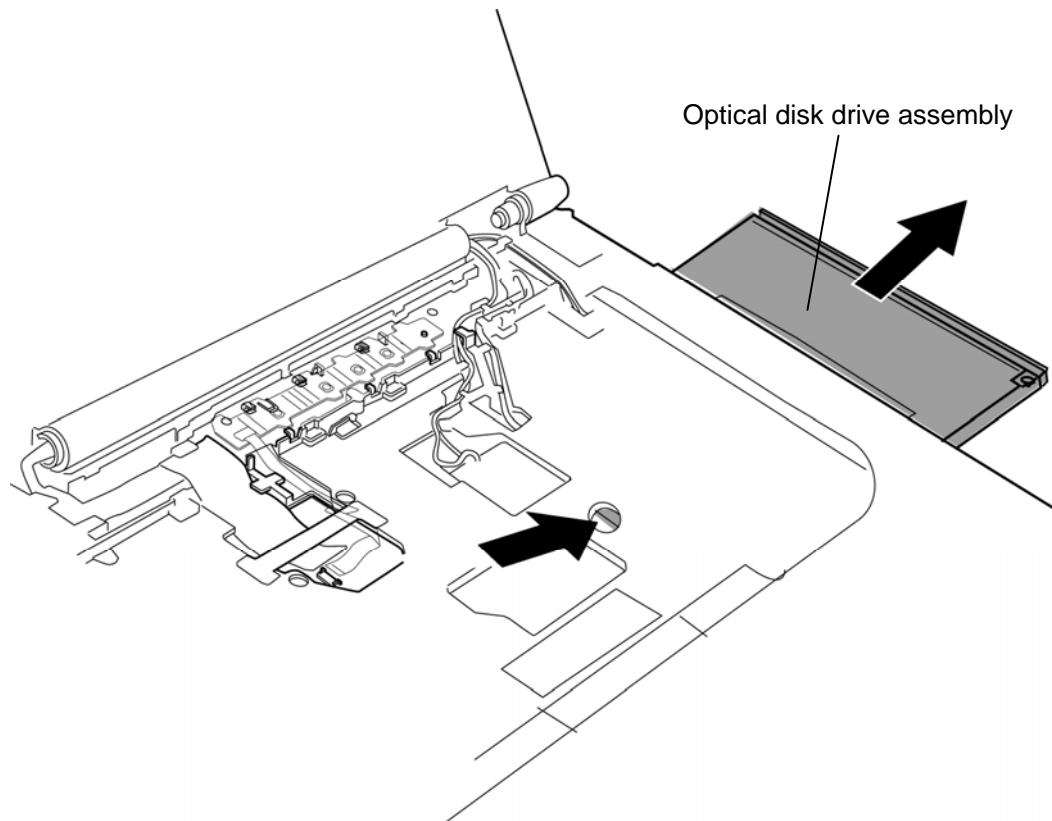


Figure 4-18 Removing the optical disk drive assembly (2)

5. Remove the following screws and **ODD rear bracket** from the **optical disk drive**.

- M2.0×3C BIND screw ×2

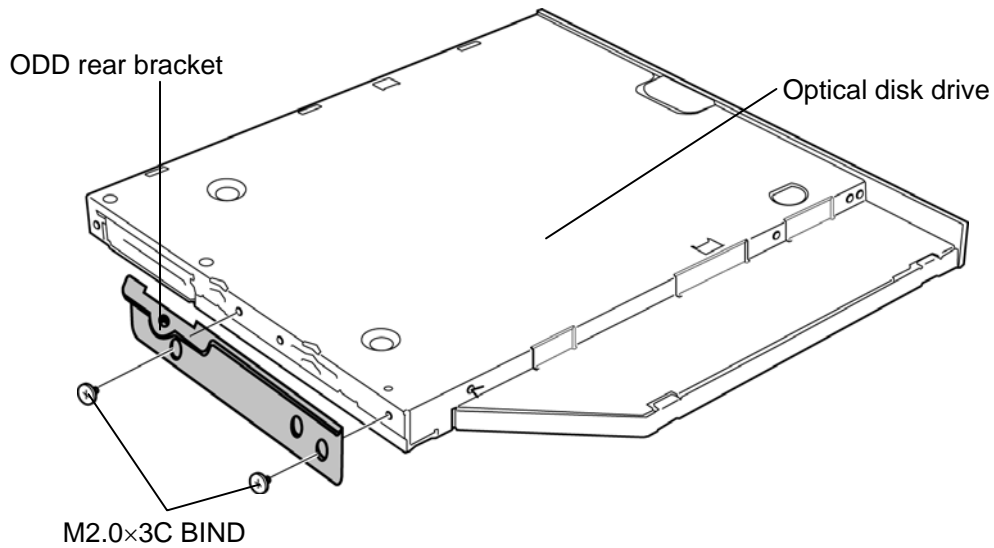
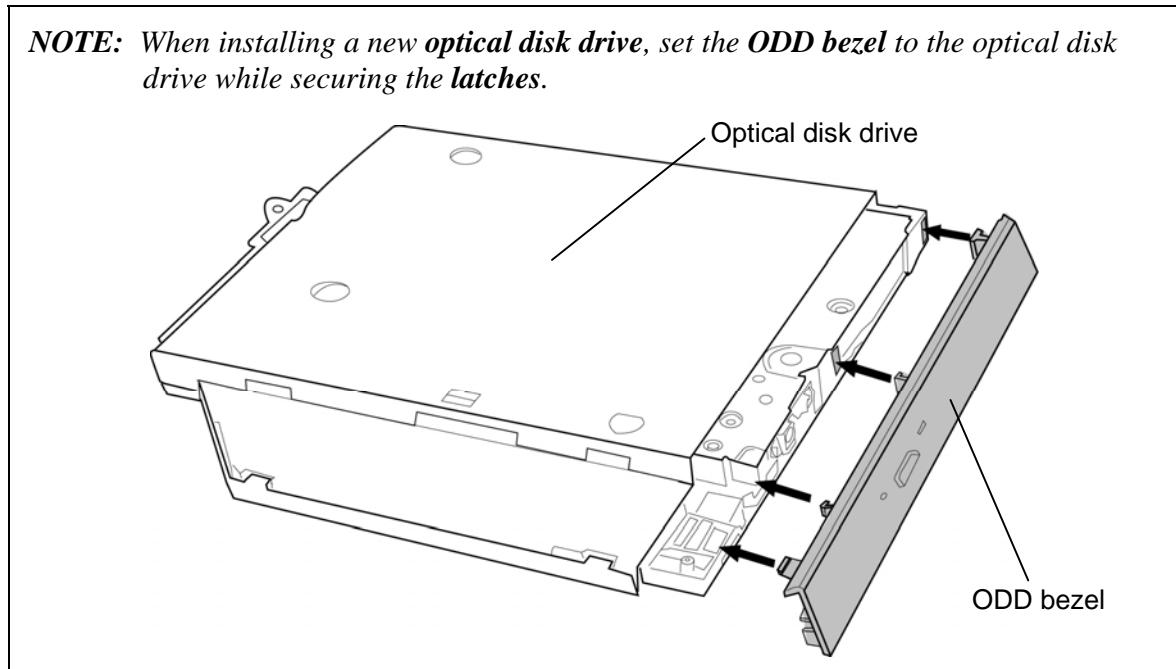


Figure 4-19 Removing the optical disk drive

### Installing the Optical disk drive

To install the Optical disk drive, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-17 to 4-19.

**NOTE:** When installing a new *optical disk drive*, set the *ODD bezel* to the optical disk drive while securing the *latches*.



1. Set the **ODD rear bracket** to the optical disk drive and secure them with the following screws.
  - M2.0×3C BIND screw ×2
2. Insert the **optical disk drive assembly** into the slot to connect it to the connector on the system board.
3. Turn over the computer and secure the optical disk drive assembly with the following screw.
  - M2.5×5B FLAT HEAD screw ×1

## 4.10 SW board

### Removing the SW board

To remove the SW board, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-20.

1. Turn up the **insulator** (LCD CONN INSULATOR) and disconnect the **SW board FFC** from the connector **CN9500** on the system board.
2. Push down the **hook** and slide the **SW board** in the direction as shown in the figure below to remove it.

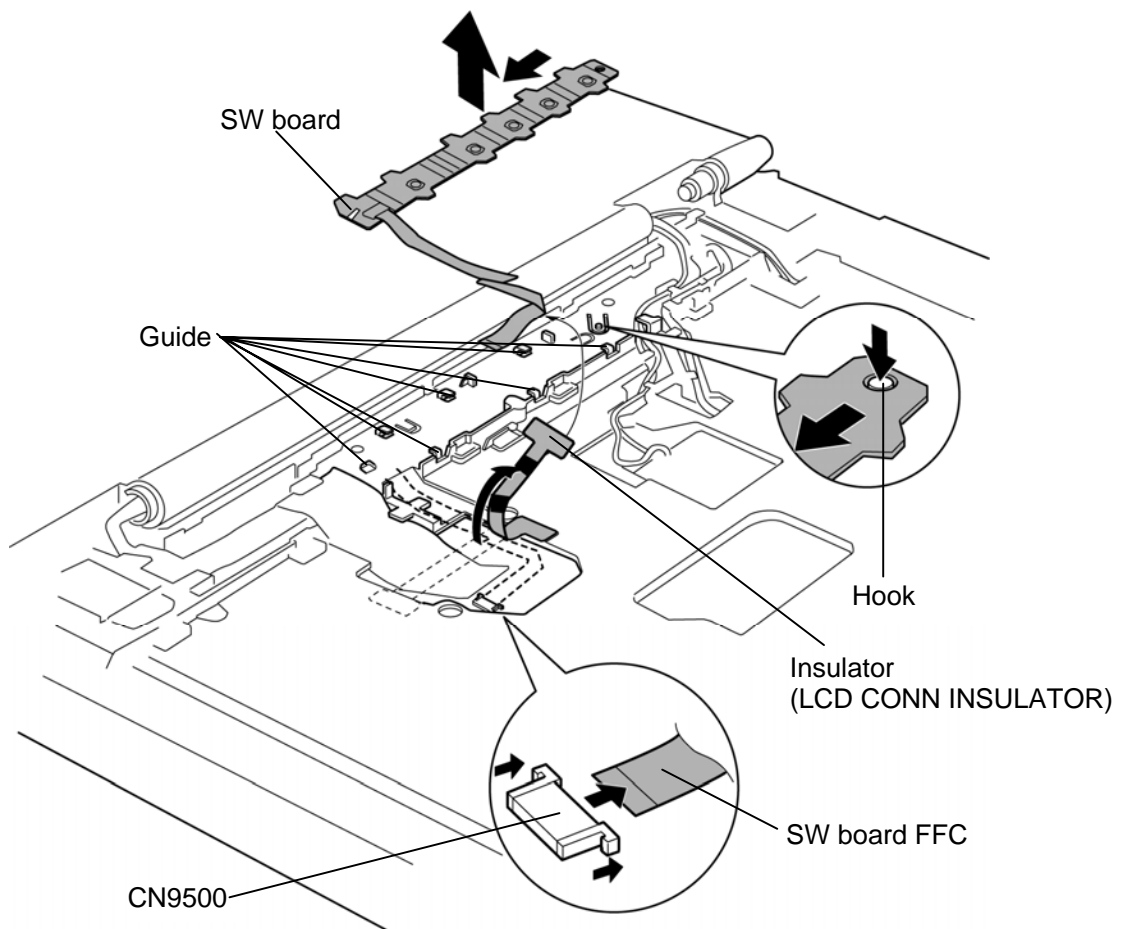


Figure 4-20 Removing the SW board

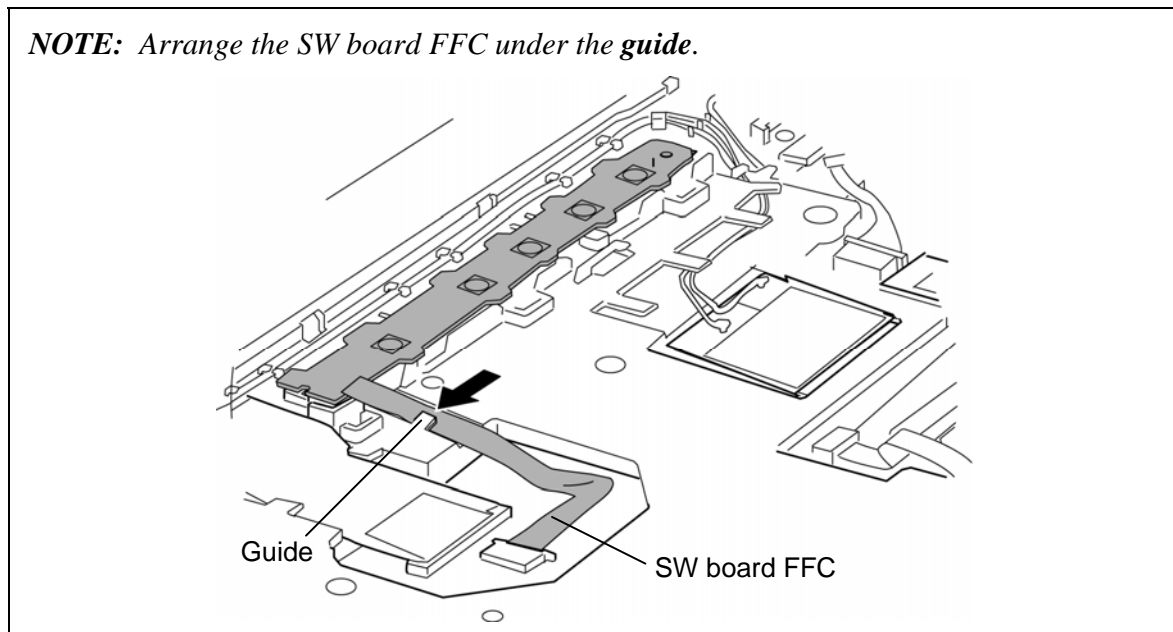


### Installing the SW board

To install the SW board, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-20.

1. Slide the **SW board** into the **guide** to set it.
2. Turn up the **insulator** (LCD CONN INSULATOR) and connect the **SW board FFC** to the connector **CN9500** on the system board.

**NOTE:** Arrange the SW board FFC under the **guide**.



## 4.11 Wireless LAN card

### Removing the Wireless LAN card

To remove the wireless LAN card, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-21.

1. Disconnect the **wireless LAN antenna cables** from the wireless LAN card (white cable from “A” or “1”, black cable from “B” or “2” and gray cable from “C” or “3”) using an antenna coaxial cable disconnecter.
2. Remove the following **screws** securing the **wireless LAN card**.
  - M2.0x3C BIND screw ×2
3. Disconnect the **wireless LAN card** from the connector on the system board.

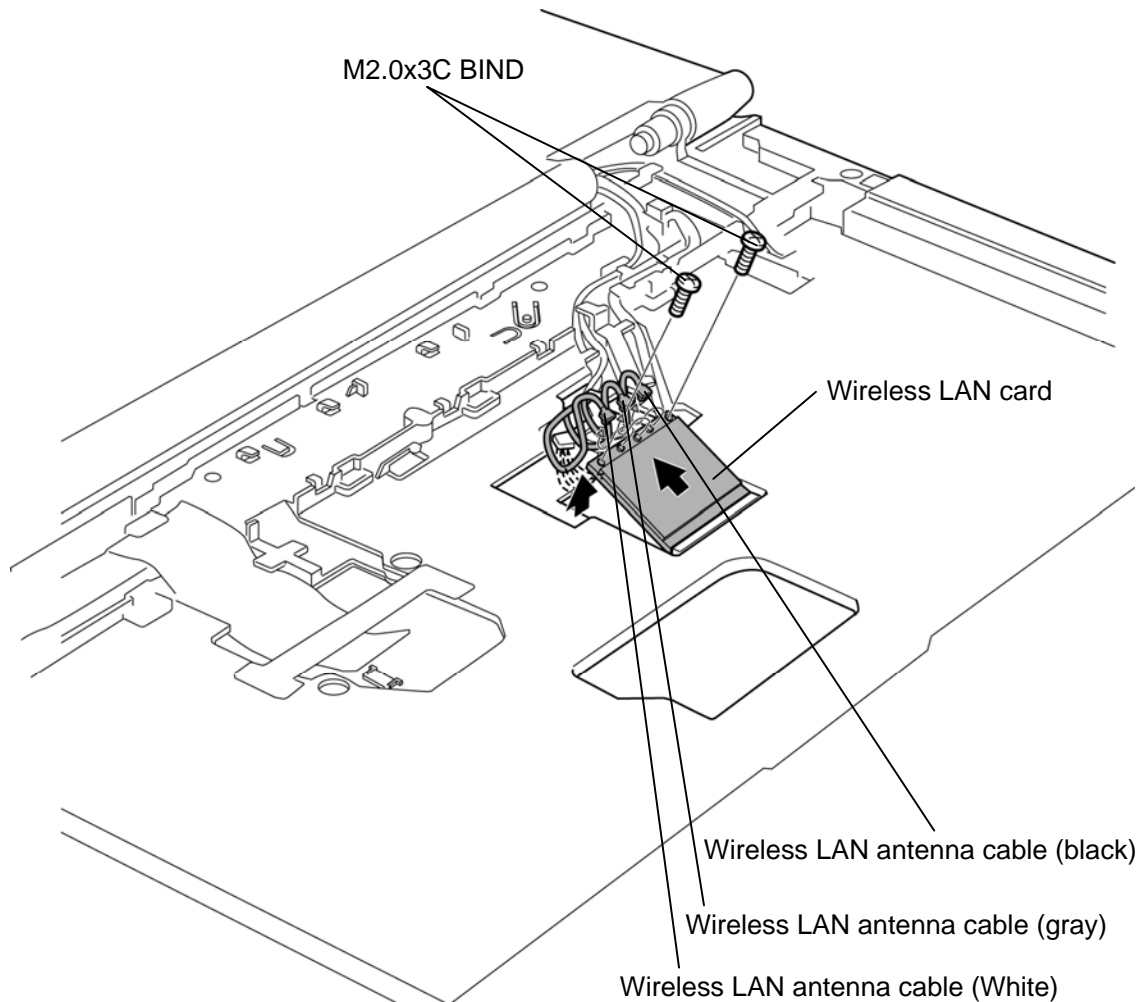


Figure 4-21 Removing the wireless LAN card

### Installing the Wireless LAN card

To install the wireless LAN card, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-21.

1. Insert the **wireless LAN card** to the connector on the system board slantwise.
2. Push down the wireless LAN card and secure it with the following **screws**.
  - M2.0×3C BIND screw ×2
3. Connect the **wireless LAN antenna cables** to the connectors (white cable from “A” or “1”, black cable from “B” or “2” and gray cable from “C” or “3”) on the wireless LAN card.

## 4.12 Cover assembly and Base assembly

### Removing the Cover assembly and Base assembly

To remove the cover assembly and base assembly, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-22 to 4-26.

1. Close the display and turn over the computer.
2. Disconnect the **3G antenna cables** and **3G power harness** from the connectors on the jack/3G/Express board.

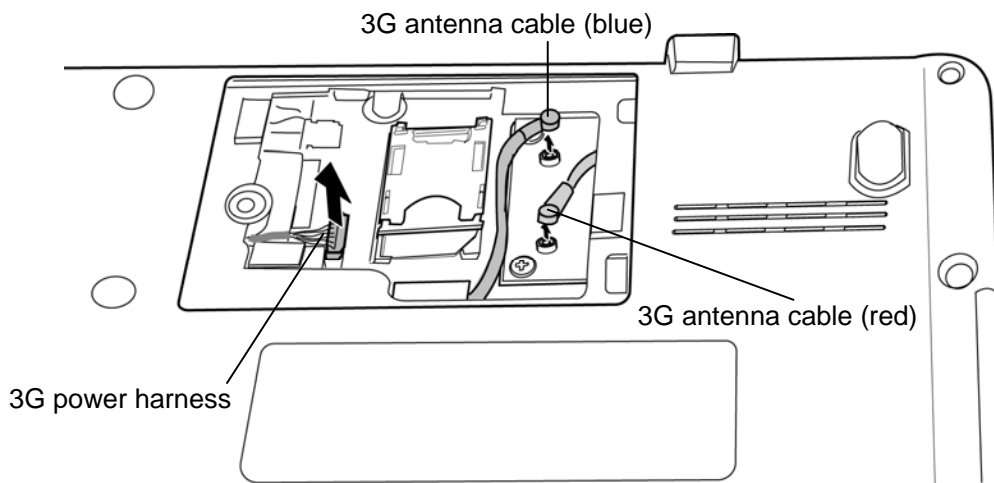


Figure 4-22 Removing the cover assembly and base assembly (1)

## 3. Remove the following screws.

- M2.5×8B FLAT HEAD screw ×11 (“8” in the figure below)
- M2.5×12B FLAT HEAD screw ×1 (“12” in the figure below)
- M2.5×5B FLAT HEAD screw ×1 (“5” in the figure below)

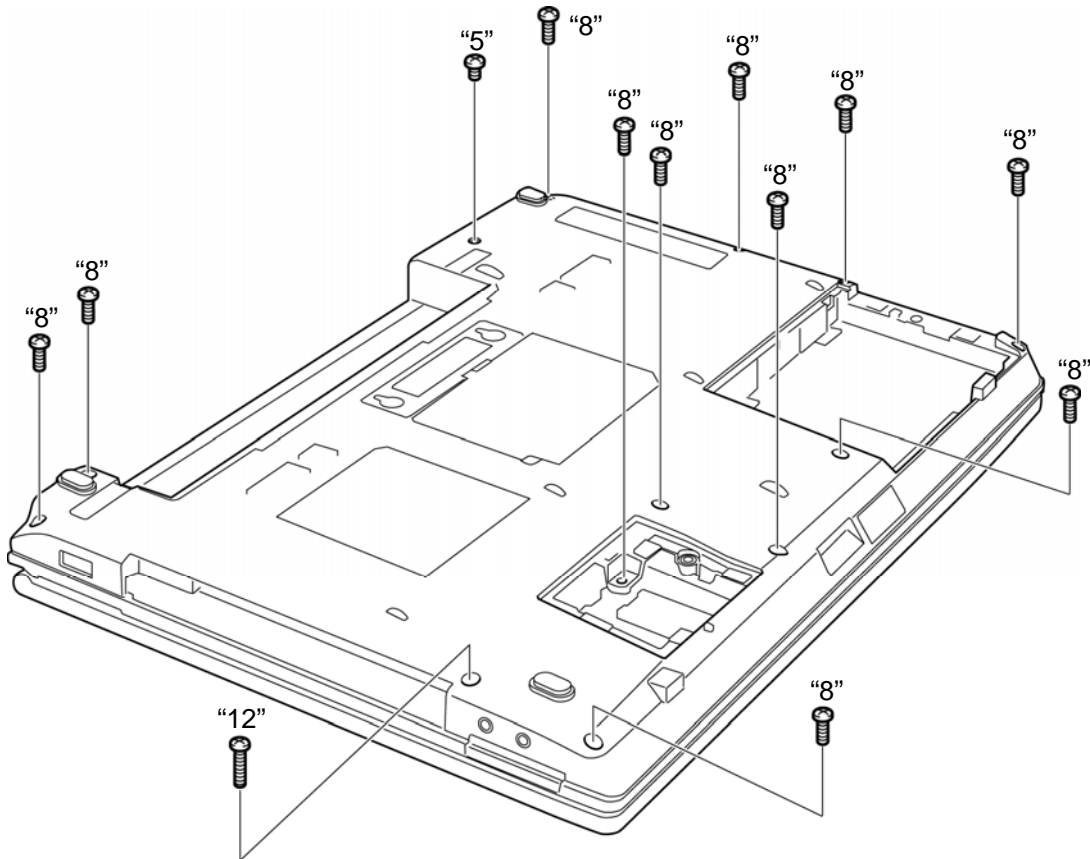


Figure 4-23 Removing the cover assembly and base assembly (2)

4. Turn over the computer and open the display.
5. Turn up the **insulator** (LCD CONN INSULATOR) and disconnect the **LCD harness** from the connector **CN5300** on the system board.
6. Disconnect the **FS board FFC** and **camera harness** from the connector **CN9550** and **CN9540** on the system board.

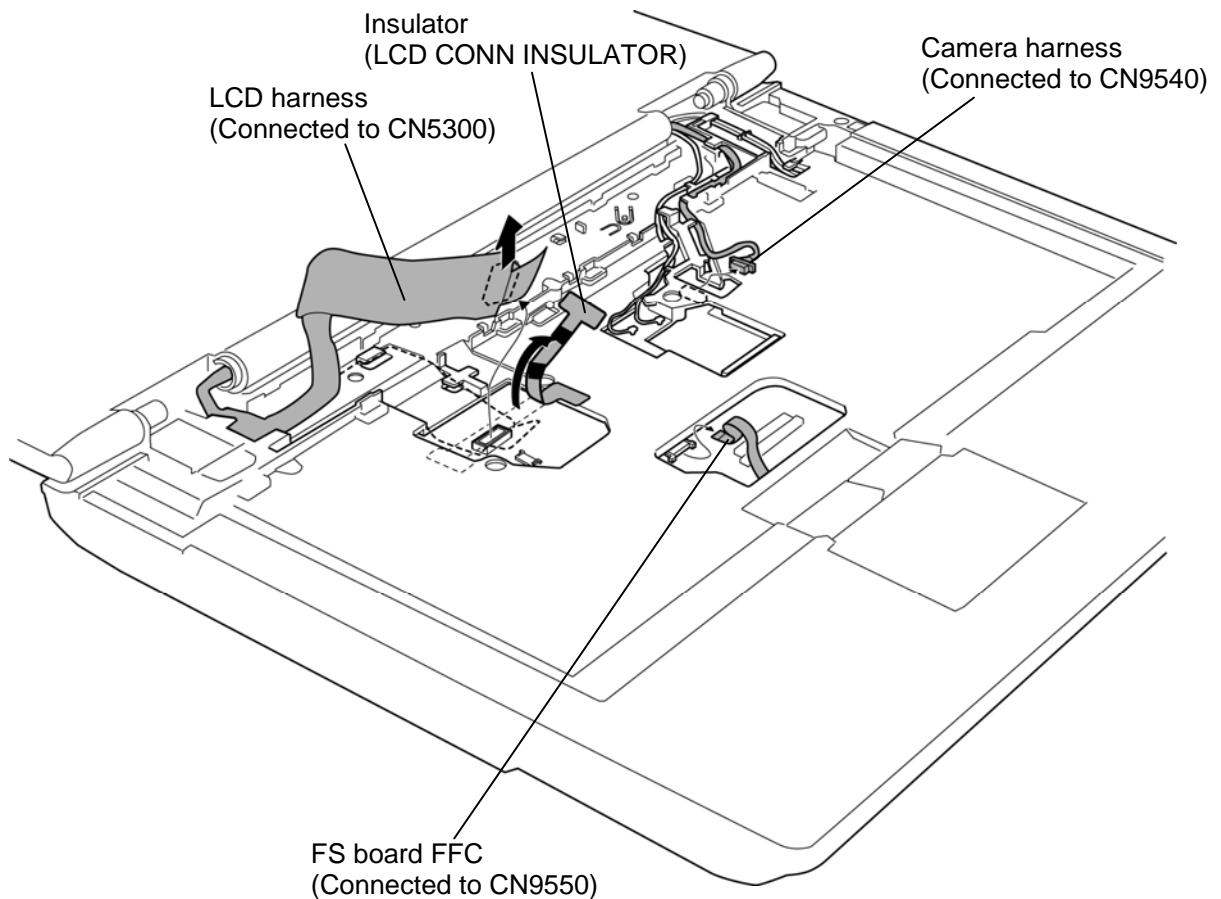


Figure 4-24 Removing the cover assembly and base assembly (3)

7. Remove the following screws.

- M2.5×8B FLAT HEAD screw ×5
- M2.5×12B FLAT HEAD screw ×3

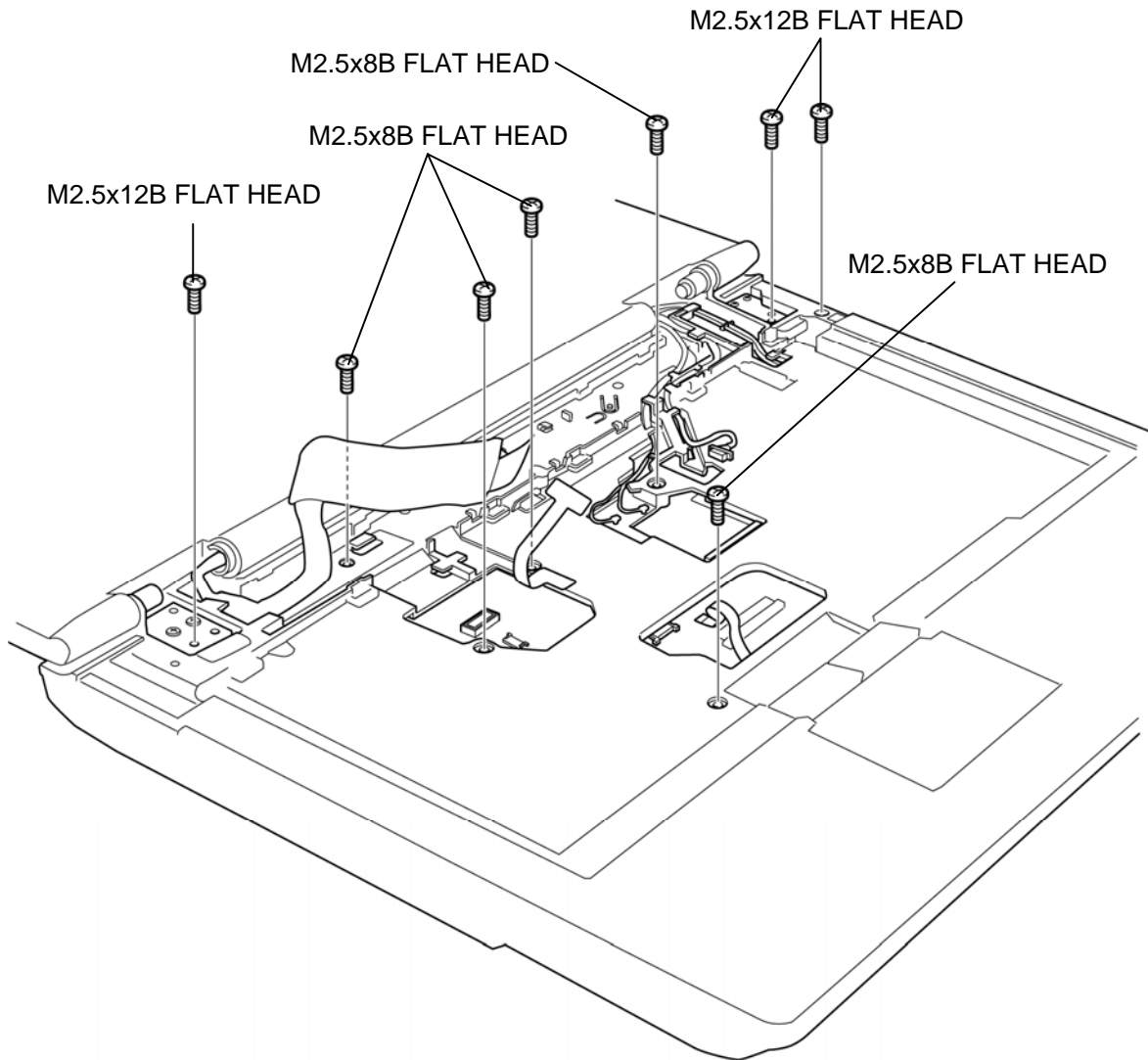


Figure 4-25 Removing the cover assembly and base assembly (4)

8. Separate the **cover assembly** and **base assembly** while releasing the latches.

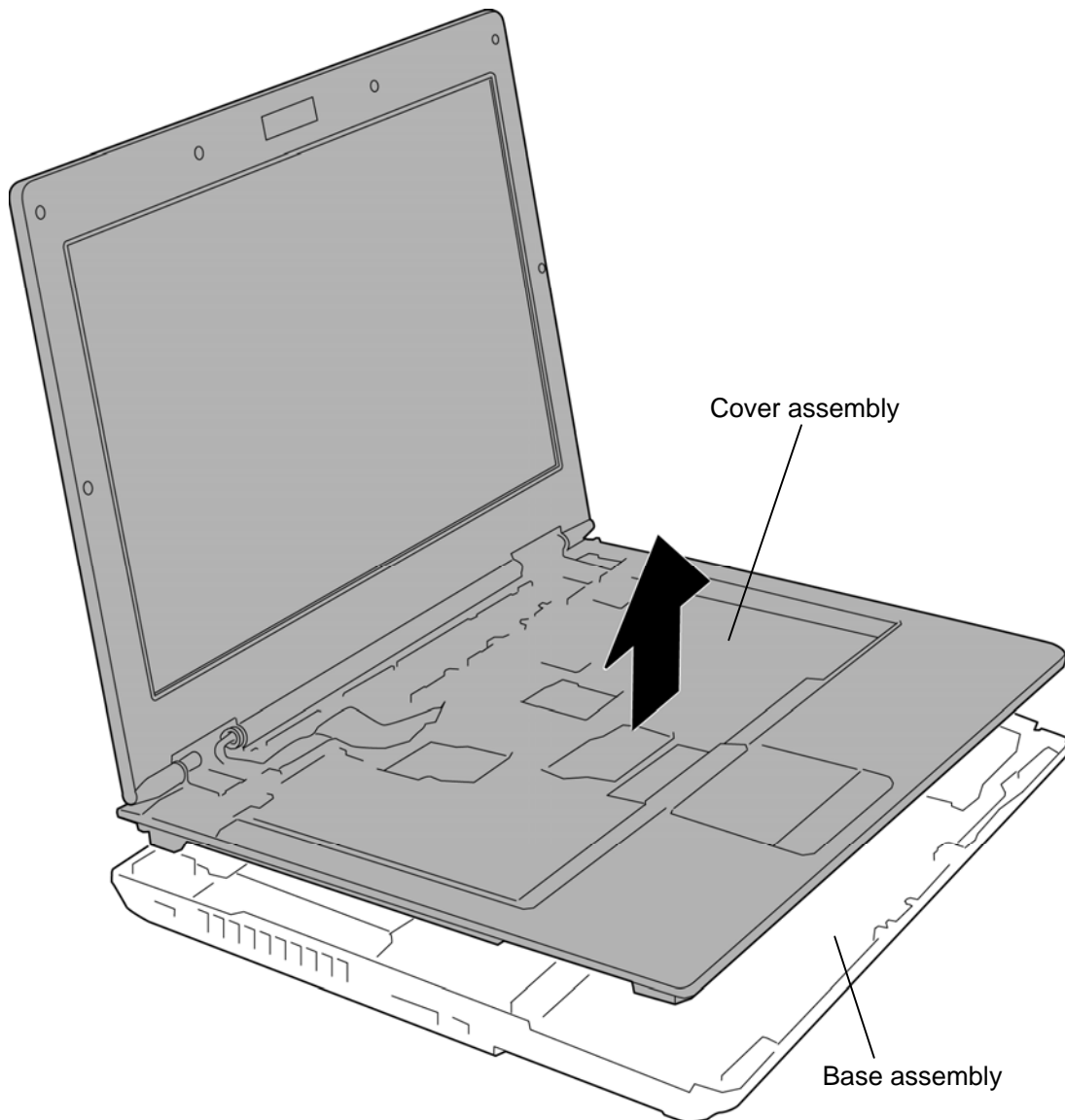


Figure 4-26 Removing the cover assembly and base assembly (5)

**CAUTION:** When separating the cover assembly and base assembly, lift the cover assembly up right above. Otherwise, the computer may be damaged.

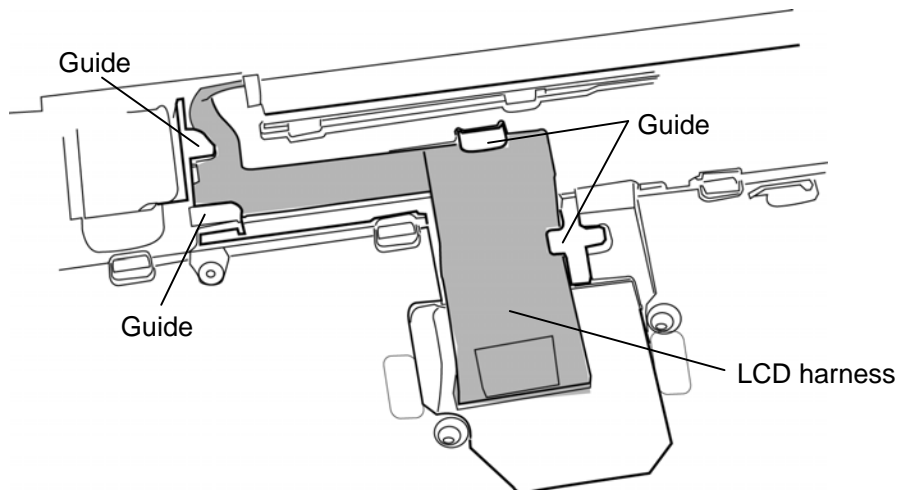


### Installing the Cover assembly and Base assembly

To install the cover assembly and base assembly, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-22 to 4-26.

1. Place the **cover assembly** on the **base assembly** and secure them with the following **screws**.
  - M2.5×8B FLAT HEAD screw ×5
  - M2.5×12B FLAT HEAD screw ×3
2. Turn up the **insulator** (LCD CONN INSULATOR) and connect the **LCD harness** to the connector **CN5300** on the system board.

**NOTE:** Arrange the LCD harness under the **guides**.



*When replacing the cover assembly with a new one, stick the insulator (LCD CONN INSULATOR) to the system board in place.  
When sticking the LCD CONN INSULATOR, set the cushion of the LCD CONN INSULATOR on the connector of the LCD harness.*

3. Connect the **FS board FFC** and **camera harness** to the connector **CN9550** and **CN9540** on the system board.

4. Turn over the computer and secure the cover assembly and base assembly with the following **screws**.
  - M2.5×8B FLAT HEAD screw ×11 (“8” in the Figure 4-23)
  - M2.5×12B FLAT HEAD screw ×1 (“12” in the Figure 4-23)
  - M2.5×5B FLAT HEAD screw ×1 (“5” in the Figure 4-23)
5. Connect the **3G antenna cables** and **3G power harness** to the connectors on the jack/3G/Express board.

## 4.13 MDC/USB board

### Removing the MDC/USB board

To remove the MDC/USB board, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-27 to 4-29.

MDC model

1. Take out the **RJ11 harness** from the slot of the base assembly.
2. Remove the following **screws** securing the MDC/USB board.
  - M2.5×6C Tapping screw ×2
3. Disconnect the **modem/USB harness** from the connector **CN9770** on the MDC/USB board and connector **CN9570** on the system board.
4. Remove the **MDC/USB board** (with the RJ11 harness) from the slot of the base assembly in the direction as shown in the figure below.
5. Disconnect the **RJ11 harness** from the connector on the MDC/USB board.

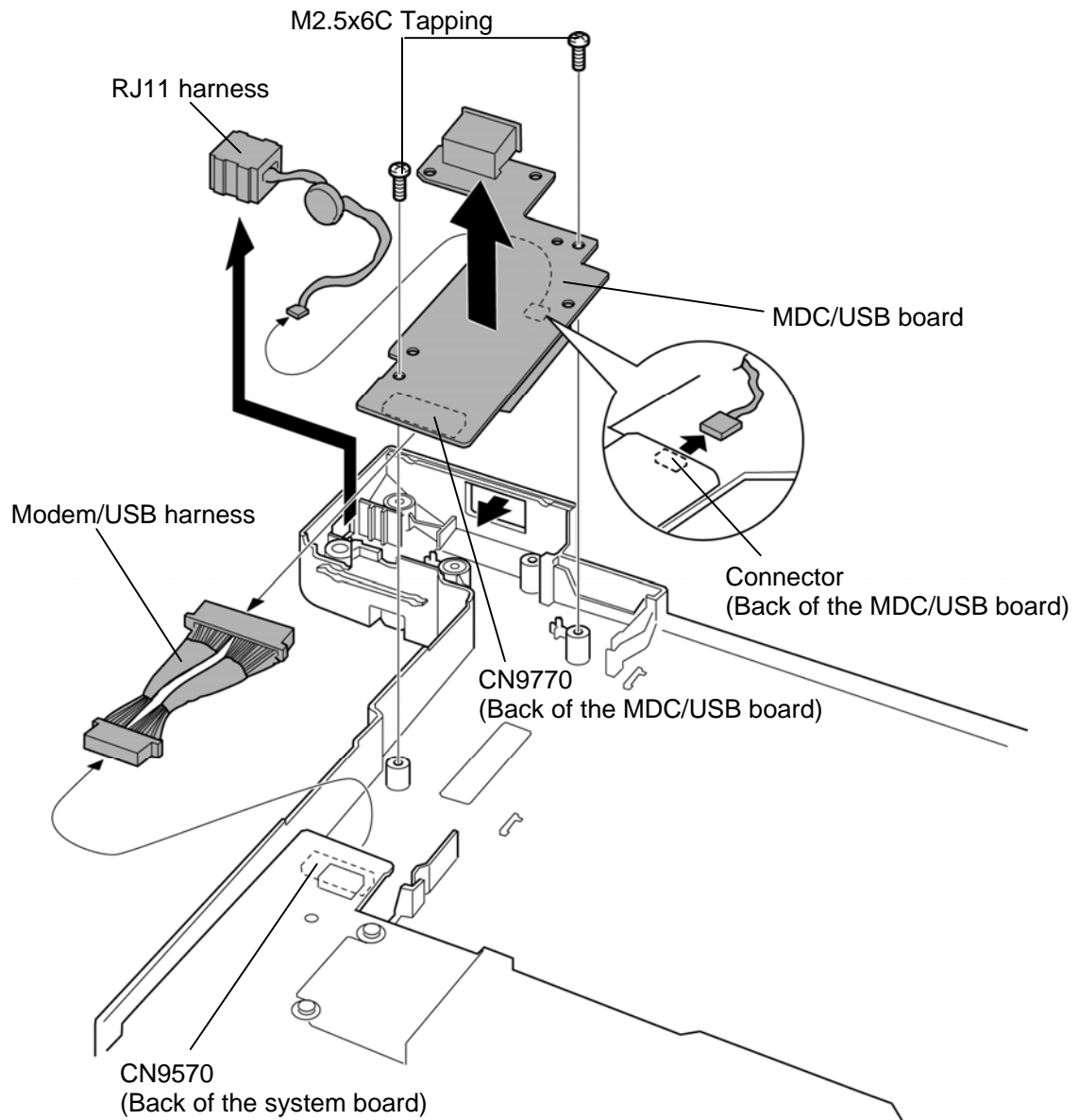


Figure 4-27 Removing the MDC/USB board (1) (MDC model)

6. Remove the following **screws** and disconnect the **MDC module** from the connector **CN3010** on the MDC/USB board.

- M2.0×3C BIND screw ×2

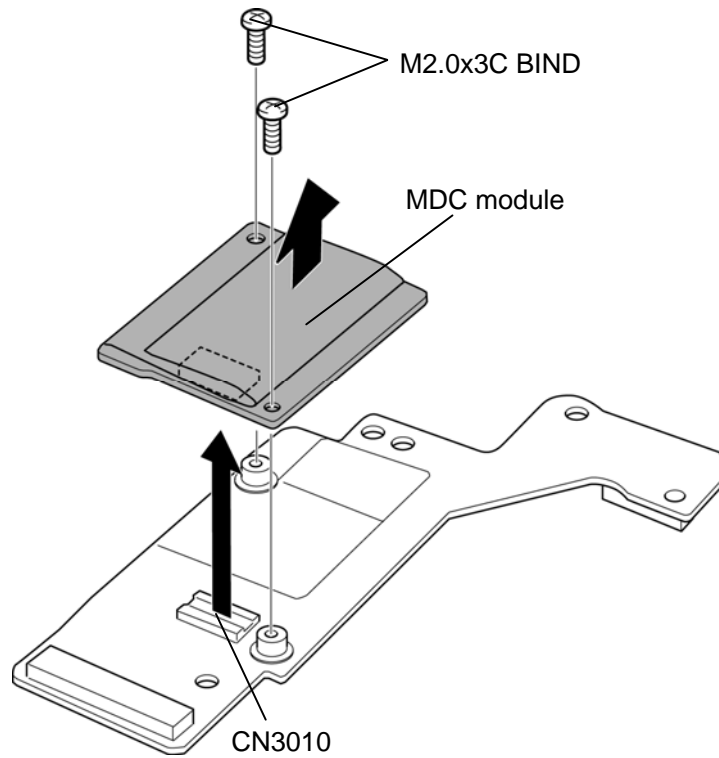


Figure 4-28 Removing the MDC/USB board (2) (MDC model)

## USB model

1. Remove the following **screw** securing the USB board.
  - M2.5×6C Tapping screw ×1
2. Peel off the **acetate tape**.
3. Disconnect the **USB harness** from the connector **CN9770** on the USB board and connector **CN9570** on the system board.

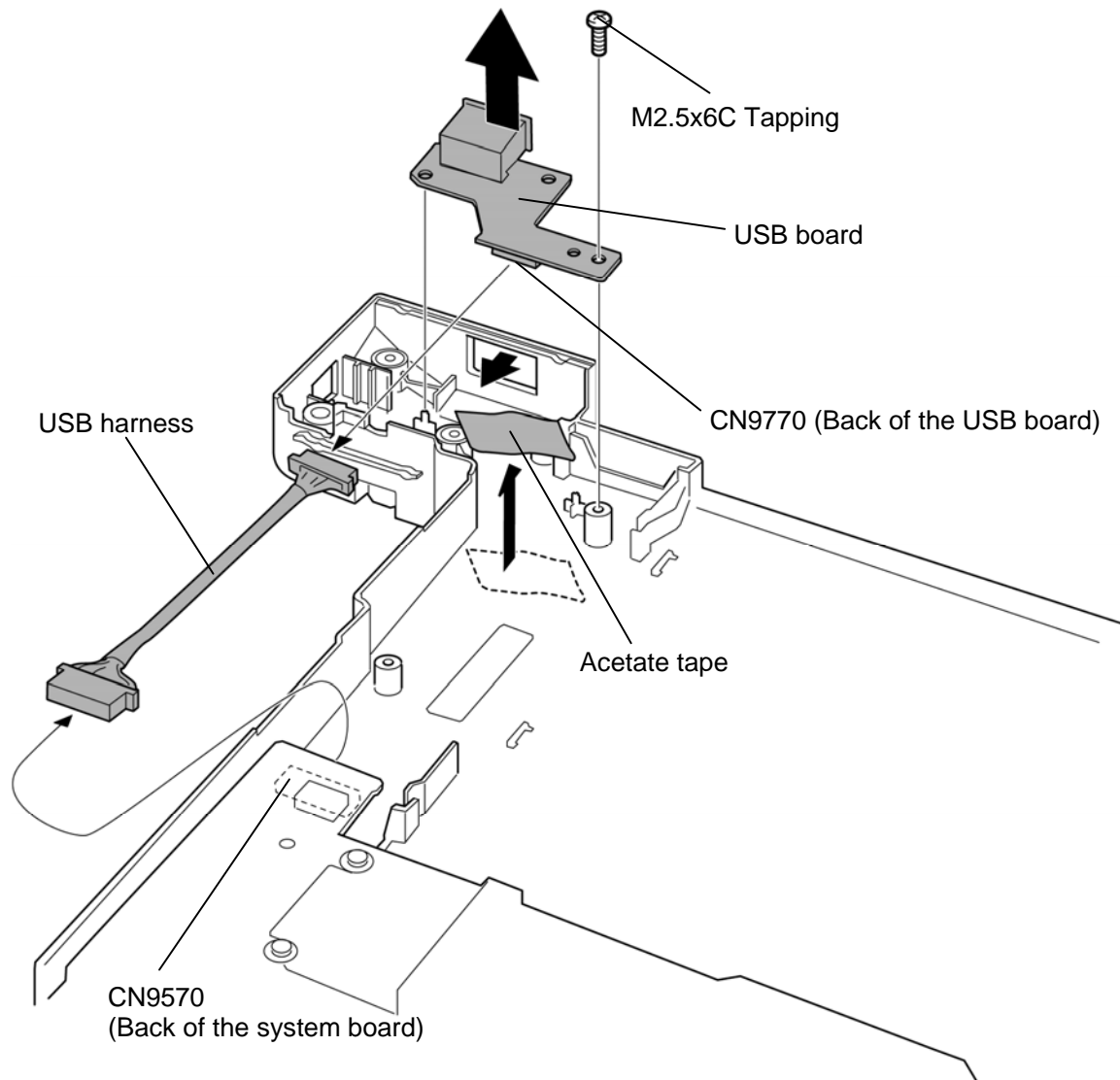


Figure 4-29 Removing the MDC/USB board (3) (USB model)

### Installing the MDC/USB board

To install the MDC/USB board, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-27 to 4-29.

#### MDC model

1. Connect the **MDC module** to the connector **CN3010** on the MDC/USB board.
2. Secure the MDC module with the following **screws**.
  - M2.0×3C BIND screw ×2
3. Connect the **RJ11 harness** to the connector on the MDC/USB board.
4. Connect the **modem/USB harness** to the connector **CN9770** on the MDC/USB board and connector **CN9570** on the system board.
5. Set the **MDC/USB board** into the slot of the base assembly and secure it with the following **screws**.
  - M2.5×6C Tapping screw ×2
6. Set the **RJ11 harness** into the slot of the base assembly.

#### USB model

1. Connect the **USB harness** to the connector **CN9770** on the USB board and connector **CN9570** on the system board.
2. Set the **USB board** into the slot of the base assembly and secure it with the following **screw**.
  - M2.5×6C Tapping screw ×1
3. Arrange the USB harness and stick the **acetate tape** in place.

## 4.14 RTC battery

**CAUTION:** Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type.  
Dispose of used batteries according to the laws and ordinances of your local authority.

### Removing the RTC battery

To remove the RTC battery, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-30.

1. Peel off the **acetate tape**.
2. Disconnect the **RTC battery harness** from the connector **CN9300** on the system board.
3. Open the **insulator** (RTC BATT INSULATOR) and take out the **RTC battery**.

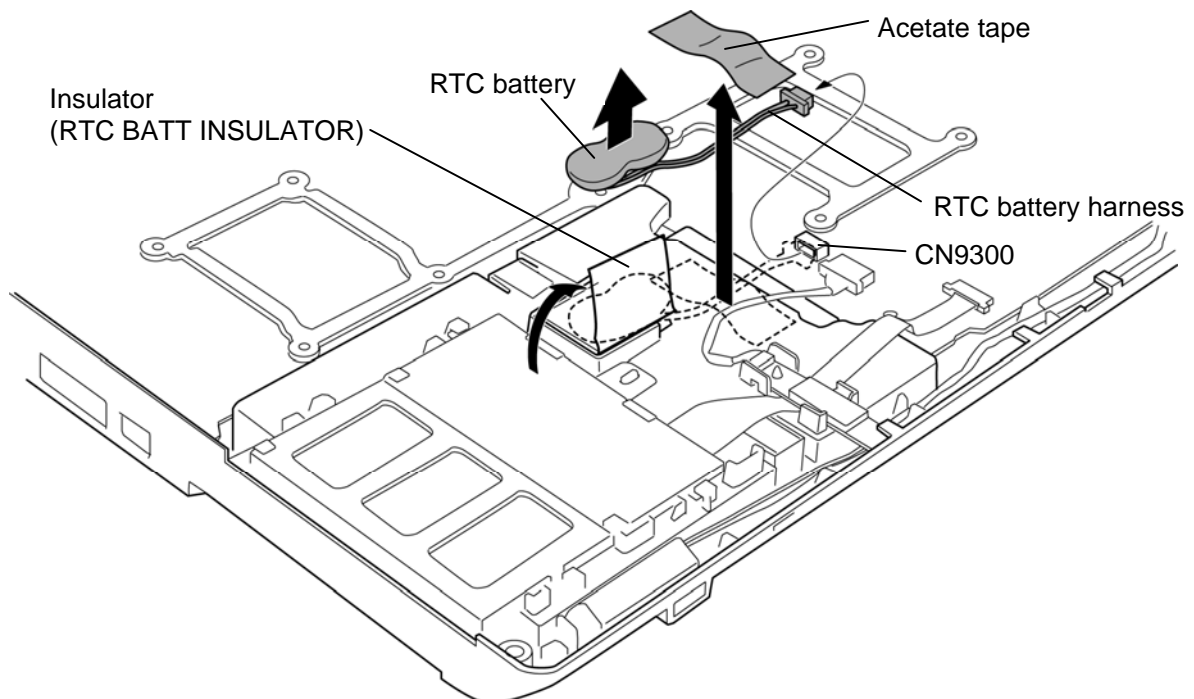


Figure 4-30 Removing the RTC battery



### Installing the RTC battery

To install the RTC battery, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-30.

1. Open the insulator (RTC BATT INSULATOR) and set the **RTC battery** in place.
2. Close the insulator (RTC BATT INSULATOR) to fix the RTC battery.
3. Connect the **RTC battery harness** to the connector **CN9300** on the system board.
4. Stick the **acetate tape** in place.

## 4.15 Bluetooth module

### Removing the Bluetooth module

To remove the Bluetooth module, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-31.

1. Disconnect the **Bluetooth harness** from the connector **CN4440** on the system board.
2. Open the **latches** and remove the **Bluetooth module** from the **guides**.
3. Disconnect the **Bluetooth harness** from the connector on the Bluetooth module.

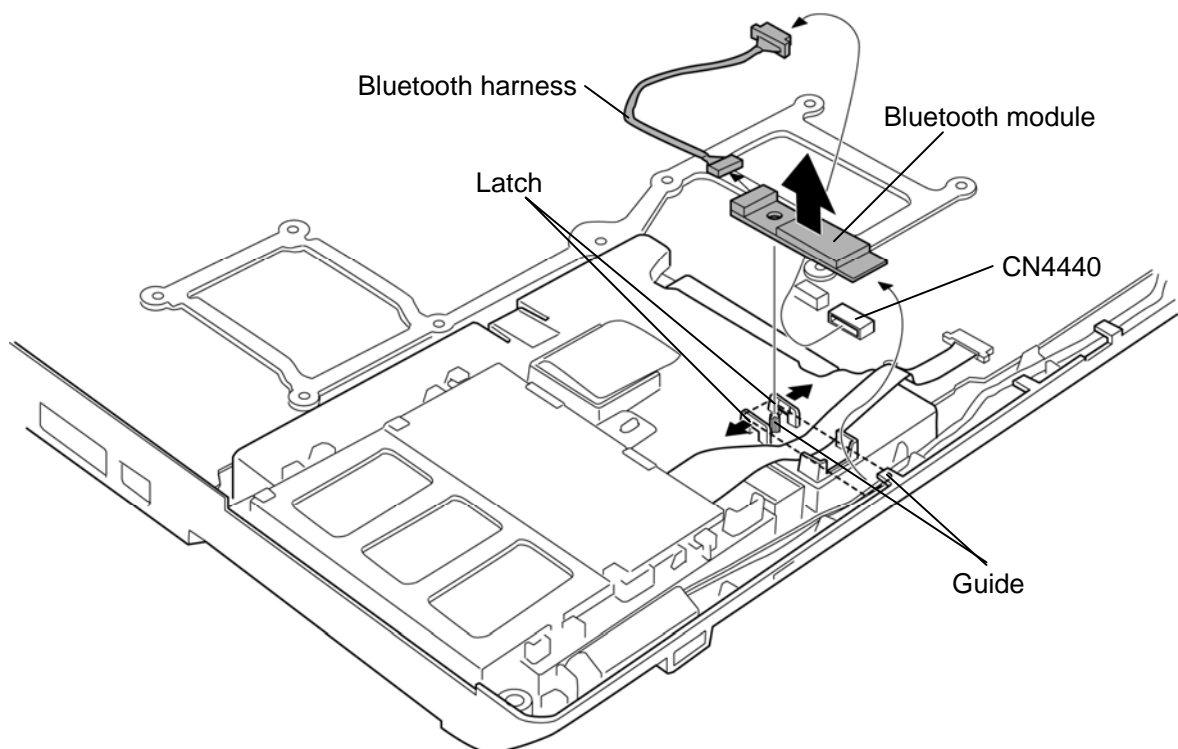


Figure 4-31 Removing the Bluetooth module

### Installing the Bluetooth module

To install the Bluetooth module, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-31.

1. Connect the **Bluetooth harness** to the connector on the Bluetooth module.
2. Set the **Bluetooth module** under the **guides** and engage the latches.
3. Connect the **Bluetooth harness** to the connector **CN4440** on the system board.

## 4.16 Smart card slot

### Removing the Smart card slot

To remove the smart card slot, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-32.

1. Disconnect the **smart card FPC** from the connector **CN2170** on the system board.
2. Lift up the **hook** of the smart card slot in the direction as shown in the figure below to remove the **smart card slot** from the **guides**.

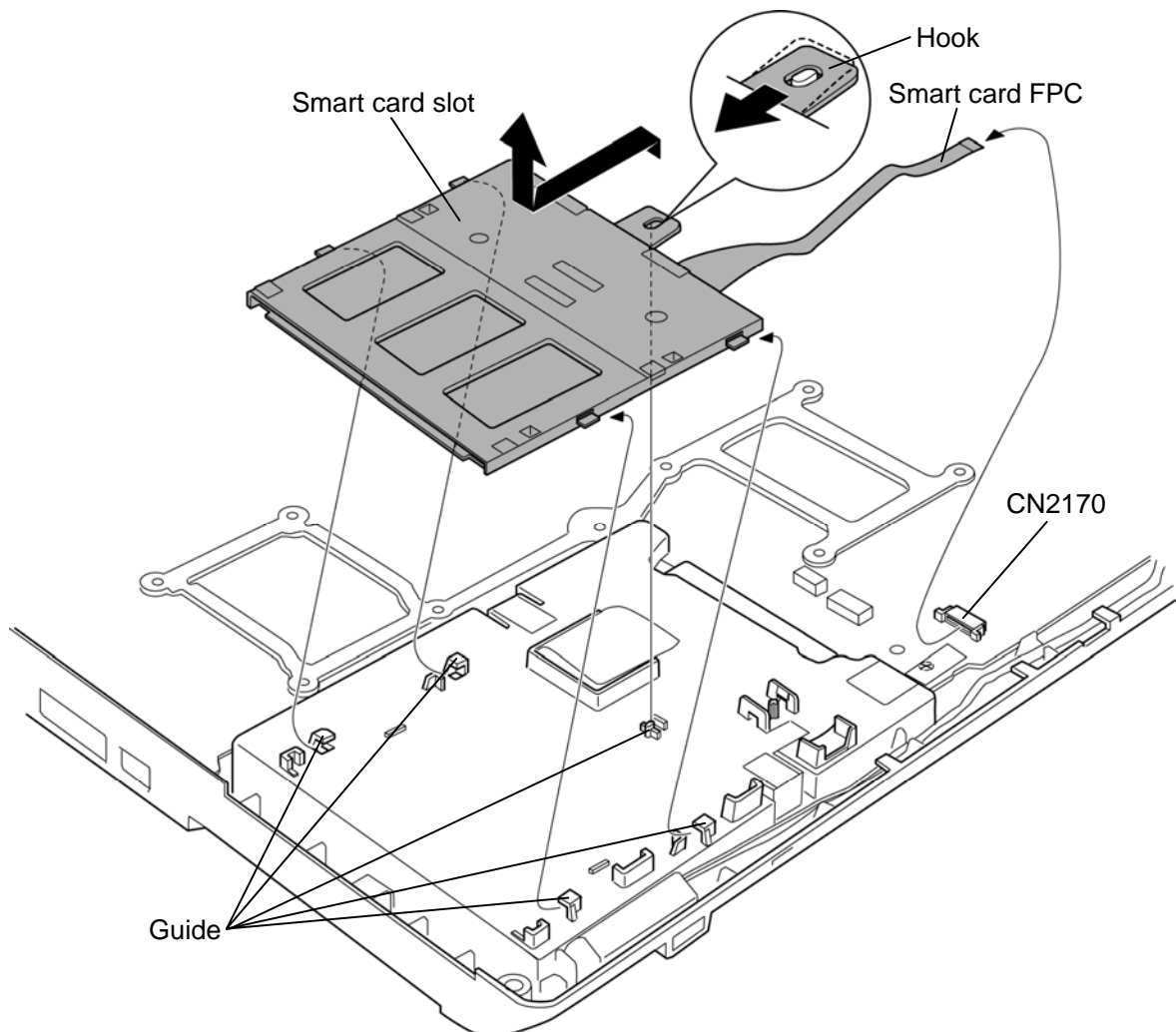


Figure 4-32 Removing the smart card slot

### Installing the Smart card slot

To install the smart card slot, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-32.

1. Slide the **smart card slot** under the **guides** until the **hook** is engaged.
2. Connect the **smart card FPC** to the connector **CN2170** on the system board.

## 4.17 Jack/3G/Express board/Microphone/3G card

### Removing the Jack/3G/Express board/Microphone/3G card

To remove the jack/3G/Express board/Microphone/3G card, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-33 to 4-35.

1. Disconnect the **jack/3G/Express board FPC** from the connector **CN9530** on the system board.
2. Disconnect the **speaker harness** from the connector **CN6150** on the jack/3G/Express board.
3. Remove the following **screw** securing the jack/3G/Express board.

- M2.5×6C Tapping screw ×1

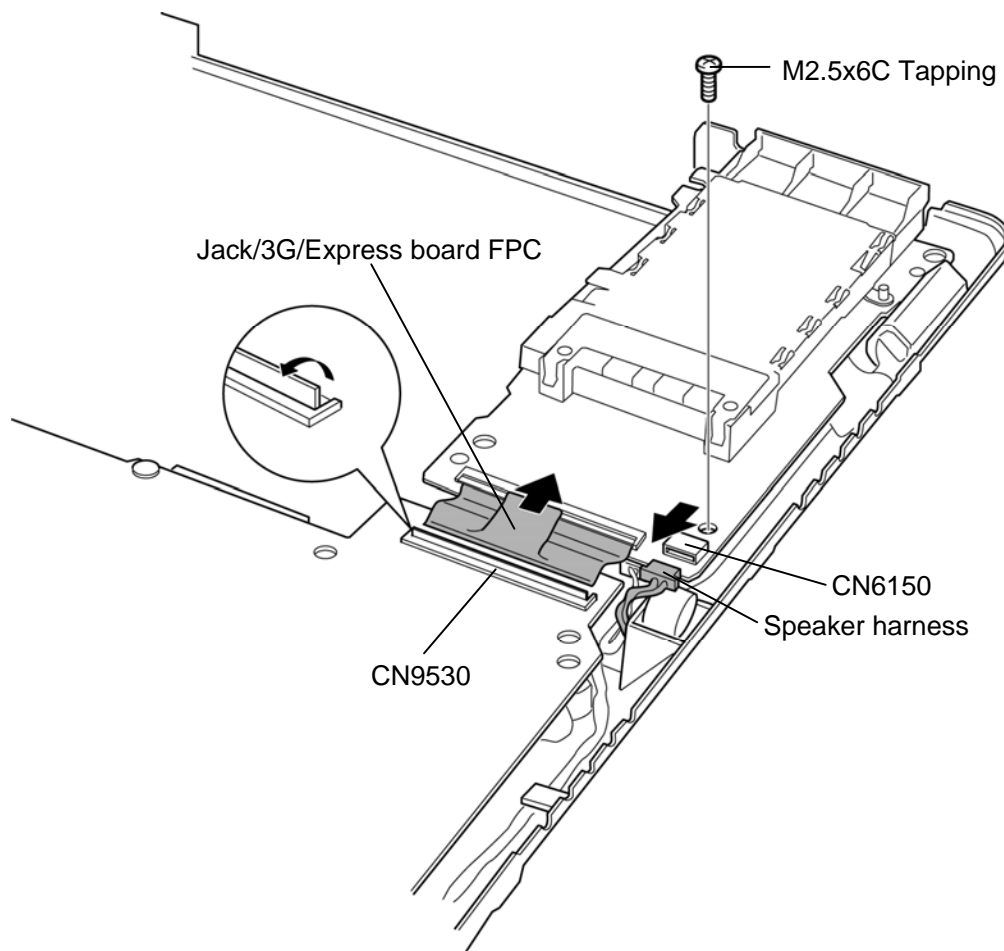


Figure 4-33 Removing the jack/3G/Express board (1)

4. Take out the **microphone** from the slot of the base assembly.
5. Remove the **jack/3G/Express board** (with the microphone).
6. Disconnect the **jack/3G/Express board FPC** from the connector **CN9630** on the jack/3G/Express board.
7. Disconnect the **microphone harness** from the connector **CN6070** on the jack/3G/Express board.

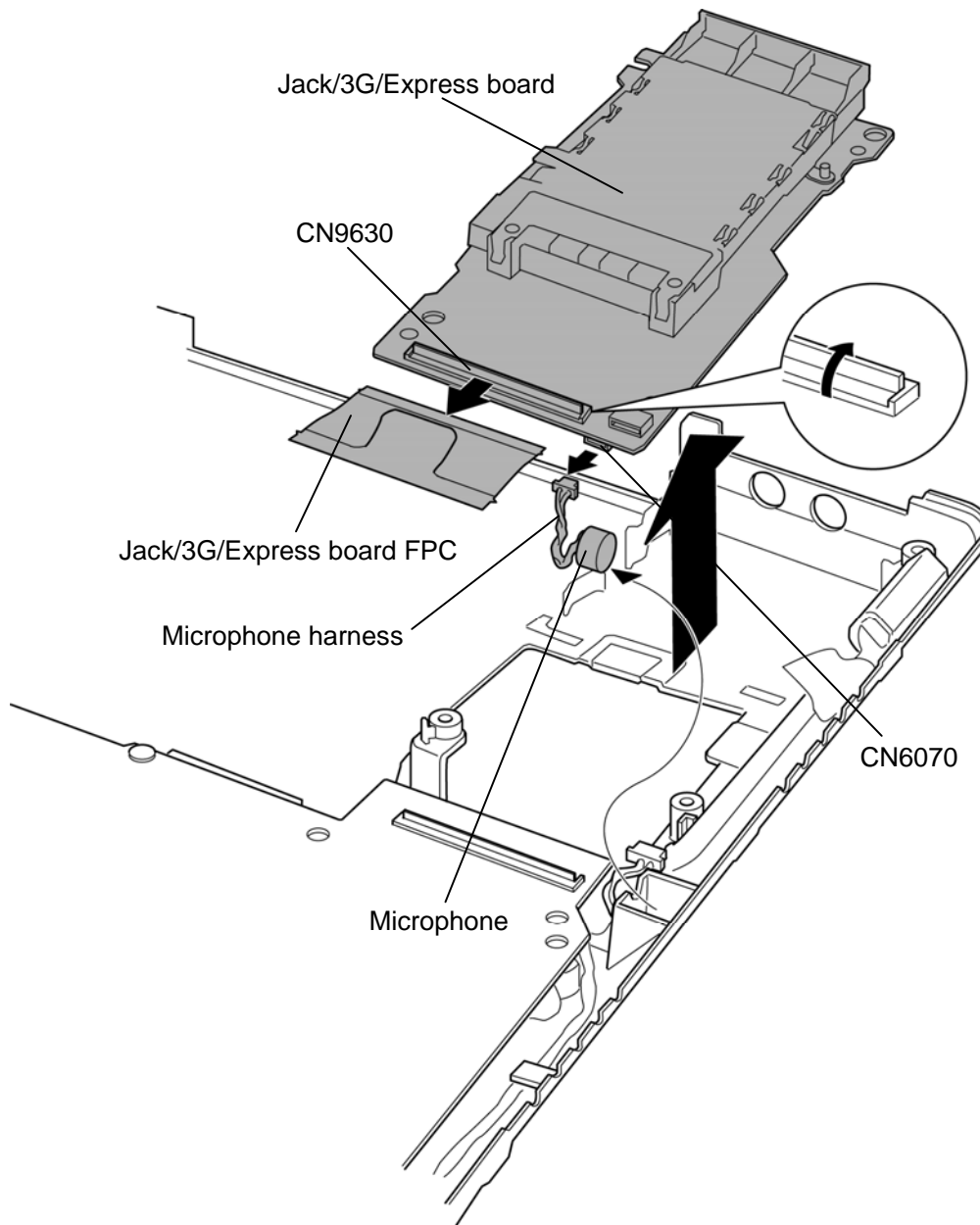


Figure 4-34 Removing the jack/3G/Express board (2)

8. Turn over the jack/3G/Express board.
9. Remove the following **screws** securing the **3G card**.
  - M2.0x3C BIND screw ×2
10. Disconnect the **3G card** from the connector on the jack/3G/Express board.

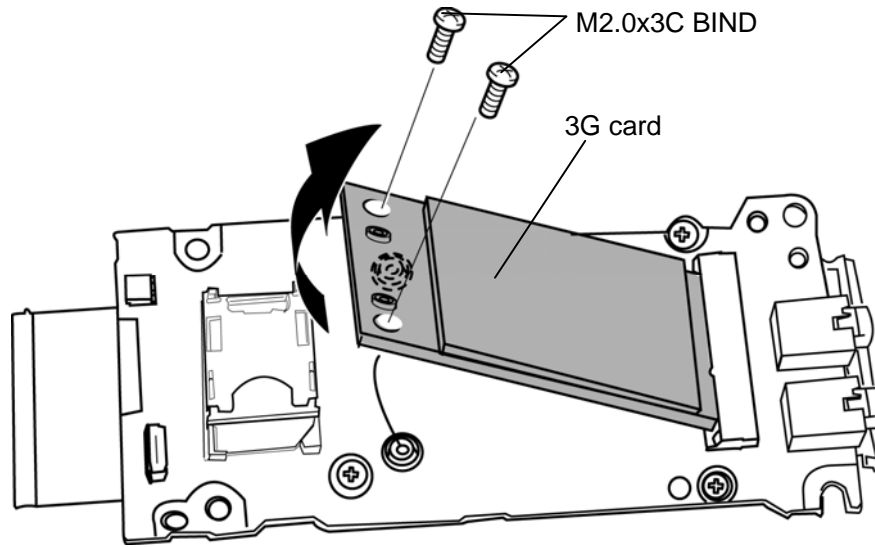


Figure 4-35 Removing the 3G card

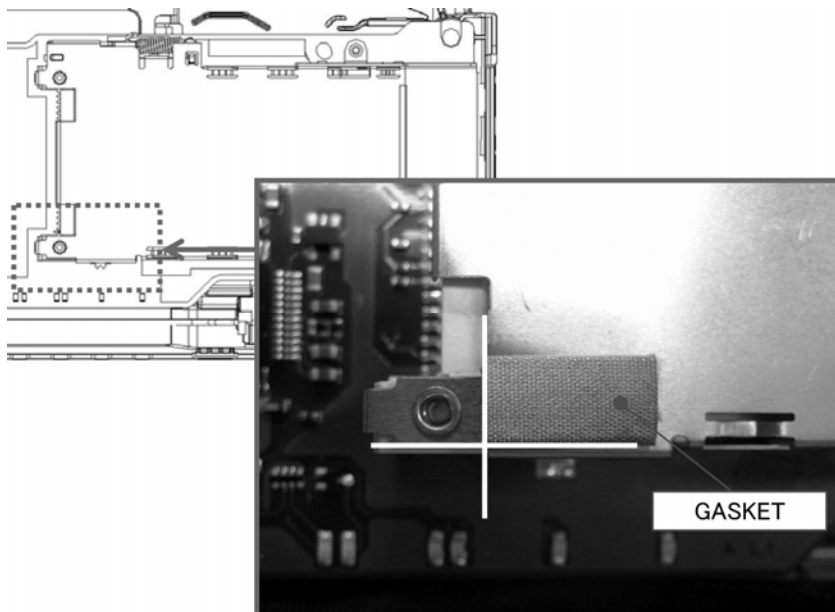


### Installing the Jack/3G/Express board/Microphone/3G card

To install the jack/3G/Express board/microphone/3G card, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-33 to 4-35.

1. Insert the **3G card** to the connector on the jack/3G/Express board slantwise.
2. Push down the 3G card and secure it with the following **screws**.
  - M2.0×3C BIND screw ×2
3. Connect the **microphone harness** to the connector **CN6070** on the jack/3G/Express board.
4. Connect the **jack/3G/Express board FPC** to the connector **CN9630** on the jack/3G/Express board.
5. Set the **jack/3G/Express board** (with the microphone) to the base assembly.

**NOTE:** When replacing a jack/3G/Express board with a new one, stick the **gasket** on the jack/3G/Express board in place.



6. Set the **microphone** into the slot of the base assembly.
7. Connect the **speaker harness** to the connector **CN6150** on the jack/3G/Express board.
8. Connect the **jack/3G/Express board FPC** to the connector **CN9530** on the system board.

9. Secure the jack/3G/Express board with the following **screw**.

- M2.5×6C Tapping screw ×1

## 4.18 RGB/USB board

### Removing the RGB/USB board

To remove the RGB/USB board, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-36 and 4-37.

1. Disconnect the **RGB harness** from the connector **CN9611** on the RGB/USB board.
2. Remove the following **screw** securing the RGB/USB board.

- M2.5×6C Tapping screw ×1

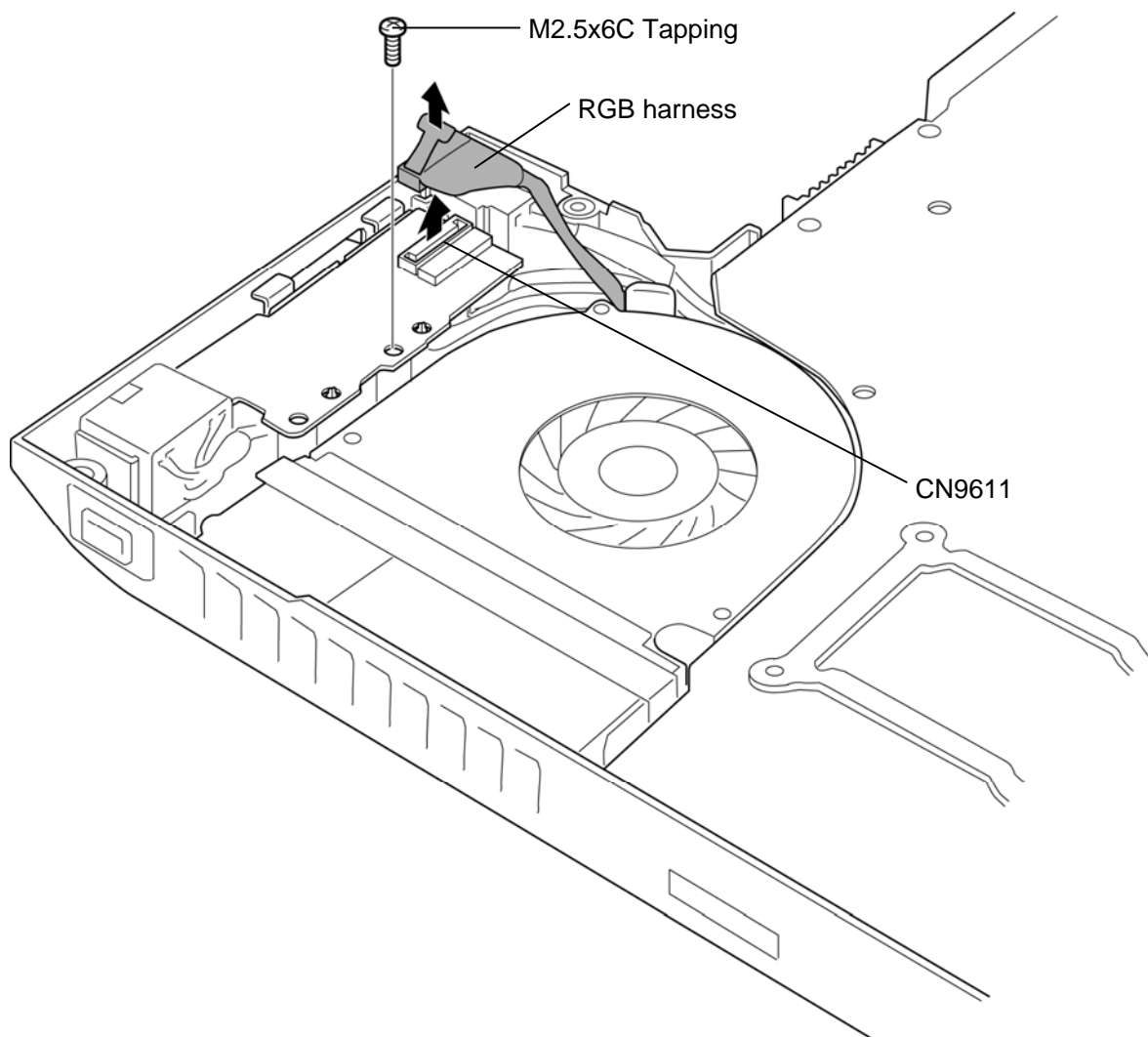


Figure 4-36 Removing the RGB/USB board (1)

3. Take out the **DC-IN harness** from the slot of the base assembly.
4. Take out the **RGB/USB board** from the slot of the base assembly. (USB harness is still connected to the back of the RGB/USB board.)
5. Disconnect the **USB harness** from the connector **CN9610** on the RGB/USB board.

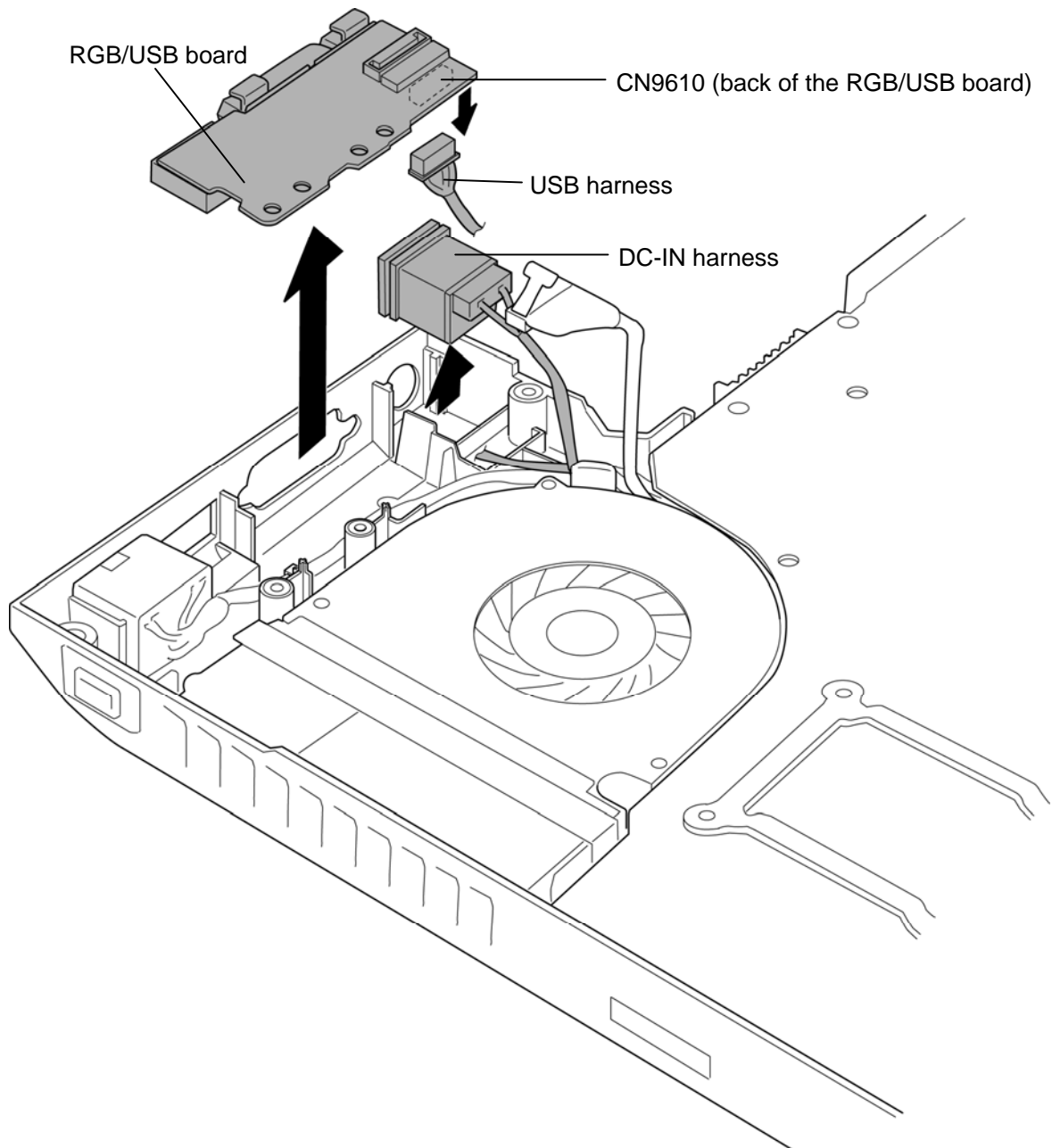


Figure 4-37 Removing the RGB/USB board (2)

**Installing the RGB/USB board**

To install the RGB/USB board, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-36 and 4-37.


1. Connect the **USB harness** to the connector **CN9610** on the RGB/USB board and arrange the harness in place.
2. Set the **RGB/USB board** to the slot of the base assembly.
3. Set the **DC-IN harness** to the slot of the base assembly.
4. Secure the **RGB/USB board** with the following **screw**.
  - M2.5×6C Tapping screw ×1
5. Connect the **RGB harness** to the connector **CN9611** on the RGB/USB board.

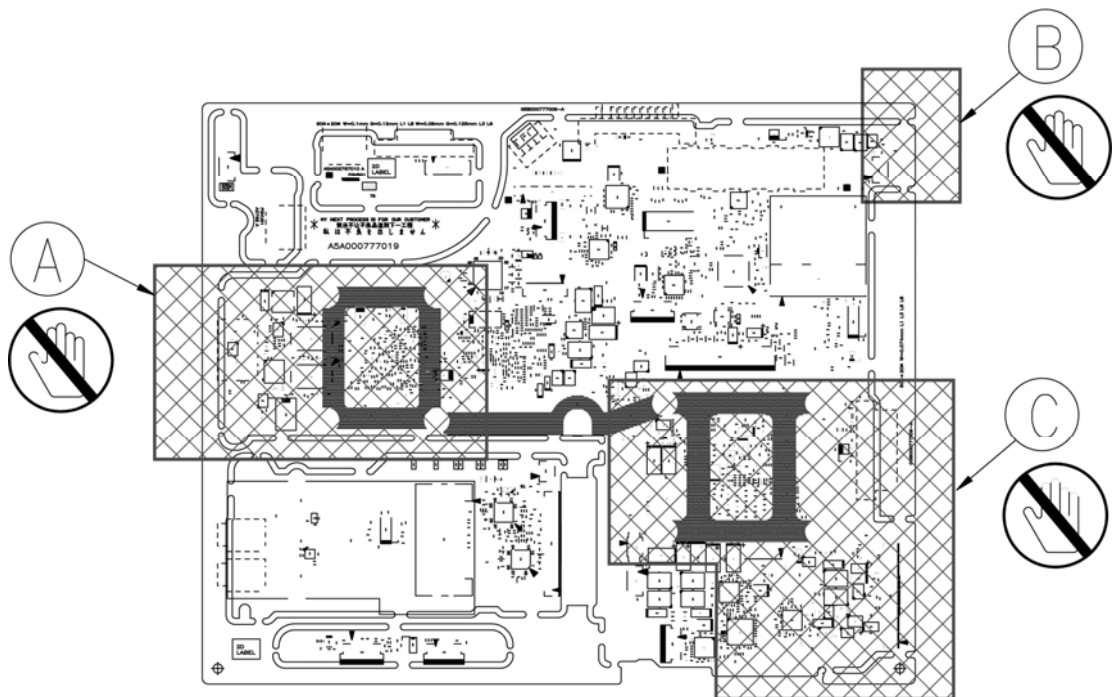
## 4.19 System board

**CAUTION:** When replacing with a new system board, the following procedures must be executed.

- (1) Before replacing the system board, execute subtest02 “DMI information save” in 3.3 Setting of the hardware configuration of Chapter 3 Test program in order to save the DMI information from system board to floppy disk.
- (2) After replacing the system board, execute the subtest03 “DMI information recovery” and subtest01 “Entry of the DMI information” in order to copy the DMI information and system configuration information.
- (3) Also update the BIOS and EC/KBC with the latest ones according to the steps described in Appendix G and Appendix H.

Do not handle the area A, B and C of the system board.

 : Handling is prohibition.



## Removing the System board

To remove the system board, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-38 and 4-39.

1. Take out the **RJ45 harness** from the slot of the base assembly.
2. Peel off the **insulator** (SQUARE INSULATOR).
3. Remove the following **screws** securing the system board.
  - M2.5x6C Tapping screw ×2
4. Remove the system board from the base assembly.

**CAUTION:** When removing the system board, lift up the right side of the system board first.

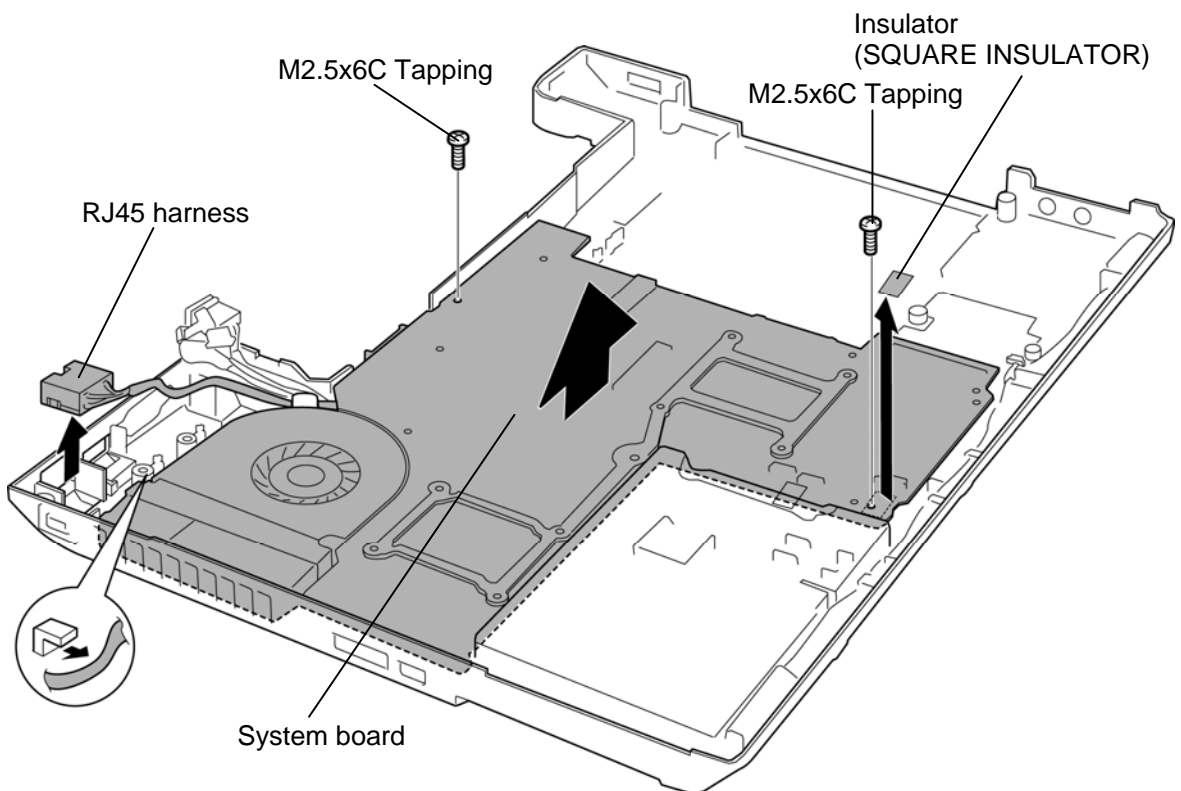


Figure 4-38 Removing the system board (1)

5. Disconnect the **RGB harness** from the connector **CN9511** on the system board.
6. Turn up the **insulator** (HNS HOLD RJ INSULATOR) and disconnect the **RJ45 harness** from the connector **CN4050** on the system board.
7. Peel off the **insulators** (SQUARE INSULATOR) and disconnect the **USB harness** from the connector **CN9510** on system board.

**NOTE:** Do not reuse the removed SQUARE INSULATOR. Be sure to use a new SQUARE INSULATOR.

8. Disconnect the **3G power harness** from the connector **CN9531** on the system board.

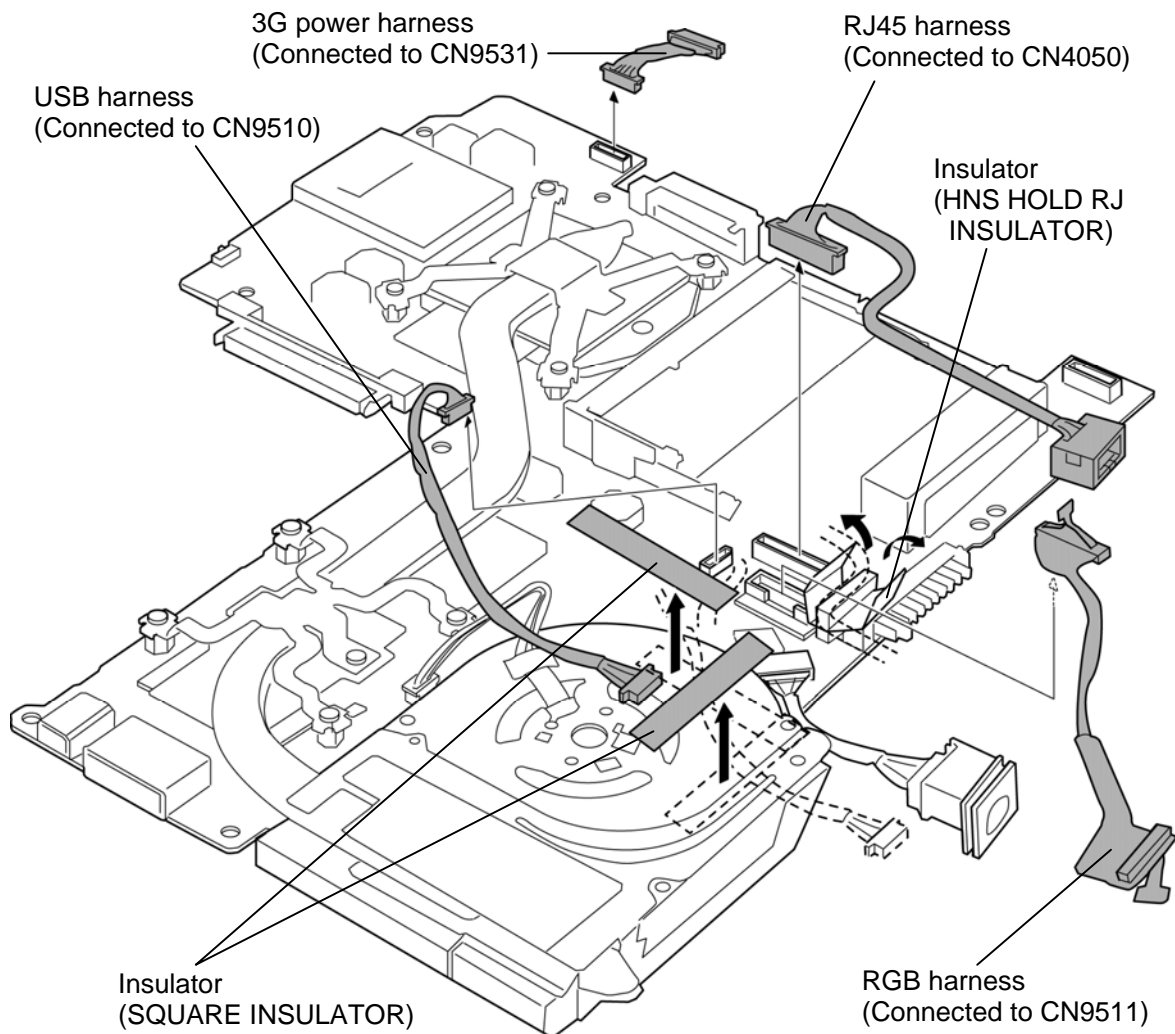


Figure 4-39 Removing the system board (2)

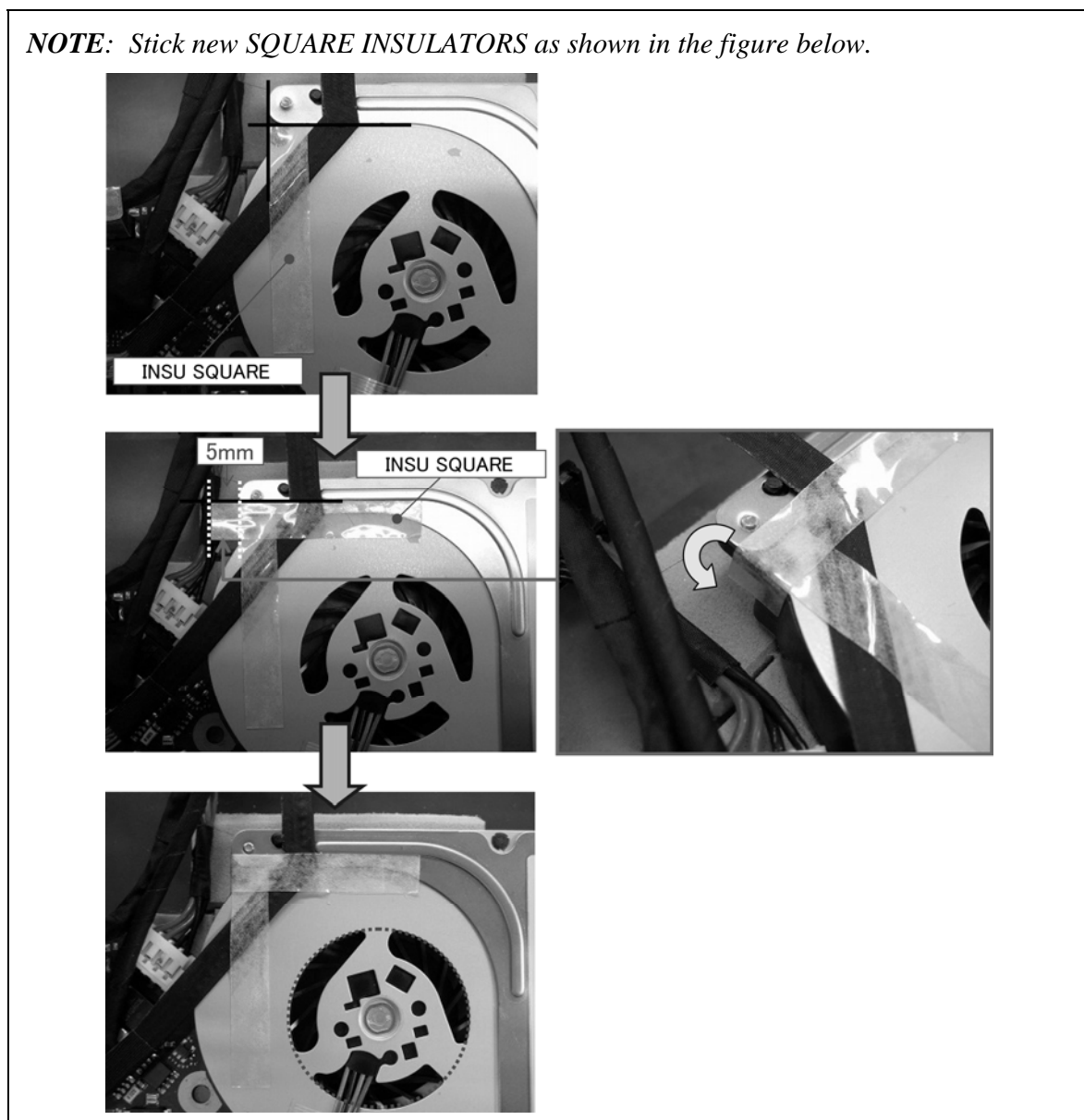


## Installing the System board

To install the system board, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-38 and 4-39.

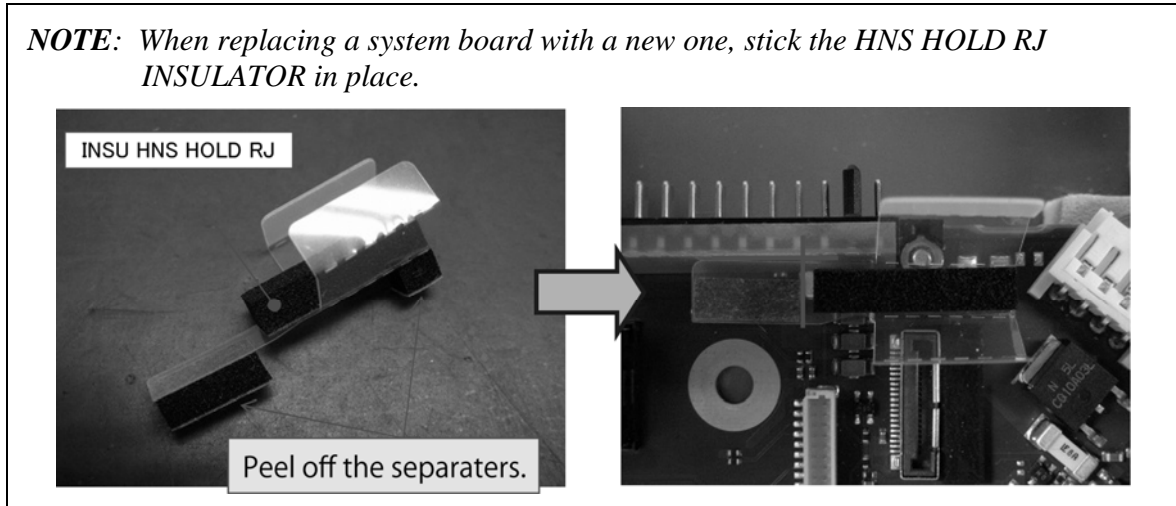
1. Connect the **3G power harness** to the connector **CN9531** on the back of the system board.
2. Connect the **USB harness** to the connector **CN9510** on system board.
3. Arrange the USB harness on the DC fan and stick new **insulators** (SQUARE INSULATOR) in place.

**NOTE:** Stick new **SQUARE INSULATORS** as shown in the figure below.



4. Turn up the **insulator** (HNS HOLD RJ INSULATOR) and connect the **RJ45 harness** to the connector **CN4050** on the system board.

**NOTE:** When replacing a system board with a new one, stick the HNS HOLD RJ INSULATOR in place.



5. Connect the **RGB harness** to the connector **CN9511** on the system board.
6. Turn over the system board.

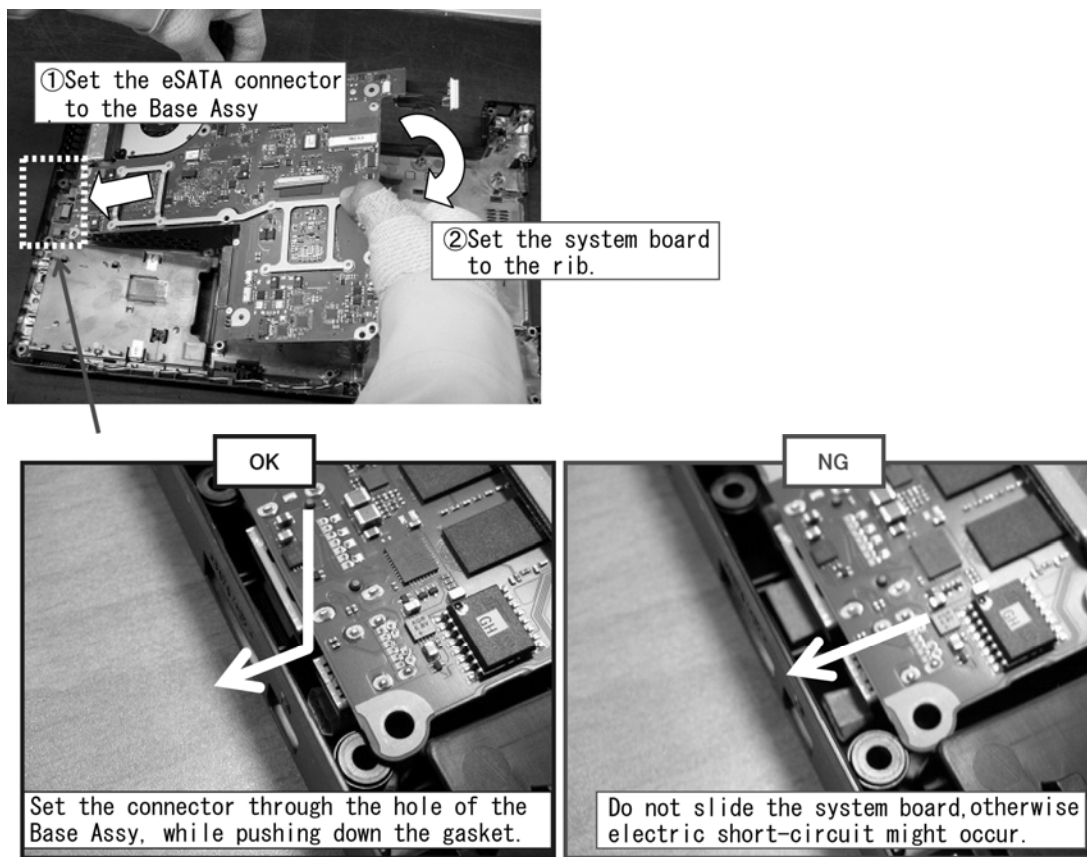
7. Set the **system board** into the base assembly in place and secure them with the following **screws**.

- M2.5×6C Tapping screw ×2

**NOTE:** When installing the system board to the base assembly, do not pinch the harnesses.

After installing the system board, make sure that the WL SW knob moves properly.

Set the system board as shown in the figure below.



8. Stick the **insulator** (SQUARE INSULATOR) in place.
9. Arrange the **RJ45 harness** in place and set it into the slot of the base assembly.

## 4.20 CPU/Fin/DC fan

### Removing the CPU/Fin/DC fan

To remove the CPU/fin/DC fan, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-40 to 4-42.

1. Disconnect the **fan harness** from the connector **CN3380** on the system board.
2. Remove the following **screws** and **fin** (with the DC fan).
  - M2.0×4B BIND screw ×8

**NOTE:** When removing the fin, be sure to remove the screws in the reverse order of the number marked on the fin.

3. Disconnect the **DC-IN harness** from the connector **CN8800** on the system board.

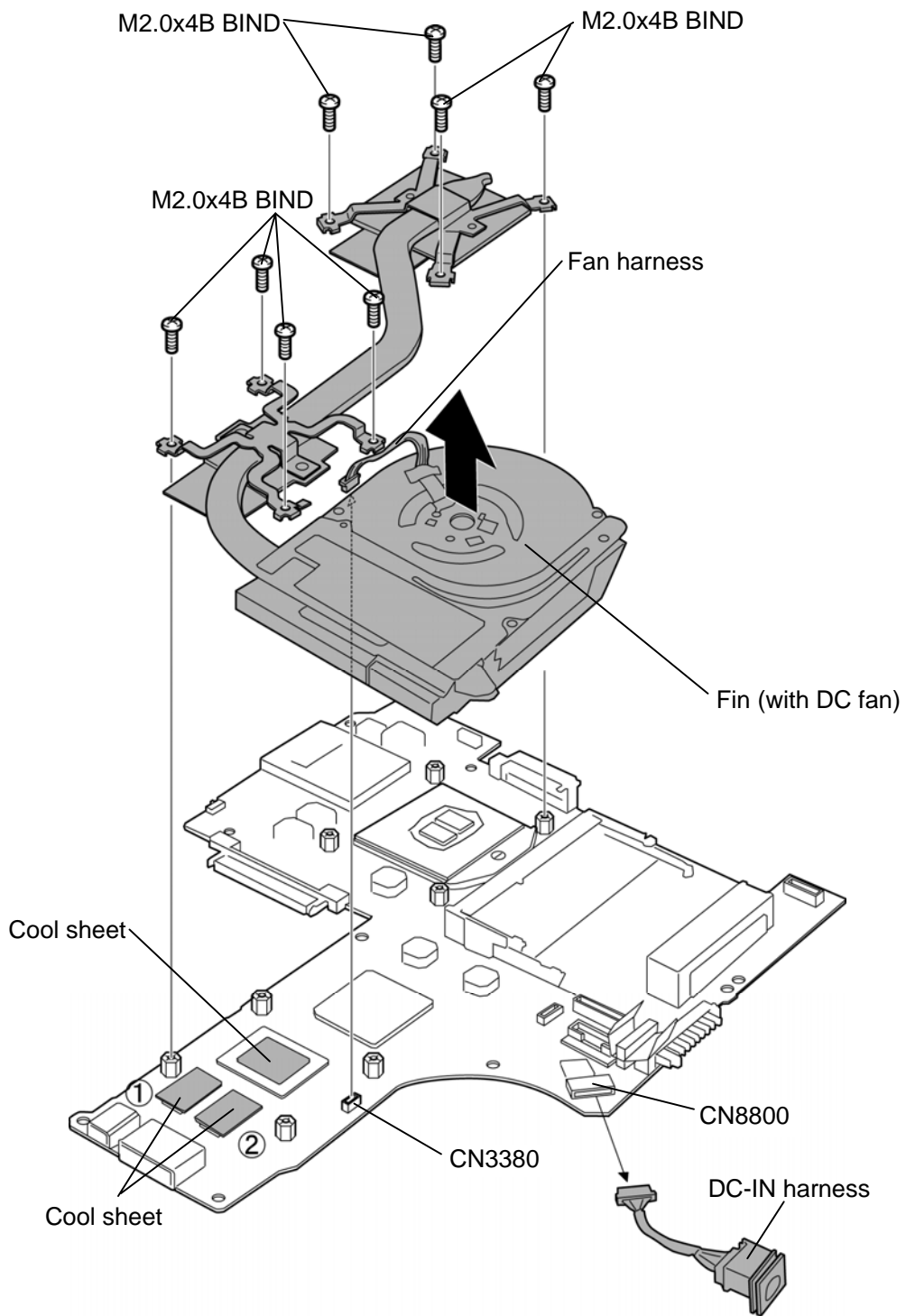


Figure 4-40 Removing the fin/DC fan (1)

4. Remove the **fan hood**.
5. Remove the following **screws** and separate the **DC fan** and **fin**.
  - M2.0×3C BIND screw ×2

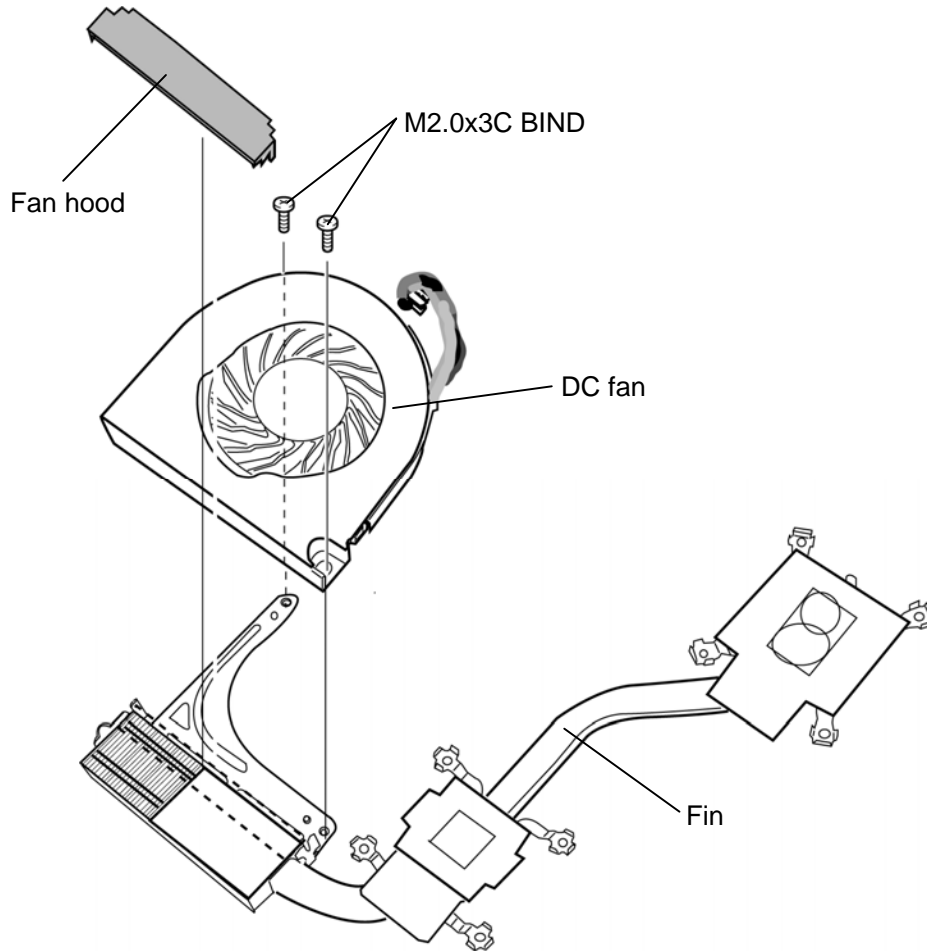


Figure 4-41 Removing the fin/DC fan (2)

6. Unlock the **CPU** by turning the **cam** counterclockwise on the CPU socket by 180 degrees with a flat-blade screwdriver.
7. Remove the **CPU**.

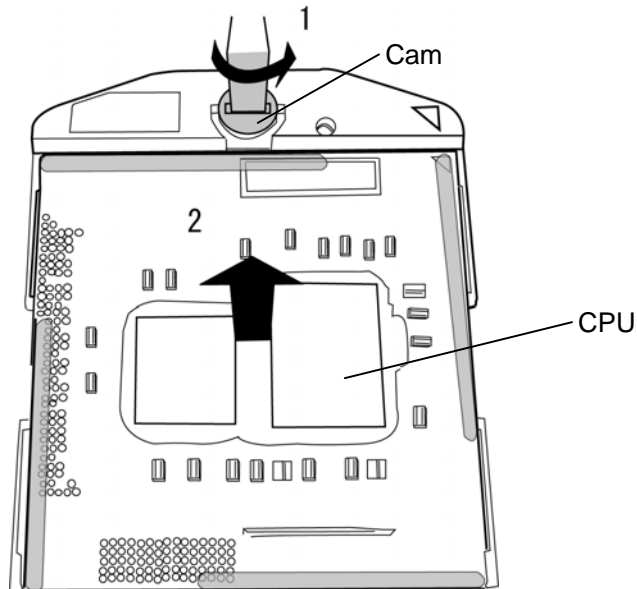


Figure 4-42 Removing the CPU

**CAUTION:** When removing the CPU, lift it up right above. Otherwise, pins of the CPU may be damaged.

### Installing the CPU/fin/DC fan

To install the CPU/fin/DC fan, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-40 to 4-44.

1. Make sure that the **cam** of the CPU socket is in the unlock (OPEN) position.
2. Set the **CPU** to the correct position in the **CPU socket**. Make sure the position of the CPU (**triangle mark**) is correct to avoid damaging pins on the CPU.

**NOTE:** When replacing the CPU with a new one, stick the insulator (SQUARE INSULATOR) to the CPU in place.

3. Lock the CPU by rotating clockwise the **cam** on the CPU socket by 180 degrees with a flat-blade driver.

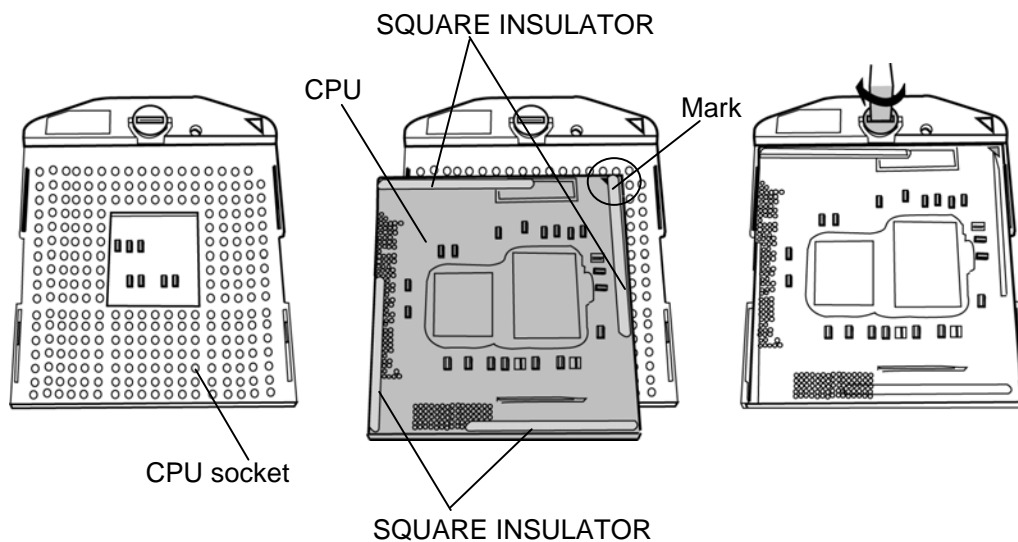


Figure 4-43 Installing the CPU



4. When silicon grease is already applied to the CPU, wipe them off with a cloth in advance.
5. Apply new **grease** (Shin-Etsu Chemical Co. X-23-7921-5) on the CPU using a special syringe as shown in the following figure. Apply quarter of scale (0.25ml) of grease evenly on the CPU chip.

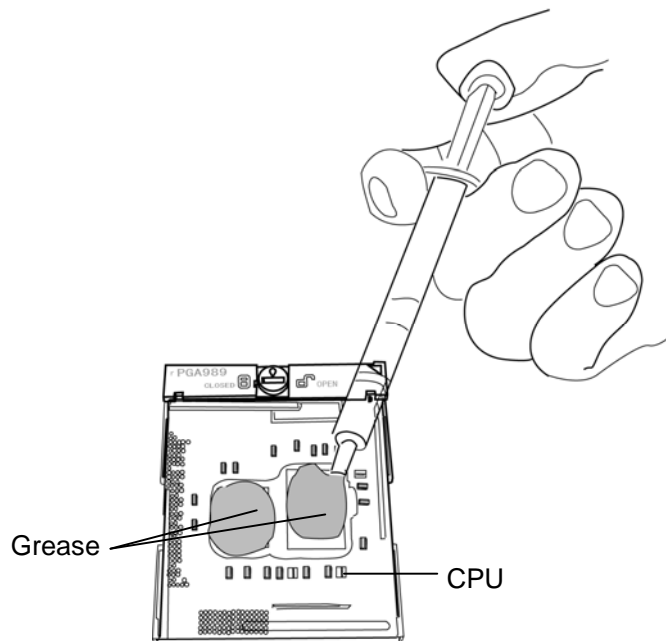


Figure 4-44 Applying new grease

6. If there are already cool sheets on the VGA, ICs or fin remove the cool sheet. Stick new **cool sheets** on the system board in place. (only for the external VGA model)

**NOTE:** Do not reuse the cool sheet. Be sure to use a new cool sheet.

7. Set the **DC fan** to the **fin** and secure them with the following **screws**.

- M2.0×3C BIND screw ×2

8. Set the **fan hood** to the DC fan.

**NOTE:** Make sure that the guide rib of the fan hood is engaged securely.

9. Connect the **DC-IN harness** from the connector **CN8800** on the system board.

10. Set the **fin** (with the DC fan) in place and secure it with the following **screws**.

- M2.0×4B BIND screw ×8

**NOTE:** When securing the fin, be sure to secure the screws in the order of the number marked on the fin.

*In models without a VGA, make sure that the gum sheet VGA is set on the system board in place.*

11. Connect the **fan harness** to the connector **CN3380** on the system board.

## 4.21 Speaker

### Removing the Speaker

To remove the speaker, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-45.

1. Peel off the **acetate tapes**.
2. Remove the **speakers** (left and right) from the speaker slots and the **speaker harness** from the **guides**.

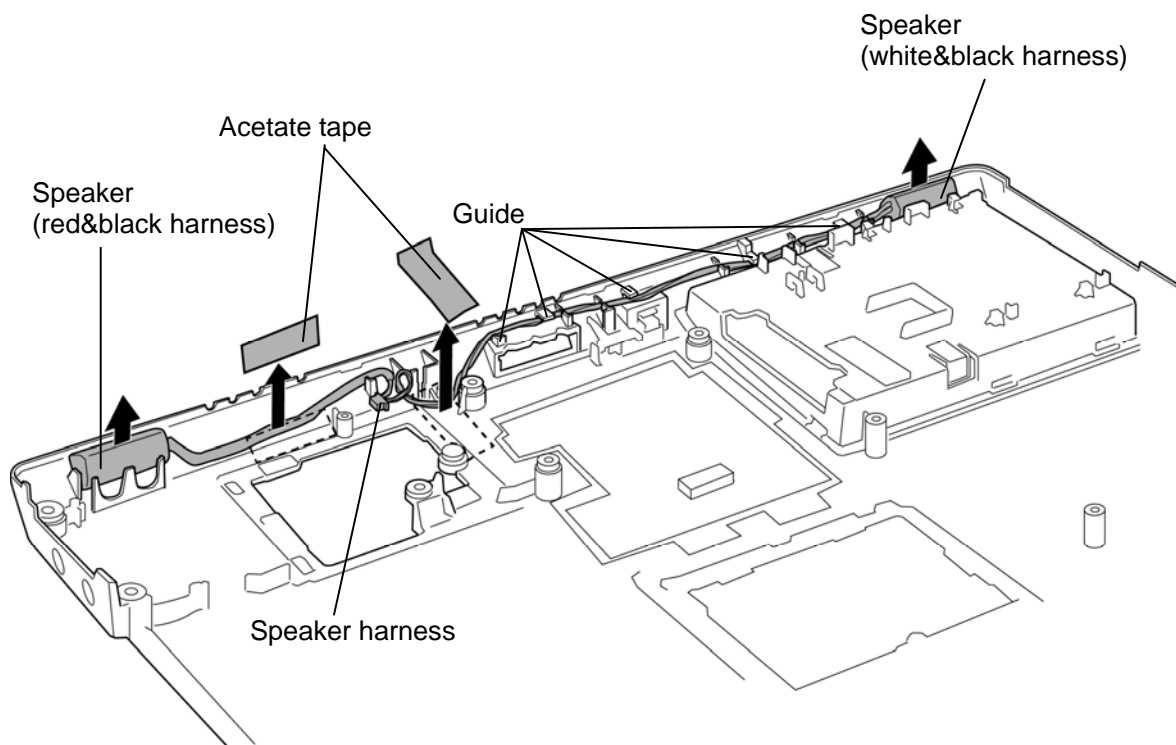


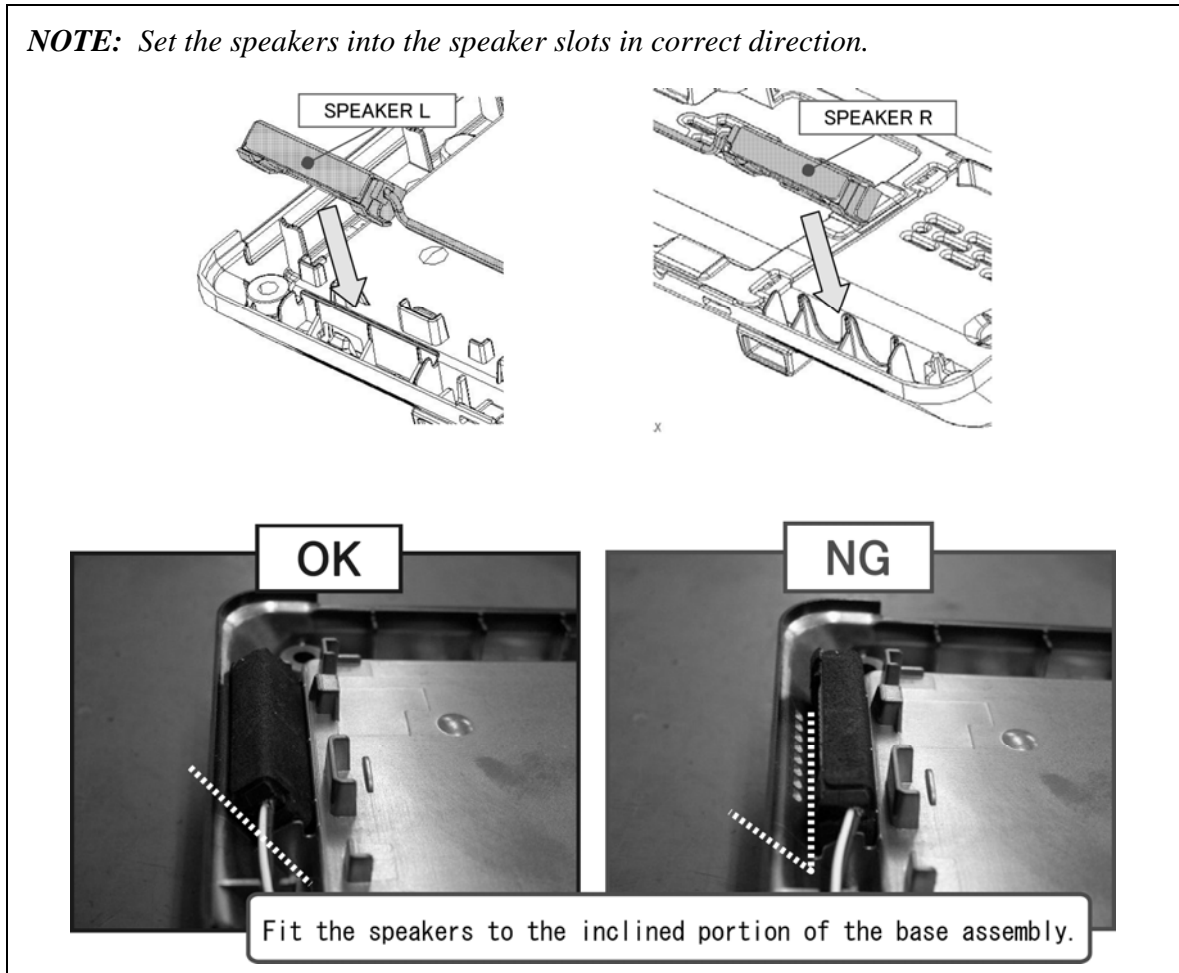
Figure 4-45 Removing the speaker

### Installing the Speaker

To install the speaker, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-45.

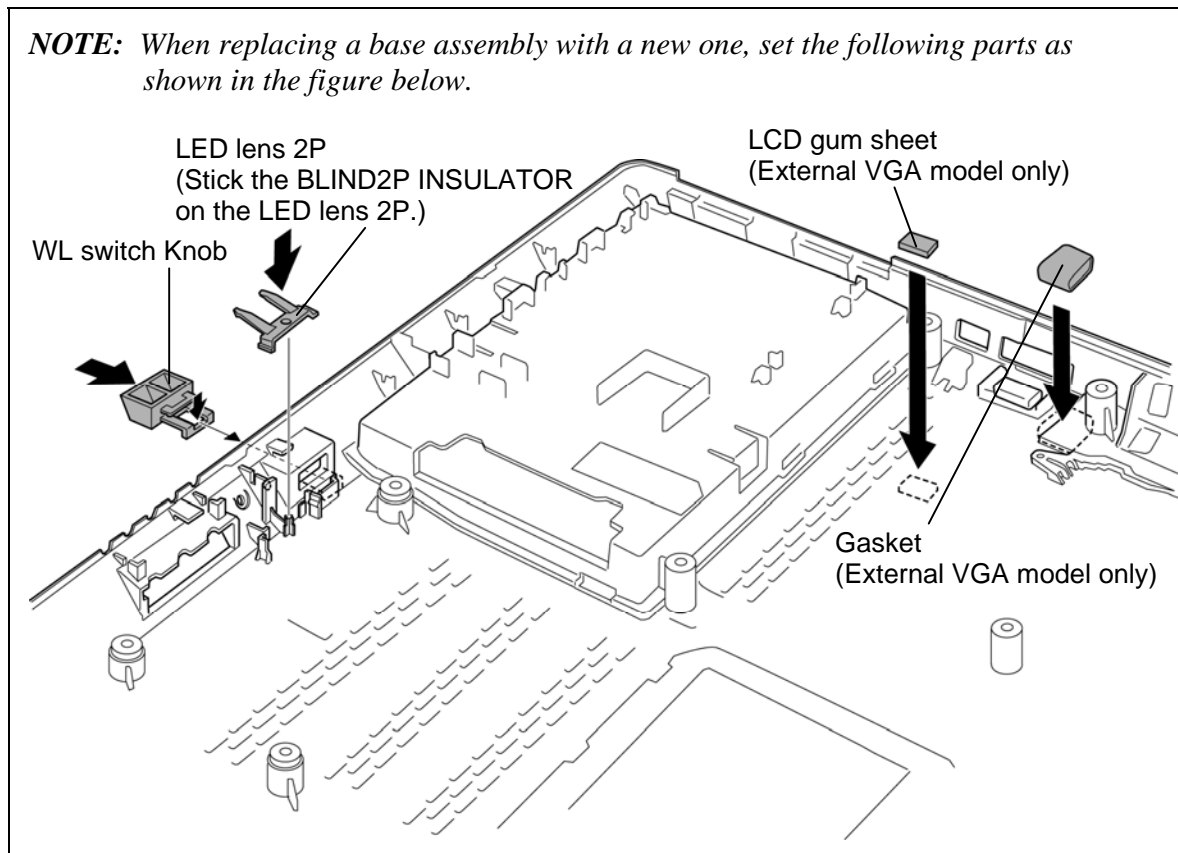
1. Set the **speakers** (left and right) into the speaker slots.

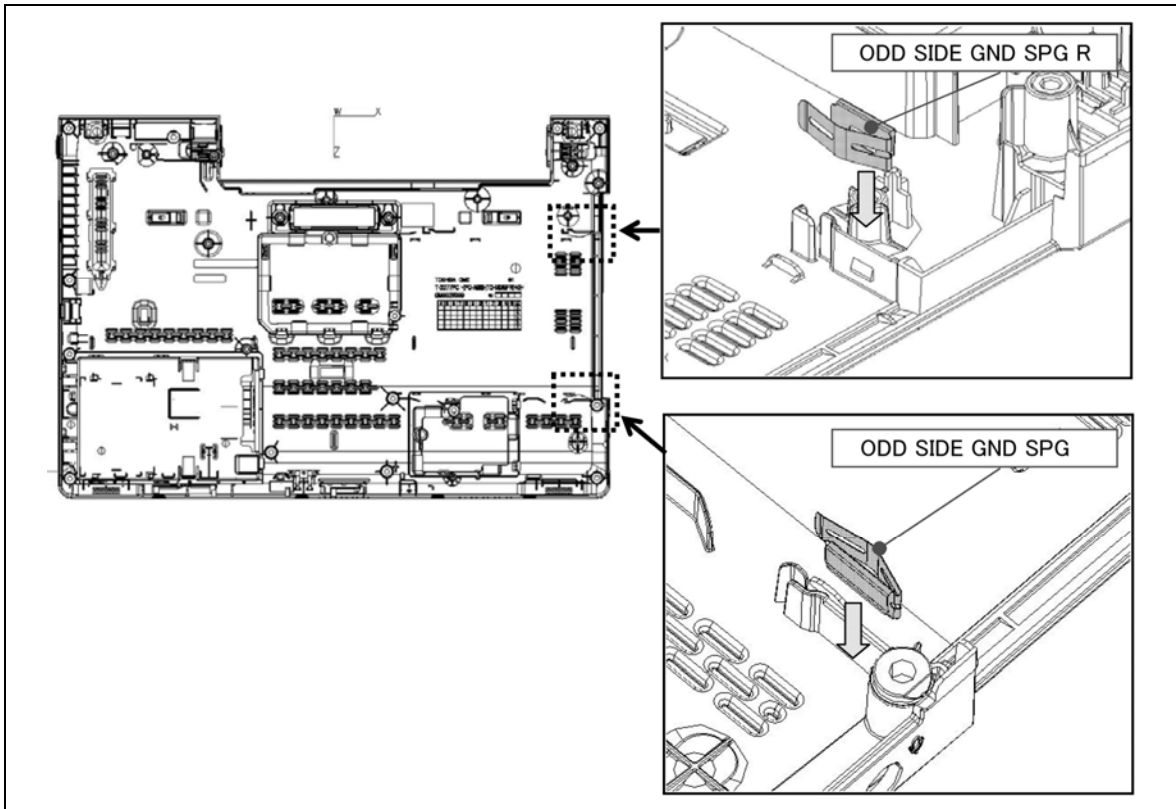
**NOTE:** Set the speakers into the speaker slots in correct direction.



2. Arrange the **speaker harness** into the **guides**.
3. Stick the **acetate tapes** in place.

**NOTE:** When replacing a base assembly with a new one, set the following parts as shown in the figure below.





## 4.22 Touch pad/Fingerprint sensor board

### Removing the Touch pad/Fingerprint sensor board

To remove the touch pad/fingerprint sensor board, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-46 to 4-50.

1. Peel off the **acetate tapes**.
2. Disconnect the **FS board FFC** and **touch pad button FFC** from the connectors **CN3240** and **CN9650** on the fingerprint sensor board.
3. Disconnect the **dual button FFC** from the connector on the touch pad.

**NOTE:** In models without a dual button, there is no dual button FFC.

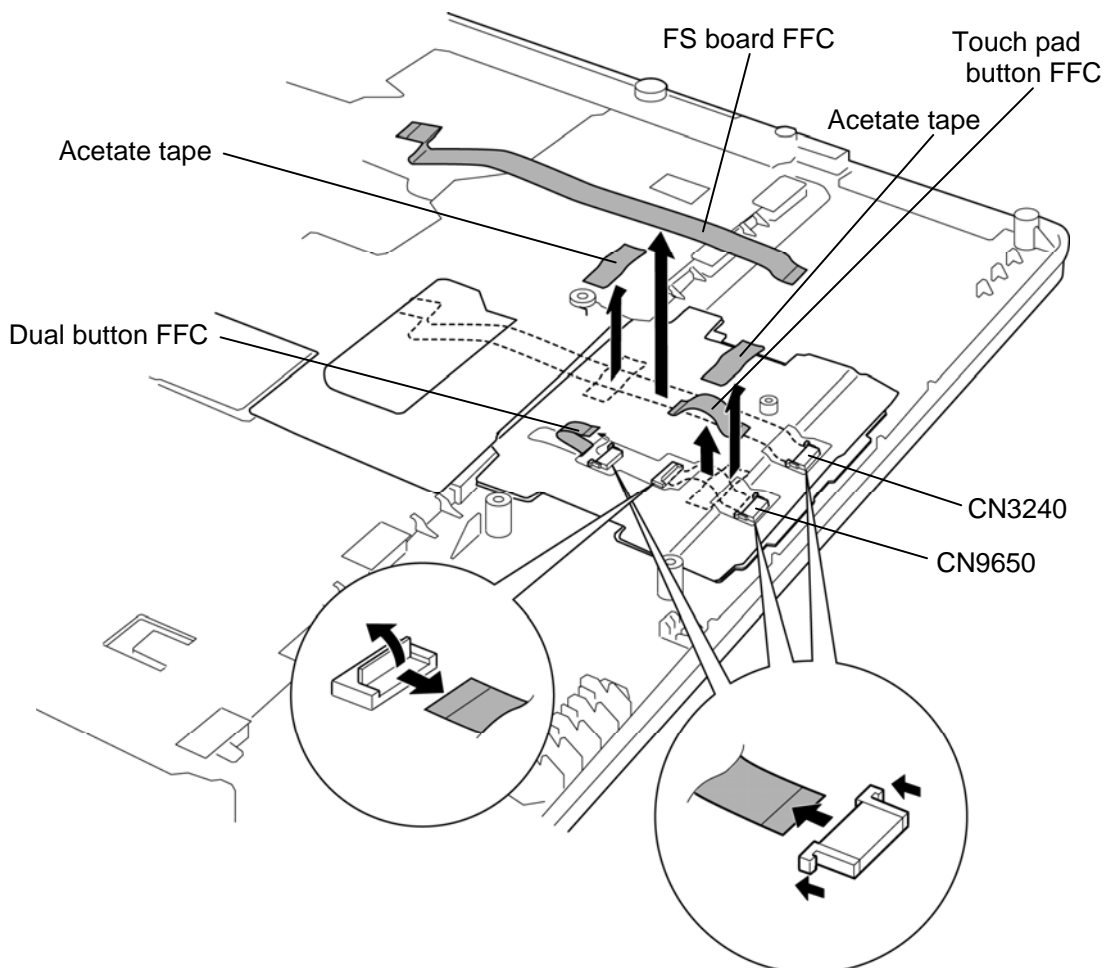


Figure 4-46 Removing the touch pad (1)

4. Turn up the **insulator** (TPAD LOW INSULATOR) and remove the following **screws**.
  - M2.0×3C S-THIN HEAD screw ×4
5. Remove the **touch pad plate** (with the fingerprint sensor board).

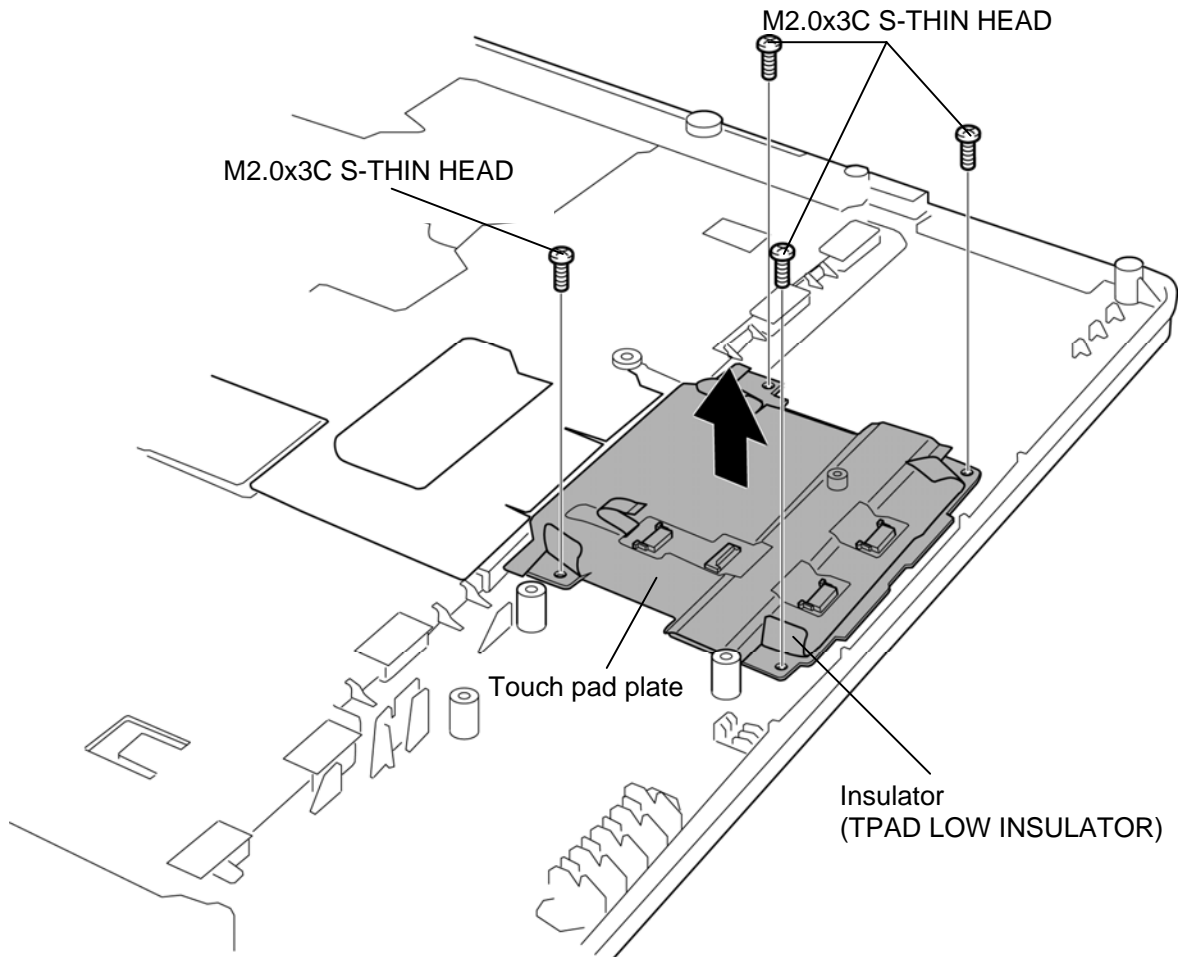


Figure 4-47 Removing the touch pad (2)



6. Remove the following **screws** and separate the **fingerprint sensor board** and **touch pad plate**.

- M2.0×3C S-THIN HEAD screw ×2

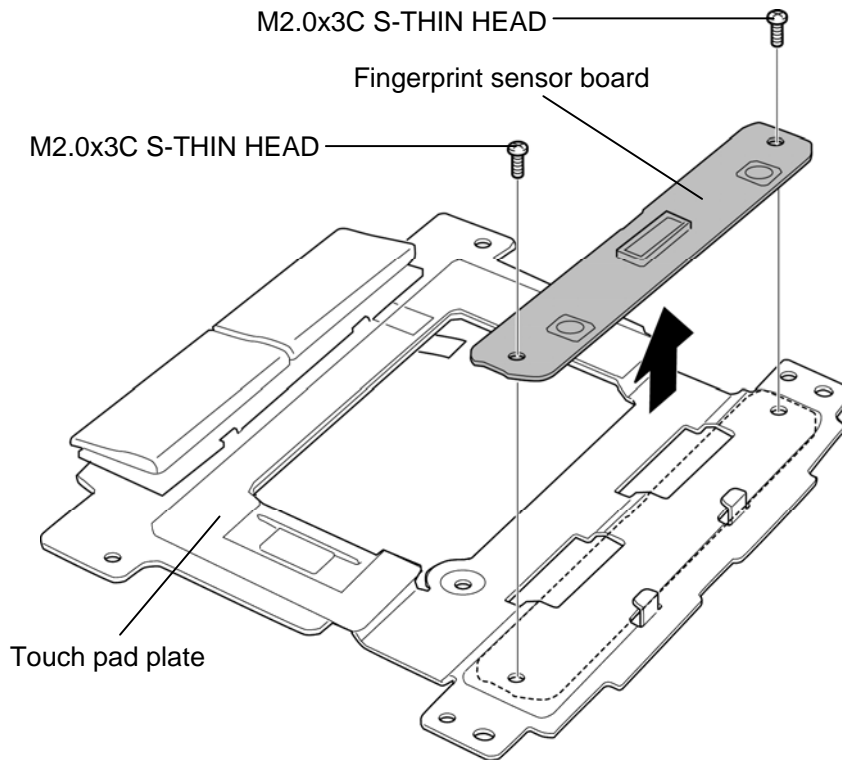


Figure 4-48 Removing the fingerprint sensor board

7. Remove the following **screws** and **pad button**.

- M2.0×3C S-THIN HEAD screw ×2

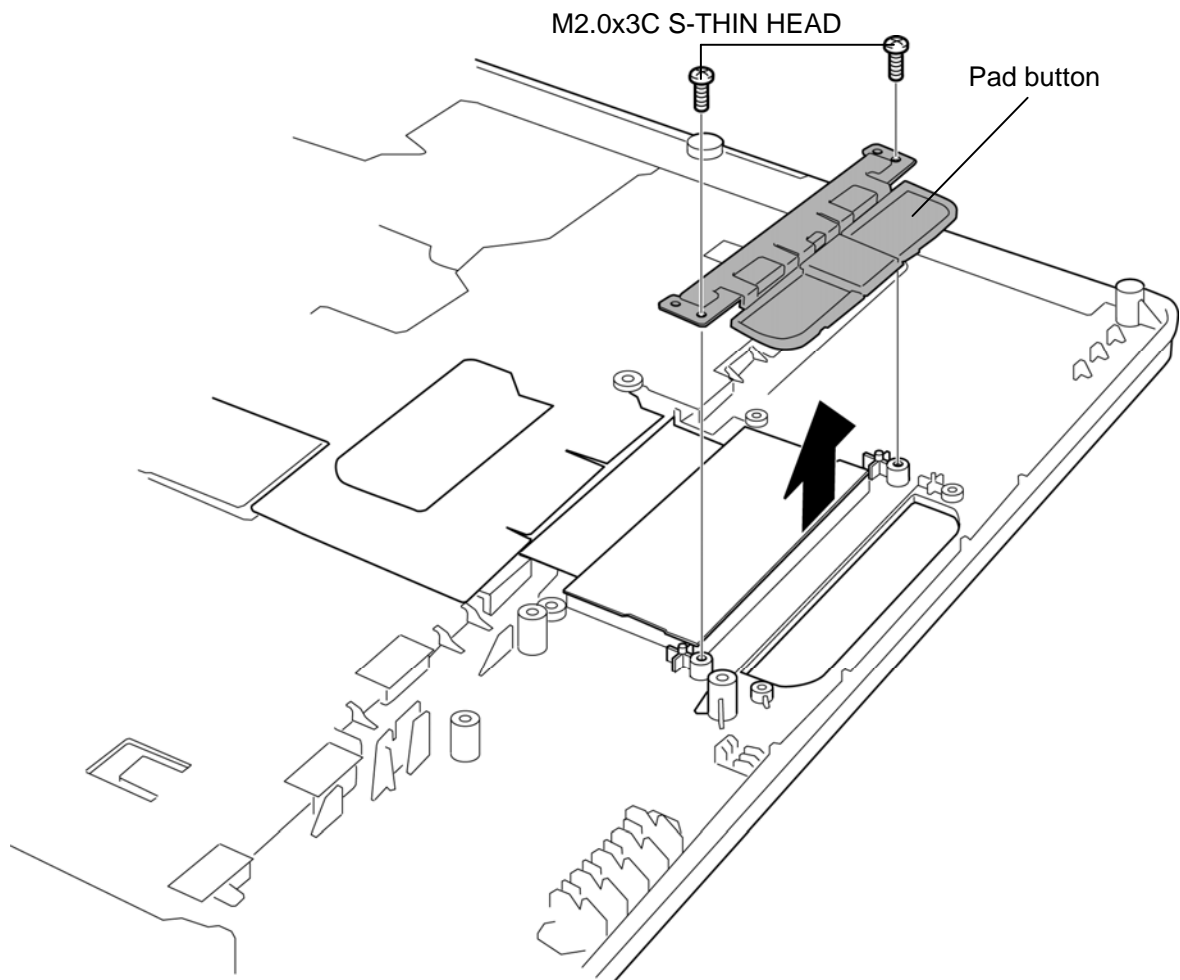


Figure 4-49 Removing the touch pad (3)

8. Peel off the **touch pad**.

**NOTE:** Do not reuse the removed touch pad. Be sure to use a new touch pad.

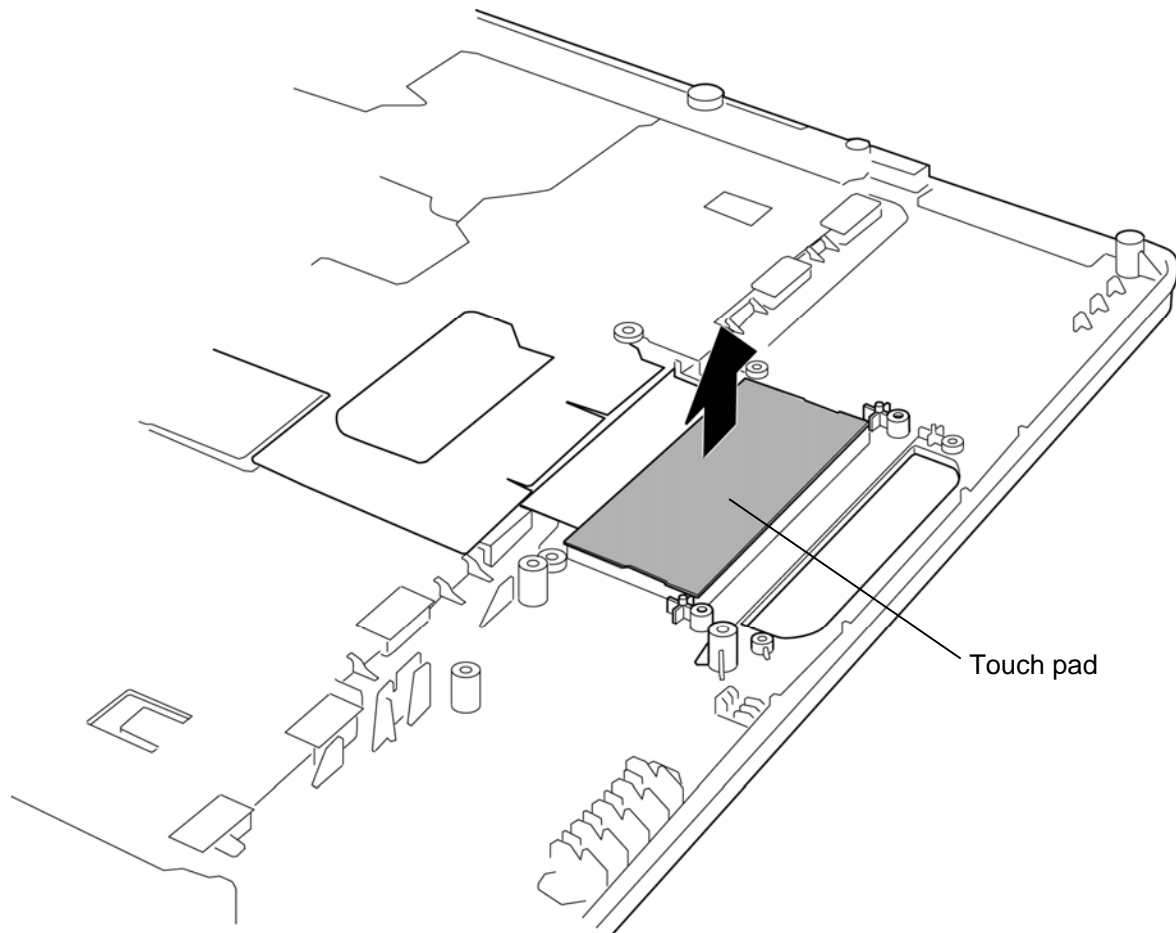


Figure 4-50 Removing the touch pad (4)

Please prepare required parts in advance, when replacing the following item.

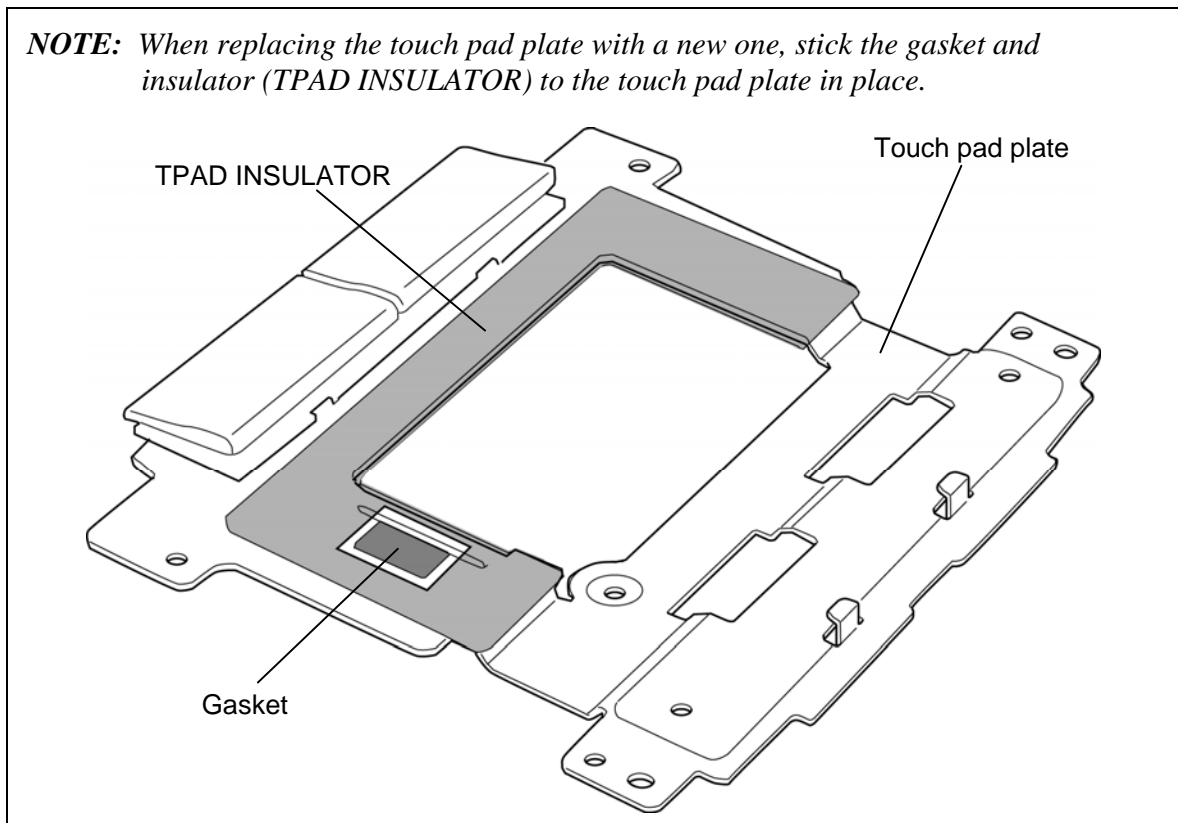
ITEM	Parts List ITEM No	PART NAME	Quantity
COVER ASSY	60, 60-A	COVER ASSY	1
	14	TOUCH PAD	1

### Installing the Touch pad/Fingerprint sensor board

To install the touch pad/fingerprint sensor board, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-46 to 4-50.

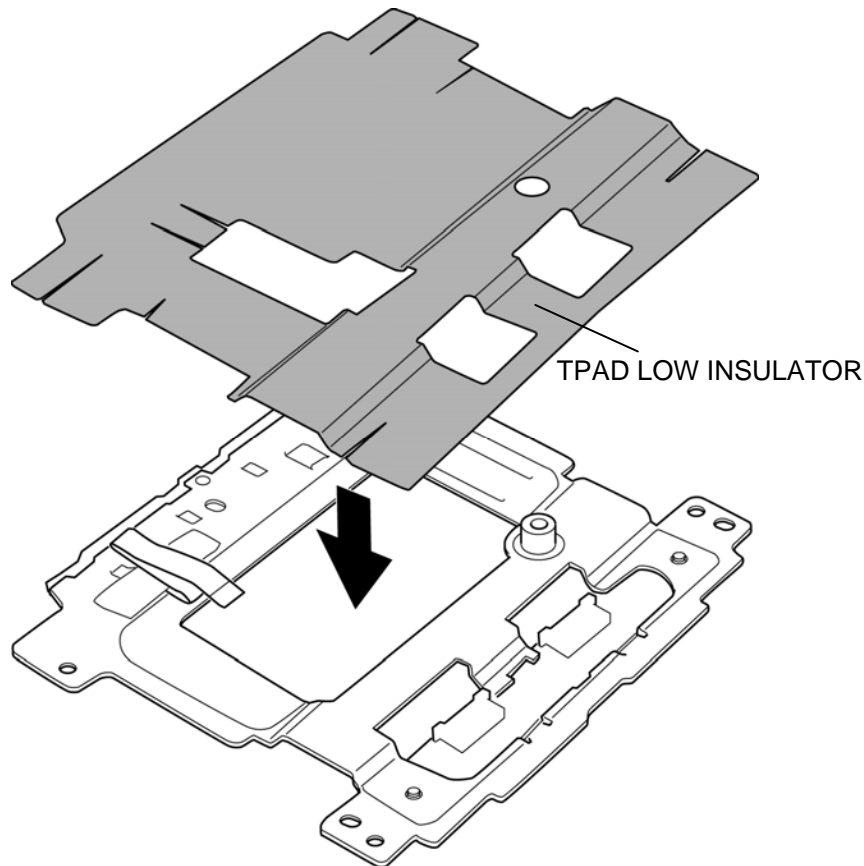
1. Stick a new **touch pad** in place.
2. Set the **pad button** on the touch pad and secure it with the following **screws**.
  - M2.0×3C S-THIN HEAD screw ×2
3. Set the **fingerprint sensor board** to the touch pad plate and secure them with the following **screws**.
  - M2.0×3C S-THIN HEAD screw ×2

**NOTE:** When replacing the touch pad plate with a new one, stick the gasket and insulator (TPAD INSULATOR) to the touch pad plate in place.



4. Set the **touch pad plate** (with the fingerprint sensor board) in place.

**NOTE:** When replacing the touch pad plate with a new one, stick the insulator (TPAD LOW INSULATOR) to the touch pad plate in place.



5. Connect the **dual button FFC** to the connector on the touch pad.
6. Connect the **FS board FFC** and **touch pad button FFC** to the connector **CN3240** and **CN9650** on the fingerprint sensor board.
7. Turn up the **insulator** (TPAD LOW INSULATOR) and secure the touch pad plate (with the fingerprint sensor board) with the following **screws**.
  - M2.0×3C S-THIN HEAD screw ×4

**NOTE:** When securing the touch pad plate, be sure to secure the screws in the order of the number marked on the touch pad plate.

8. Stick the **acetate tapes** in place.

## 4.23 LCD unit

### Removing the LCD unit

To remove the LCD unit, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-51 to 4-57.

1. Peel off the **insulators** (SQUARE INSULATOR and HNS 3G INSULATOR).

**NOTE:** Do not reuse the removed SQUARE INSULATOR. Be sure to use a new SQUARE INSULATOR.

2. Release the **3G antenna cables** from the **guides** and take them out from the **hole** of the cover assembly.

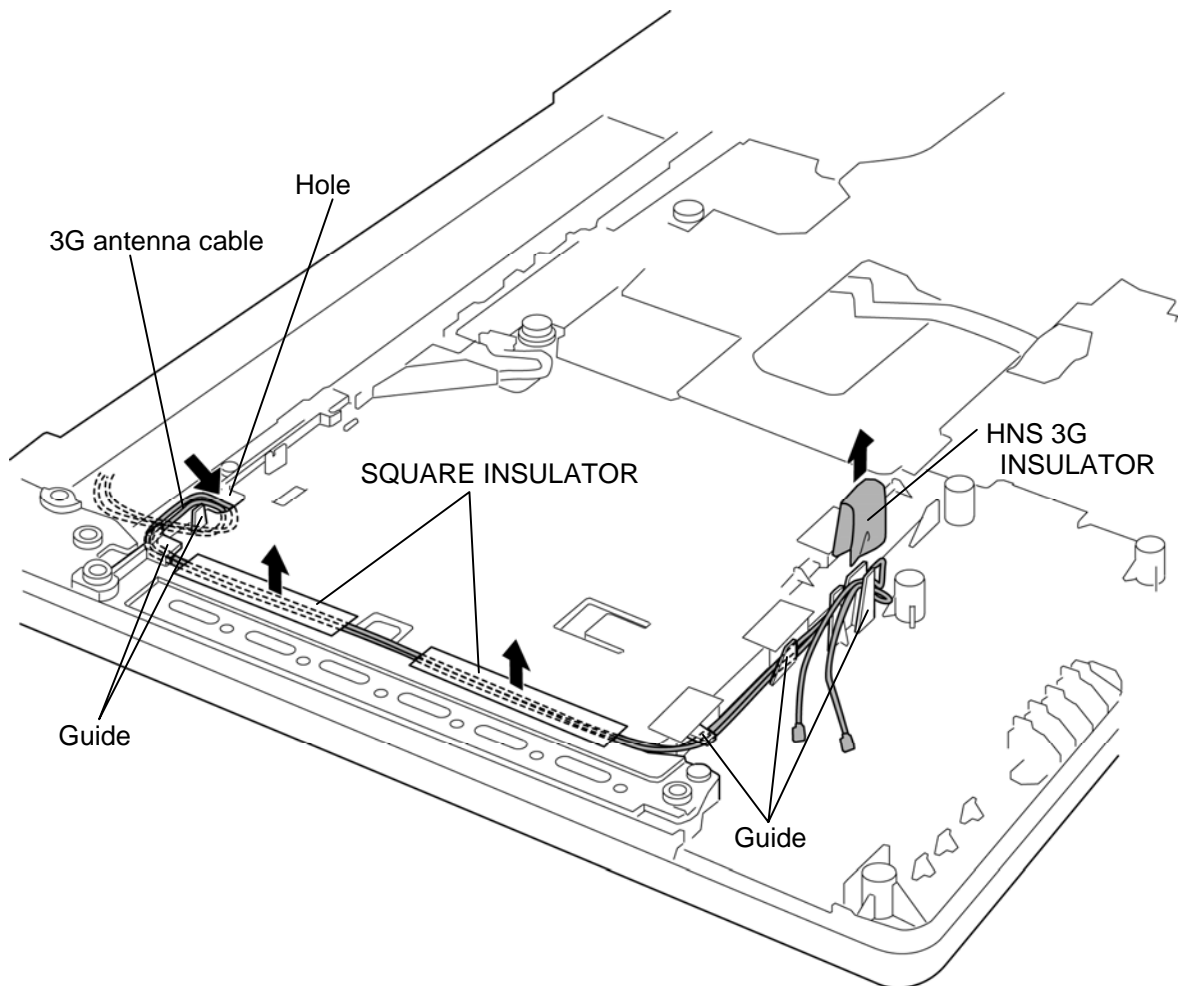


Figure 4-51 Removing the LCD unit (1)

3. Turn over the cover assembly and open the display.
4. Release the **LCD harness**, **camera harness**, **wireless LAN antenna cables** and **3G antenna cables** from the guides.

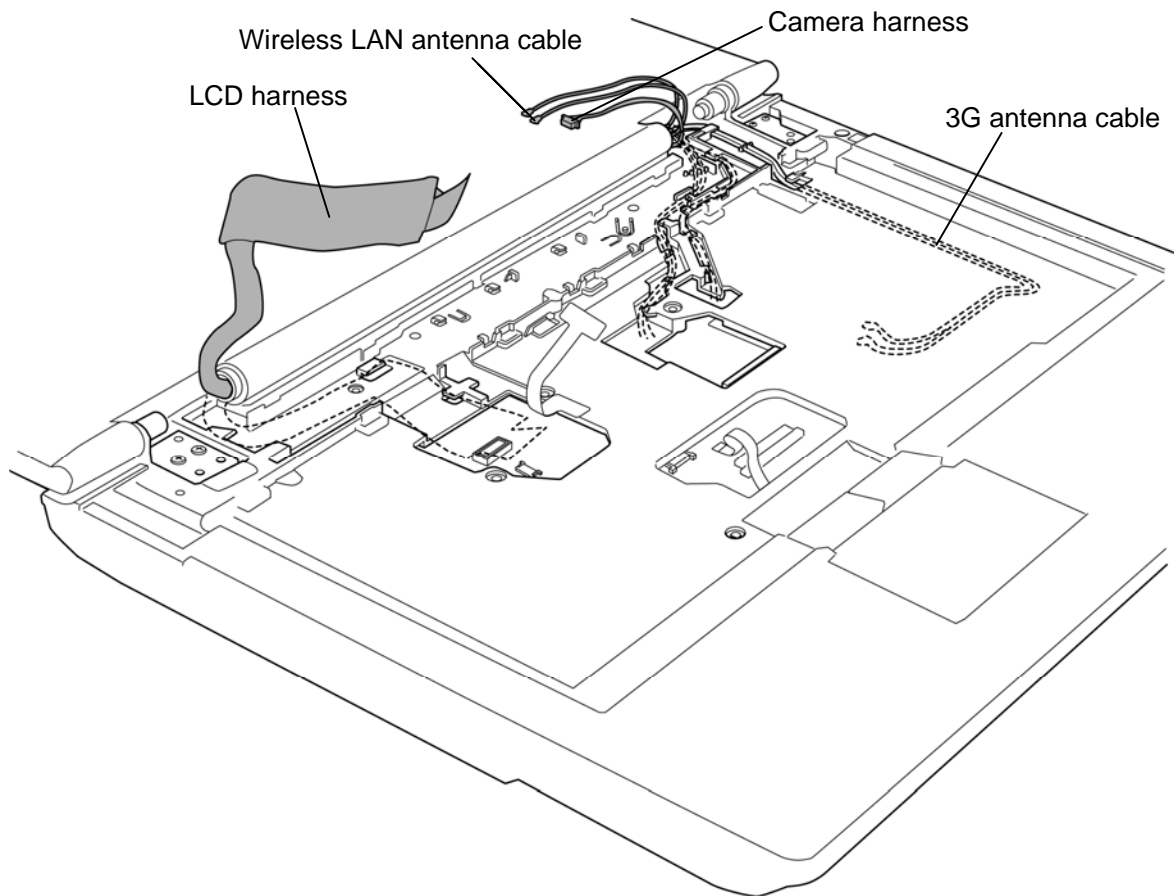


Figure 4-52 Removing the LCD unit (2)

5. Remove the following **screws** and separate the **LCD assembly** and **cover assembly**.

- M2.5x5B FLAT HEAD screw ×4

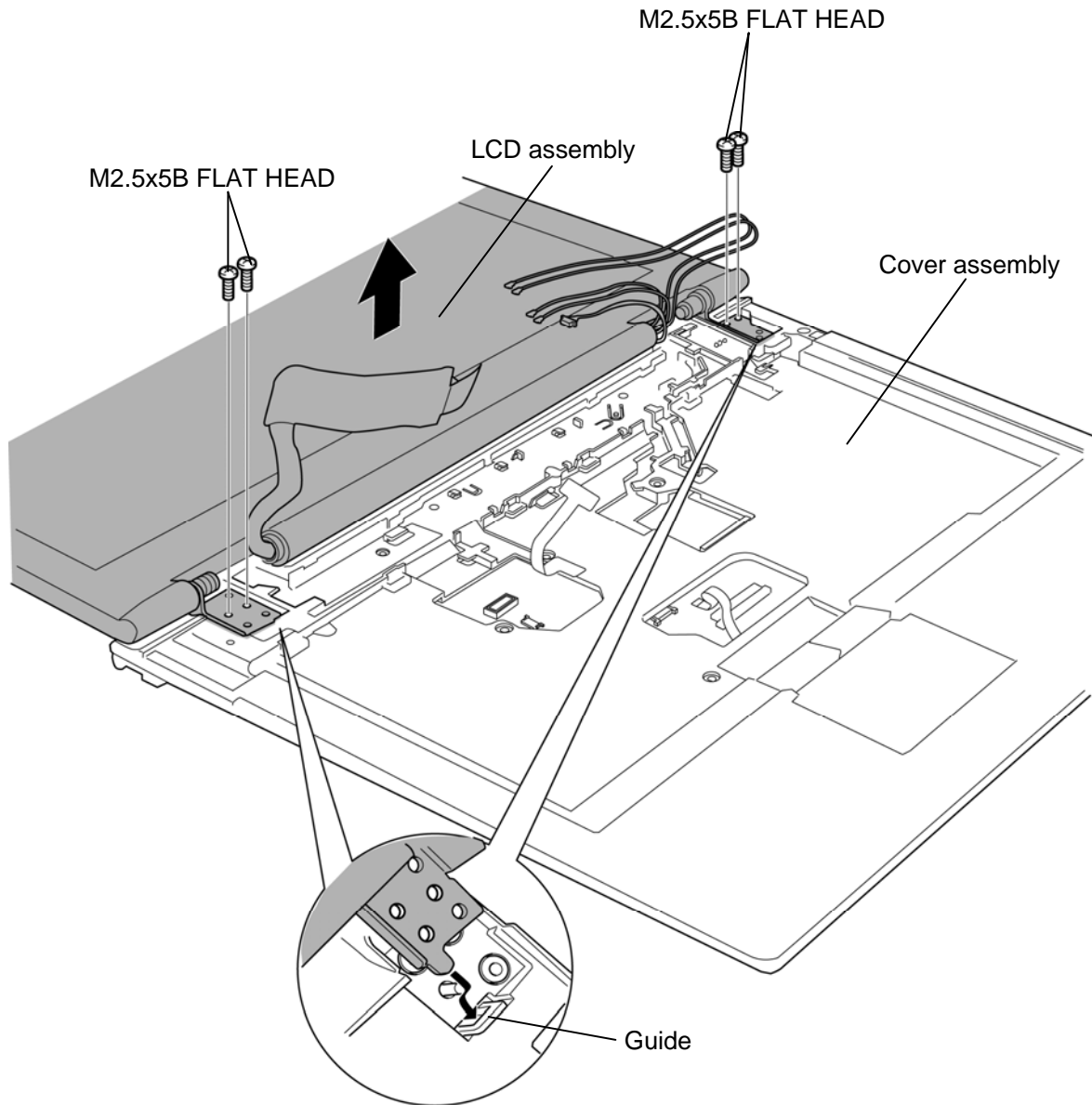


Figure 4-53 Removing the LCD unit (3)



6. Peel off the **LCD mask cushions** and remove the following **screws**.

- M2.5x5B FLAT HEAD screw ×2

7. Make the **brake hinge R** flat and remove the **LCD mask** while releasing the latches.

*NOTE: Release the latches from the outside of the LCD mask.  
Release the latches in the order of the number on the Figure 4-54.*

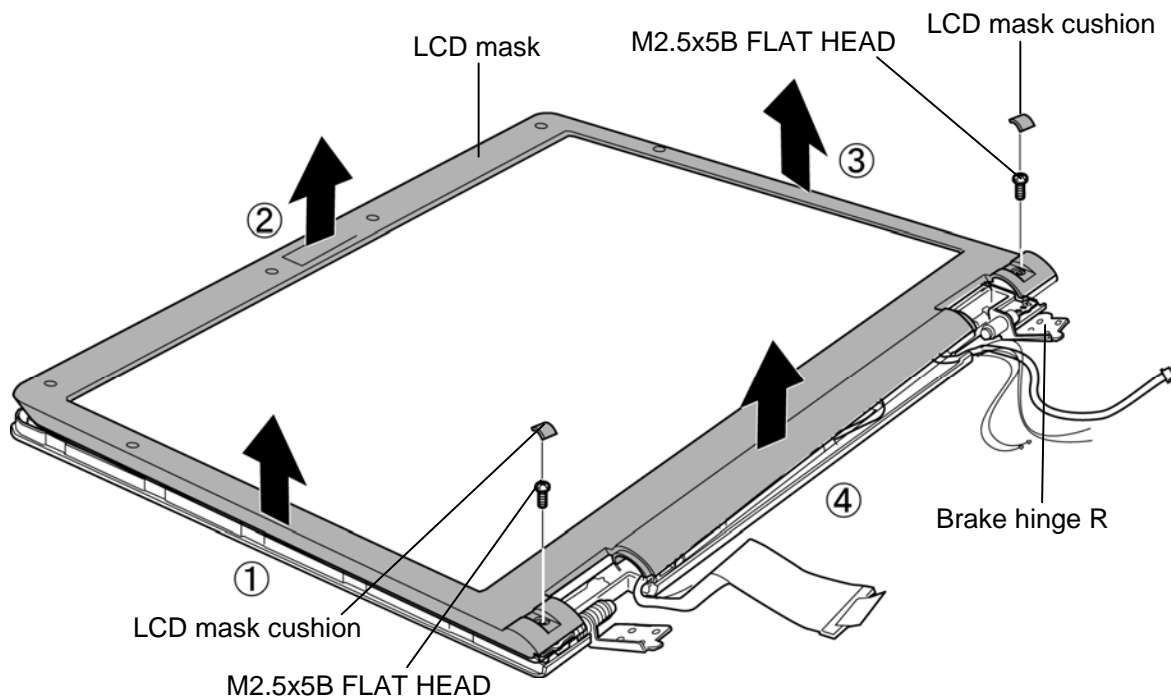


Figure 4-54 Removing the LCD mask

8. Peel off the **acetate tape**.
9. Release the harnesses.
10. Turn the **brake hinge** 90 degrees.
11. Remove the following **screws** and stand the LCD unit.  
Be careful that the **LCD harness** is connected to the connector on the back of the LCD unit.

- M2.5x5B FLAT HEAD screw ×4

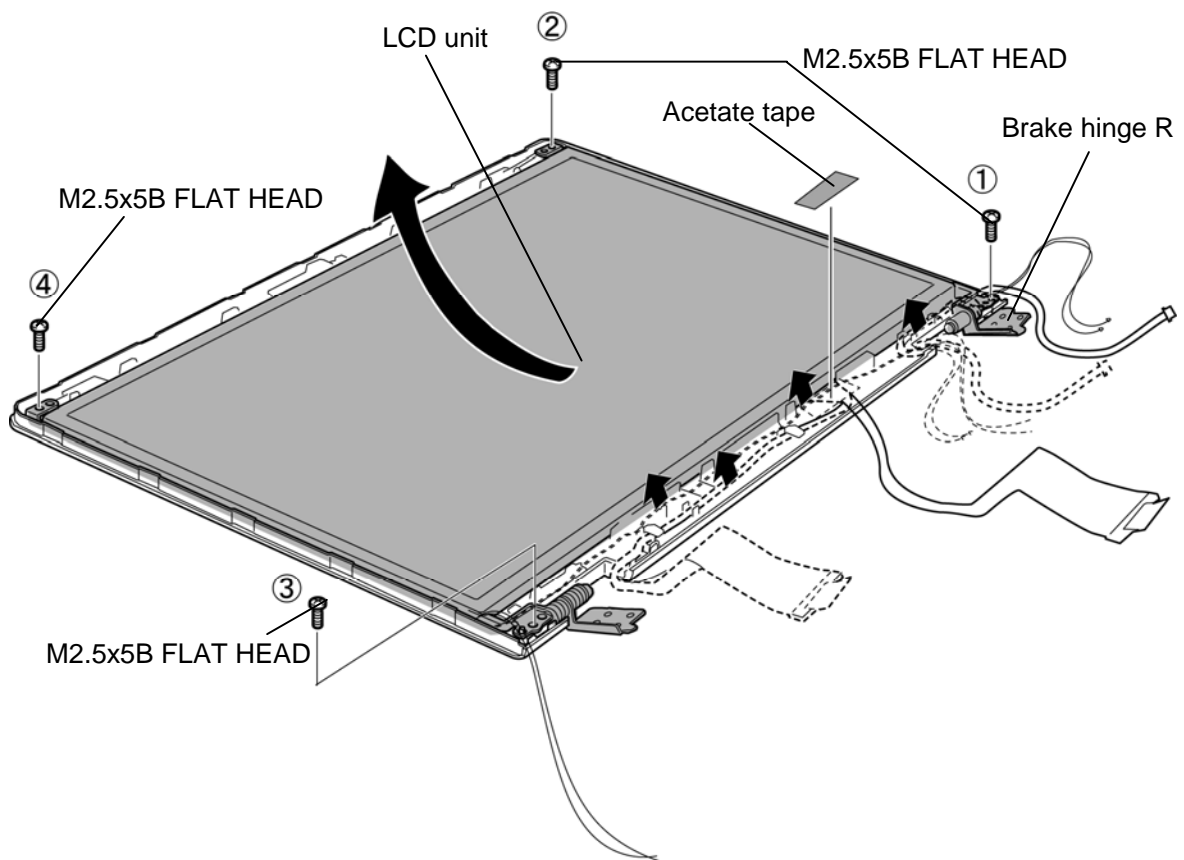


Figure 4-55 Removing the LCD unit (4)

12. Peel the **pull tape**, and disconnect the **LCD harness** from the connector on the LCD unit.

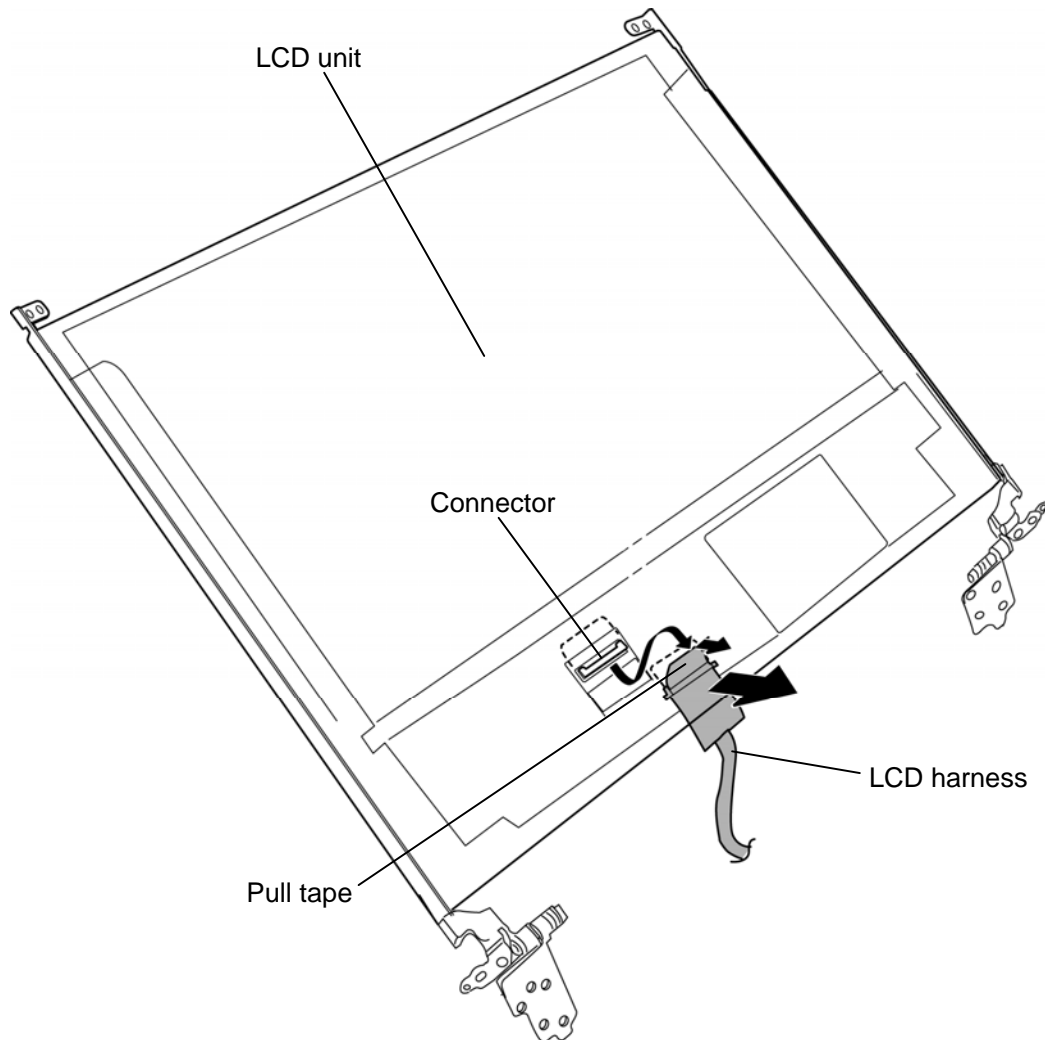


Figure 4-56 Removing the LCD harness

13. Remove the following **screws** and separate the **LCD unit** and **Brake hinges**.

- M2.0x3C BIND screw ×4

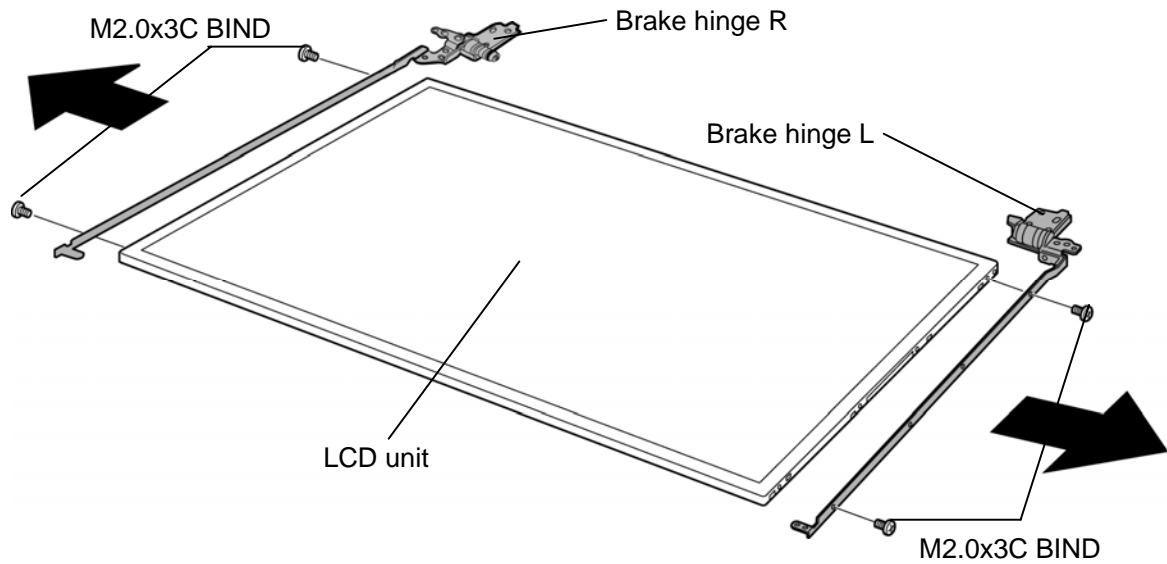


Figure 4-57 Removing the LCD unit (5)

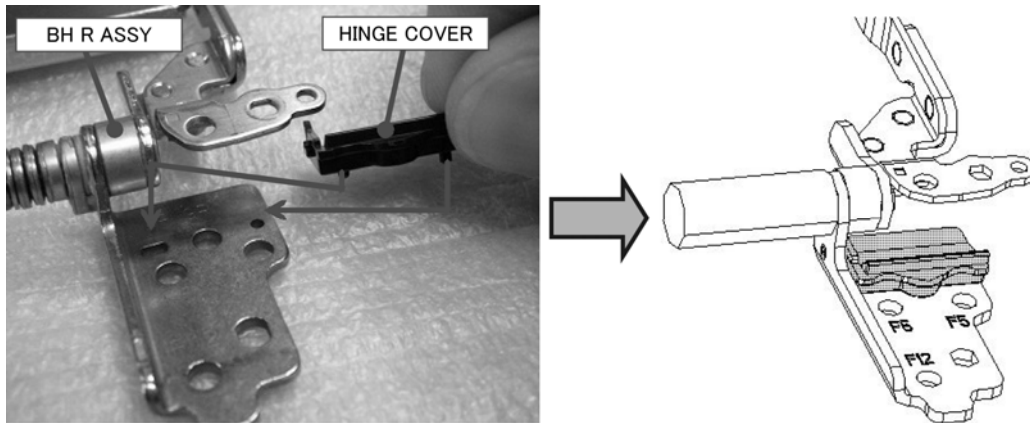
### Installing the LCD unit

To install the LCD unit, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-51 to 4-57.

1. Set the **brake hinges** to the **LCD unit** and secure them with the following **screws**.

- M2.0×3C BIND screw ×4

**NOTE:** When replacing the brake hinge R with a new one, stick the hinge cover to the brake hinge R in place.



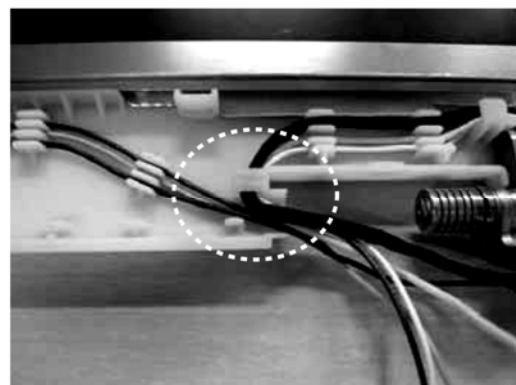
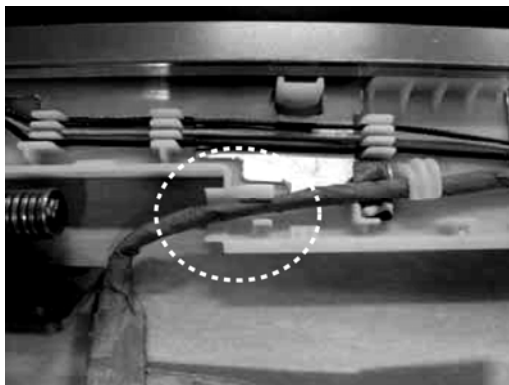
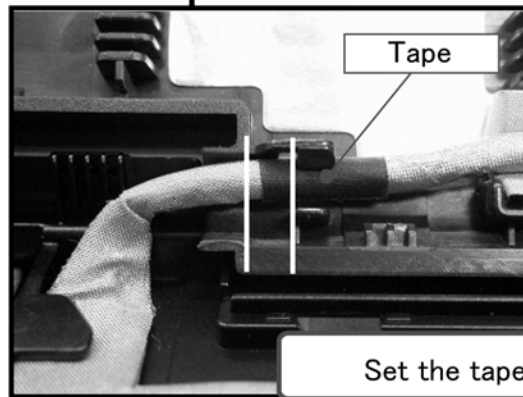
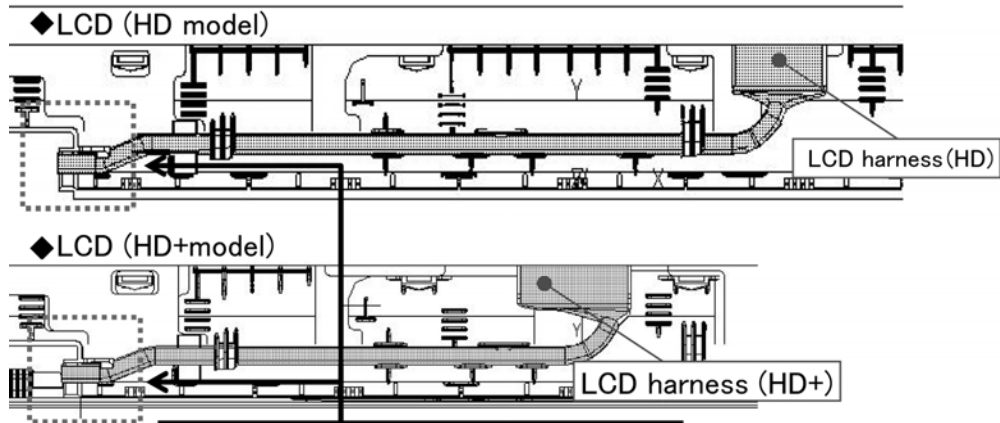
2. Connect the **LCD harness** to the connector on the LCD unit and secure it with the **pull tape**.
3. Turn the **brake hinge R** 90 degrees.
4. Set the **LCD unit** on the **LCD cover** and secure them with the following **screws**.

- M2.5×5B FLAT HEAD screw ×4

**NOTE:** When securing the LCD unit and LCD cover, be sure to secure the screws in the order of the number on the Figure 4-55.

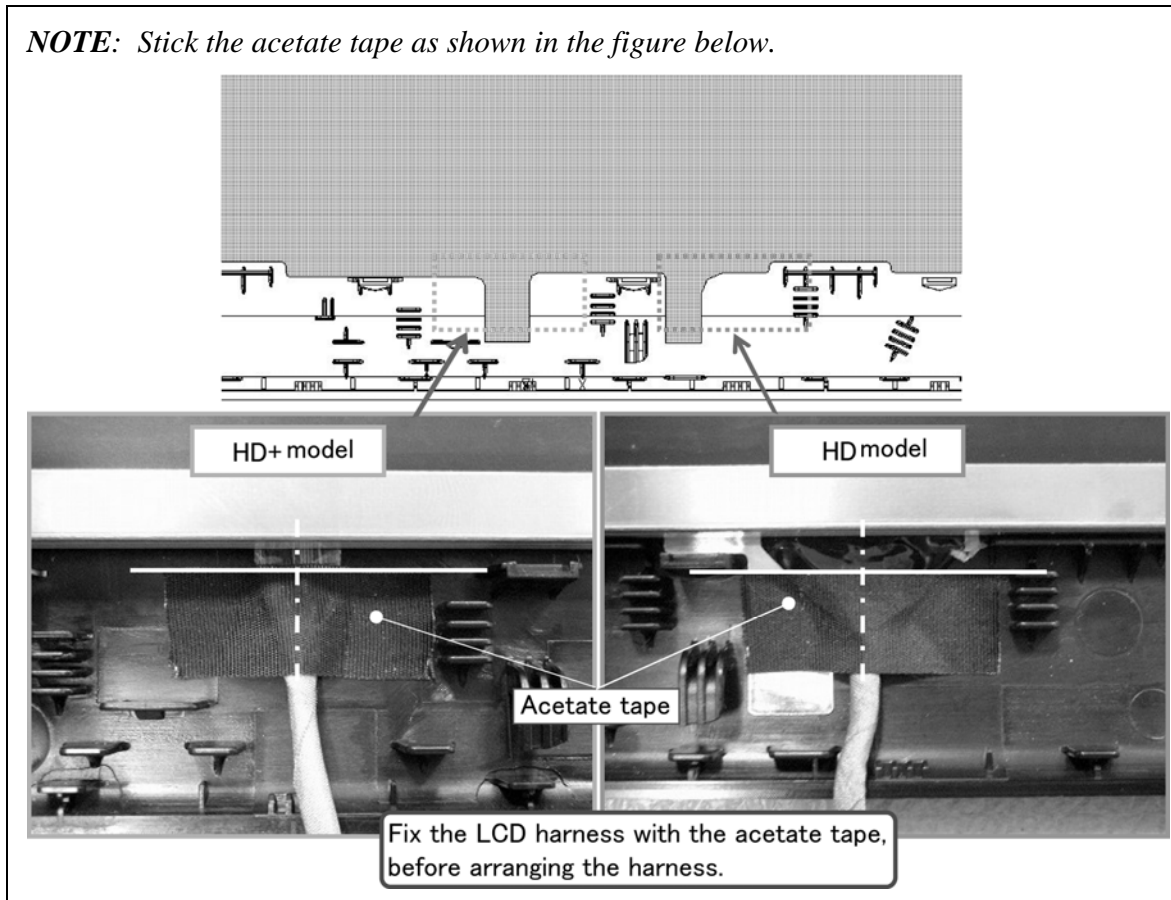
5. Arrange the harness under the guides of the LCD cover.

**NOTE:** Arrange the LCD harness as shown in the figure below.



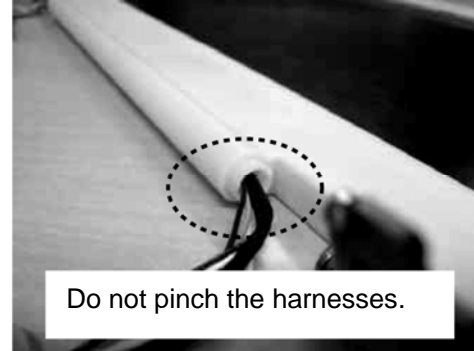
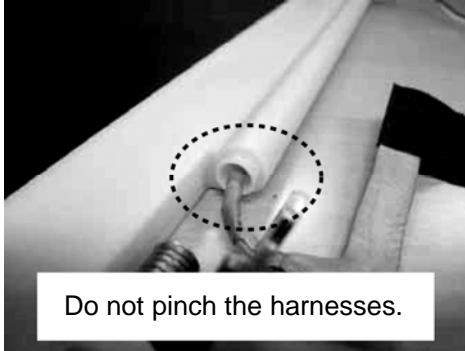
6. Stick the **acetate tape** in place.

**NOTE:** Stick the acetate tape as shown in the figure below.



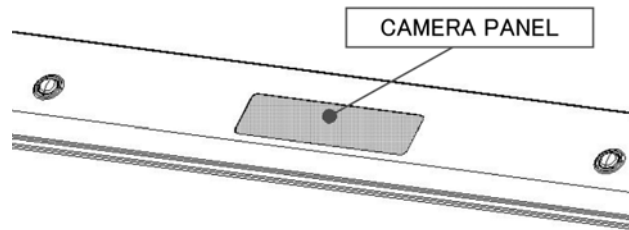
7. Make the **brake hinge R** flat.
8. Set the **LCD mask** to the LCD assembly while engaging the latches.

**NOTE:** When setting the LCD mask, be careful not to pinch the harnesses.



9. Secure the LCD mask with the following screws.
  - M2.5×5B FLAT HEAD screw ×2
10. Stick the **LCD mask cushions** in place.

**NOTE:** When replacing the LCD mask with a new one, stick the camera panel in place.

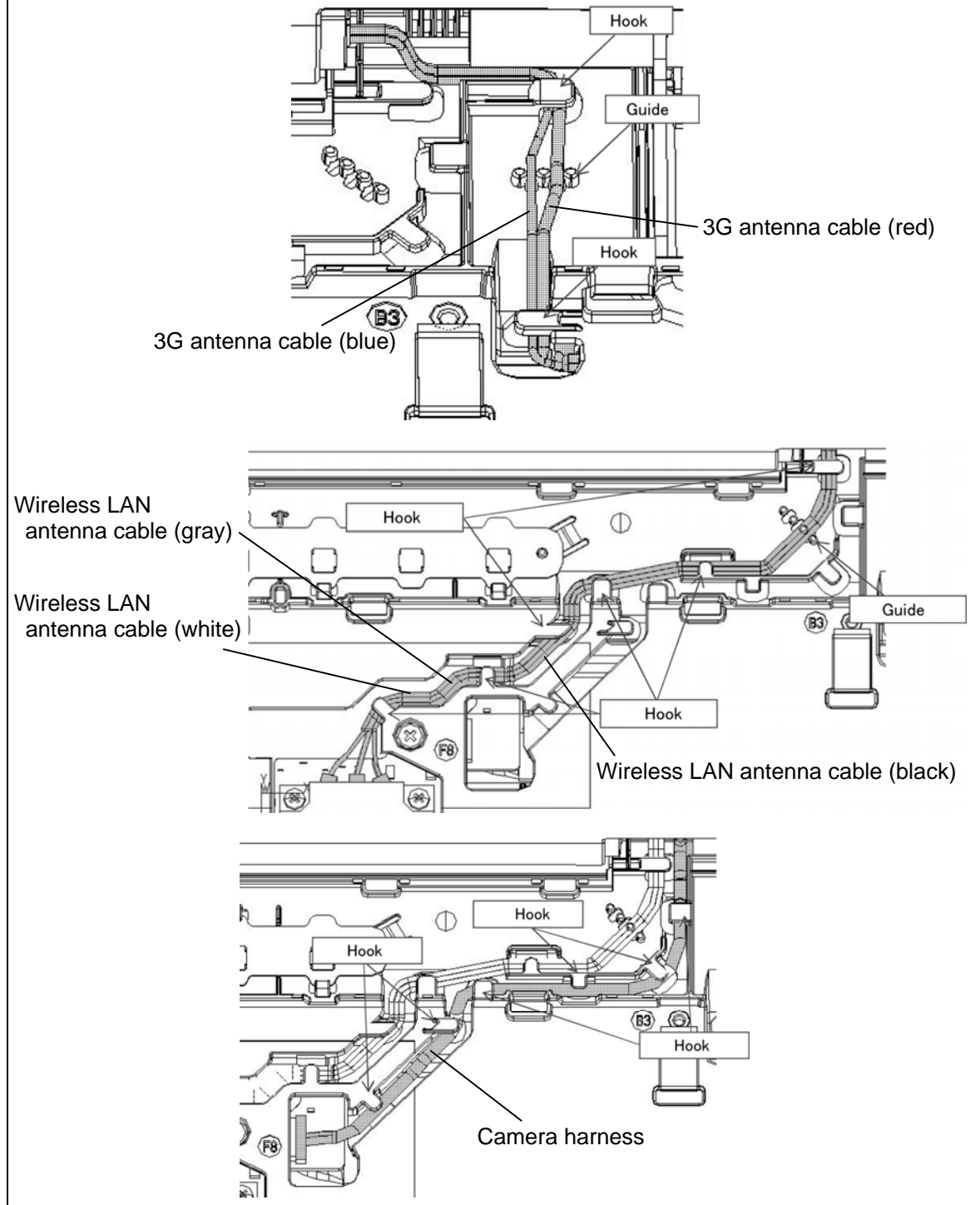


11. Set the **LCD assembly** to the **guides** of the cover assembly and secure them with the following screws.
  - M2.5×5B FLAT HEAD screw ×4



12. Arrange the **LCD harness**, **camera harness**, **wireless LAN antenna cables** and **3G antenna cables** to the guides of the cover assembly.

**NOTE:** Arrange the harnesses as shown in the figure below.



13. Close the display and turn over the cover assembly.
14. Pass the **3G antenna cables** through the hole of the cover assembly.
15. Arrange the **3G antenna cables** under the **guides**.
16. Stick the **insulators** (SQUARE INSULATOR and HNS 3G INSULATOR) in place.

## 4.24 Camera module/Wireless LAN antenna/3G antenna

### Removing the Camera module/Wireless LAN antenna/3G antenna

To remove the camera module/wireless LAN antenna/3G antenna, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-58 and 4-59.

1. Disconnect the **camera harness** from the connector on the camera module.
2. Remove the **camera module** from the slot of the LCD cover.

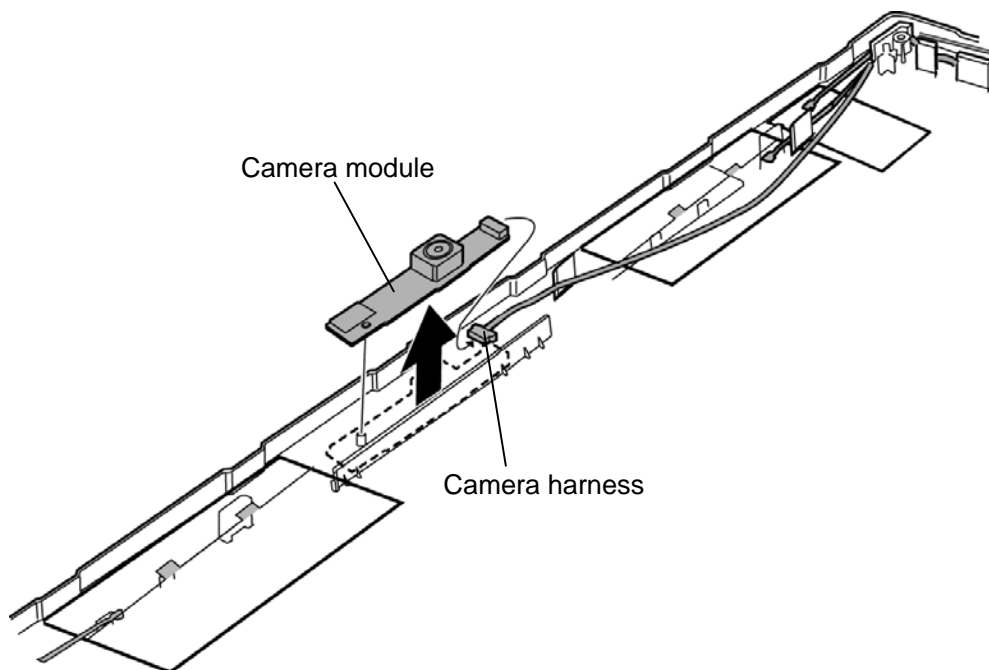


Figure 4-58 Removing the camera module

**NOTE:** Do not reuse the removed camera module. Be sure to use new camera module.

3. Peel off the **wireless LAN antennas, 3G antennas** and **camera harness** from the LCD cover.

**NOTE:** Do not reuse the removed wireless LAN antennas and 3G antennas. Be sure to use new wireless LAN antenna or 3G antenna.

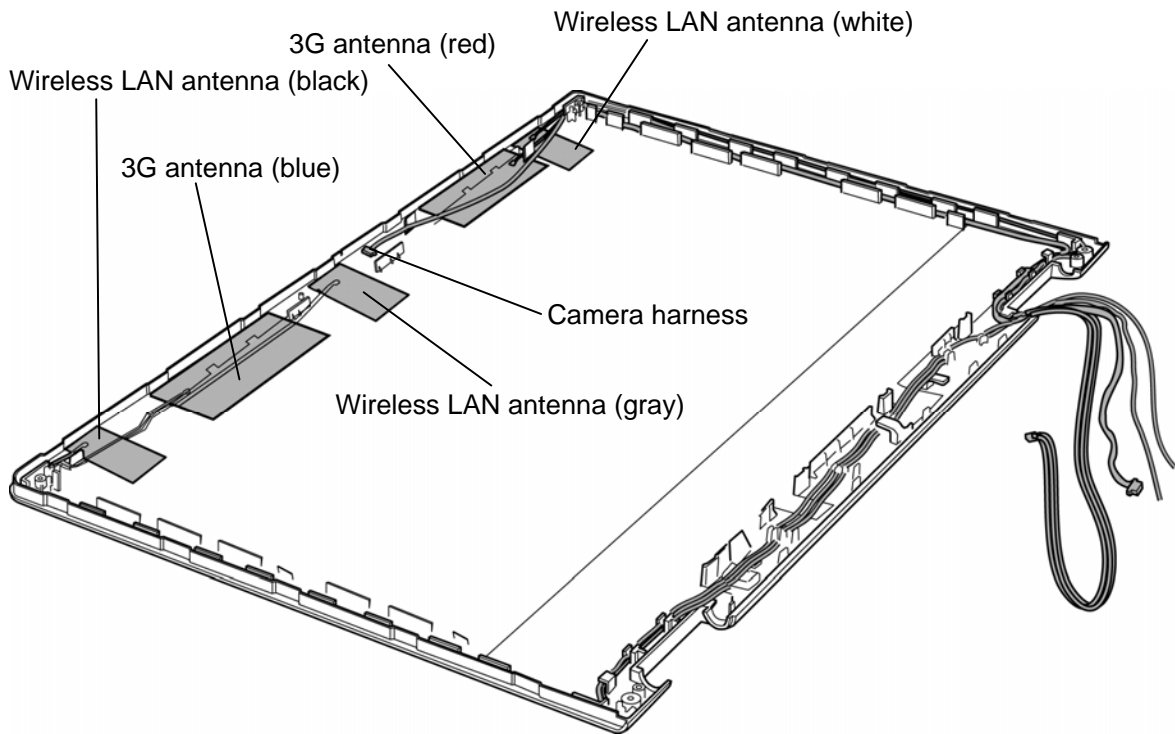


Figure 4-59 Removing the wireless LAN antenna/3G antenna

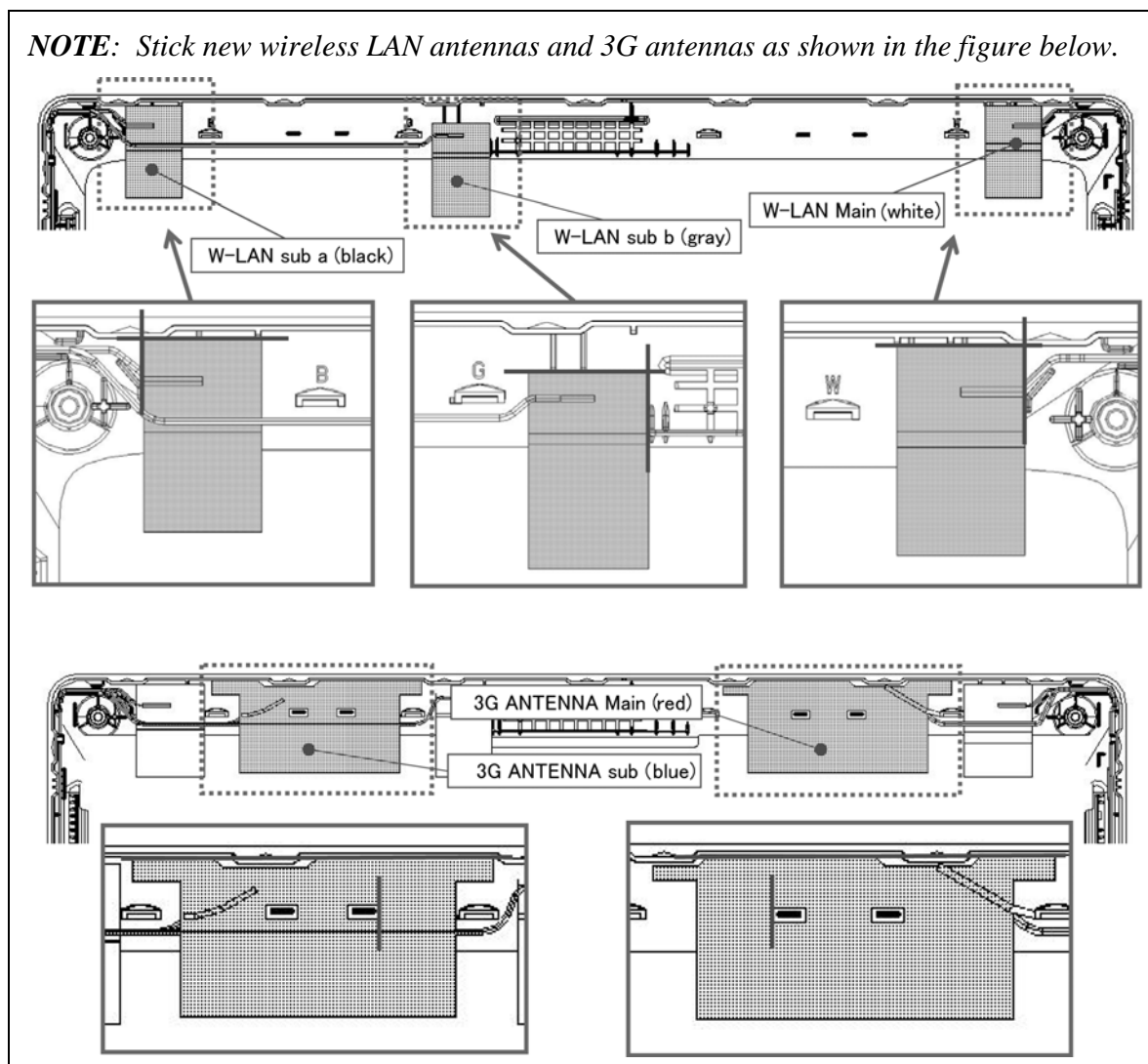
Please prepare required parts in advance, when replacing the following item.

ITEM	Parts List ITEM No	PART NAME	Quantity
LCD COVER ASSY	61	LCD COVER ASSY	1
	15	HD CAMERA MODULE	1
	24	W-LAN ANTENNA WITH CABLE	1
	25	W-LAN ANTENNA WITH CABLE	1

### Installing the Camera module/Wireless LAN antenna/3G antenna

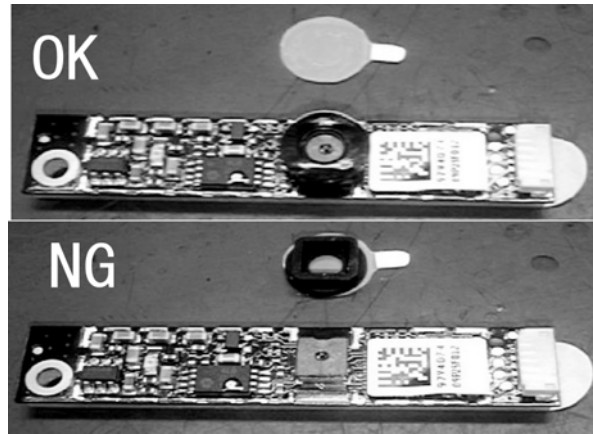
To install the camera module/wireless LAN antenna/3G antenna, follow the steps below and refer to Figure 4-58 and 4-59.

1. Stick new **wireless LAN antennas** in place.
2. Arrange the **wireless LAN antenna cables** in place.
3. Stick new **3G antennas** in place.
4. Arrange the **3G antenna cables** in place.



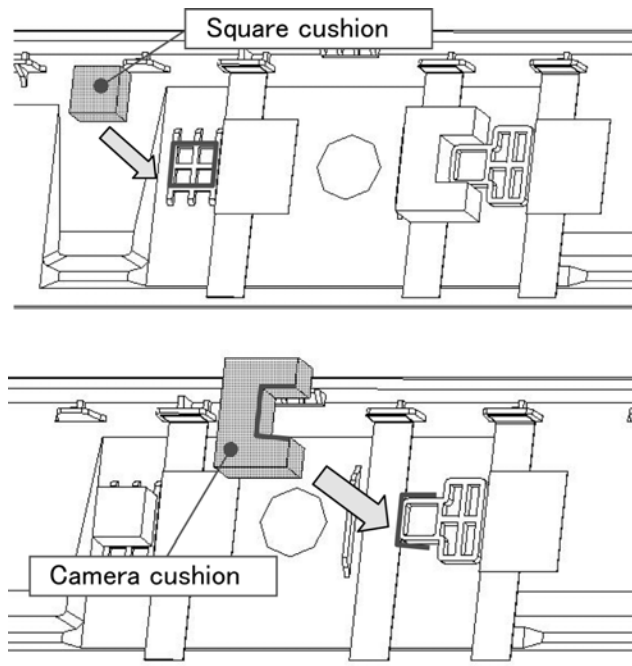
5. Peel off a protection sheet from a new camera module.

**CAUTION:** Peel off the protection sheet with care of the followings:



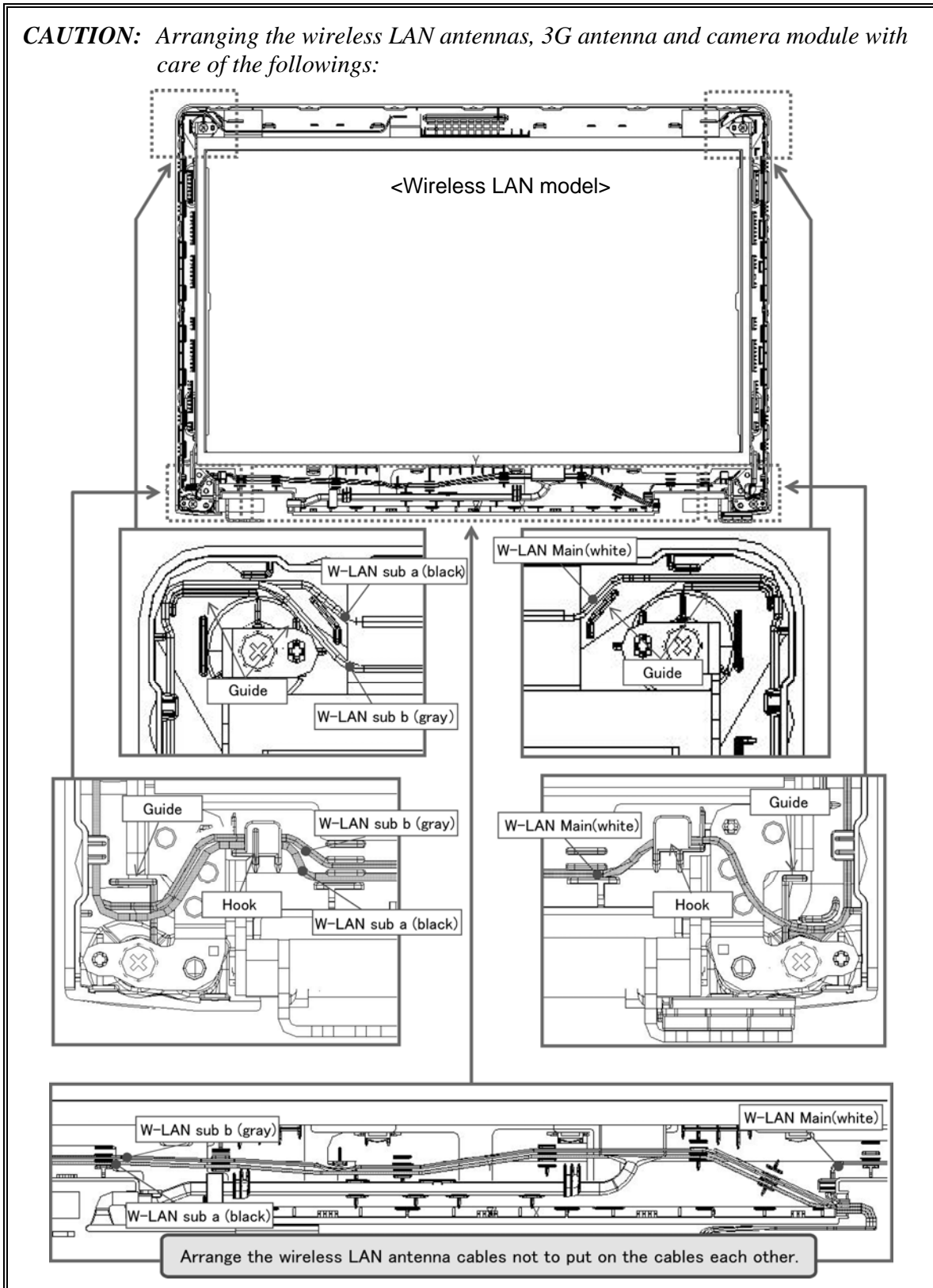
6. Stick the **camera cushion** and **square cushion** on the LCD mask.

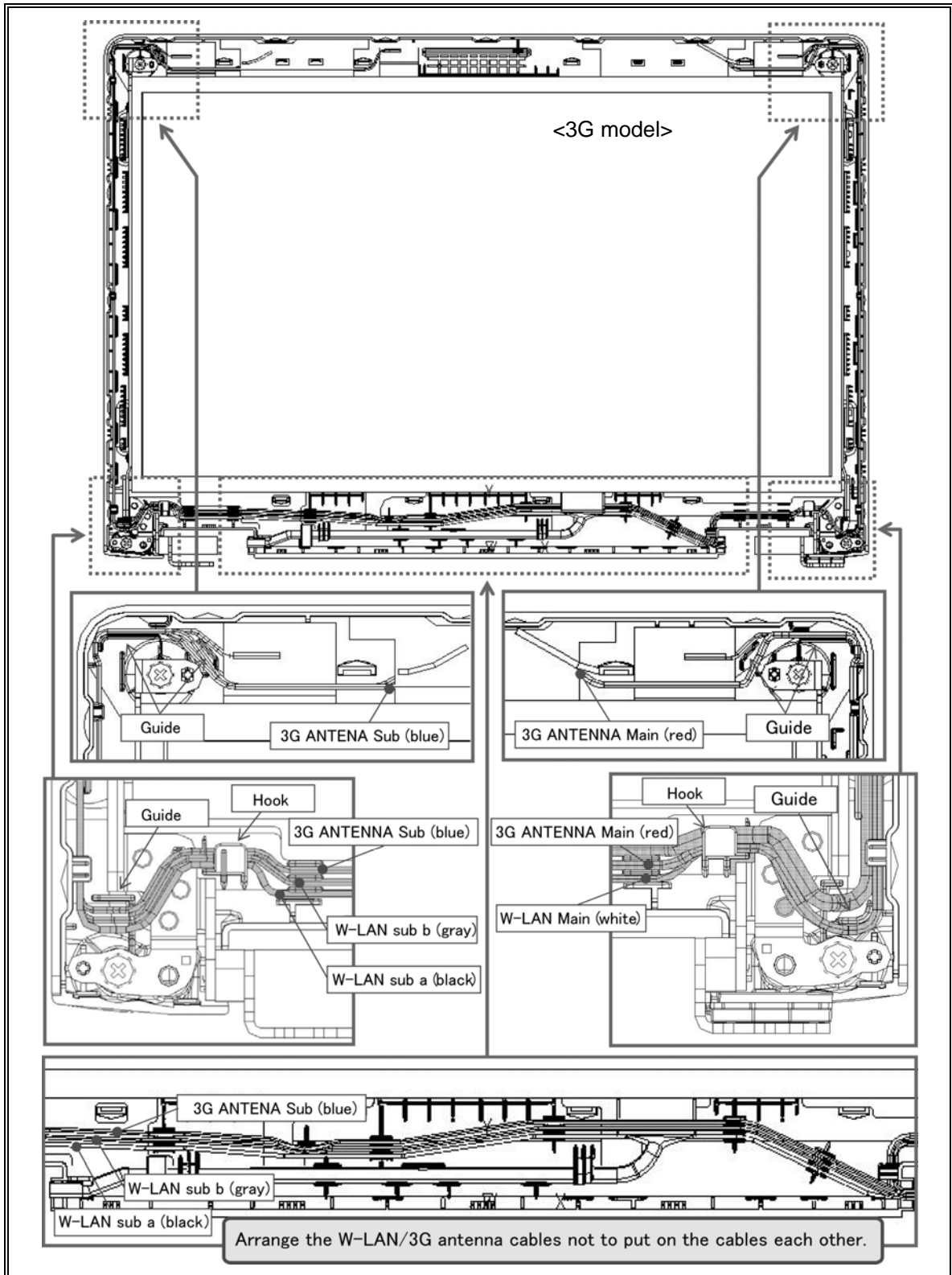
**NOTE:** Stick the camera cushion and square cushion as shown in the figure below.



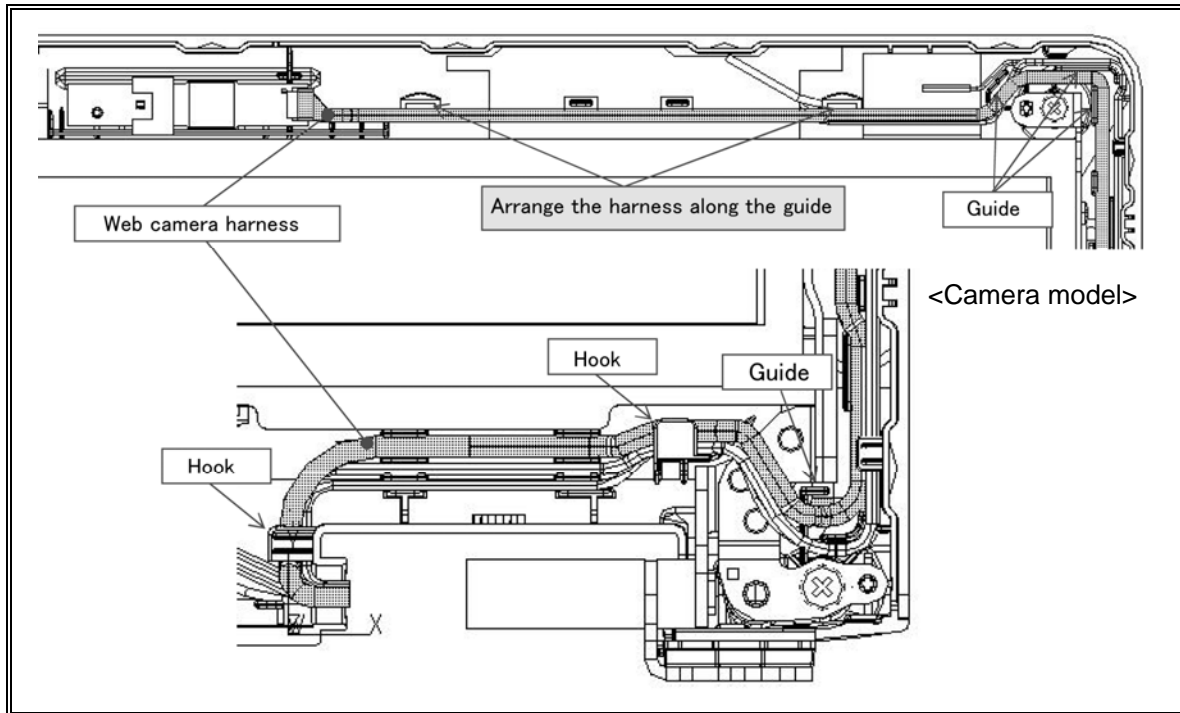
7. Connect the **camera harness** to the connector on the camera module and set the **camera module** to the slot of the LCD cover.
8. Arrange the **camera harness** in place.

**CAUTION:** Arranging the wireless LAN antennas, 3G antenna and camera module with care of the followings:









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# Appendices

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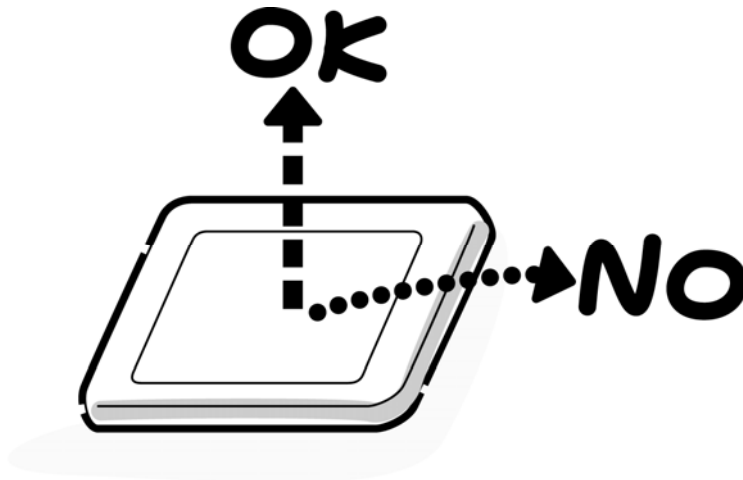
## Appendix A Handling the LCD Module

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### Precautions for handling the LCD module

The LCD module can be easily damaged during assembly or disassembly. Observe the following precautions when handling the LCD module:

1. When installing the LCD module in the LCD cover, be sure to seat it so that it is properly aligned and maximum visibility of the display is maintained.



2. Be careful to align the holes at the four corners of the LCD module with the corresponding holes in the LCD cover before securing the module with screws. Do not force the module into place, because stress can affect its performance.

Also, the panel's polarized surface is easily scarred, so be careful when handling it.



3. If the panel's surface gets dirty, wipe it with cotton or a soft cloth. If it is still dirty, try breathing on the surface to create a light condensate and wipe it again.

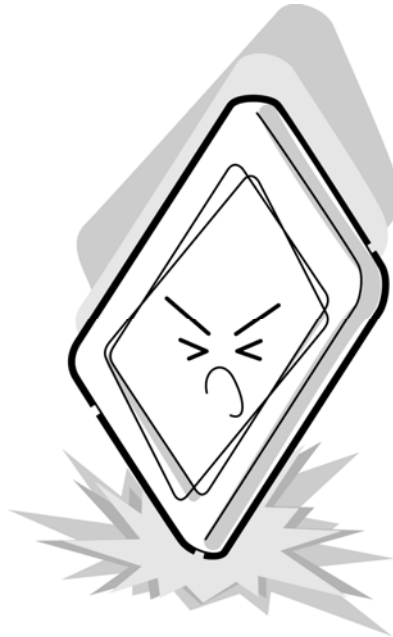
If the surface is very dirty, we recommend a CRT cleaning agent. Apply the agent to a cloth and then wipe the panel's surface. Do not apply cleanser directly to the panel.



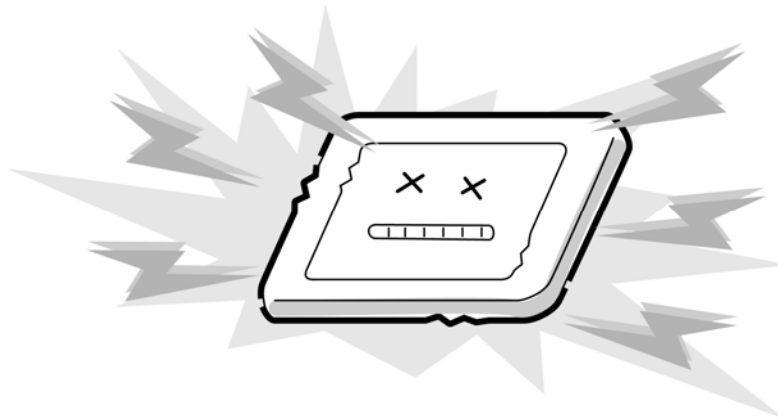
4. If water or other liquid is left on the panel's surface for a long period, it can change the screen's tint or stain it. Be sure to quickly wipe off any liquid.



5. Glass is used in the panel, so be careful not to drop it or let it strike a hard object, which could cause breakage or cracks.



6. CMOS-LSI circuits are used in the module, so guard against damage from electrostatic discharge. Be sure to wear a wrist or ankle ground when handling the module.



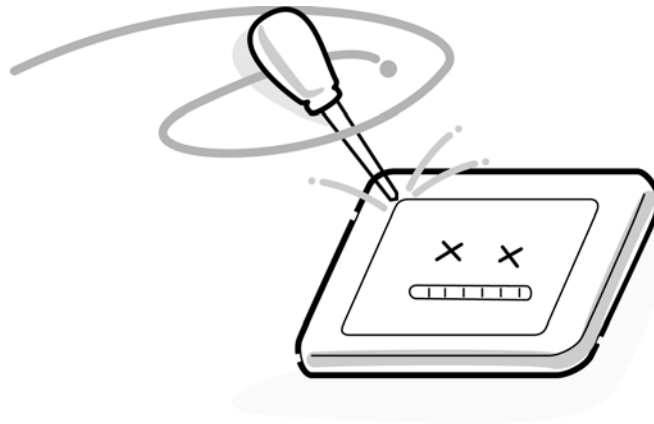
7. Do not expose the module to direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet rays for long periods.



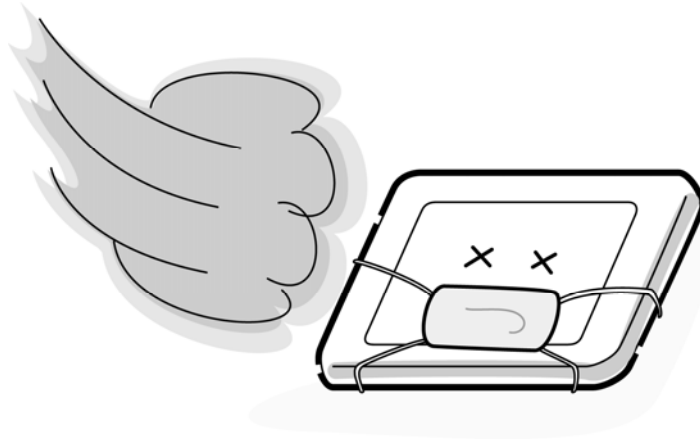
8. Do not store the module at temperatures below specifications. Cold can cause the liquid crystals to freeze, lose their elasticity or otherwise suffer damage.



9. Do not disassemble the LCD module. Disassembly can cause malfunctions.



10. If you transport the module, do not use packing material that contains epoxy resin (amine) or silicon glue (alcohol or oxide). These materials can release gas that can damage the panel's polarization.





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## Appendix B Board Layout

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### B.1 System board (FGQSY\*/FGWSY\*) Front View

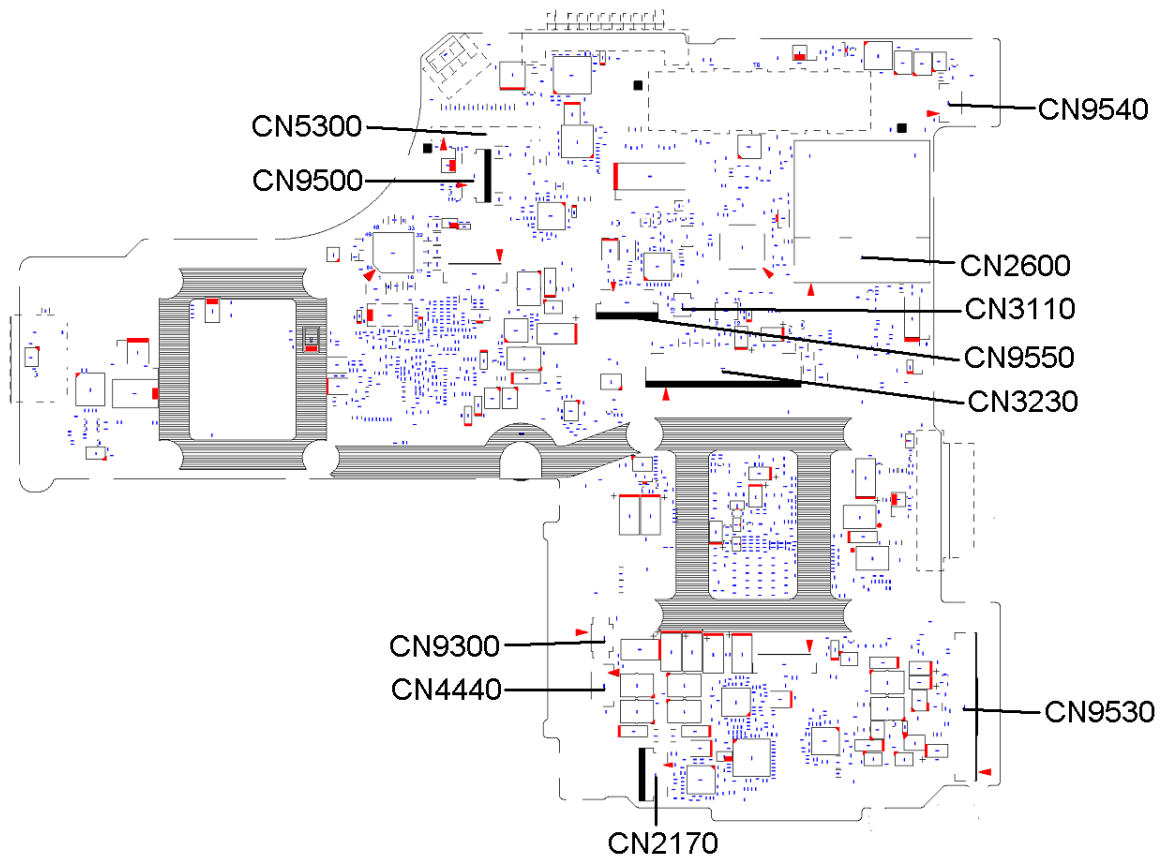


Figure B-1 System board (FGQSY\*/FGWSY\* layout (front))



*Table B-1 System board (FGQSY\*/FGWSY\*) connectors and ICs (front)*

<b>Number</b>	<b>Name</b>
CN2170	Smart Card interface connector
CN2600	PCI-E MINI CARD interface connector
CN3110	It is debugging port for development only
CN3230	KB interface connector
CN4440	Bluetooth interface connector
CN5300	LCD interface connector
CN9540	WebCam interface connector
CN9300	RTCVCC interface connector
CN9500	P-SW interface connector
CN9530	FGQJK*/ FGWJK* board interface connector
CN9550	FGQFS*/FGWFS* board interface connector

### B.2 System board (FGQSY\*/FGWSY\*) Back View

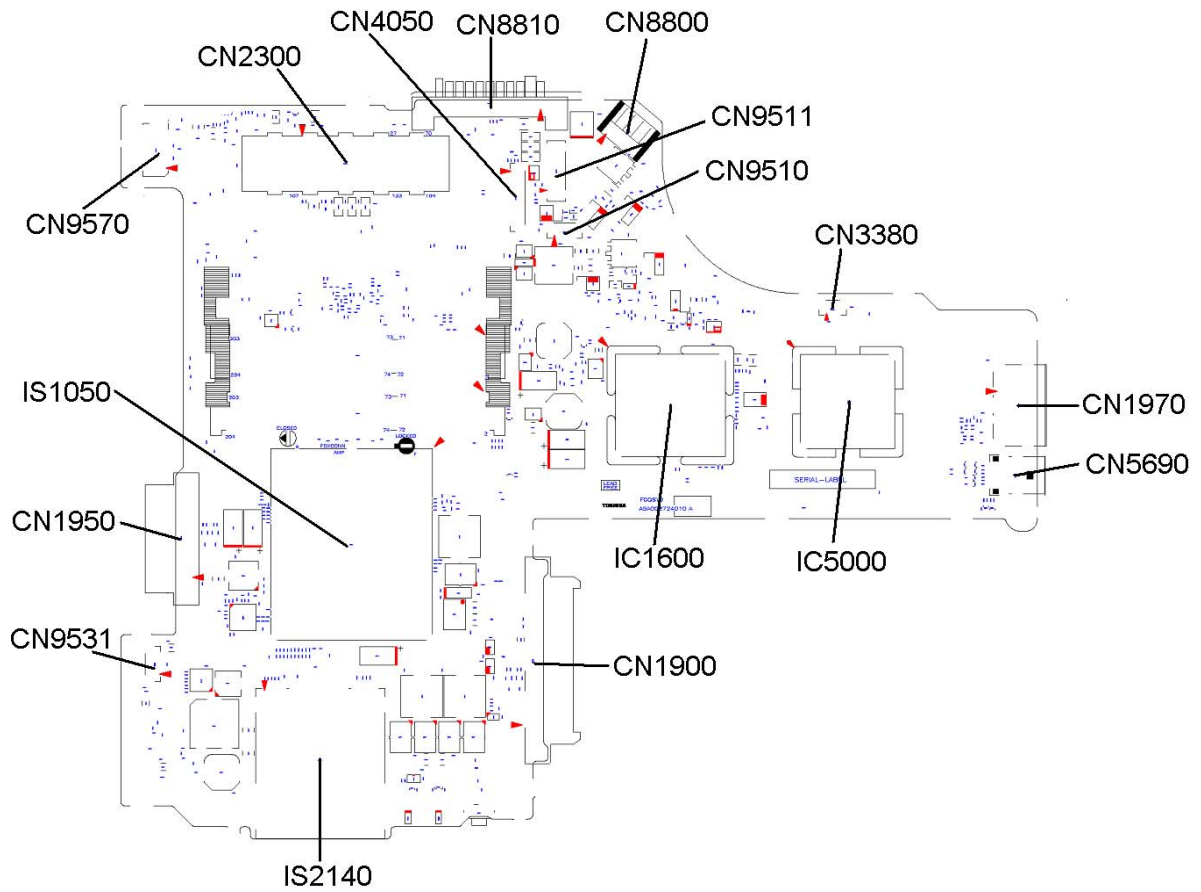


Figure B-2 System board (FGQFS\*/FGWSY\*) layout (back)

Table B-2 System board (FGQSY\*/FGWSY\*) connectors and ICs (back)

Number	Name
CN1400	Memory A connector
CN1410	Memory B connector
CN1900	SATA HDD interface connector
CN1950	SATA ODD interface connector
CN1970	eSATA/USB interface connector
CN2300	DOCKING interface connector
CN4050	LAN interface connector
CN3380	FAN interface connector
CN5690	Displayport interface connector
CN8800	DC-IN interface connector
CN8810	Battery connector
CN9510	USB relay connector
CN9511	FGQRG */ FGWRG * board interface connector
CN9570	FGQUS*/ FGWUS* or FGVMD* board interface connector
IC5000	GPU(case of FGWSY*)
IS1050	CPU
IC1600	Ibex Peak-M (chip set)
IS2140	MEDIA BRIDGE I/F connector

### B.3 USB/RGB board (FGQRG \*/ FGWRG \*) View

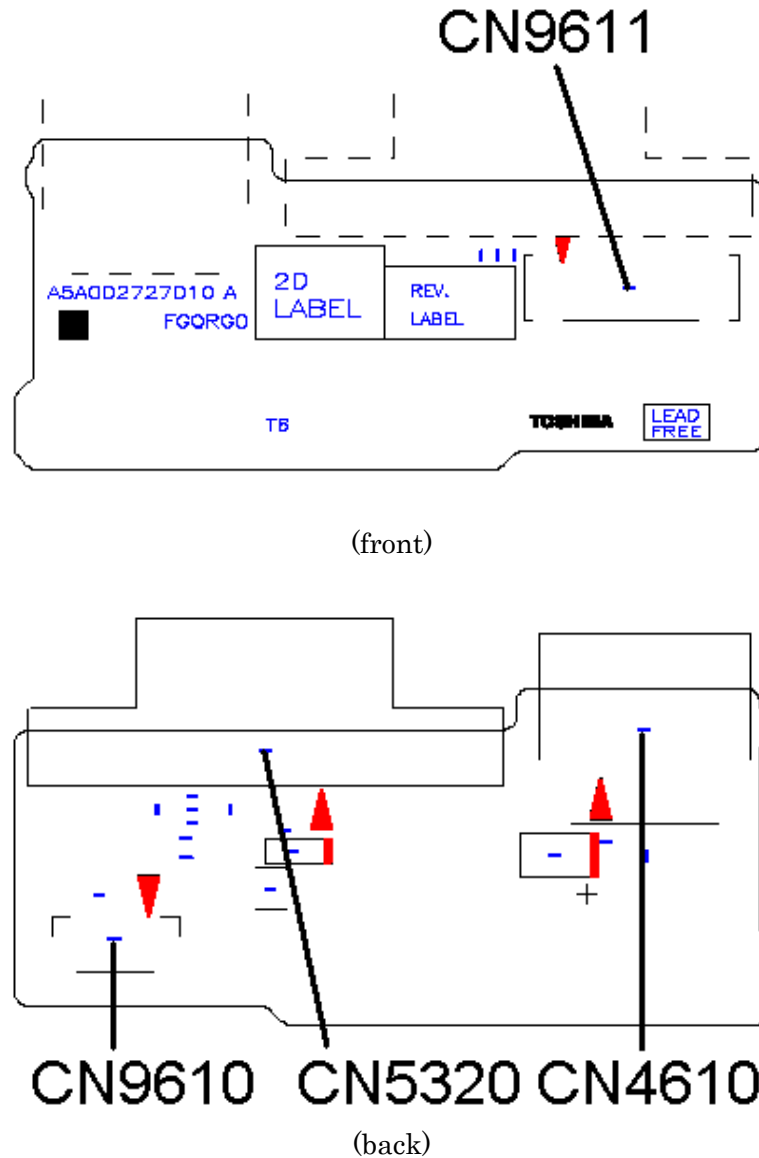


Figure B-3 USB/RGB board (FGQRG \*/ FGWRG \*) layout (front/back)

Table B-3 USB/RGB board (FGQRG \*/ FGWRG \*) connector (front/back)

Number	Name
CN4610	USB interface connector
CN5320	RGB interface connector
CN9610	USB relay connector
CN9611	System board interface connector

### B.4 Finger/Touch Pad Button board (FGQFS\*/FGWFS\*) View

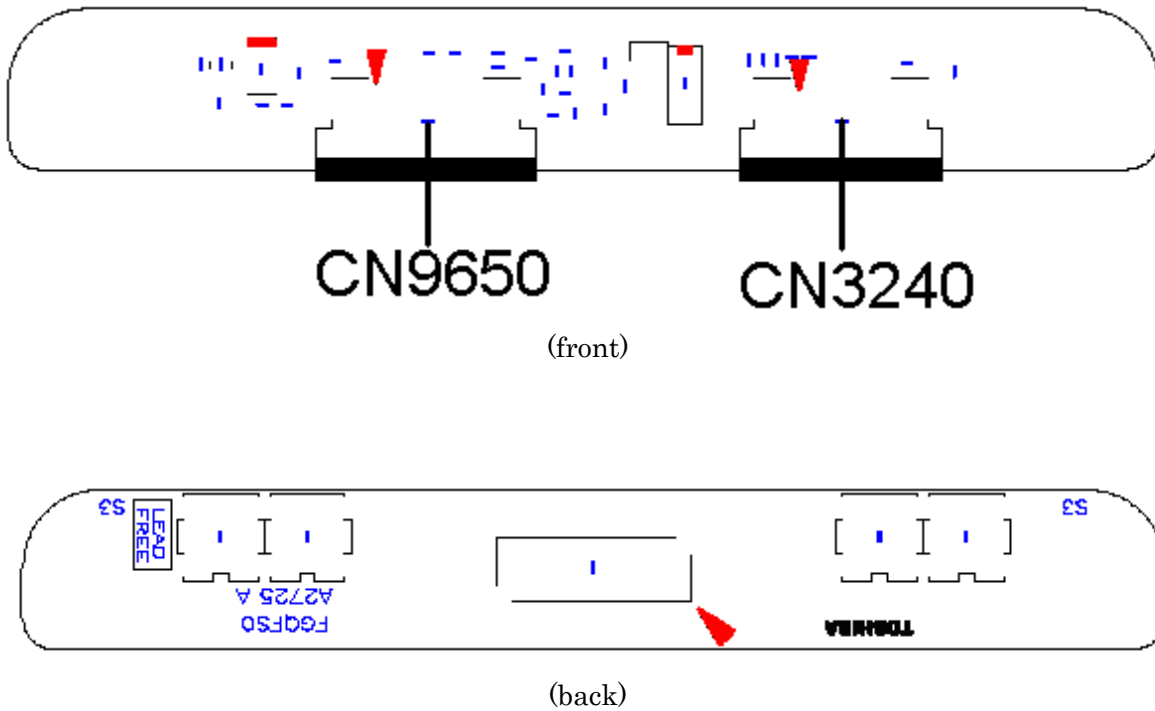


Figure B-4 Finger/Touch Pad Button board (FGQFS\*/FGWFS\*) layout (front/back)

Table B-4 Finger/Touch Pad Button board (FGQFS\*/FGWFS\*) connector (front/back)

Number	Name
CN3240	Touch pad interface connector
CN9650	System board interface connector

**B.5 USB board (FGQUS\*/ FGWUS\*) View: Non Modem model only**

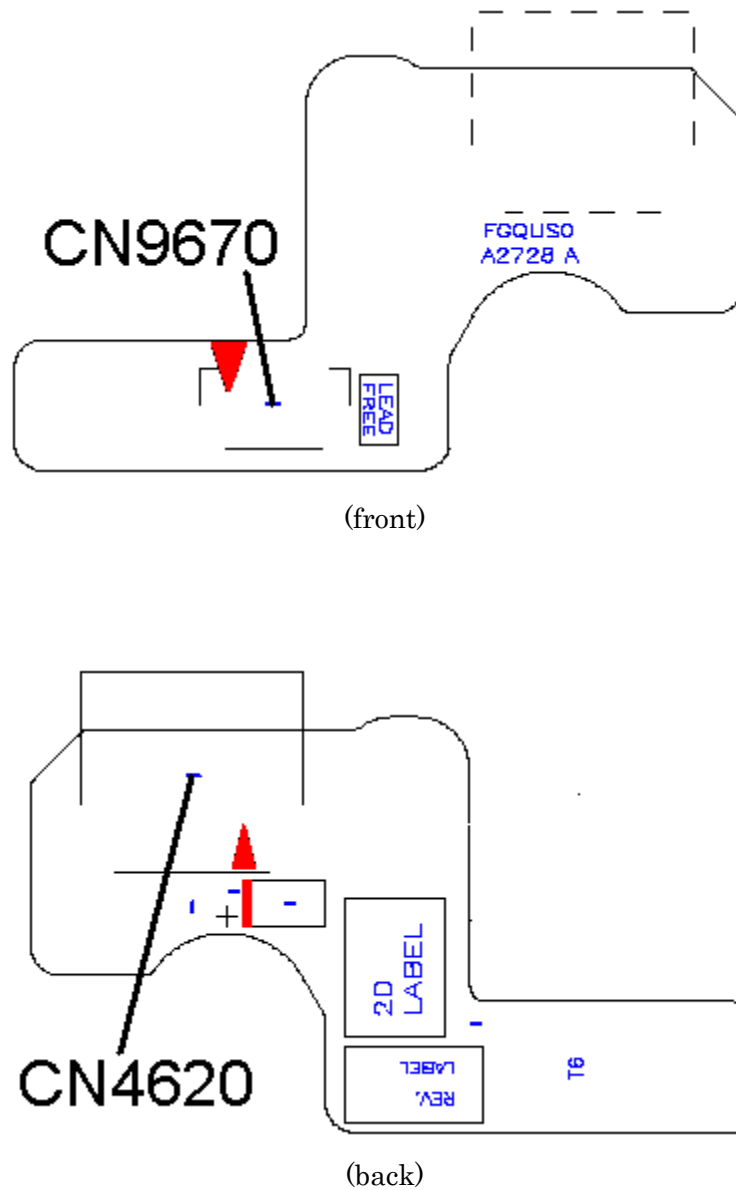
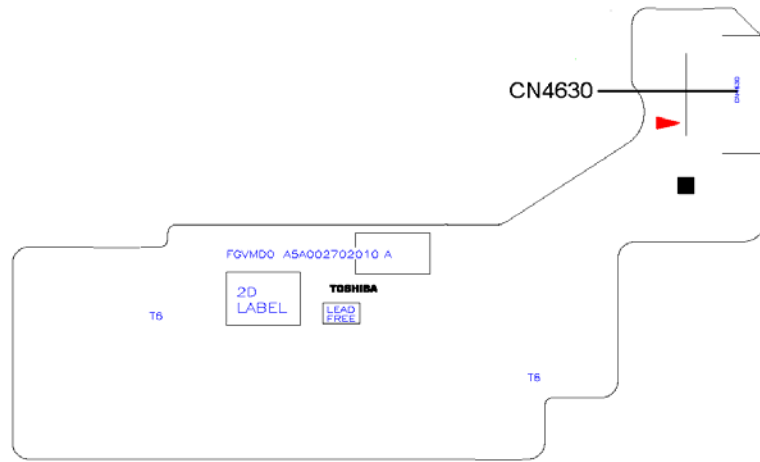


Figure B-5 USB board (FGQUS\*/ FGWUS\* layout (front/back)

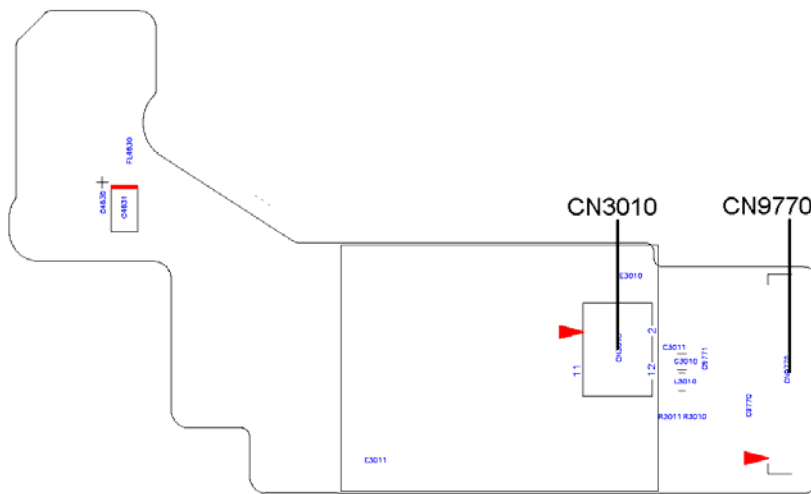
Table B-5 USB board (FGQUS\*/ FGWUS\*) connector (front/back)

Number	Name
CN4620	USB interface connector
CN9670	System board interface connector

**B.6 Modem/USB board (FGVMD\*) View:  
Modem model only**



(front)



(back)

Figure B-6 Modem/USB board (FGVMD\*) layout (front/back)

Table B-6 Modem/USB board (FGVMD\*) connector (front/back)

Number	Name
CN4630	USB interface connector
CN3010	MDC module interface connector
CN9770	System board interface connector

**B.7 JACK/3G/Express board (FGQJK\*/ FGWJK\*) View:**

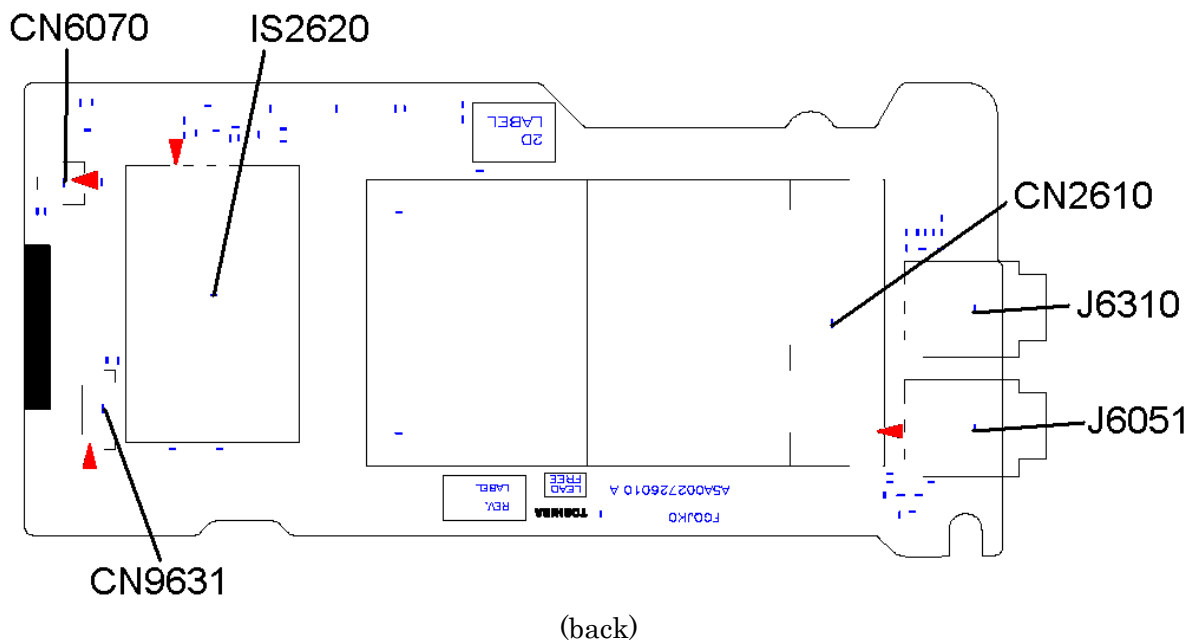
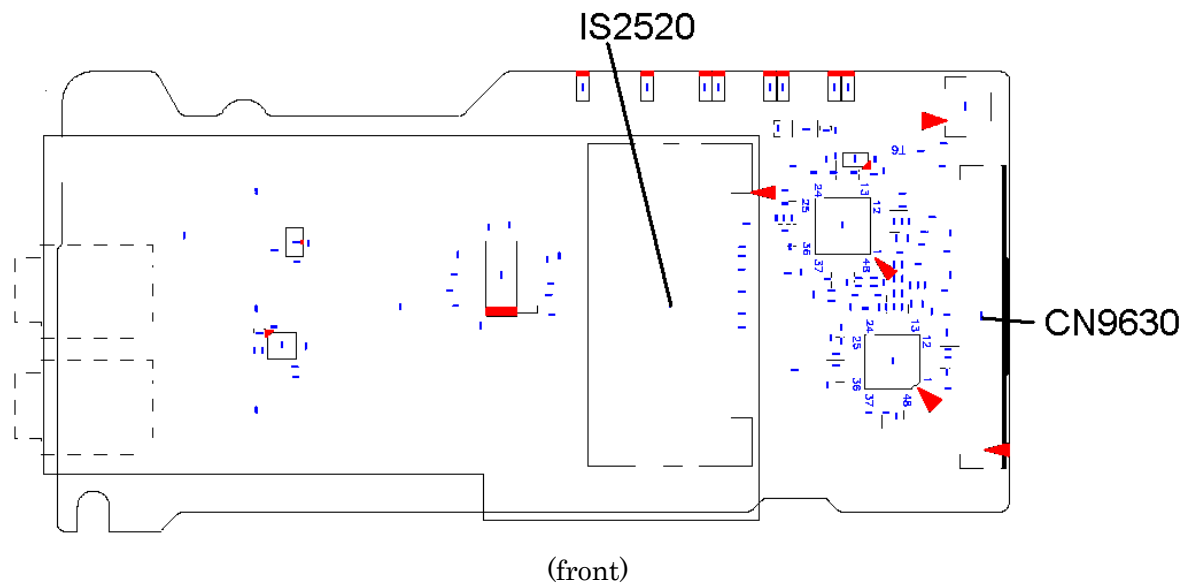


Figure B-7 JACK/3G/Express board (FGQJK\*/ FGWJK\*) layout (front/back)



*Table B-7 JACK/3G/Express board (FGQJK\*/FGWJK\*) connector (front/back)*

<b>Number</b>	<b>Name</b>
CN2610	3G card interface connector (Not used)
CN9631	Speaker interface connector
CN6070	Int-Mic interface connector
IS2620	SIM board interface connector(Not used)
IS2520	EXPRESSCARD interface connector
J6051	Microphone connector
J6310	Headphone connector
CN9630	System board interface connector

## Appendix C Pin Assignments

### System board (FGQSY\*/FGWSY\*)

#### C.1 CN1400 Memory A connector(200-pin)

Table C- 1 Memory A connector (200-pin) (1/3)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	MR0R75-B0V	2	GND
3	GND	4	ADQ00-B1P
5	ADQ05-B1P	6	ADQ04-B1P
7	ADQ01-B1P	8	GND
9	GND	10	ADQS0-B1N
11	ADM0-B1P	12	ADQS0-B1P
13	GND	14	GND
15	ADQ06-B1P	16	ADQ03-B1P
17	ADQ07-B1P	18	ADQ02-B1P
19	GND	20	GND
21	ADQ12-B1P	22	ADQ09-B1P
23	ADQ13-B1P	24	ADQ08-B1P
25	GND	26	GND
27	ADQS1-B1N	28	ADM1-B1P
29	ADQS1-B1P	30	ASMRST-B1
31	GND	32	GND
33	ADQ15-B1P	34	ADQ11-B1P
35	ADQ10-B1P	36	ADQ14-B1P
37	GND	38	GND
39	ADQ20-B1P	40	ADQ21-B1P
41	ADQ16-B1P	42	ADQ17-B1P
43	GND	44	GND
45	ADQS2-B1N	46	ADM2-B1P
47	ADQS2-B1P	48	GND
49	GND	50	ADQ22-B1P
51	ADQ19-B1P	52	ADQ23-B1P
53	ADQ18-B1P	54	GND
55	GND	56	ADQ28-B1P
57	ADQ24-B1P	58	ADQ29-B1P
59	ADQ25-B1P	60	GND

Table C-1 Memory A connector (200-pin) (2/3)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
61	GND	62	ADQS3-B1N
63	ADM3-B1P	64	ADQS3-B1P
65	GND	66	GND
67	ADQ31-B1P	68	ADQ30-B1P
69	ADQ26-B1P	70	ADQ27-B1P
71	GND	72	GND
73	ACKE0-B1P	74	ACKE1-B1P
75	1R5-B1V	76	1R5-B1V
77	NC	78	AMA15-B1P
79	ABS2-B1P	80	AMA14-B1P
81	1R5-B1V	82	1R5-B1V
83	AMA12-B1P	84	AMA11-B1P
85	AMA09-B1P	86	AMA07-B1P
87	1R5-B1V	88	1R5-B1V
89	AMA08-B1P	90	AMA06-B1P
91	AMA05-B1P	92	AMA04-B1P
93	1R5-B1V	94	1R5-B1V
95	AMA03-B1P	96	AMA02-B1P
97	AMA01-B1P	98	AMA00-B1P
99	1R5-B1V	100	1R5-B1V
101	XACK0-B1P	102	XACK1-B1P
103	XACK0-B1N	104	XACK1-B1N
105	1R5-B1V	106	1R5-B1V
107	AMA10-B1P	108	ABS1-B1P
109	ABS0-B1P	110	ARAS-B1N
111	1R5-B1V	112	1R5-B1V
113	AWE-B1N	114	ACS0-B1N
115	ACAS-B1N	116	AODT0-B1P
117	1R5-B1V	118	1R5-B1V
119	AMA13-B1P	120	AODT1-B1P
121	ACS1-B1N	122	NC
123	1R5-B1V	124	1R5-B1V
125	NC (TEST)	126	MRVREF – B0V
127	GND	128	GND
129	ADQ33-B1P	130	ADQ36-B1P
131	ADQ32-B1P	132	ADQ37-B1P

Table C-1 Memory A connector (200-pin) (3/3)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
133	GND	134	GND
135	ADQS4-B1N	136	ADM4-B1P
137	ADQS4-B1P	138	GND
139	GND	140	ADQ38-B1P
141	ADQ39-B1P	142	ADQ35-B1P
143	ADQ34-B1P	144	GND
145	GND	146	ADQ41-B1P
147	ADQ44-B1P	148	ADQ40-B1P
149	ADQ45-B1P	150	GND
151	GND	152	ADQS5-B1N
153	ADM5-B1P	154	ADQS5-B1P
155	GND	156	GND
157	ADQ47-B1P	158	ADQ46-B1P
159	ADQ42-B1P	160	ADQ43-B1P
161	GND	162	GND
163	ADQ53-B1P	164	ADQ48-B1P
165	ADQ49-B1P	166	ADQ52-B1P
167	GND	168	GND
169	ADQS6-B1N	170	ADM6-B1P
171	ADQS6-B1P	172	GND
173	GND	174	ADQ51-B1P
175	ADQ50-B1P	176	ADQ55-B1P
177	ADQ54-B1P	178	GND
179	GND	180	ADQ56-B1P
181	ADQ60-B1P	182	ADQ61-B1P
183	ADQ57-B1P	184	GND
185	GND	186	ADQS7-B1N
187	ADM7-B1P	188	ADQS7-B1P
189	GND	190	GND
191	ADQ62-B1P	192	ADQ58-B1P
193	ADQ59-B1P	194	ADQ63-B1P
195	GND	196	GND
197	GND	198	TSDIM-P3N
199	P3V	200	SMBDT1-P3P
201	GND	202	SMBCK1-P3P
203	0R75-P0V	204	0R75-P0V
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.2 CN1410 Memory B connector (200-pin)***Table C- 2 Memory B connector (200-pin) (1/3)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	MRVREF-B0V	2	GND
3	GND	4	BDQ00-B1P
5	BDQ05-B1P	6	BDQ04-B1P
7	BDQ01-B1P	8	GND
9	GND	10	BDQS0-B1N
11	BDM0-B1P	12	BDQS0-B1P
13	GND	14	GND
15	BDQ06-B1P	16	BDQ03-B1P
17	BDQ07-B1P	18	BDQ02-B1P
19	GND	20	GND
21	BDQ12-B1P	22	BDQ09-B1P
23	BDQ13-B1P	24	BDQ08-B1P
25	GND	26	GND
27	BDQS1-B1N	28	BDM1-B1P
29	BDQS1-B1P	30	BSMRST-B1
31	GND	32	GND
33	BDQ15-B1P	34	BDQ11-B1P
35	BDQ10-B1P	36	BDQ14-B1P
37	GND	38	GND
39	BDQ20-B1P	40	BDQ21-B1P
41	BDQ16-B1P	42	BDQ17-B1P
43	GND	44	GND
45	BDQS2-B1N	46	BDM2-B1P
47	BDQS2-B1P	48	GND
49	GND	50	BDQ22-B1P
51	BDQ19-B1P	52	BDQ23-B1P
53	BDQ18-B1P	54	GND
55	GND	56	BDQ28-B1P
57	BDQ24-B1P	58	BDQ29-B1P
59	BDQ25-B1P	60	GND

Table C-2 Memory B connector (200-pin) (2/3)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
61	GND	62	BDQS3-B1N
63	BDM3-B1P	64	BDQS3-B1P
65	GND	66	GND
67	BDQ31-B1P	68	BDQ30-B1P
69	BDQ26-B1P	70	BDQ27-B1P
71	GND	72	GND
73	BCKE0-B1P	74	BCKE1-B1P
75	1R5-B1V	76	1R5-B1V
77	NC	78	BMA15-B1P
79	BBS2-B1P	80	BMA14-B1P
81	1R5-B1V	82	1R5-B1V
83	BMA12-B1P	84	BMA11-B1P
85	BMA09-B1P	86	BMA07-B1P
87	1R5-B1V	88	1R5-B1V
89	BMA08-B1P	90	BMA06-B1P
91	BMA05-B1P	92	BMA04-B1P
93	1R5-B1V	94	1R5-B1V
95	BMA03-B1P	96	BMA02-B1P
97	BMA01-B1P	98	BMA00-B1P
99	1R5-B1V	100	1R5-B1V
101	XBCK0-B1P	102	XBCK1-B1P
103	XBCK0-B1N	104	XBCK1-B1N
105	1R5-B1V	106	1R5-B1V
107	BMA10-B1P	108	BBS1-B1P
109	BBS0-B1P	110	BRAS-B1N
111	1R5-B1V	112	1R5-B1V
113	BWE-B1N	114	BCS0-B1N
115	BCAS-B1N	116	BODT0-B1P
117	1R5-B1V	118	1R5-B1V
119	BMA13-B1P	120	BODT1-B1P
121	BCS1-B1N	122	NC
123	1R5-B1V	124	1R5-B1V
125	NC (TEST)	126	MRVREF – B0V
127	GND	128	GND
129	BDQ33-B1P	130	BDQ36-B1P
131	BDQ32-B1P	132	BDQ37-B1P

Table C-2 Memory B connector (200-pin) (3/3)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
133	GND	134	GND
135	BDQS4-B1N	136	BDM4-B1P
137	BDQS4-B1P	138	GND
139	GND	140	BDQ38-B1P
141	BDQ39-B1P	142	BDQ35-B1P
143	BDQ34-B1P	144	GND
145	GND	146	BDQ41-B1P
147	BDQ44-B1P	148	BDQ40-B1P
149	BDQ45-B1P	150	GND
151	GND	152	BDQS5-B1N
153	BDM5-B1P	154	BDQS5-B1P
155	GND	156	GND
157	BDQ47-B1P	158	BDQ46-B1P
159	BDQ42-B1P	160	BDQ43-B1P
161	GND	162	GND
163	BDQ53-B1P	164	BDQ48-B1P
165	BDQ49-B1P	166	BDQ52-B1P
167	GND	168	GND
169	BDQS6-B1N	170	BDM6-B1P
171	BDQS6-B1P	172	GND
173	GND	174	BDQ51-B1P
175	BDQ50-B1P	176	BDQ55-B1P
177	BDQ54-B1P	178	GND
179	GND	180	BDQ56-B1P
181	BDQ60-B1P	182	BDQ61-B1P
183	BDQ57-B1P	184	GND
185	GND	186	BDQS7-B1N
187	BDM7-B1P	188	BDQS7-B1P
189	GND	190	GND
191	BDQ62-B1P	192	BDQ58-B1P
193	BDQ59-B1P	194	BDQ63-B1P
195	GND	196	GND
197	GND	198	TSDIM-P3N
199	P3V	200	SMBDT1-P3P
201	P3V	202	SMBCK1-P3P
203	0R75-P0V	204	0R75-P0V
1T	GND	2T	GND

### C.3 CN1900 SATA HDD interface connector (20-pin)

Table C- 3 SATA HDD interface connector (20-pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
S1	GND	S2	ZSTTHD-P1P
S3	ZSTTHD-P1N	S4	GND
S5	ZSTRHD-P1N	S6	ZSTRHD-P1P
S7	GND		
P1	NC	P2	NC
P3	NC	P4	GND
P5	GND	P6	GND
P7	P5V	P8	P5V
P9	P5V	P10	GND
P11	GND(W1900)	P12	GND
P13	NC	P14	NC
P15	NC		

### C.4 C.5 CN1950 SATA ODD interface connector (13-pin)

Table C- 4 SATA ODD interface connector (23-pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
S1	GND	S2	ZSTTOD-P1P
S3	ZSTTOD-P1N	S4	GND
S5	ZSTROD-P1N	S6	ZSTROD-P1P
S7	GND		
P1	ODDDET-P3N	P2	P5V
P3	P5V	P4	NC
P5	GND	P6	GND



**C.5 CN1970 eSATA/USB interface connector (20-pin)***Table C- 5 eSATA/USB interface connector (20-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
P1	USB1PS-E5V	P2	ZUSBC8-E3N
P3	ZUSBC8-E3P	P4	GND
P5	GND	P6	ZSTTES-P1P
P7	ZSTTES-P1N	P8	GND
P9	ZSTRES-P1N	P10	ZSTRES-P1P
P11	GND		
1T	GND	2T	GND
3T	GND	4T	GND

**C.6 CN2170 Smart Card interface connector (10-pin)***Table C- 6 Smart Card interface connector (10-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	EGATE-P3N	2	SCC4-PYP
3	SCIO-PYP	4	GND
5	SCCLK-PYP	6	NC
7	SCDET-P3N	8	SCVCC-PYV
9	SCRST-PYN	10	GND
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.7 CN2300 DOCKING interface connector (140-pin)***Table C- 7 DOCKING interface connector (140-pin) (1/3)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	DCOUT	2	DCOUT
3	DOCDT1-S3N	4	GND
5	NC	6	NC
7	NC	8	NC
9	GND	10	ZUSBDC-E3P
11	ZUSBDC-E3N	12	GND
13	GND	14	NC
15	NC	16	GND
17	NC	18	NC
19	GND	20	GND
21	GND	22	ZDVTX2-P3P
23	ZDVTX2-P3N	24	GND
25	ZDVTX1-P3P	26	ZDVTX1-P3N
27	GND	28	DVIDET-P3N
29	-	30	-
31	-	32	-
33	-	34	-
35	-	36	DCOUT
37	DCOUT	38	NC
39	NC	40	NC
41	NC	42	GND
43	NC	44	GND
45	DPCONF-S5P	46	GND
47	GND	48	XDVTCK-P3N
49	XDVTCK-P3P	50	GND
51	NC	52	NC
53	GND	54	ZDVTX0-P3P
55	ZDVTX0-P3N	56	GND
57	GND	58	GND
59	GND	60	DVISCL-P3P
61	DVISDA-P3P	62	LAN-E3V
63	LINK-E3N	64	NC
65	NC	66	NC
67	ZBIDDP-EXP	68	ZBIDDN-EXN

Table C-7 DOCKING interface connector (140-pin) (2/3)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
69	ZBIDCN-EXN	70	ZBIDCP-EXP
71	DCOUT	72	DCOUT
73	PWRSW-S3N	74	DOCVON-S3P
75	NC	76	NC
77	GND	78	GND
79	DILSON-S3P	80	NC
81	GND	82	GND
83	GND	84	GND
85	NC	86	GND
87	NC	88	GND
89	GND	90	NVBBLU-PXP
91	GND	92	NVBRED-PXP
93	GND	94	GND
95	NVBSDA-P3P	96	NVBSCL-P3P
97	GND	98	ACT-E3N
99	—	100	—
101	—	102	ZBIDBN-EXN
103	ZBIDBP-EXP	104	ZBIDAN-EXN
105	ZBIDAP-EXP	106	DCOUT
107	DCOUT	108	EJCTRQ-S3N
109	M5V	110	NC
111	NC	112	GND
113	DHSYNC-P3P	114	DVSYNC-P3P
115	GND	116	GND
117	NC	118	NC
119	GND	120	GND
121	GND	122	NC
123	NC	124	GND
125	GND	126	NVBGRN-PXP
127	GND	128	GND
129	GND	130	SSCL-S5P
131	SSDA-S5P	132	GND
133	DOCDT2-S3N	134	—
135	—	136	—
137	—	138	—
139	—	140	—

Table C-7 DOCKING interface connector (140-pin) (3/3)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
A1	GND	A2	GND
A3	DSKDC	A4	NC
1T	GND	2T	GND
3T	GND	4T	GND
5T	GND	6T	GND
7T	GND	8T	GND
9T	GND	10T	GND
11T	GND	12T	GND
13T	GND	14T	GND
15T	GND	16t	GND
17T	GND	18T	GND

**C.8 CN2600 PCI-E Mini CARD interface connector (52-pin)**

*Table C- 8 PCI-E Mini CARD interface connector (52-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	PEWAKE-E3N	2	WLAN-E3V
3	NC	4	GND
5	NC	6	1R5-P1V
7	WLXRQ-E3N	8	NC
9	GND	10	NC
11	XPEWL-P0N	12	NC
13	XPEWL-P0P	14	NC
15	GND	16	NC
17	NC	18	GND
19	NC	20	WLRFON-S3N
21	GND	22	PLTRS1-E3N
23	ZERWL-P1N	24	WLAN-E3V
25	ZERWL-P1P	26	WLDET-P3N
27	GND	28	1R5-P1V
29	GND	30	NC
31	ZETWL-P1N	32	NC
33	ZETWL-P1P	34	GND
35	GND	36	ZUSBWM-E3N
37	GND	38	ZUSBWM-E3P
39	WLAN-E3V	40	GND
41	WLAN-E3V	42	WMLED-E3P
43	GND	44	NC
45	XCLCK1-E1P	46	NC
47	CLDAT1-E1P	48	1R5-P1V
49	CLRST1-E3N	50	GND
51	NC	52	WLAN-E3V
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.9 CN3230 Keyboard interface connector (34-pin)***Table C- 9 Keyboard interface connector (34-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	P5V	2	KBSC16-S3N / SPY-PXP
3	SP-GND	4	SPX-PXP / KBSC17-S3N
5	SP-P5V	6	P5V
7	KBSC14-S3N	8	KBSC13-S3N
9	KBSC12-S3N	10	KBSC15-S3N
11	KBSC07-S3N	12	KBSC11-S3N
13	KBSC01-S3N	14	KBSC10-S3N
15	KBSC08-S3N	16	KBSC06-S3N
17	KBSC04-S3N	18	KBSC05-S3N
19	KBSC02-S3N	20	KBSC03-S3N
21	KBSC09-S3N	22	KBSC00-S3N
23	KBRT00-S3N	24	KBRT07-S3N
25	KBRT04-S3N	26	KBRT01-S3N
27	KBRT05-S3N	28	KBRT03-S3N
29	KBRT02-S3N	30	KBRT06-S3N
31	P5V	32	CAPLED-P5N
33	ARWLED-P5N	34	NUMLED-P5N
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.10 CN4050 LAN(RJ45) interface connector (14-pin)***Table C- 10 LAN interface connector (14-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	LINK-E3N	2	ACT-E3N
3	LAN-E3V	4	LAN-E3V
5	NC	6	NC
7	ZBIDCN-EXN	8	ZBIDCP-EXP
9	ZBIDAN-EXN	10	ZBIDAP-EXP
11	ZBIDBN-EXN	12	ZBIDBP-EXP
13	ZBIDDN-EXN	14	ZBIDDP-EXP
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.11 CN9510 USB relay interface connector (6-pin)**

*Table C- 11 USB relay interface connector (6-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	USB0PS-E5V	2	USB0PS-E5V
3	ZUSBP2-E3P	4	ZUSBP2-E3P
5	GND	6	GND
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.12 CN4440 Bluetooth interface connector (7-pin)**

*Table C- 12 Bluetooth2 interface connector (7-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	BT-P3V	2	GND
3	ZUSBBT-E3P	4	ZUSBBT-E3N
5	GND	6	BTMDL-E3N
7	GND		

**C.13 CN5300 LCD interface connector (40-pin)***Table C- 13 LCD interface connector (40-pin)*

<b>Pin No.</b>	<b>Signal Name</b>	<b>Pin No.</b>	<b>Signal Name</b>
1	NC	2	PNL-P3V
3	PNL-P3V	4	P3V
5	NC	6	TSCL-P3P
7	TSDA-P3P	8	ZNATX0-PYN
9	ZNATX0-PYP	10	GND
11	ZNATX1-PYN	12	ZNATX1-PYP
13	GND	14	ZNATX2-PYN
15	ZNATX2-PYP	16	GND
17	XNACK0-PYN	18	XNACK0-PYP
19	GND	20	NC
21	NC	22	GND
23	NC	24	NC
25	GND	26	NC
27	NC	28	GND
29	NC	30	NC
31	GND	32	GND
33	GND	34	NC
35	FLPWM-P3P	36	BLEN-E3P
37	NC	38	PVT-EFV
39	PVT-EFV	40	PVT-EFV
1T	GND	2T	GND
3T	GND	4T	GND
5T	GND	6T	GND
7T	GND	8T	GND
9T	GND	10T	GND
11T	GND		



**C.14 CN3380 FAN interface connector (4-pin)***Table C- 14 FAN interface connector (4-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	P5V	2	FANG0-P3P
3	GND	4	FPWM0-S3P
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.15 CN8800 DC-IN connector (4-pin)***Table C- 15 DC-IN connector (4-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	ADPDC 15V	2	ADPDC 15V
3	GND	4	GND

**C.16 CN8810 Battery connector (10-pin)***Table C- 16 Battery connector (10-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	Q8811-1pin	2	BTMP1
3	Q8811-4pin	4	M5V
5	PSCL-S5P	6	PSDA-S5P
7	GND	8	DBT10V-S5N
9	GND	10	GND

**C.17 CN9540 WebCam interface connector (6-pin)***Table C- 17 WebCam interface connector (6-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	P5V	2	ZUSBCM-E3N
3	ZUSBCM-E3P	4	GND
5	GND	6	CAMDET-P3N

**C.18 CN5690 Displayport interface connector (20-pin)***Table C- 18 Displayport interface connector (45-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	HPDDPG-S3P
3	ZDPTX0-P1P	4	DPMODE-P3P
5	ZDPTX0-P1N	6	NC
7	GND	8	GND
9	ZDPTX1-P1P	10	ZDPTX3-P1P
11	ZDPTX1-P1N	12	ZDPTX3-P1N
13	GND	14	GND
15	ZDPTX2-P1P	16	ZDPAUX-PYP
17	ZDPTX2-P1N	18	ZDPAUX-PYN
19	GND	20	DPPWON-P3N
1T	GND	2T	GND
3T	GND	4T	GND

**C.19 IS2140 MEDIA BRIDGE interface connector (45-pin)**

*Table C- 19 MEDIA BRIDGE interface connector (45-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	FMC11-P3P	2	FMC10-P3P
3	FMC09-P3P	4	FMC08-P3P
5	FMC07-P3P	6	GND
7	P3V	8	GND
9	P3V	10	FMMSCK-P3P
11	FMC10-P3P	12	FMCD1-P3N
13	FMC08-P3P	14	FMC05-P3P
15	FMC02-P3P	16	FMC00-P3P
17	GND	18	FMC05-P3P
19	FMC04-P3P	20	GND
21	FMC03-P3P	22	FMC02-P3P
23	FMC01-P3P	24	GND
25	FMCD0-P3N	26	GND
27	FMCD0-P3N	28	FMXDRB-P3P
29	FMC13-P3P	30	FMC12-P3P
31	FMC11-P3P	32	FMC10-P3P
33	FMC09-P3P	34	FMC08-P3P
35	GND	36	FMC07-P3P
37	FMC06-P3P	38	FMC05-P3P
39	FMC04-P3P	40	FMC03-P3P
41	FMC02-P3P	42	FMC01-P3P
43	FMC00-P3P	44	P3V
45	FMC00-P3P		

**C.20 CN9300 RTCVCC interface connector (3-pin)***Table C- 20 RTCVCC interface connector (3-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	R3V	2	NC
3	GND		
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.21 CN9500 P-SW interface connector (8-pin)***Table C- 21 P-SW interface connector connector (8-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	VOLUP-S3N
3	VOLDWN-S3N	4	S3V
5	NC	6	BTN5ML-P3N
7	PNLOFF-S3N	8	GPBTNB-S3N
9	GPBTNA-S3N	10	PWRSW-S3N
1T	GND	2T	GND

## C.22 CN9530 FGQJK\*/FGWJK\* board interface connector (40-pin)

Table C- 22 FGQJK\*/FGWJK\* board interface connector (40-pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	TMP3G-GND
3	TMP3G-SXP	4	GND
5	GND	6	ZUSB3G-E3N
7	ZUSB3G-E3P	8	GND
9	GND	10	ZUSBEX-E3N
11	ZUSBEX-E3P	12	GND
13	PLTRS3-E3N	14	GND
15	3GON-S3N	16	M5V
17	3GRFON-S3N	18	3GLED-E3P
19	MINDET-P3N	20	DCINOR-S5N
21	DCINGR-S5N	22	S3V
23	PWLEOR-S3P	24	PWLEGR-S3P
25	BAT1OR-S5N	26	BAT1GR-S5N
27	SATLED-P3N	28	FMC-P3V
29	FMCLED-P3N	30	P3V
31	P3V	32	P3V
33	P3V	34	P3V
35	P5V	36	P5V
37	CRDXRQ-P3N	38	1R5-P1V
39	1R5-P1V	40	CRDXRQ-P3N
41	SND-GND	42	SND-GND
43	GND	44	GND
45	GND	46	GND
47	GND	48	GND
49	XPECRD-P0N	50	XPECRD-P0P
51	GND	52	CRDSHD-E3N
53	E3V	54	PEWAKE-E3N
55	GND	56	AZSDI0-P3P
57	GND	58	AZSDO0-E3P
59	GND	60	XAZBC0-E3P
61	GND	62	AZSYC0-E3P
63	GND	64	AZRST0-E3N
65	GND	66	ZERCRD-P1N
67	ZERCRD-P1P	68	GND
69	GND	70	ZETCRD-P1N

71	ZETCRD-P1P	72	GND
73	GND	74	ATBEEP-P3P
75	SNDMUT-S3N	76	GND
1T	GND	2T	GND

### C.23 CN9550 FGQFS\*/ FGWFS\* board interface connector (14-pin)

Table C- 23 FGQFS\*/ FGWFS\* board interface connector (14-pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	SP-GND
3	SPY-PXP	4	SPX-PXP
5	SP-P5V	6	P5V
7	IPDCLK-P5P	8	IPDDAT-P5P
9	GND	10	ZUSBFS-E3P
11	ZUSBFS-E3N	12	GND
13	FGSPON-S3N	14	P3V
1T	GND	2T	GND

### C.24 CN9511 FGQRG\*/ FGWRG\* board interface connector (20-pin)

Table C- 24 FGQRG\*/ FGWRG\* board interface connector (20-pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	P5V	2	P5V
3	P5V	4	NVASDA-P5P
5	NVASCL-P5P	6	GND
7	GND	8	GND
9	GND	10	MVSYNC-P3P
11	GND	12	MHSYNC-P3P
13	GND	14	GND
15	NVABLU-PXP	16	GND
17	NVAGRN-PXP	18	GND
19	NVARED-PXP	20	GND
1T	GND	2T	GND
3T	GND	4T	GND

## C.25 CN9570 FGQUS\*/FGWUS\*/FGVMD\* board interface connector (20-pin)

Table C- 25 FGQUS\*/FGWUS\*/FGVMD\* board interface connector (20-pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	GND
3	ZUSBP1-E3N	4	GND
5	ZUSBP1-E3P	6	NC
7	USB0PS-E5V	8	USB0PS-E5V
9	NC	10	GND
11	AZSDO1-E3P	12	AZSYC1-E3P
13	GND	14	MZSDI1-E3P
15	AZRST1-E3N	16	GND
17	XAZBC1-E3P	18	GND
19	E3V	20	E3V
1T	GND	2T	GND



**USB/RGB board (FGQRG\*/ FGWRG\*)****C.26 CN9611 System board interface connector (20-pin)***Table C- 26 System board interface connector (20-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	P5V	2	P5V
3	P5V	4	NVASDA-P5P
5	NVASCL-P5P	6	GND
7	GND	8	GND
9	GND	10	MVSYNC-P3P
11	GND	12	MHSYNC-P3P
13	GND	14	GND
15	NVABLU-PXP	16	GND
17	NVAGRN-PXP	18	GND
19	NVARED-PXP	20	GND
1T	GND	2T	GND
3T	GND	4T	GND

**C.27 CN4610 USB interface connector (4-pin)***Table C- 27 USB interface connector (4-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	USB0PS-E5V	2	ZUSBP2-E3N
3	ZUSBP2-E3P	4	GND
1T	GND	2T	GND
3T	GND		

**C.28 CN9610 USB relay connector (4-pin)***Table C- 28 USB relay connector (4-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	GND
3	ZUSBP2-E3P	4	ZUSBP2-E3N
5	USB0PS-E5V	6	USB0PS-E5V
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.29 CN5320 RGB interface connector (15-pin)***Table C- 29 RGB interface connector (15-pin)*

<b>Pin No.</b>	<b>Signal Name</b>	<b>Pin No.</b>	<b>Signal Name</b>
1	NVARED-PXP	2	NVAGRN-PXP
3	NVABLU-PXP	4	NC
5	GND	6	GND
7	GND	8	GND
9	DDC-P5V	10	GND
11	NC	12	NVASDA-P5P
13	MHSYNC-P3P	14	MVSYNC-P3P
15	NVASCL-P5P		
1T	GND	2T	GND

**Finger/Touch Pad Button board (FHGQS\*/FGWFS\*)**

**C.30 CN3240 Touch Pad interface connector (12-pin)**

*Table C- 30 Dual point interface connector (12-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	TPBTNL-P5N
3	TPBTNR-P5N	4	NC
5	SP-P5V	6	SPX-PXP
7	SPY-PXP	8	SP-GND
9	GND	10	IPDCLK-P5P
11	IPDDAT-P5P	12	P5V
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.31 CN9650 System board interface connector (14-pin)**

*Table C- 31 System board interface connector (14-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	SP-GND
3	SPY-PXP	4	SPX-PXP
5	SPX-P5V	6	P5V
7	IPDCLK-P5P	8	IPDDAT-P5P
9	GND	10	ZUSBFA-E3P
11	ZUSBFA-E3N	12	GND
13	AFSPON-S3N	14	A-E3V
1T	GND	2T	GND

**USB board (FGQUS\*/FGWUS\*)****C.32 CN9670 System board interface connector (10-pin)***Table C- 32 System board interface connector (10-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	GND
3	GND	4	ZUSBP1-E3N
5	ZUSBP1-E3P	6	USB0PS-E5V
7	USB0PS-E5V		-

**C.33 CN4620 USB interface connector (4-pin)***Table C- 33 USB interface connector (4-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	USB0PS-E5V	2	ZUSBP1-E3N
3	ZUSBP1-E3P	4	GND
1T	GND	2T	GND
3T	GND		

**Modem/USB board (FGQUS\*/FGWUS\*)****C.34 CN9770 System board interface connector (20-pin)***Table C- 34 System board interface connector (20-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	GND
3	ZUSBP1-E3N	4	GND
5	ZUSBP1-E3P	6	NC
7	USB0PS-E5V	8	USB0PS-E5V
9	NC	10	GND
11	AZSDO1-E3P	12	AZSYC1-E3P
13	GND	14	MZSDI1-E3P
15	AZRST1-E3N	16	GND
17	XAZBC1-E3P	18	GND
19	E3V	20	E3V
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.35 CN4630 USB interface connector (4-pin)***Table C- 35 USB interface connector (4-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	USB0PS-E5V	2	ZUSBP1-E3N
3	ZUSBP1-E3P	4	GND
1T	GND	2T	GND
3T	GND		

**C.36 CN3010 MDC module interface connector (12-pin)***Table C- 36 MDC interface connector (12-pin)*

<b>Pin No.</b>	<b>Signal Name</b>	<b>Pin No.</b>	<b>Signal Name</b>
1	GND	2	NC
3	AZSDO1-E3P	4	NC
5	GND	6	E3V
7	AZSYC1-E3P	8	GND
9	MZSDI1-E3P	10	GND
11	AZRST1-E3N	12	XAZBC1-E3P
1T	GND	2T	GND
3T	GND	4T	GND
5T	GND	6T	GND

**JACK/3G/Express board (FGQJK\*/FGWJK\*)****C.37 CN9630 System board interface connector (76-pin)***Table C- 37 System board interface connector (-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	SNDMUT-S3N
3	ATBEEP-P3P	4	GND
5	GND	6	ZETCRD-P1P
7	ZETCRD-P1N	8	GND
9	GND	10	ZERCRD-P1P
11	ZERCRD-P1N	12	GND
13	AZRST0-E3N	14	GND
15	AZSYCO-E3P	16	GND
17	XAZBC0-E3P	18	GND
19	AZSDO0-E3P	20	GND
21	AZSDI0-P3P	22	GND
23	PEWAKE-E3N	24	EXP-E3V
25	CRDSHD-E3N	26	GND
27	XPECRD-P0P	28	XPECRD-P0N
29	GND	30	GND
31	GND	32	GND
33	GND	34	GND
35	SND-GND	36	SND-GND
37	CRDXRQ-P3N	38	1R5-P1V
39	1R5-P1V	40	CRDCPA-S3N
41	P5V	42	P5V
43	P3V	44	P3V
45	P3V	46	P3V
47	P3V	48	FMCLED-P3N
49	FMC-P3V	50	SATLED-P3N
51	BAT1GR-S5N	52	BAT1OR-S5N
53	PWLEGR-S3P	54	PWLEOR-S3P
55	S3V	56	DCINGR-S5N
57	DCINOR-S5N	58	MINDET-P3N
59	3GLED-E3P	60	3GRFON-S3N
61	M5V	62	3GON-S3N
63	GND	64	PLTRS3-E3N
65	GND	66	ZUSBEX-E3P
67	ZUSBEX-E3N	68	GND
69	GND	70	ZUSB3G-E3P

71	ZUSB3G-E3N	72	GND
73	GND	74	TMP3G-SXP
75	TMP3G-GND	76	GND
1T	GND	2T	GND



**C.38 CN2610 PCI-E Mini(3G) CARD interface connector (52-pin)**

*Table C- 38 PCI-E Mini(3G) CARD interface connector (52-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	NC	2	E3V
3	NC	4	GND
5	NC	6	P1V
7	NC	8	UIMPWR-E3V
9	GND	10	UIMDAT-E3P
11	NC	12	UIMCLK-E3P
13	NC	14	UIMRST-E3P
15	GND	16	NC
17	NC	18	GND
19	NC	20	3GRFON-S3N
21	GND	22	PLTRS0-E3N
23	NC	24	E3V
25	NC	26	MINDET-P3N
27	GND	28	NC
29	GND	30	NC
31	GND	32	NC
33	GND	34	GND
35	GND	36	ZUSB3G-E3N
37	GND	38	ZUSB3G-E3P
39	E3V	40	GND
41	E3V	42	3GLED-E3P
43	GND	44	NC
45	GND	46	NC
47	GND	48	NC
49	GND	50	GND
51	GND	52	E3V
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.39 IS2620 SIM board interface connector (7-pin)***Table C- 39 SIM board interface connector (10-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	UIMPWR-E3V	2	UIRSTL-E3P
3	UICLKL-E3P	4	-
5	GND	6	NC
7	UIDATL-E3P		

**C.40 IS2520 EXPRESS CARD interface connector (40-pin)***Table C- 40 EXPRESS CARD interface connector (26-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND	2	ZUSBEX-E3N
3	ZUSBEX-E3P	4	CPUSB-E3N
5	NC	6	NC
7	CRD-E3V	8	CRD-E3V
9	CRD1R5-P1V	10	CRD1R5-P1V
11	PEWAKE-E3N	12	CRD-E3V
13	CRDRST-E3N	14	CRD-P3V
15	CRD-P3V	16	CRDCRQ-E3N
17	CPPE-E3N	18	XPECRD-P0N
19	XPECRD-P0P	20	GND
21	ZERCRD-P1N	22	ZERCRD-P1P
23	GND	24	ZETCRD-P1N
25	ZETCRD-P1P	26	GND
1T	GND	2T	GND

**C.41 CN6150 Speaker interface connector (4-pin)***Table C- 41 Speaker interface connector (4-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	SPOTL-PXN	2	SPOTL-PXP
3	SPOTR-PXP	4	SPOTR-PXN

**C.42 CN6070 Int-Mic interface connector (2-pin)***Table C- 42 Int-Mic interface connector (2-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	IMICIN-PXP	2	GND

**C.43 J6051 Microphone connector (6-pin)***Table C- 43 Microphone connector (6-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	A-GND	2	EMICIN-PXP
3	EMICB-P2V	4	A-GND
5	DETCTA-P4N	6	EMICB-P2V

**C.44 J6310 Headphone connector (6-pin)***Table C- 44 Headphone connector (6-pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name
1	A-GND	2	HEADL-PXP
3	HEADR-PXP	4	A-GND
5	DETCTA-P4N	6	NC

Appendix D

## Appendix D Keyboard Scan/Character Codes

### D.1 Scan Codes

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (1/4)

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1		Code set 2		Note	
		Make	Break	Make	Break		
01	' ~	29	A9	0E	F0	0E	
02	1 !	02	82	16	F0	16	
03	2 @	03	83	1E	F0	1E	
04	3 #	04	84	26	F0	26	
05	4 \$	05	85	25	F0	25	
06	5 %	06	86	2E	F0	2E	
07	6 ^	07	87	36	F0	36	
08	7 &	08	88	3D	F0	3D	*2
09	8 *	09	89	3E	F0	3E	*2
10	9 (	0A	8A	46	F0	46	*2
11	0 )	0B	8B	45	F0	45	
12	- _	0C	8C	4E	F0	4E	
13	= +	0D	8D	55	F0	55	
15	BkSp	0E	8E	66	F0	66	
16	Tab	0F	8F	0D	F0	0D	
17	Q	10	90	15	F0	15	
18	W	11	91	1D	F0	1D	
19	E	12	92	24	F0	24	
20	R	13	93	2D	F0	2D	
21	T	14	94	2C	F0	2C	
22	Y	15	95	35	F0	35	
23	U	16	96	3C	F0	3C	*2
24	I	17	97	43	F0	43	*2
25	O	13	98	44	F0	44	*2
26	P	19	99	4D	F0	4D	*2
27	[ {	1A	9A	54	F0	54	
28	] }	1B	9B	5B	F0	5B	

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (2/4)

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1		Code set 2		Note	
		Make	Break	Make	Break		
29	\	2B	AB	5D	F0	5D	*5
30	Caps Lock	3A	BA	58	F0	58	
31	A	1E	9E	1C	F0	1C	
32	S	1F	9F	1B	F0	1B	
33	D	20	A0	23	F0	23	
34	F	21	A1	2B	F0	2B	
35	G	22	A2	34	F0	34	
36	H	23	A3	33	F0	33	
37	J	24	A4	3B	F0	3B	*2
38	K	25	A5	42	F0	42	*2
39	L	26	A6	4B	F0	4B	*2
40	; :	27	A7	4C	F0	4C	*2
41	' "	28	A8	52	F0	52	
43	Enter	1C	9C	5A	F0	5A	*3
44	Shift (L)	2A	AA	12	F0	12	
45	No.102 key	56	D6	61	F0	61	
46	Z	2C	AC	1A	F0	1A	
47	X	2D	AD	22	F0	22	
48	C	2E	AE	21	F0	21	
49	V	2F	AF	2A	F0	2A	
50	B	30	B0	32	F0	32	
51	N	31	B1	31	F0	31	
52	M	32	B2	3A	F0	3A	*2
53	, <	33	B3	41	F0	41	*2
54	. >	34	B4	49	F0	49	*2
55	/ ?	35	B5	4A	F0	4A	*2
57	Shift (R)	36	B6	59	F0	59	

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (3/4)

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1				Code set 2				Note
		Make		Break		Make		Break		
58	Ctrl	1D		9D		14		F0	14	*3
60	Alt (L)	38		B8		11		F0	11	*3
61	Space	39		B9		29		F0	29	
62	ALT (R)	E0 38		E0 B8		E0 11		E0 F0	11	
75	Ins	E0 52		E0 D2		E0 70		E0 F0	70	*1
76	Del	E0 53		E0 D3		E0 71		E0 F0	71	*1
79	←	E0 4B		E0 CB		E0 6B		E0 F0	6B	*1
80	Home	E0 47		E0 C7		E0 6C		E0 F0	6C	*1
81	End	E0 4F		E0 CF		E0 69		E0 F0	69	*1
83	↑	E0 48		E0 C8		E0 75		E0 F0	75	*1
84	↓	E0 50		E0 D0		E0 72		E0 F0	72	*1
85	PgUp	E0 49		E0 C9		E0 7D		E0 F0	7D	*1
86	PgDn	E0 51		E0 D1		E0 7A		E0 F0	7A	*1
89	→	E0 4D		E0 CD		E0 74		E0 F0	74	*1
110	Esc	01		81		76		F0	76	
112	F1	3B		BB		05		F0	05	
113	F2	3C		BC		06		F0	06	
114	F3	3D		BD		04		F0	04	
115	F4	3E		BE		0C		F0	0C	
116	F5	3F		BF		03		F0	03	
117	F6	40		C0		0B		F0	0B	
118	F7	41		C1		83		F0	83	
119	F8	42		C2		0A		F0	0A	
120	F9	43		C3		01		F0	01	
121	F10	44		C4		09		F0	09	*3

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (4/4)

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1				Code set 2				Note
		Make		Break		Make		Break		
122	F11	57	D7	78	F0	78			*3	
123	F12	58	D8	07	F0	07			*3	
124	PrintSc	*6	*6	*6	*6				*6	
126	Pause	*7	*7	*7	*7				*7	
202	Fn	—	—	—	—				*4	
203	Win	E0	5B	E0	DB	E0	1F	E0	F0	1F
204	App	E0	5D	E0	DD	E0	2F	E0	F0	2F

**Notes:**

1. \* Scan codes differ by mode.
2. \* Scan codes differ by overlay function.
3. \* Combined with the **Fn** key makes different codes.
4. \* **Fn** key does not generate a code by itself.
5. \* This key corresponds to key No. 42 in a 102-key model.
6. \* Refer to Table D-6, No. 124 key scan code.
7. \* Refer to Table D-7, No. 126 key scan code.

Table D-2 Scan codes with left Shift key

Cap No.	Key top	Code set 1				Code set 2			
		Make		Break		Make		Break	
55	/	E0 AA E0 35	E0 B5 E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 4A	E0 F0 4A E0 12				
75	INS	E0 AA E0 52	E0 D2 E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 70	E0 F0 70 E0 12				
76	DEL	E0 AA E0 53	E0 D3 E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 71	E0 F0 71 E0 12				
79	←	E0 AA E0 4B	E0 CB E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 6B	E0 F0 6B E0 12				
80	Home	E0 AA E0 47	E0 C7 E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 6C	E0 F0 6C E0 12				
81	End	E0 AA E0 4F	E0 CF E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 69	E0 F0 69 E0 12				
83	↑	E0 AA E0 48	E0 C8 E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 75	E0 F0 75 E0 12				
84	↓	E0 AA E0 50	E0 D0 E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 72	E0 F0 72 E0 12				
85	PgUp	E0 AA E0 49	E0 C9 E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 7D	E0 F0 7D E0 12				
86	PgDn	E0 AA E0 51	E0 D1 E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 7A	E0 F0 7A E0 12				
89	→	E0 AA E0 4D	E0 CD E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 74	E0 F0 74 E0 12				
203	Win	E0 AA E0 5B	E0 DB E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 1F	E0 F0 1F E0 12				
204	App	E0 AA E0 5D	E0 DD E0 2A	E0 F0 12 E0 2F	E0 F0 2F E0 12				

**Note :** The table above shows scan codes with the left **Shift** key. In combination with the right **Shift** key, scan codes are changed as listed below:

	With left <b>Shift</b>	With right <b>Shift</b>
Set 1	E0 AA _____	E0 B6
	E0 2A _____	E0 36
Set 2	E0 F0 12 _____	E0 F0 59
	E0 12 _____	E0 59



Table D-3 Scan codes in Numlock mode

Cap No.	Key top	Code set 1				Code set 2			
		Make		Break		Make		Break	
75	INS	E0 2A E0 52	E0 D2 E0 AA	E0 12 E0 70	E0 F0 70 E0 F0 12				
76	DEL	E0 2A E0 53	E0 D3 E0 AA	E0 12 E0 71	E0 F0 71 E0 F0 12				
79	←	E0 2A E0 4B	E0 CB E0 AA	E0 12 E0 6B	E0 F0 6B E0 F0 12				
80	Home	E0 2A E0 47	E0 C7 E0 AA	E0 12 E0 6C	E0 F0 6C E0 F0 12				
81	End	E0 2A E0 4F	E0 CF E0 AA	E0 12 E0 69	E0 F0 69 E0 F0 12				
83	↑	E0 2A E0 48	E0 C8 E0 AA	E0 12 E0 75	E0 F0 75 E0 F0 12				
84	↓	E0 2A E0 50	E0 D0 E0 AA	E0 12 E0 72	E0 F0 72 E0 F0 12				
85	PgUp	E0 2A E0 49	E0 C9 E0 AA	E0 12 E0 7D	E0 F0 7D E0 F0 12				
86	PgDn	E0 2A E0 51	E0 D1 E0 AA	E0 12 E0 7A	E0 F0 7A E0 F0 12				
89	→	E0 2A E0 4D	E0 CD E0 AA	E0 12 E0 74	E0 F0 74 E0 F0 12				
203	Win	E0 2A E0 5B	E0 DB E0 AA	E0 12 E0 1F	E0 F0 1F E0 F0 12				
204	App	E0 2A E0 5D	E0 DD E0 AA	E0 12 E0 2F	E0 F0 2F E0 F0 12				

Table D-4 Scan codes with Fn key

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1		Code set 2	
		Make	Break	Make	Break
43	ENT	E0 1C	E0 9C	E0 5A	E0 F0 5A
58	CTRL	E0 1D	E0 9D	E0 14	E0 F0 14
60	LALT	E0 38	E0 B8	E0 11	E0 F0 11
121	ARROW	45	C5	77	F0 77
122	NUMERIC	45	C5	77	F0 77
123	Scrl	46	C5	7E	F0 7E

Table D-5 Scan codes in overlay mode

Cap No.	Keytop		Code set 1		Code set 2		
			Make	Break	Make	Break	
09	8	(8)	48	C8	75	F0	75
10	9	(9)	49	C9	7D	F0	7D
11	0	(*)	37	B7	7C	F0	7C
23	U	(4)	4B	CB	6B	F0	6B
24	I	(5)	4C	CC	73	F0	73
25	O	(6)	4D	CD	74	F0	74
26	P	(-)	4A	CA	7B	F0	7B
37	J	(1)	4F	CF	69	F0	69
38	K	(2)	50	D0	72	F0	72
39	L	(3)	51	D1	7A	F0	7A
40	;	(+)	4E	CE	79	F0	79
52	M	(0)	52	D2	70	F0	70
54	.	(.)	53	D3	71	F0	71
55	/	(/)	E0 35	E0 B5	40 4A	E0 F0	4A

Table D-6 No.124 key scan code

Key top	Shift	Code set 1				Code set 2			
		Make		Break		Make		Break	
Prt Sc	Common	E0 2A	E0 37	E0 B7	E0 AA	E0 12	E0 7C	E0 F0	7C E0 F0 12
	Ctrl +	E0 37		E0 B7		E0 7C		E0 F0	7C
	Shift +	E0 37		E0 B7		E0 7C		E0 F0	7C
	Alt +		54	D4		84		F0	B4

Table D-7 No.126 key scan code

Key top	Shift	Code set 1						Code set 2							
		Make						Make							
Pause	Common*	E1	1D	45	E1	9D	C5	E1	14	77	E1	F0	14	F0	77
	Ctrl*	E0	46	E0	C6			E0	7E	E0	F0	7E			

\*: This key generates only make codes.

## Appendix E Key Layout

### E.1 United Kingdom (UK) Keyboard



Figure E-1 UK keyboard

### E.2 United States (US) Keyboard

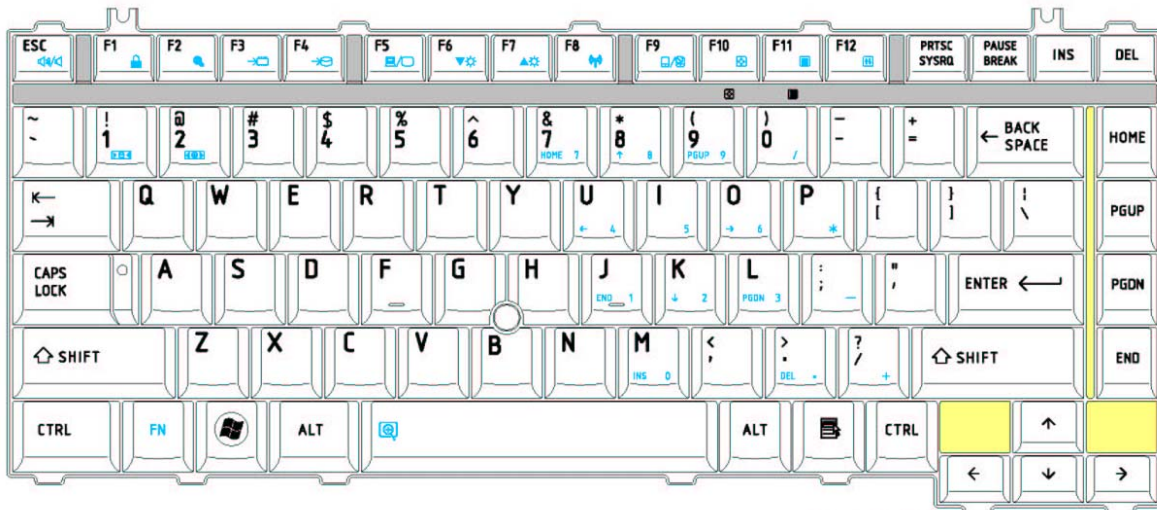


Figure E-2 US keyboard



## Appendix F Wiring diagrams

### F.1 RGB Monitor Loopback Connector

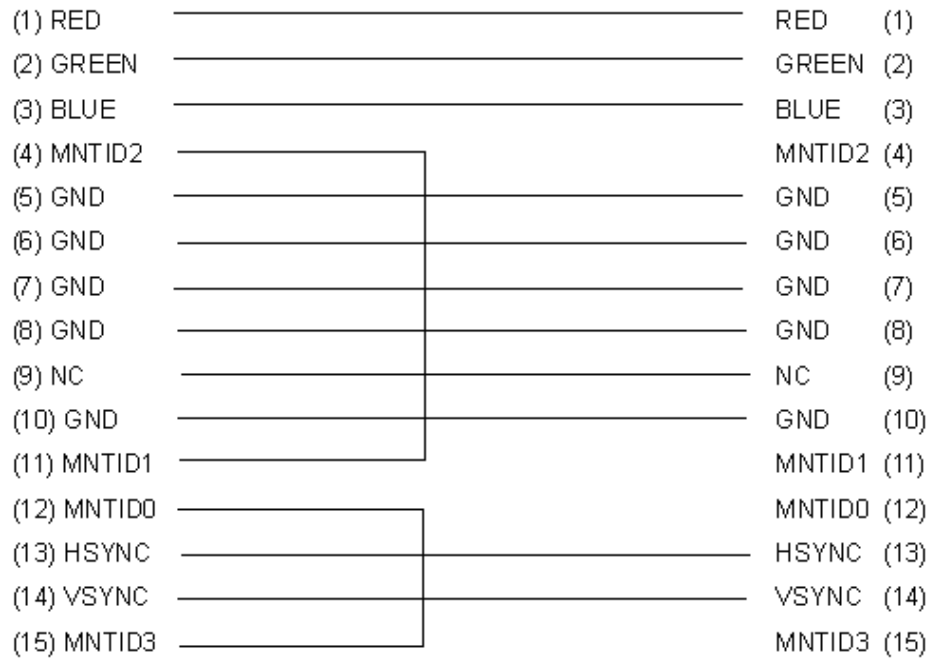


Figure F-1 RGB Monitor Loopback Connector

### F.2 LAN Loopback Connector

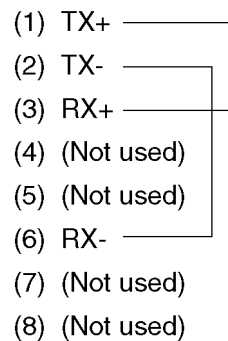


Figure F-2 LAN Loopback Connector



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## Appendix G BIOS Rewrite Procedures

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This Appendix explains how to rewrite the system BIOS program when you update the system BIOS.

### Tools

To rewrite the BIOS, you need the following tool:

- ❑ BIOS/EC/KBC rewriting disk

### Rewriting the BIOS

1. Set the system to boot mode.
2. Turn off the power to the computer.
3. Remove the external cables and cards.
4. Set the USB Flash Memory containing BIOS rewriting data..
5. Turn on the power while holding down the tilde character key Until LED blinks

For example



(US Keyboard)



(UK Keyboard)

(Keep holding down the key.)

6. The BIOS rewriting starts.
7. When the process is completed, it the system automatically reboots.

**NOTE:**

1. *Connect the AC adapter and the charged battery to the computer when you rewrite the BIOS.*
2. *Do not turn off the power while you are rewriting the BIOS. If the rewrite fails, it might be impossible to start up the computer.*
3. *If you fail to rewrite BIOS, then when you next turn on the power, a message may be displayed that the contents of the BIOS have been erased. In this case, insert the BIOS rewriting disk and the BIOS will be rewritten.*





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## Appendix H EC/KBC Rewrite Procedures

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This Appendix explains how to rewrite the EC/KBC system program when you update the EC/KBC system.

It is necessary to rewrite the EC/KBC system program when the following changes are made.

1. Replacing of system board
2. Replacing of LCD

### Tools

To rewrite the EC/KBC, you need the following tool:

- EC/KBC rewriting disk for the computer

### Rewriting the EC/KBC

**NOTE:**

1. Rewrite the EC/KBC only when instructed by a diagnostic disk release notice.
2. Connect the AC adaptor to the computer when you rewrite the EC/KBC.
3. Do not turn off the power while you are rewriting the EC/KBC. If the rewrite fails, it might be impossible to start up the computer.
4. If you fail to rewrite EC/KBC, then when you next turn on the power, a message may be displayed that the contents of the EC/KBC have been erased. In this case, insert the EC/KBC rewriting disk, and the EC/KBC will be rewritten.
5. Normally it takes about 30 seconds to rewrite the EC/KBC. It may take 3 minutes (maximum), depending on the conditions of the computer or ICs. The computer is not hung up. Allow sufficient time. Never reboot or turn off the power to the computer before the rewriting is completed.

1. Set the system to boot mode.
2. Turn off the power to the computer.
3. Remove the external cables and cards.
4. Set the USB Flash Memory containing EC/KBC rewriting data..
5. Turn on the power while holding down the **Tab** key. (Keep holding down the key until a beep sounds.) The EC/KBC rewriting starts.
6. When the EC/KBC rewrite is completed, the system is automatically turned off.



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## Appendix I Reliability

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The following table shows MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures) in maximum configuration.

*Table I-1 MTBF*

	<b>Time (hours)</b>
10C	5422.6h
10GC	5392.5h

